"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Probably thunderstorms today; Sunday fair; northwest winds.
Temperature yesterday—Max. 87, min. 64.
For full weather report see Page 19

VOL. LXXI. No. 23,541. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 8, 1922. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Beyond 200 Miles

ANTI-HEARST MEN AGREE ON SMITH AS FIRST CHOICE

But Syracuse Conference Avoids Official Selection of Any Candidate.

OSBORN ATTACKS HEARST

Calls Him Distributer of "Poisonous and Sickening Stuff" for Own Profit.

MESSAGE SENT TO WILSON

Resolution Advises Convention to Nominate Only Democrats "of Proven Standing."

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, July 7.—The conference of up-State Democratic leaders, ostensibly called to record their opposition to the selection of William R. Hearst as the party's nominee for Governor, adjourned today without officially naming their choice for a standard bearer. The only official action taken was the practically unanimous adoption of the two following resolutions:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this conference the coming State convention should nominate only Democrats of proven standing for the high offices of Governor and Senator.

Resolved, That this conference go on record as willing to support any candidates nominated by the State convention, whoever they may be.

Osborn Calls Hearst Monopolist.

Unofficially, however, there was unanimous agreement that former Governor Alfred E. Smith was the first choice of the delegates from practically all the up-State counties with Mayor George R. Lunn of Schenectady as second.

William Church Osborn, representing Putnam County and author of the first resolution, speaking in its advocacy, thus characterized Hearst without naming him:

"But there is a monopolist in this country who seeks to control the sources of information which are vital to the healthy life of our Republic. This man has driven his shafts throughout the country into the secret and abnormal strata of poor humanity, and has drawn from the shafts poisonous and sickening stuffs, which he has distributed daily to the people of the United States for his own profit and his own power. And it is incredible to me that should he be nominated the people of this State will not turn upon him with hatred and contempt and show him through their votes the loathing that they feel for him."

On the Osborn resolution the roll was not called and no record was made, but when the negative vote was called for only half a dozen voices responded. The result was greeted with cheers and handclapping by the two hundred or more men and women who attended the conference as delegates from their county organizations.

None of the other of the militant opponents of Hearst's candidacy used his name, and mention of the former Independence League "boss" was made possibly half a dozen times, and then only cautiously, by some delegates who deprecated the purpose of the gathering. Only one of those who spoke, Mayor "Matt" Foley of Olean, even remotely suggested that he thought Hearst had a chance of being elected if the State Convention should select him to head the party ticket this Fall.

Conway Favored for U. S. Senator.

As bounty after county went on record through its selected spokesmen, it became clear that Ex-Governor Alfred E. Smith was the first choice of the delegates, Mayor George R. Lunn of Schenectady, a recent convert from Socialism, was second choice.

Former Immigration Commissioner Frederick W. Wallis was proposed by the official spokesman for Wayne County, but by no other. Ex-Lieut. Gov. Thomas F. Conway, who hails from Clinton County, was the choice of a number of counties in the northern tier for United States Senator. Some "favorite sons" came in for casual mention by spokesmen for their respective localities. But it was clear from the start that "Al" Smith was the man on whom the up-State Democrats really depended to save the party from the menace involved in the present "boom" for Hearst. Even in Schenectady, Mayor Lunn's home county, the former Governor, according to the words of one of its spokesmen, is the first choice.

Some of the up-State counties were not represented, but, according to former Lieut. Gov. Walker, who presided, they had been heard from through communications received from their leaders. These missives were not read, with the exception of one sent by Franklin D. Roosevelt, prevented by illness from attending or taking active part in the campaign this year. According to Mr. Walker, these communications made the verdict of the up-State constituencies practically unanimous in favor of "Al" Smith.

One of the first acts of the conference was to authorize the sending of a message of sympathy and good cheer to Woodrow Wilson. The resolution was adopted by unanimous vote and with great acclaim, in which the thirty or more women leaders present joined with vigor.

There was no attempt at oratory until Mr. Osborn took the floor in support of his resolution as the conference was about to adjourn.

Osborn Attacks Hearst.

Winfield A. Huppuch, former State Chairman, leader of the organization in Washington County and spokesman op-

Continued on Page Two.

Hemorrhoids, Fistula, Rectal Diseases Cured in a few days. Painless. Book of Facts Free. Dr. E. R. Pile Specialist, 4 to 8 P. M. Suite 1, 1 Madison Ave. Adv.

300 Tons of Stationery Needed by Post Officials

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The Post Office Department is asking for bids for a year's supplies of stationery. Some of the supplies it wants are 300 tons of stationery and typewriting paper, more than 3,500,000 sheets of carbon paper, which would cover an area of 347 square miles; 6,622,000 cards for indexing, 80,400 quarts of ink, 243,000 rubber stamps, 46,800,000 rags, 90,000,000 wire clips and 15,500 pounds of rubber bands.

To replace those torn by wind and storm, 2,500 American flags are wanted to fly from Post Office buildings.

CLOSURE DEFEATED ON THE TARIFF BILL

La Follette Predicts Republican Defeat This Fall and in 1924 If Present Measure Passes.

POINTS TO THE TAFT UPSET

Closure Defeated, 45 to 35, Lacking Nine Votes of Two-Thirds Needed to Win.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Defeat of the tariff closure resolution by 45 to 35, or nine votes less than the two-thirds majority required by the Senate rules, and an all-day speech by Senator La Follette in which he predicted a Republican disaster in November if the Fordney-McCumber measure was enacted in its present form, were the outstanding features of today's session of the Senate.

In the course of his speech the Wisconsin Senator told in great detail how he went to President Taft in 1910, after the Payne Tariff bill had passed the House and obtained from him a promise that if the measure was not improved in the Senate he would veto it. He told of his later conference with Taft after the bill became the Payne-Aldrich "abomination" and declared that the President then asked him what he could do about it.

The defeat of the closure was by a much larger margin than had been expected by Senator Underwood and other opponents. Five Republican Senators—Borah, Brandegee, La Follette, Moses and Norris—refused to follow the Republican leaders and voted against the resolution. Every Democratic Senator, including Broussard and Ransdell of Louisiana and Kendrick of Wyoming, who had been counted on to support the resolution, voted with Senator Underwood in the end. All absentee Republicans were paired in favor of the resolution and all absentee Democrats against.

One hour's debate preceded the vote, with Senator Watson of Indiana making the principal speech for the Republicans, often interrupted by Democrats. Two of these, Harrison of Mississippi and Stanley of Kentucky, took occasion to comment on President Harding's speech at Columbus last night and to explain in their own fashion the reason for the lack of harmony in the "Republican Glee Club."

Senator Watson urged that it was time to get action on the Tariff bill. Then he said:

"Over and above the bonus and over and above the ship subsidy, and over and beyond the tariff, is the question of the ability of the United States Senate to function, to legislate, to discharge its obligations and to meet the requirements imposed upon it by the people of the United States.

"Referring to the 7,000,000 majority for Harding in 1920, he said the Republican Party owed it to the country to pass the tariff bill. He continued:

"Yet, what is the situation? Sixty Republicans, representatives of sovereign States, come into this body with their hats in their hands, and to half a dozen Democrats on the other side they humbly and meekly bow and say, 'If, your gracious consent, gentlemen, we should be pleased to pass a Tariff

Continued on Page Five.

BRITISH PREPARING FOR REPUBLIC'S FALL IN GERMAN TURMOIL

Secret Reports to Lloyd George Show Berlin Government on Verge of Collapse.

ALLIES CONSULT ON ACTION

Mark at New Low Record, 18¾, Hastening the Prospect of General Disaster.

WASHINGTON TOLD OF CRISIS

American Agent Sends Word That Grain Levy Intensifies Forces of Resistance.

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LONDON, July 7.—Secret reports of the gravest character were received by Downing Street from Berlin today. It is stated that Germany is hovering on the brink of financial disaster which is almost certain to entail the fall of the Republican Government. With the Government's fall the road will be left free for open conflict between Royalists aiming at the restoration of the monarchy and extremists urging communism.

Prime Minister Lloyd George is seriously alarmed at the portent of private advices from English agents in Germany, and he is now conferring personally with Foreign Minister Schanzer of Italy regarding the measures which the Allies may have to take when the crash comes. Diplomatic correspondence also is passing between Downing Street and the Quai d'Orsay on the same subject. The tentatively arranged conference between the British Prime Minister and Premier Poincaré for the end of July will now be held immediately if conditions warrant.

The menace of a chaotic Germany, without a Government and with the resulting dangers from imperialists and Reds, both of whom advocate tearing up the Versailles Treaty, was directly responsible for the British Government's sudden, feverish interest in reorganizing the strength and strengthening the aerial arm of the British Army.

My information was obtained from a high-placed American who had luncheon with Mr. Lloyd George and participated in a conversation with the Prime Minister and the Cabinet members, who did not minimize the seriousness of the present crisis.

Alarm in Financial Circles.

The fall of the mark indicates to the political leaders that financial circles—always in the closest touch with national conditions through the sensitiveness of the money market and financial conditions—are aware of the serious and far-reaching underlying causes which have actuated the collapse of the exchange rates, and that bankers, financiers and others are anxious to unload their German securities before the final smash.

Yesterday Sir Robert Horne, Chancellor of the Exchequer, frankly and boldly admitted in the House of Commons that Germany was insolvent, and he confessed the inability of the powers to aid it since the Morgan bankers committee met at Paris and refused to touch the situation.

It is known in diplomatic circles that a well laid plot existed in Germany for a rising after Foreign Minister Rathenau was assassinated, but action was delayed owing to the immediate precautions taken by President Ebert. Further information indicates that the Monarchists have not abandoned their plan, merely postponing their next action until a more propitious moment.

Signor Schanzer has received warnings via Rome, and the Italian Foreign Office has imparted its apprehensions to Mr. Lloyd George, while the French

Continued on Page Four.

Bavarians Agitate to Restore Royalty; Reports Alarm German Party Leaders

By CYRIL BROWN.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 7.—A number of Socialist leaders and influential members of the Left Wings of the Centrist and Democratic Parties met at Freudenstadt, in Thuringia, last night, where President Ebert is spending his vacation. The political situation was discussed thoroughly and considered very serious.

It was agreed not to assent to the admission of Stresemann and his friends to the ranks of the Government unless the Independent Socialists also joined. The half-hearted support given by the Right Wings of the Centrist and Democratic Parties to the bill for the protection of the Republic now before the Reichstag seems to have cautioned the Republican leaders at Freudenstadt to take this course.

Hints were also given that the new German army was not much more reliable today than it was at the time of Kapp's counter-revolution.

Reports that the Munich Minister of Justice had openly refused to obey the Federal laws by advising his subordinates even to arrest any political murderers, even if ordered by the Federal authorities to do so, without first submitting the facts to him added not a little to the apprehension of the group of leaders. Furthermore, there were startling reports of fierce agitation in Bavaria for an immediate change to a monarchist form of government, which is carried on especially among the peasants in the guise of an anti-Semitic movement.

All this bad news was capped by a report that ex-Prime Minister von Kahr had predicted two days ago that in the very near future a Wittelsbach would take the place of a Hohenzollern.

FREE STATE FORCES HUNT FOR DE VALERA

Encircle Dublin Mountains, Where He Is Believed to Be Hiding.

BURGESS DIES OF WOUNDS

Touching Scenes Mark Funeral of Six National Soldiers Killed in O'Connell Street.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, July 7 (Passed by the Military Censor).—In Ireland's efforts to get back to normal two events stand out today. One is the death of Charles Burgess (Cathal Brugha) and the other is the round-up movement of the National troops in their efforts to put down the revolt in the country and capture Eamon de Valera, who is reported to be with a group in the mountains outside Dublin.

Burgess, who was wounded trying to fight his way out of the O'Connell Street ruins on Wednesday night, was a remarkable figure in recent Irish politics. During his whole life he was a bitter opponent of British rule, and an ardent supporter of every extreme Nationalist movement. He was prominent in the early days of the Sinn Fein organization, and joined the section of volunteers that threw aside allegiance to John Redmond. He took part in the 1916 rebellion, commanding a section of rebels fighting in the South Dublin Union buildings.

In everything he undertook his motto was "no surrender," which he carried out to his death. In 1916 he received thirteen bullet wounds during the first few days of the fighting. Asked to retire, he said: "No, they may take me, but never alive as long as I have a gun in my hand." Unable to stand he asked to be placed on a table facing a window and with one arm shattered he kept firing with the other at the British outside till he collapsed from loss of blood.

When the garrison surrendered he was missing, having been taken in an ambulance as a dead civilian.

He continued to elude the British authorities up to the amnesty, and in the general election of 1918 he was returned by a big majority in the Waterford constituency. He was Speaker in the first Dail and Minister of Defense, controlling the army until the beginning of this year, when, as a result of the treaty division, he was displaced by Defense Minister Mulcahy, with whom and Michael Collins he had had many hairbreadth escapes from the Auxiliaries and the Black and Tans.

He was a devout Catholic, a fluent Irish speaker and a great gymnast, a good boxer, cricketer and sportsman generally.

The manner in which the Government will view the funeral is the subject of considerable speculation.

Burgess is survived by a widow and five children, the youngest of whom was born a few months ago.

Clash in Dublin Mountains Near.

In most districts the national troops are meeting with early success and their encircling movements are evidently well organized. One of these movements is in the mountainous districts of Dublin County on the borders of Wicklow, several miles south of the capital. Here they are gradually closing in on the rebels, who must soon face defeat or surrender.

Wherever these bodies of irregulars are gathered they are protected by a wide circle of outposts difficult to detect and the roads are mined, trenched and blocked. This makes progress difficult for the regulars, but they are well trained troops, showing knowledge of open warfare. Their ring round the rebels is being drawn tighter every hour.

Eamon de Valera is said to be with one or the other of the bands in these mountains, but there is no reliable information.

In all this fighting in Dublin City and the counties courage of a high order has been shown and the military authorities are considering the question of awarding a decoration for gallantry.

So far the affair in the Dublin mountains has been chiefly one of outposts, but an important clash between the main bodies is expected hourly. The irregulars have not offered any very serious resistance.

At Ballinascorney, a gap in the Dublin Mountains they came in contact yesterday with its irregulars and after a hot fight emerged victorious with a dozen prisoners. Between Brittas and Blessington on the steam tram line the irregular positions were attacked and at Kilbride a camp was abandoned, and is now dominated by the Nationals.

Heavy fighting is reported from Boyle, County Roscommon, where the irregulars retired after a hand-to-hand encounter. Firing then took place from

Continued on Page Two.

JOINS GERMAN PLEA AND HARDING ORDER

Command to Return Chemical Patents Followed Parley in Washington, Says Garvan.

GERMANY'S ENVOYS HERE

Conference Held With Daugherty's Aide—Americans Not Heard, Is Charged.

Francis P. Garvan, President of the Chemical Foundation, Inc., yesterday charged that President Harding's order to Colonel Thomas W. Miller, Alien Property Custodian, to demand return to this Government of German dye and drug patents held by the Foundation, followed a conference in Washington at the Attorney General's office between German lawyers representing the organic chemical industry in Germany, two New York attorneys and representatives of Attorney General Daugherty. This conference was held, Mr. Garvan stated, on June 27. On July 1 the President's order to Colonel Miller was announced.

Previously Mr. Garvan had alleged that the whole proposition of forcing the Chemical Foundation to give up the patents it purchased for $250,000 from the Government was a trick of the Germans to get back into their own hands control of important drug and dye processes. Yesterday he was specific. His statement follows:

"I had not intended to make any further statement until the demand of the Alien Property Custodian has been served upon us, and will not do so with reference to the suits involving the Foundation itself. I have been asked so urgently and frequently two questions by the papers that I feel I should not wait until the demand is served.

"The first question asked is what justification I had for saying in my first statement, 'This action was taken without any notice to the American organic chemical industry or to the Chemical Foundation or any of its officers or to, in fact, any one equipped to speak for this essential American industry in peace and war. It has been begun, I am informed, after a full hearing by the representatives of the German Cartel, the German dye trust and the German Government without any American interest being given an opportunity to be heard in reply.'

Tells of German Commission.

"In answer thereto I desire to state:

"1. Within about three weeks a commission, consisting of three German lawyers, Rudolph Oppenheim, Hans Wagner and Karl Holderman, representing the German Cartel, which in turn consists of all the organic chemical industry of Germany, arrived in this country to perfect plans for the recovery by Germany of their control in America of the organic chemical industry. On Saturday, June 24, a conference was held at the office of O'Gorman, Battle, Vandiver & Levy, 37 Wall Street, at which were present Mr. Vandiver and Mr. Levy, representing Herman A. Metz, the leading German importer and agent of the I. G. and several other lawyers representing the German Embassy and other German interests.

"It was there decided that a direct action by Germany or by the Cartel to upset the sale to the Foundation would be inexpedient, but that the most promising form of procedure would be to attempt to induce the United States Government to bring the action and to offer to the Government all possible German assistance. Accordingly a committee was appointed consisting of Messrs. Oppenheim and Wagner, Vandiver and Levy to go to Washington and consult with the Department of Justice.

"2. On Tuesday, June 27, this committee visited the Attorney General's office and there placed before his assistants the German proposition and offered German assistance. Prior to that time neither the Chemical Foundation nor any one in any way representing them, or any one representing any part of the American organic chemical industry, had been asked any question in reference to the sale, and subsequent to the visit of the German representatives no request or opportunity was given to any American interests to answer the German representations before the announcement of the intended demand was made.

"The second question which has been continuously asked me is for what other sale in reference to patents will the Foundation enter a second time governing precedent. In answer thereto, first, the sale of all wireless patents and plans to the United States Government for the nominal sum of $140,000. Germany had obtained the domination in this country through a patent system similar to the chemical patent system, and to free the country from the control they were all sold to the Government

Continued on Page Two.

Sorbonne Scientists Find No Ectoplasm After Experiments in Fifteen Seances

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 7.—Experiments which for the first time in the history of psychic investigation, it is said, have been carried on under strictly scientific conditions at the Sorbonne since the beginning of last March, have now come to an end, the results being pronounced absolutely negative.

The aim of these experiments, which were carried out in strict secrecy under the roof of the ancient Paris University, was to prove the actual existence of what spiritualists call "ectoplasm," an unknown, undefined psychic substance proceeding from certain mediums and by which the materialization of human faces and forms as well as other objects was said to have been obtained. Believers in these psychic phenomena have produced many photographs showing large masses of ectoplasm flowing from the medium's bodies, forming figures and faces bearing an undoubted human resemblance.

After much opposition the University of Paris was persuaded to permit a series of experiments, carried out under official control. Every facility was offered, and three distinguished professors of the Sorbonne were detailed for the purpose. These were Dr. G. Dumas, Professor of Experimental Psychology; Professor Henri Pieron, Director of the Sorbonne Laboratory of Physiological Psychology, and Dr. Laugier, Director of the Physiological Laboratory of the Faculty of Science. A medium called Eva was used for the purpose under the direction of Monsieur H., who claimed to have obtained many results with her.

The experiments ended June 23, and the report of the three learned professors will be published here tomorrow. It consists of a detailed description of fifteen seances, of which the following are the salient points:

On two occasions only were they able to discover any substance coming from Eva's mouth, but from no other part of her body. While spiritualists say that the substance possesses the ability to move about freely, forming itself into various figures, this was not the case in the instances observed, on each occasion there being apparently nothing beyond the simple act of regurgitation by the medium.

The medium during hypnotic sleep underwent the characteristic convulsive movement of an effort to vomit. This lasted for some time, and at last, after much difficulty, there appeared a thin disk of an apparently hard, resisting substance covered by gray matter and mucus. The length was about six centimeters.

Mme. B. suggested that the substance was assuming the form of a human face, but none of the three professors was able to see anything of the kind. On the contrary, the substance was pronounced by them to be absolutely inert, only moving so far as movement was given to it by the medium's mouth. The substance having been reabsorbed, the medium appeared to be chewing for some seconds, and then apparently swallowed it.

"Thus," says the report, "the medium after a prolonged effort which can only be physiologically interpreted as an effort to vomit, produces a substance which possesses no mobility of itself and is swallowed again almost at once. Nothing in our observation leads us to conclude that there exists any substance of the nature of the ectoplasm. The existence of any substance resembling the ectoplasm which could not be explained by existing knowledge of physiological facts is disproved and the result of our experiments must be considered absolutely negative."

In conclusion, the professors pay a tribute to the scientific ardor of Mme. B. and her absolute good faith.

RELIEVES FOR INDIGESTION. KEEP it handy. Don't forget. Adv.

HOOPER WON'T YIELD; JEWELL BLAMES HIM AS STRIKE CONTINUES

Board Demands Surrender to Its Judgment and Roads Ignore Peace Feelers.

TROOPS CALLED ON THREATS

Several States Take Precautions, Fearing Repetition of the Herrin Tragedy.

TO ARREST KANSAS LEADERS

Calling of Strike There Is Held Illegal Under the Industrial Court Act.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Any doubt that the Railroad Labor Board is determined to stick by the wage and other decisions against which 300,000 railway shop men are striking was dispelled through a statement issued tonight by Benjamin W. Hooper, Chairman of the board.

The strikers were notified that they can hope for further consideration only after they have returned to their jobs throughout the country.

"The shop crafts," reads the statement, "have been fairly heard before the Labor Board. They have appealed from the sober conservative judgment of this board to the strike, with all its inevitable un-American subversion of law and order.

"For the Labor Board to yield to measures of this kind would be an outrage upon public decency and would hasten the enthronement of anarchy in this country."

Chairman Hooper's statement then cites the decision of the maintenance-of-way men to withhold strike action pending further peaceable negotiations, and says:

"Their course points the only feasible way for the shop crafts."

Other incidents marking the close of the first week of the shopmen's strike were reports of sporadic outbreaks in various parts of the country and of preparations to mobilize troops in Illinois on short notice.

That the Hooper statement would do little to break the deadlock was predicted, in view of the fact that B. M. Jewell, head of the striking organization, had a few hours previously issued a statement in which he maintained that the carriers and the Labor Board should be held responsible for continuation of the strike.

In response to requests for an opinion, the Labor Board late today adopted a resolution holding that railway employes remaining in service should not be called upon to do work regularly assigned to a craft now on strike.

Violence Curbed in Chicago.

Fears that strike violence in Chicago and environs would break beyond control of local authorities had been quieted tonight. This was largely due to the promptness and firmness with which Captain Patrick Kelleher and a squad from the Maxwell Street Police Station acted when, early in the day, a torch was applied to an oil-saturated box car in the Baltimore & Ohio yards at West Fourteenth and Lumber Streets. This car was destroyed and two others were damaged. The police seemed confident that they had frustrated a plot to destroy more than 100 cars in these yards. Firemen discovered trails of oil leading to some of these.

There was no evidence today of further trouble in the vicinity of the Burnside shops. Following the mob action of Thursday night in which the homes of two shopmen who refused to join the walkout were stoned, a score of policemen and detectives were detailed to special duty near the shops.

President Jewell said he was conducting an investigation to fix responsibility for the outbreak. He intimated that he was not convinced it had been the work of strikers.

There was some indication tonight that State authorities, with the lesson of the Herrin coal mine massacre fresh in mind, were preparing to rush troops into any territory where they might prevent trouble rather than to wait for something to happen.

Adjt. Gen. Carlos E. Black of Illinois announced that although reports showed the situation well in hand troops would be held in readiness.

Governor Hyde of Missouri initiated mobilization of National Guard troops at Warrensburg and Booneville, and Adj. Gen. Harry B. Smith was reported "investigating the need for troops."

Governor Allen of Kansas gave assurance of troops protection to workers if

Continued on Page Three.

Trunk Arrives From England After 8-Year Tour of World

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 7.—After spending eight years in a tour of the world, a trunk shipped from London to New York in 1914, a few days before England went into the World War, turned up here today.

Baron Scotford, a silhouette artist, with an establishment on the Boardwalk, is the owner of the globe-trotting trunk. He said that after arranging to return to America, where he was born, he delivered the trunk to an express company, and, expecting it would be here on his arrival, thought no more of it.

He placed the matter in the hands of an attorney some time ago, and was surprised today at the trunk's final delivery. Labels told of its great journey from country to country.

FEDERAL STEP NEAR IN COAL DEADLOCK

Action Is Expected Next Week as Result of Failure to Agree in Conference.

REPORTS TO GO TO HARDING

Believe Administration Will Demand That Disputants Submit to Government Arbitration.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Definite action by the Government to bring an end to the coal strike deadlock and to force early resumption of production at some of the mines now closed by the strike appeared certain today when operators and miners of the anthracite coal fields, after an extended conference with Secretary of Labor Davis, failed to reach a satisfactory basis of settlement and adjourned until 2:30 o'clock Monday afternoon.

As the situation now stands up, operators and miners of both the anthracite and bituminous coal fields have refused to grant concessions which would permit voluntary agreements being reached. Tonight Secretaries Hoover and Davis

[illegible]

Conferences with the operators and miners will be resumed Monday. It is understood that there is no decided difference between these officials and that the findings and recommendations will not differ. Secretary Hall, who had to do only with the anthracite situation, also will make a report.

It was stated today in one Administration quarter that definite action probably would be taken by President Harding within a day or two after he had had an opportunity to review what has developed during the week. Emphasis was laid on the fact that Government officials were of one mind in the belief that production must be increased and large quantities of coal moved without much longer delay if suffering was to be averted in some districts of the country next Winter.

Course That Will Be Taken.

Information concerning the plans which the Government may have in mind is being carefully guarded, and the hope has not been given up entirely that the contending groups of both anthracite and bituminous fields will come to agreement upon their return here next Monday without forcing the Government to employ compulsion. But this seems doubtful. The general belief tonight is that—should the deadlock remain unbroken—the Government will first suggest, and if that is unavailing, demand that the differences between miners and operators be submitted to arbitration, the basis of which shall be presented by the Government.

Such an attitude would mean that if one side or the other to the controversy refused to submit, the Government must use its full power to go through with the program.

"Difficulties in the way of arbitration are illustrated by the present situation in the negotiations between the miners and operators in the authracite fields. They failed to agree after holding many conferences, and the operators then suggested arbitration by a Government commission, promising to abide by the result. The miners, who come under the United Mine Workers of America, the organization now directing the workers in the bituminous fields, refused to accept arbitration unless they were assured in advance that there would be no reduction from the present level of wages, that the eight-hour day would remain and the unions be recognized. To these conditions to arbitration the operators would not consent.

It was stated tonight that this deadlock in the anthracite strike situation

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Anatole France's Books Put on the Index; Controversy Expected Over Vatican Ban

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 7.—An announcement that the Vatican has placed all the works of Anatole France on the index forbidding Catholics to read them has caused a stir in Paris. It is predicted that this action will certainly result in a controversy.

France's latest work, "L'Hirondelle Sous le Toit" (The Swallow Under the Gable), which is to appear soon as a book, has already been printed in serial form. Former works, such as "Jeanne d'Arc" and "Noyelle des Anges," have hitherto escaped Papal condemnation. It will be interesting to note what effect this general veto will have on the sale of France's works.

It is considered possible that the[illegible] of Socialist and Communist [illegible] have caused special apprehension at the Vatican. France's influence among Socialists throughout Europe is considerable. Recognizing the weight of his word even with Soviedists, Maxim Gorky has just addressed a letter of appeal, in which he bids France to intercede in favor of the revolutionary Socialists now under trial in Moscow in the following terms:

"The action against the Russian revolutionary Socialists has taken the character of public preparation for the murder of men who had sincerely served the cause of liberating Russia. I venture to ask you to make your voice once more heard to the Soviet Government in order to make it understand the impossibility of such a crime. Perhaps the authority of your word will save the lives of these Socialists."

Anatole France, whose literary style has won him many honors, including the cross of the Legion of Honor, a seat in the French Academy and the Nobel Prize, has been severely criticised for the subject matter of many of his books, which made light of morality, as the world today understands it, and turned to contempt sacred things.

The books that have been severely censured by moralists and churchmen are "Noces Corinthiennes," "Le Lys Rouge" and "Thais." Some years ago it was reported that they had been placed on the "Index Librorum Prohibitorum," in search of these records fails to find them there. It is known, however, that they were for some time under discussion by the Vatican's Department of "Censura Librorum."

M. France is now 72 years of age. Two years ago he wedded Mlle. Emma la Prevotte, aged 48.

SUBWAY GASSING IS LAID TO PYRENE IN WHALEN'S REPORT

Fire Extinguishers Added Hazard to Chance for Escape, He Finds.

SUBMITS FOUR PRECAUTIONS

Break-Down Power Switch and Plan to Prevent Cutting Off Light Urged.

HYLAN FORBIDS 'WHITEWASH'

Several Inquiries Begin—Fyrene Officials Have No Statement—McAneny Silent.

Mayor Hylan received yesterday a report of one of the four city departments investigating the partial asphyxiation of 150 passengers on the Lexington Avenue subway at Fifty-ninth Street on Thursday, and immediately wrote a letter to Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien directing that there "should be no whitewashing" of those "responsible for the subway disaster."

The Mayor coupled his letter with an attack on President Frank Hedley of the Interborough. He also assailed the Transit Commission, charging that the "disaster" emphasized "another instance of delinquency on the part of the Transit Commission."

The announcement at City Hall that, inspired by the report of Grover Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, who reached five conclusions regarding the accident, four of them recommendations to prevent a repetition and the fifth another an assault on Pyrene fire extinguishers, alleged by city officials to have generated the fumes that overcame the passengers, Corporation Counsel O'Brien also issued a criticism of the Transit Commission.

"With all but four of the one hundred and fifty persons injured out of the hospitals, and these patients scheduled to be discharged today, the investigation by the Transit Commission was completed with Chairman George McAneny refusing to reply to the suggestion [illegible] that the commission would [illegible] to say until the reports of all the [illegible] were in hand. Then, he added, the question of whether a public hearing should be held would be decided.

Several Inquiries Pressed.

Continuing their investigations, without comment yesterday, were the Health Department, Health Department and the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity. Mr. Hedley said the Interborough would have nothing to say until its inquiry had been completed, but during the two additional inquiries got under way, one by the New York Board of Fire Underwriters and another by David Hirshfield, Commissioner of Accounts, who said Mayor Hylan had put him on the job.

Actual calling of witnesses apparently was confined to the Fire Department investigation, conducted by Deputy Chief Fire Marshal John P. Prial, who summoned two Interborough guards who denied that doors had been locked or closed or that they had heard a clamor. Pending the submission of his report to Fire Commissioner Thomas Brennan the Prial inquiry was set at rest upon one, and will be continued today.

In the face of charges by the Mayor and statements by Government chemists, officials of the Pyrene Manufacturing Company remained silent. R. A. Gaston, Secretary and Treasurer of the New York corporation, declared that "at this time the company has no comment to make."

It was said that chemists of the Transit Commission did not agree with the experts of the city laboratories who reported the extinguishers had produced noxious gases through the combustion of one of the Pyrene elements.

Commissioner Whalen, in his report summarizing the investigation of his department, reported the origin of the slight fire that started the accident as "an electrical short circuit in the switch panel board" of the rear car of the ten-car express. He reported that the short circuit had occurred on the motor side of the power switch, leaving the power on and cut off from the motors.

Whalen's Report on Gases.

"Attempts," he said, "to put out the electrical arcing by means of Pyrene extinguishers were ineffective. Seven quart Pyrene receptacles were emptied in the attempts. In the presence of the electric arc the Pyrene was decomposed and partly burned, taking to carbon and forming different oxides of carbon and probably phosgene gas (carbon chloride). The oxidation of the steel of the conductors and apparatus and the iron of the compartment assisted in the production of heavy asphyxiating gases. This would account for the poisonous condition of the passengers when removed from the car.

"It is well known," the Commissioner's report continued, "that these irritating and toxic gases are produced by the combustion of tetrachloride (Pyrene), the active or extinguishing element in Pyrene, which occurs at a temperature even below that of the electric arc. The products of combustion of other fluids are no less useful for smothering fires, but neither the Pyrene nor its products are useful for breathing in the subway."

Commissioner Whalen then made the following recommendations:

1. Some method should be devised to isolate the car from the power on the third rail. This could be brought about by the use of a breaker on each car of a breaker power panel, which should be conspicuously placed at a distant point from the motorman's control panel in the same car, which might well be located on the front of the five-ton locomotive.

2. This breaker or power switch should be in the own[illegible] ment.

3. The compartments [illegible] automatic control [illegible] lighting [illegible]

other compartments to insure light, and thus prevent the usual panic caused by absolute darkness.

4. The futility of using Pyrene fire extinguishers was obvious so long as the cause, namely, the electric current, was continued, their use simply adding another hazard to the passengers' chance of escape.

5. Every subway car should be provided with two sand boxes at each end of the car, without the production of any toxic gases. Had car No. 3,871 been equipped in the manner recommended, the power could have been immediately shut off, and with the use of the sand any fire that resulted from the short circuit could have been very readily extinguished.

"It Was Avoidable," Says the Mayor.

In his letter to Mr. O'Brien, the Mayor urged him "not to accept unquestioningly the official or unofficial report of the Transit Commission or any other body that the disaster was 'unavoidable.'

"It was avoidable," the Mayor added. Taking up the statement of President Dailey that the short-circuited car had been inspected and found in good order, the Mayor termed that statement "belied" by the fact of the accident.

"If everything was in good order," wrote the Mayor to Counsel O'Brien, "when inspected last week, they would have been no short circuit. Furthermore, a $75,000-a-year executive and a collectively much more costly Transit Commission should not blindly accept claims made on behalf of Pyrene or any other extinguisher and should have enough independent judgment and research to determine in advance that an extinguisher that generates or liberates a poisonous gas in confined quarters should not be permitted to be installed in subway trains. They should know that a subway is a confined place without being forced to recognize that fact through disaster. The disaster would have been much more terrible if it had occurred in the rush hours.

"Charging the accident emphasized another vital delinquency on the part of the Transit Commission," the Mayor alleged that the commission had allowed "improvident" time extensions to the Interborough in installing additional emergency exits. In conclusion, the Mayor directed Mr. O'Brien to correlate the results of the various city investigations and then "see to it that steps are taken to force action at once on the part of officials charged with the duty of safeguarding the traveling public."

In the Corporation Counsel's statement, issued before the Mayor issued his, "but in his behalf," Thursday's accident also was called a "disaster."

"The horror of it" should arouse the Transit Commission," said Mr. O'Brien, "to the urgent necessity of holding an open, deliberate and thorough examination into all of the conditions surrounding subway management in the statement then reaching out into a general attack on the Interborough, including a reference to the company's coal.

McAneny Makes No Reply.

When Chairman McAneny was asked if he cared to comment on Mr. O'Brien's statement, he replied "No." He said that the commission would not issue any statements until its engineers had completed their work.

The records of the former Public Service Commission, maintained intact by the Transit Commission, disclosed that the Interborough replaced the old sodium and sulphuric acid extinguishers with Pyrene in 1911. The memorandum also disclosed that the Pyrene extinguishers met with the full approval of the New York Board of Fire Underwriters.

In this connection, Ferwick J. T. Stewart, Superintendent of the underwriters' board, said his investigation would be to ascertain, through hospital physicians, whether the passengers in the accident suffered from smoke or gas. He said that the board's investigation was not intended to duplicate in any way other inquiries. Another fact sought would be to find out just how many of the extinguishers were employed by guards or passengers.

"The special tetrachloride type of extinguisher," he said, "which is made by various concerns has been found best suited for fighting fires in energized electrical equipment. First, because it is efficient, and second, because the extinguishing fluid is electrically non-conducting and therefore materially safer than water as it eliminates the danger of electrical shocks to persons using it. Care should be taken to ventilate small rooms and confined spaces immediately after using these extinguishers, to prevent injurious effects which might result from concentration of the fumes. Such ventilation, of course, is essential also to remove smoke in case of fire."

Subway Guard Describes Fire.

Martin Mullahy of 383 East 137th Street, the Bronx, was the first of the two subway guards who testified about the accident in the inquiry before Deputy Chief Fire Marshal Prial. Mullahy testified that he had been on the platform of the car in which the fire started, first detecting trouble as the train passed East Fifty-third Street. He said that the noise he had heard was repeated as the train went past Fifty-ninth Street, and a moment later the hinged door covering the motor in the motorman's compartment blew out, smoke and blue flame issuing.

The guard said that he had run forward to tell the guard ahead of the trouble, and when he returned a passenger had started to play one of the Pyrene extinguishers on the blazing box. He said that he also seized one of the fire-fighting instruments and attacked the fire. He testified that the flame then disappeared, but that some smoke still issued from smoldering insulation.

Mullahy said that at the time of the fire only a half dozen passengers were in the car and that there was no excitement. He denied that any passengers had beat at the doors in an effort to get out, and testified, that as soon as the power had been turned off the doors were opened. The witness said that the doors had been opened by Conductor James S. Dwyer, who, he said, would corroborate his statement that there had been no clamor.

Michael Jacobs, the second guard, testified that he also had tried to put out the fire with one of the extinguishers. He said that the doors had not been opened until the current had been shut off because the guards did not want to expose the passengers to the live third rail. Jacobs testified that he had fainted after applying the fire extinguisher. Present at the hearing were Michael F. Daly and Arthur G. Peacock, attorneys for the Interborough, who told Marshal Prial that the company was anxious to co-operate in the investigation.

All Victims Out of Danger.

There were twenty of the victims of gas in various hospitals up to noon yesterday, but the treatment of physicians brought a quick reaction to all but four of them, and even these are expected to be well enough to go to their homes some time today. The two at Bellevue last night were Miss Alice Bergassian of 227 East Twenty-third Street and Miss Lucy Bacchiri of 515 East Twelfth Street. Remaining at Flower Hospital were Harry Bauer, 25 years old, of 1,036 Kelly Street, the Bronx, and Antonio Russo, 40 years old, of 1,184 East Tremont Avenue, the Bronx.

The victim whose condition caused the most concern immediately after the accident was well enough to undertake a long journey home last night. He was Harry Yanofsky, 21 years old, of 159 Washington Street, Worcester, Mass., who was a patient in Metropolitan Hospital, Welfare Island.

FOUR ROB GIRL CASHIER.

Hold-Up Men Flee, but Drop Her $142.

Jennie Gusser, cashier of Katz & Wax's restaurant, 821 First Avenue, was robbed of $142 yesterday afternoon by four men who halted her at Forty-ninth Street and Second Avenue when she was on the way to a bank. Miss Gusser ran after the robbers, shouting "Stop, you cowards!" and the man who held the money dropped it. Detectives Hooker and Hauser of the East Forty-first Street Station were told by the girl that one of the hold-up men was a bunchback. Late in the afternoon the detectives arrested James Cannon, a saucemaker, of 218 East Forty-fourth Street, who was identified by Miss Gusser as the man she had described.

ANOTHER VEROTTA SLAYER CONVICTED

Cusamano, Third of the Kidnapping Band, Found Guilty in First Degree.

VERDICT PLEASES FATHER

Prominent Italians Write Judge Talley, Denouncing Sicilians for the Crime.

Santo Cusamano was convicted last night by a jury in Judge Talley's part of General Sessions of murder in the first degree in connection with the slaying last Summer of 5-year-old Giuseppi Verotta. He was the third man found guilty of the crime, which followed the arrest of himself and four others for kidnapping the boy from in front of his tenement home at 304 East Thirteenth Street on the afternoon of May 24, 1921. The trial of the fourth man named in the murder indictment is expected to begin next week, and will be followed by that of the fifth man.

The verdict of guilty was returned at 10:25 o'clock, almost ten and a half hours after Judge Talley had finished his charge to the jury. Cusamano, who is 18 years old and lived at 349 East Thirteenth Street, across the way from the Verotta home, was remanded to the Tombs until next Tuesday, when Judge Talley will impose the death sentence.

When the foreman of the jury pronounced the word "guilty," Cusamano gave a start and then attempted to address the Court. Several attendants standing beside him prevented him from talking. Judge Talley had cleared the courtroom of about fifty men and women, most of them Italians, before the jury entered.

Verdict Pleases Father of Boy.

The only spectator was Salvatore Verotta, father of the slain boy. As the jury was filing out of court Judge Talley had complimented them for the careful manner in which they had followed the evidence at the trial. Varotta said to a reporter for THE TIMES: "I am glad they convicted that fellow. He is the man who kidnapped my boy. He is the fellow who ordered that my boy be doped" by the band when they got Giuseppe away from in front of his home. He is the fellow who ordered other members of the kidnappers' gang to kill the boy. I have been receiving letters right along from some of the members of the band threatening my life. The police have to give me a guard all the time. These murderers tried to frighten my wife and me off. Now that a third member of the gang has been found guilty, they'll know they can't frighten us."

Before he left the courtroom Judge Talley made public a letter which he received during the day from a group of prominent Italians in this city. The letter read:

"The present Verotta case, which was entirely the work of Sicilians, causes many Italians throughout the city to very much regret that the public does not differentiate between the Italians and the Sicilians. The average American identifies the two races using the name Italian to include both the uneducated Sicilian, whose crimes are so numerous, and the more highly endowed Italian, who has contributed so much to the forward march of civilization.

Italians Denounce Sicilians.

"While it is true that Sicily is now under the Italian Government, the relationship is comparable to that of the Philippine Islands under the Government of the United States. Sicilians and Italians are of entirely different races, Sicily being originally populated by Arabians, pirates, and later the island was in turn overrun by Phoenicians, Greeks, Romans, Teutons, Normans, French, Spaniards and Austrians.

"The Sicily of today is a strong mixture of many races, and this added to the influence of a warm climate on a people probably accounts for the high rate of crime among them. The educated among the Sicilians, as well as the unrelated Italians, feel that Americans should understand that there is a difference, so as not to indiscriminately blame non-offending Italians for the crimes of the Sicilians."

Antonio Marino, alleged leader of the Verotta band, was convicted almost two weeks ago of murder in the first degree in connection with the killing of the Verotta boy. Within three months of the finding of the boy's body in the Hudson River off Piermont, N. Y., on June 1, 1921, Roberto Rafaelo was convicted of the crime and sentenced to the death house. Raffaelo appealed the conviction to the Court of Appeals, but in the early part of last month the conviction was affirmed.

Raffaelo then wrote a confession in the cell block which he sent to District Attorney Banton. A few weeks later he appeared as the principal witness for the prosecution at Marino's trial. He also was used as the principal witness against Cusamano, and will be a witness when the trials of James Ruggieri, step-son of Marino, and John Melchione are called before Judge Talley within the next month.

Condemned Man Reveals Plot.

He testified that Ruggieri, on the night of June 1, 1921, introduced him to Marino, Cusamano and two unidentified men, also under indictment for the murder, and that Marino and Cusamano instructed him to call on the Verottas and demand $500 of the $2,500 ransom the kidnappers had demanded in several letters for the boy's return. He said that the Verottas did not give him the money, but instructed him to call for it the next night.

The next day, Raffaelo said, he introduced Melchione to the band, and the latter was sent to the Verottas for the money. Melchione was arrested by Detective Sergeant Pellegrino as he accepted the money after detectives under Detective Sergeant Michael Fiaschetti and Mrs. Rae Nicolietti, a police woman, had laid a trap for the five members of the band. Raffaelo, Marino and Ruggieri were arrested outside the Verotta home, while Cusamano, who had previously advised the Verottas that the child would be returned for $500, and warning them to accede to the kidnappers' demand, was arrested in the bakery in which he was employed in East Fourteenth Street. Assistant District Attorney George N. Brothers prosecuted the three cases in which convictions were made.

SHERMAN L. WHIPPLE OUT FOR LODGE'S SEAT

Democratic Candidate Declares Incumbent Represents 'Organized Money Interests.'

BOSTON, July 7.—Sherman L. Whipple, of Boston, announced tonight that he was a candidate for the Democratic nomination for United States Senator "to contest the re-election of Senator Lodge."

"I have no illusions as to the contest upon which we are entering," Mr. Whipple's statement declared. "Senator Lodge represents in the Senate the power of organised money interests. They will fight to the last ditch to retain him.

"We can win against such odds only, if, and because we are fighting for right."

In a reference to William A. Gaston, already in the field for the Democratic nomination, Mr. Whipple said:

"Can we expect that victory will come to us if all that we offer is the same thing under a different guise or the old master under a new name? What would it amount to to ask the people to replace Senator Lodge by one whose instinct, training and associations would lead him to think and feel on the vital issues which affect the plain people just as Senator Lodge thinks and feels, and whose instinct and inclination would lead him to do and to vote regarding those great issues just as Senator Lodge has done and voted?"

Senator Lodge and other Republican leaders were held responsible by Mr. Whipple in his manifesto for conditions of unrest prevailing in the country today.

"He has been leading backward and not forward," the statement said. "He has been leading against the movement of the times and not with it. He has been leading directly against the great swing of progressive principles. He has been leading back to the evil days, to the days of prosperity of Aug. 1, 1914, when trusts and industrial serfdom, the days when prosperity was reckoned by millions of profits to the capitalists and not by the standards of living and well being of the masses.

"The people have refused to be led back. They insist upon going forward. Hence the revolt, the confusion, the unrest, the bitterness, the resentment, the crying sense of injustice. Hence the defeat of the Republican leaders that seems to puzzle them so."

DR. STEINMETZ WON'T CONDUCT A CAMPAIGN

But Socialist Nominee for State Engineer Says He Will Serve if Elected.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, July 7.—Dr. Charles P. Steinmetz, who some months ago startled science with his artificial lightning, is not going to take the stump in his campaign as the nominee for State Engineer and Surveyor of the Socialist and Farmer Labor parties. He says he is too busy to conduct a campaign, but that if elected he will give the people the benefit of his skill and experience as an engineer.

While he wishes it understood that he is a Socialist, he prefers the Republican Party to the Democratic Party. The appealing factor, as far as Republican principles are concerned, he says, is centralization. He expressed unqualified fondness for former Governor Al Smith and would like to see the Democrats select Mr. Smith for their candidate for Governor.

When asked what he knew of the attempt of the Socialist leaders to develop "a general labor party," with the present Socialist and Farmer Labor parties as a nucleus, he said:

"I don't know. I haven't time to keep in touch with the details of political movements.

Asked for his opinion of Governor Miller, he answered:

"I haven't seen enough of him, but of the two older parties my preference goes to the Republican Party, rather than to the Democratic. It is the Republican Party's principle of centralization which appeals to me. It is the principle of subordination of the several States to the nation, the municipalities to the State and the individual to the municipality.

"The Democratic Party is for decentralization, which is the old German idea, where the state attempted nothing that could be done by the individual and where the individual was absolute. So you see that I am more of a Republican than a Democrat."

7 SEIZED AT SHORE IN BLACKMAIL CASE

Atlantic City Police Make Round-Up on Complaint of a Philadelphian.

ALL HELD WITHOUT BAIL

Believed to Be Members of Gang Working Visitors at Hotels in Jersey Resort.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 7.—Seven men, said to be members of a blackmailing gang, have been rounded up by the shore police in the last twenty-four hours and held without bail for investigation. They are charged with impersonating officers and carrying concealed weapons.

While the arrests were on the specific complaint of a wealthy Philadelphian whose identity the authorities refuse to reveal, it is stated that the men also are wanted in New York, Philadelphia and several other large Eastern cities. The resort police are seeking to connect them with a band that have been preying on Summer visitors for some time.

Of those arrested five gave New York addresses, one from Cleveland and the other an address in Baltimore. They are Donald C. Lyod, 141 West 144th Street; Thomas McCarthy, 104 West 144th Street; Charles Mercer, Landis Hotel, Fifty-seventh Street and Seventh Avenue; Nicholas Baccarelli, 125 West Thirty-ninth Street; Louis Guiferda, 31 East 127th Street, all of New York; Edward Lewis, 48 Huron Road, Cleveland, and Jose Ryan, 2,142 Edgewood Avenue, Baltimore.

Yesterday Chief of Police Robert C. Miller received a letter from Philadelphia in which the writer told how he had been blackmailed in a hotel on South Tennessee Avenue and that he had given the men a check for $100 from his release, after they had represented themselves as Federal officers. As soon as he gained his freedom he stopped payment on the check. He also supplied the detectives with descriptions of the men and where they were staying.

Last night detectives captured five of the alleged band. Two others were picked up this morning at an address on St. Charles Place. Searched at headquarters, several packs of marked cards, "crooked dice," revolvers, handcuffs and several detective badges were found in their possession, according to the police. Each of the seven men carried a large sum of money. When arrested three automobiles of expensive type were confiscated by the police after they had been claimed by the prisoners. All the machines carried New York licenses. Investigation is now being made to determine whether the cars were stolen.

TEN YEARS FOR BURGLARY.

Half of Sentence to Be Suspended if Harry Tiernure Leaves State.

Harry Tiernure, 30, of 2,008 Fifth Avenue, Manhattan, who was convicted of burglary in the third degree in the Kings County Court, was sentenced yesterday to serve ten years in Sing Sing Prison, with the proviso that at the end of five years he be brought back to the County Court and judgment on the remaining five years of his sentence be suspended if he leaves New York State and remains outside of its boundaries permanently.

Judge Franklin Taylor, who imposed the sentence, stipulated that if Tiernure returns to the State he is to be rearrested and taken to Sing Sing to serve the remaining five years. Tiernure has served two terms in Elmira Reformatory and was arrested in connection with a number of robberies but was not convicted. John Haughey, 26, of 246 Tenth Avenue, Manhattan, who was convicted with Tiernure, was sentenced to the penitentiary. Haughey never was previously convicted of a felony.

TRIPS, AUTO KILLS HER.

Death Car Escapes—Truck Kills Man Running for Trolley.

Mrs. Mildred Thorsen, 20, of 6,814 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, started to run across the street, tripped, fell in front of an automobile at Fourth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street early yesterday and died a short time later at the Norwegian Hospital.

The car continued on Fourth Avenue at high speed. Patrolman Francis Kelly commandeered a passing automobile and gave chase, but lost the trail after pursuing more than ten blocks. Edmund Lewis, a probationary police-man, fired shots at the fleeing car without effect. The police said there was only one man in the car, which was apparently either a Hudson or a Packard.

Mrs. Thorsen is survived by a mother, two brothers and the man she married nine months ago, who is mate on a Standard Oil tanker.

While running for a northbound Webster Avenue trolley car at 182d Street, the Bronx, yesterday, Roele Gastno, 45, of 265 East 153d Street, the Bronx, was struck by an automobile truck and instantly killed. The driver was arrested on a technical charge of homicide.

STRUGGLE WITH GUARDS IN VATICAN MUTINY

Mgr. Pizzardo Quiets Gendarmes by Promising to Consider Their Grievances.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, July 7.—An unusual scene was witnessed in the Vatican last night when a mutiny broke out among the Papal gendarmerie and a scrimmage ensued with the Swiss guards.

For a long time past the gendarmerie have been discontented with the rate of their pay, 500 lire a month and a pension of 200 lire monthly after twenty years' service. They had presented a memorandum on the subject to the late Pope Benedict XV. and also one to the present Pope. The gendarmerie have a grudge against their commandant, Count Cecco Pieri.

Their grievances were accentuated yesterday when two of their members were expelled for refusing to do duty in the Vatican garden, and rumors were soon circulating that a mutiny would break out. Consultations were held between the Cardinal Secretary of State and the commandant of the gendarmerie, and as a result it was determined to occupy the gendarmes' barracks at 10-o'clock last night when they had retired to the barracks which are in a courtyard of the Vatican.

Suddenly Count Cecco Pieri and other officers appeared in their midst with Mgr. Pizzardo, Under Secretary of State, and a platoon of Swiss guards armed with rifles, commanded by Major Wachermann. The gendarmes were so astonished at the sight of the Swiss guards that they at once surrendered their rifles. Then Mgr. Pizzardo addressed them, saying:

"Whoever is for the commandant step forward."

No one moved and Count Pieri turned pale. Mgr. Pizzardo then said:

"Whoever is for the Holy Father step forward."

At this the whole body stepped forward and cried: "Hurrah for Pius XI." But some one then cried, "Down with the officers," and matters became confused again.

The Swiss guards threw themselves on the gendarmes in an attempt to arrest them, but the gendarmes drove them back, and then Mgr. Pizzardo stepped in between the two bodies of troops and restored order. Count Pieri and the other officers and the Swiss guards left the barracks, the rear being brought up by Mgr. Pizzardo.

Before leaving Mgr. Pizzardo assured the gendarmes that their grievances would be duly considered, and the men then promised to remain quietly in their barracks.

LONDON, July 7.—The trouble with the Vatican Carabineers appears to have been straightened out, according to a Rome dispatch to the London Times. Two of the principal malcontents who were supported in their refusal to go on duty by the fifty Carabineers in the Vatican, have resigned.

It is believed that one of the demands of the Carabineers—an increased pay—has been granted, although Vatican officials explain that all of their demands cannot be met, as it would involve changes in the pensions allotted to the Swiss Guard and the Vatican is short of money.

The London Times correspondent says it is reported that the Pope has ordered that none of the Carabineers shall be punished for insubordination.

GREEK QUOTA ALREADY FULL

Passengers From Piraeus Halted for Orders From Washington.

There are so many Greeks waiting in their native land to come to America that the quota for the new year, which began on July 1 already has been filled. When the steamship Acropolis of the American Black Sea Line arrived yesterday from Piraeus with 165 Greeks the immigration officials stopped their landing until they had obtained the numbers from Washington. It was estimated that about sixty of the passengers will be admitted, and the steamship company will try to get a permit for the remaining 105 Greeks to enter.

Two children, American citizens, were among the first-class passengers in the first cabin. They are Harriet, 7 years old, and Constantine, 9, daughter and son of Angelo Georgakopolom of Oakfield, N. Y. The children went abroad on the Megali Hellas last August with their mother, who died on the voyage across. They landed alone in Piraeus and were lost until their father got into communication with his sister in Athens.

POLAND PUTS RUSSIA OFF.

Doubts Value of Arms Conference Proposed by Soviet.

WARSAW, July 7 (Associated Press).—The Polish Government is drafting its reply to Soviet Russia's note of June 30 to the border States proposing a conference for the discussion of the reduction of armaments.

Poland, while accepting in principle any proposition relating to the disarmament question, doubts whether it is possible to find a practical solution by a conference of a few Eastern European States. In order to avoid isolated action, the Polish Government, it is understood, considers it necessary to await the results of the deliberations of the disarmment commission meeting in Paris.

TO HOLD WARD SR. AS A MATERIAL WITNESS

Mother-in-Law, Also Believed to Know Full Story, Faces Arrest if Found.

DETAILED STORY OF KILLING

Statement by Ward Lawyer to Sheriff Says Peters, Wounded, Joined in Fusillade.

The Westchester County authorities intend to arrest Walter S. Ward's father, George S. Ward, and mother-in-law, Mrs. N. Willard Curtis, as material witnesses in the killing of Clarence Peters by Walter S. Ward. It was learned last night. The father has kept away from New York State and Mrs. Curtis has dropped out of sight. They cannot be arrested as long as they remain out of the State, but as soon as they return warrants will be issued for them.

Ward's father and mother-in-law are the only persons known to the authorities who can tell the whole story. Mrs. Curtis spent the night of May 15-16 in Walter Ward's home at New Rochelle, according to Mrs. Ward's testimony before the Grand Jury. She is believed to have been awake when Ward returned home about 5 o'clock in the morning after the shooting and to have heard what Ward told his wife.

Mrs. Ward could not be compelled to divulge a confidential communication from her husband, but her mother could be forced to relate it if she could be found. Ward told his father the whole story, according to Ralph Ward's testimony before the Grand Jury. The father also could be compelled to talk if he could be subpoenaed.

The proceedings before Justice Morschauser to determine whether there was a conspiracy to defeat the ends of justice by getting George S. Ward and Mrs. Curtis out of the State have been held open.

Details of Walter Ward's story of the shooting which had not been published before became available yesterday from the minutes of the Grand Jury which indicted Ward for murder in the first degree.

Sheriff George J. Werner told the Grand Jury the following story as told to him on May 22 by Allan R. Campbell of counsel for Ward:

"I said, 'How did this all happen?' He (Campbell) said they were trying to blackmail Ward. In fact, they did get some money out of him. He met them by appointment at a point between White Plains and Purchase and described the point, which I think is the point where the old watering trough used to be. 'As you come up the hill near the school house.'

"'Near Park's?'

"'Yes. He didn't clear up the point whether Peters was in that car or whether he got in there. He said that Peters got on the right-hand side of his Pierce car, which is a left-hand drive; that Ward was left-handed; that Peters sat on the little jump seat with a gun held in his right hand, held up to Ward's ribs and said, 'Now, you ——, you drive.'

"He said the other two men, whom he described as Rose and Jack, followed him with a red Stutz car with the top down, a touring car. He said they drove past Mamaco reservoir and, when they got to the point where the body was found, he (Peters) said, 'Pull up here to the left side.'

"'Right?'

"'Left.' He said he did that, and as he did that the other car passed on the right and ran a little past, directly blocking his car.

"When they both stopped, Peters said, 'Now you get out,' and kept the gun pointed to his (Ward's) ribs all the time.

"There was a little trouble in opening the door. They were getting out of the right-hand side of the car toward the center of the road. While they were having this little trouble opening the door, he (Ward) reached down and it gave him a chance to get his gun.

"Peters backed out of the car. When he had one foot on the running board and one on the ground, Ward, with his right hand, grabbed Peters' gun, and the gun went off and went through a window on the other side that was open. And as he did that he (Ward) whipped around with his left hand and shot Peters, still holding Peters with his right hand.

"Peters didn't drop, but staggered back where he was found and then fell in the position found.

"In the meantime the fellows Jack and Rose turned around and opened fire on him (Ward). There was an exchange of eight shots, eight or nine, Ward firing three, Peters one and the rest four. There may be one difference. It may be Ward fired four.

"He said then he reached out under the back of the car——

"His car?

"No, the Stutz—to hide himself, he being left-handed, and what; and Rose grabbed his (Rose's) shoulder and fell back in the seat and the other fellow drove to Chappaqua.

"He (Ward) drove about a mile until he could find a good place to turn around, and turned round and drove back, and that he picked up Peters's gun before he left.

"Describing his visit to New York with Ward on the night of May 22, which has always been veiled in mystery, the sheriff said that he had received a telephone call from a man named Leonard, who runs the Masonic Guide Forty-ninth Street just off Broadway, that he could give information leading to Ross. The Sheriff called Ward down from New Rochelle and got detectives from the West Forty-seventh Street station.

"'He (Ward) went with us,' said the Sheriff, 'and looked at some people and tried to identify them along Forty-eighth Street, and went down to 40 First Avenue and First Street with me to look over some people there, evidently trying to identify Chester Rose and Jack.' The search lasted until 3 o'clock in the morning. The Sheriff testified that when Ward surrendered his lawyers provided a written description of Charlie Ross and Jack, but that it was "absolutely unsatisfactory; it wasn't worth sending out."

TWO SHOT IN SHOP ROW.

Pants Presser Wounds Employer—Is Shot in Turn.

Differences between employer and employe reached a climax yesterday afternoon in the plant of Varvaro & Biondo, pants' manufacturers at 90 Montrose Avenue, Brooklyn, when Emanuel Varvaro was shot and seriously wounded by John Santangelo, a seam presser. In a struggle to disarm Santangelo he was shot in the chest with his own weapon. The shooting occurred in the workshop of the factory, where both men and women were employed. In the excitement a woman cutter employed as cutter jumped out of a window, but was not badly hurt. After both wounded men had been taken to St. Catherine's Hospital Detective Thomas Carroll of the Stagg Street police Station rounded up witnesses and took them to the station house to be questioned.

Anthony Varvaro, according to the story told to the police, went to the headquarters of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of the World to complain that Santangelo persisted in coming and going as he pleased, upsetting shop routine. This angered the presser and, it was said, led to the shooting. Detective Carroll said that Santangelo intended to shoot Anthony Varvaro, but Emanuel Varvaro got in the line of fire. He was shot in the abdomen. His condition was said to be critical.

Cantangelo is expected to recover. He is under arrest at the hospital on a charge of felonious assault. The woman who jumped from the window of which was on the ground floor, was Maria Mazzapella of 581 Flushing Avenue.

ATTACK PARAGUAY REBELS.

Government Troops Take the Offensive Against Their Headquarters.

BUENOS AIRES, July 7.—The forces of the Paraguayan Government this morning attacked the revolutionaries in Paraguari, headquarters of the rebel movement, says a dispatch to La Nacion from Asuncion.

According to Asuncion newspapers, the Government forces have occupied Villarica.

QUITS CAR ON BRIDGE, LEAPS TO HIS DEATH

Man Drives to Centre and Jumps Off Parapet as Another Tries to Stop Him.

TIES UP TRAFFIC 20 MINUTES

Crowd Sees Rescue by Fireboat but Man Dies Before an Ambulance Arrives.

A small new touring car stopped at the centre of the Williamsburg Bridge yesterday afternoon, and a man jumped from it, ran to the parapet and climbed over it. He stood for a moment, while Leroy Rogers of 970 181st Street, Richmond Hill, who also was driving across the bridge, sprang out of his car and tried to catch him, and then jumped over into the river, 130 feet down.

The fireboat William L. Strong was in the East River off 23d Street, and Lieutenant Frawley and Pilot Gulley saw the man's body whirl through the air and strike the water. They went to the spot, picked him out of the water and took him ashore, but he died a few minutes before an ambulance arrived. Traffic on the bridge was tied up for about twenty minutes during the excitement.

In the pockets of the man's coat was found a driver's license made out in the name of Gustave Sauter, 2,007 Hughes Street, Richmond Hill; a pair of spectacles, 40 cents in change and some keys.

The body later was identified as that of Sauter by a nephew. Sauter for fifteen years had been superintendent of the factory of Albes & Godfrey, manufacturers of architectural ironwork, in Greenpoint. Lately he had been ill from a nervous breakdown and had not been at work for two weeks. He is survived by his wife and a son 17 years old.

LEGION TREASURER UPHELD.

Connecticut Supreme Court Reverses Decision Denying Use of Funds.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 7.—The Connecticut Supreme Court, in a decision announced tonight, finds error in the Superior Court decision which denied to Frank S. Butterworth, State Treasurer of the American Legion, the right to use part of the State funds for disabled war veterans for his personal salary and other expenses of administering the State fund.

The decision in effect vacates a permanent injunction granted by Judge L. P. W. Marvin on May 3 last, restraining Butterworth from receiving a salary of $500 a month from the funds for his work in disbursement of the money to needy veterans. The plaintiff in the case, as it reached the Supreme Court, was Harvey F. Bissell, State Controller, joined with Butterworth as defendants were Governor Everett J. Lake, Attorney General Frank A. Healey, State Treasurer G. H. Gilpatrick and the Connecticut Department of the American Legion.

For several months Butterworth and other officers of the Legion have provided financially for business organizations and corporations in order that payments to disabled veterans might be kept up. The litigation has virtually tied up the income from the State fund of $2,500,000.

Red Coffin for Mexican Funeral.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, July 7.—The funeral of an anti-rent payer killed on Wednesday passed through the main streets today, the body being carried in a bright red coffin. Red and black flags were carried by the mourners, the majority of whom were women.

FREE STATE FORCES HUNT FOR DE VALERA

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

cover and Brigadier General Michael Dickery was shot dead. The irregulars vacated the Boyle military barracks, which were burned.

It is stated that the Irregulars at Curraghtown, near Navan, have surrendered, and that thirty-three prisoners were taken with rifles, guns and ammunition. Fourteen irregulars have been captured at Maynooth with field arms and the irregulars who attacked the Drogheda station were beaten off.

Touching Scenes at Funeral.

Touching scenes marked the interment in the famous Glasnevin Cemetery today of the bodies of six soldiers of the National army killed during the week's fighting. They were Captain Luke Condron, Sergeants R. Reid and P. Lowe and Privates T. Hogan, P. McGarry and P. Walsh.

Full military honors were accorded, and the funeral was probably the most impressive ever seen in Dublin. It was the occasion for a remarkable display of public feeling for the cause for which they gave their lives. In homage to the dead, people crowded all the thoroughfares, and in O'Connell Street the scene was solemn and moving. Thousands stood, heads uncovered, among the debris of the strewn streets in inspiring stillness broken by the crackling cinders in the gaunt ruins. The coffin of Captain Condron, draped in the Irish tricolor, was borne on a gun carriage drawn by four horses. The same gun carriage was used in shelling the Four Courts. The advance guard was followed by four acolytes. The other coffins were placed on a hearse drawn by four horses, each coffin was covered by the green, white and orange colors.

The National Army pipers' band headed the procession, and the advance guard was composed of the dead soldiers' comrades with arms reversed. Then came the bodyguard of troops, mournful coaches with the relatives and staff officers. Michael Collins was represented by Commandant General Joseph O'Reilly at Beggars Bush Headquarters. General Coughlan of the same headquarters was also present. The soldiers were laid to rest in the national plot and "last post" was sounded as three volleys were fired over the graves.

The toll of the battle in Dublin is now 66 dead and 176 wounded. One of the dead includes Adjutant Keenan, aged 20, who was accidentally shot last evening in Thomas Street. He was a popular member of the Dublin Guards.

Dublin enjoys peace once more. The newspapers are full of notices by business firms summoning their staffs back to duty, and those whose premises have been destroyed intimate business will be carried on elsewhere. The Post Office and railways are also reviving normal activities, postal communication being almost completely restored. The tramway system is active as a result and the barricades have been lifted.

Extraordinary discoveries have been made in the ruins of the Four Courts. The chambers of Lord Chief Justice Molony in the west central hall are absolutely intact, furniture and contents. Barry O'Connor occupied it as a sitting room and used the Chief Justice's Secretary's room adjoining as a bedroom. The Chief Justice finds his books and correspondence exactly as he left them before the courts were seized.

Reports Irregulars Surrounded.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, July 8.—A dispatch from Dublin, telegraphed at 11 o'clock last night, says the Free State forces have surrounded the irregulars' position at Blessington, County Wicklow. They could carry it, but are anxious to avoid loss of life and so may delay the operations for the present.

Blessington is one of the places at which de Valera is reported to be hiding.

Free State Winning in Provinces.

DUBLIN, July 7 (Associated Press).—The activities of the Free State forces in the provinces, as indicated by the latest official reports, are meeting with complete success, large numbers of insurgents continuing to be captured in various parts of the province by the irregulars, alarmed by the advance of the national soldiers, have abandoned and burned their fortified positions and fled into the country.

The encircling movement in the hills south of Dublin is rapidly approaching success, virtually whole roving bands of irregulars being driven into Blessington, where they are practically invested with the national troops holding part of the town. The fatal number of irregulars in Blessington is placed at more than 500. There are persistent rumors that Eamon de Valera and Erskine Childers have been seen in this district, but these have not been verified.

Harry Boland is known to be among those besieged at Blessington. His brother, Gerald Boland, was captured today after a brisk fight at a farmhouse two miles north of Blessington, whence the rebels fled. Boland, with eleven others, drove up to the farmhouse later, supposing it to be still in the hands of the irregulars, and the rebels party was captured with a quantity of arms. Brig. Gen. MacDonnell, commanding the irregulars, was also captured.

The following army communique was issued late this afternoon.

"At 7 p.m. after an engagement lasting several hours, the Free State forces occupying a house near the town was captured with all its arms and ammunition. At Ballyshannon our troops control the entire area. Ghartick-on-Shannon is reported to be perfectly quiet."

It was announced at headquarters today that the Republicans had burned the Masonic Hall at Ballinasloe, Galway.

Advices from Mullingar said a party of four men and women, travelling in a delivery wagon, the property of a Dublin storekeeper, who had been arrested there, were found to have in their possession a letter from "Markievize to McCarty."

Battle Near in Donegal.

BELFAST, July 7 (Associated Press).—An envelopeing movement by Free State troops has been begun in North Donegal and a clash between the rival forces seemed imminent today.

Reports from the Republican strongheld at Glenvelgh Castle and Inch Port indicate that the occupants are preparing for desperate stands. Large parties of Republicans are operating in the Bridge End district of Donegal, with the object of harassing the advance of the National Army toward Inch Port. The defenders of Inch have motorboats in service and it is believed that they will be pursued off Rathoulian, on the shores of Lough Swilly, firing on the nationals, but the reply of the latter caused the Republicans to withdraw.

A force of 100 Republicans raided the Bridge End railway yesterday and destroyed railway premises, which they removed to Greenesagh.

Detachments of National Army troops have reached Newtown Cunningham, in East Donegal, from Letterkenny, and arrested a number of Republicans.

According to the Derry Journal, the Free State commander has made efforts to induce the leaders of the Republicans at Glenvelgh Castle to surrender, but has not succeeded.

LONDON, July 7.—Sleeps of a band of sixty Republicans who attacked the Free State barracks at Lifford, County Donegal, today were wounded in the course of the fight, which lasted an hour and a half, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch received by way of Dublin. The attacking party, which was 200 Republicans consisted of only twelve men.

CORK, July 7 (Associated Press).—The regular communique issued from the Republican headquarters at Mallow claims the irregulars are making rapid progress in the west, where they are going about the country in motor cars and on bicycles looting shops, private stores and private houses under the pretext of commandeering, in fact commandeering is now a new name for pilfering, stealing, pillaging and highway robbery.

The so-called Irish Republican forces are now in possession of the entire architatic than Mexican bandits.

"De Valera is now probably the most hated man in Ireland.

"The people in Dublin, Cork and Limerick are unanimous in their denunciation of de Valera and his followers. Certainly there is no sympathy with them. If they could not without fear of the rebels."

ASSERTS REPUBLICANS ARE ONLY 1 PER CENT.

American Finds Mass of Irish People Infuriated at 'Anarchists' and 'Brigands.'

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 7.—P. A. O'Farrell, whom The Daily Chronicle describes as a distinguished American, in an interview published in that paper declares that it is his belief that "the rebellion in Dublin will prove a blessing in disguise." "The overwhelming majority of the Irish people," he says, "is infuriated with the so-called Republicans and I think that in a few

BOTH SIDES REPORT RAIL STRIKE GAINS

Shop Crafts Men Claim More Workers—Trains Move Well, Officials Say.

FIRST SABOTAGE DISCLOSED

Airbrake Connections on Forty Cars Are Cut in West Shore Yards, Despite Guard.

Conflicting reports of the progress of the railroad shopmen's strike came from railroad officials and strike leaders yesterday. According to the railroad managers, many more new men had been hired to take the places of the strikers, and both freight and passenger traffic were proceeding without delay or interruption.

According to the strike leaders, a considerable number of the members of the six shopcraft unions who did not quit work when the strike was declared last Saturday, walked out during the day, as well as a number of new men. There was an agreement in the information from both sources that the strikers had tightened their picket lines. This was without effect, the railroad officials said. The strike leaders, however, contended that the picketing was bringing results, and said the alleged additions to the ranks of the strikers had been brought about largely by the pickets.

The first instance of sabotage in connection with the strike occurred yesterday morning when the air brake connections of forty cars were cut in the West Shore yards at Dumont, N. J. Armed guards were on duty in the yards all night, but failed to see any intruders.

Flat denial was made by Erie officials of a report that the road had employed 150 Chinese, and was housing them near its shops in Livonia Avenue, Jersey City. J. J. Dowd, Chairman of the New York District Strike Committee, and Vice-President of the International Brotherhood of Boilermakers, Iron Shipbuilders and Helpers, was sponsor for the report and Daniel J. Collins, Vice President of the International Brotherhood of Railway Carmen, appealed to a meeting of the Chinese Business Men's Association in Mott Street, who condemned employment of Chinese. No Orientals of any race have been employed, the Erie officials say.

Power Men Called Out.

An order for all members of the shopcraft unions employed in the railroad power houses to strike at once was issued by Mr. Dowd. It was explained that these employes had not been specifically directed to strike by the original order, but that many of them had walked out voluntarily last Saturday. The order was taken as an attempt to hit the railroads in one of their most vulnerable spots, from the strikers' viewpoint. It was said that fifteen boilermakers and twelve machinists in the Long Island City power-house of the Long Island Railroad had walked out during the afternoon, and that the employes of the New York Central's power-house at Fiftieth and Lexington Avenue and the New Haven's power-house at Thirty-second Street and Ninth Avenue and the New Haven's power house at Cos Cob, Conn., would go out today.

It was reported at strike headquarters that more than half the shop foremen in the metropolitan district had gone out, although not ordered to do so. The foremen, it was explained, were not now members of the union. According to the strike leaders' count, 251 out of a total of 443 normally employed have joined the strikers.

The following table, given out at strike headquarters, purports to show the number of foremen on each road reported to be on strike:

	Normally Employed.	Out.
Central Railroad of New Jersey	75	50
Baltimore & Ohio (Staten Isl'd)	18	18
Lackawanna (Kingsland, N. J.)	35	18
Erie (three shops)	80	40
Grand Central Station	6	5
N. Y. Central (Harmon, Highbridge and Port Morris)	56	37
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford Van Nest and 129th St.)	20	16
Lehigh Valley	12	5
Long Island	67	14
Pennsylvania (four shops)	75	30
West Shore (two shops)	26	18
Total	443	251

Deny Offer of Seniority.

Denial was made by the Long Island and Pennsylvania railroads that their orders giving strikers until yesterday to resume work meant that strikers coming back would regain their seniority rights. It was said that all would have to return as "new men."

The statement issued by the central strike committee, of which Mr. Dowd is Chairman, asserted that there were three times as many freight cars out of order as in normal times and that all the strikers had to do to win was to "sit tight." The statement said that the official Interstate Commerce Commission figures gave the monthly average of "bad order" freight cars on all the railroads of the United States as 155,000 for 1920, 246,000 for 1921 and 410,000 for 1922 (first four months). The statement said that if the coal strike had not come car loadings would now equal the peak year of prosperity in 1920. "The threats of the railroad companies to take our seniority and pension rights are just a matter of form," the statement added.

Despite the reports of the strikers, the report at the offices of each of the eleven trunk line railroads centring in New York City was that the situation had shown "cumulative improvement" from their viewpoint. Every one of the railroads reported both freight and passenger trains practically on time and new men taken on and old employes returning. The New Haven reported an increase of 200 in their shop forces over the preceding day.

Conference Offer Unconfirmed.

No corroboration could be obtained at the railroad offices of assertion at strike headquarters that one of the railroads, the name of which was withheld, had sought to come to an individual agreement with its employes. At strike headquarters it was said that the matter was referred at once to B. M. Jewell, National Director of the strike at Chicago, and that he telegraphed David Williams, Secretary of the New York District Committee, forbidding a conference.

Apparently the railroads will have two weeks or more to deal with the shopmen's strike without having to meet the threat of a strike from any other group of employes. William Parker, General Chairman of the maintenance-of-way employes of the New York Central and President of the General Chairmen's Association of that brotherhood, said yesterday that it would probably be July 15 before the dispute between the maintenance-of-way men and the railroads would be referred again to the United States Railroad Labor Board. He said the men would remain at work in obedience to a telegram received from the Grand Lodge at Detroit, saying: "Continue work under present wage decision of Labor Board under protest, pending efforts to obtain a satisfactory adjustment."

J. A. Robertson, Secretary of the Railroad Clerks' Union, said that the New York Central had agreed yesterday to allow back pay on clerks' claims for overtime from July 1, 1921, to Feb. 1, 1922, despite a decision of the Labor Board to the contrary. The only matters now in dispute, he said, were confined to the three items on the strike ballot, now being taken—wage reduction, sick leave pay and contract labor, the last item affecting the freight handlers. The ballots are expected to be all returned by July 15.

Comparatively few cases of disorder as a result of the strike were reported during the day, but as a precautionary measure members of the bomb squad, working in three shifts, were on guard at the Long Island City power house and the Sunnyside yards.

Charles Stehle, of 55 Fifth Street, Long Island City, and Frederick Bruger, of 826 East 180th Street, the Bronx, the two strikers, were fined $25 each by Magistrate William A. Sweetser in Yorkville Court on a charge by Nicholas Koland, who testified that they attacked him while he was on his way to report for work in the Long Island Railroad tunnel at Thirty-fourth Street and First Avenue.

More than 200 strikers joined in a parade in Long Island City yesterday, but no disorder accompanied the demonstration. Many of the strikers were paid off yesterday by the Long Island Railroad.

BLAME ENGINEER AND TOWERMAN FOR WRECK

Four Agencies Investigating 'Owl' Crash Think Something Affected Engineman.

CAMDEN, N. J., July 7.—Responsibility for the wreck of the "Midnight Flier" on the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Sunday night at Winslow Junction, in which seven met death, today was placed upon John De Walt, the Winslow towerman, and Walter Westcott, the engineer, by representatives of four agencies investigating the wreck. Westcott was killed in the accident. The investigation was concluded tonight after the representatives had visited the scene of the disaster.

The report to be submitted by the investigators, it was said will lay responsibility upon De Walt for not reporting properly the empty train preceding the express, and for not availing himself of means of identifying the train, although the investigators conceded that bad weather made identification difficult.

The report will state that Westcott passed signals set against him. The investigators feel that something must have happened to him prior to reaching the junction, causing him to ignore the warning.

The Camden dispatcher's office was exonerated of blame attached to it by De Walt, who claimed that he had not been informed of the approach of the empty train.

ERIE WINS CLASH WITH JERSEY CITY

Gets Federal Injunction Under Which Recruits Can Be Housed on Piers.

SECOND EVICTION BALKED

Police, Served With Order, Quit Rail Property—Menace to Food Shipments Averted.

Following the eviction of 190 strikers from a pier and a house at 112 Pavonia Avenue, Jersey City, on the ground that their surroundings were unsanitary, the Erie Railroad obtained yesterday from Judge Bodine of the United States District Court at Newark a temporary injunction, restraining the Jersey City authorities from trespassing upon the property of the railroad or from interfering with any of its employes. Judge Bodine set July 17 as the date for arguments as to whether a permanent injunction should be issued.

The injunction was obtained upon application of J. J. Mantell, General Manager of the Erie, who said in his complaint that the facilities on the pier were the same as had been used for immigrants and the same as used by the Government for housing and feeding soldiers during the World War and that Health Inspector James Hagen, Police Captain Daniel Casey and fifteen uniformed patrolmen without warrant of law and without previous notice, compelled the workmen to leave the pier. Mr. Mantell said the Jersey City officials refused to permit the workmen to collect and take away their clothes or to eat their evening meal, with the result that many of the workmen quit, compelling the Erie to annul five of its passenger trains.

Sees Peril to Food Supply.

Mr. Mantell added that the action of the Jersey City authorities had caused financial loss to the railroad and had interfered with interstate traffic. The Erie Railroad, he said, was the largest common carrier of milk and perishable foodstuffs running into the Port of New York, and the cutting down of its freight service would imperil the food and milk supply of New York City and New Jersey.

Judge Bodine, in granting the injunction, ordered:

"The said defendants, that is, the City of Jersey City, James Hagen and Daniel Casey and all of their officers, supervisors, agents, servants, &c., superiors and subordinates, and each and every one of them, to absolutely desist and refrain

"(a) From trespassing upon the lands, buildings, piers and property of the complainant, Erie Railroad, in the City of Jersey City.

"(b) From interfering with and preventing the complainant from using its Pier 5 and other property in the housing and feeding accommodations and facilities thereon contained for the purpose of housing and feeding the workmen employed at the terminal of the complainant at Jersey City aforesaid, in repairing, preparing and inspecting its equipment and rolling stock used in interstate commerce.

"(c) From personal molestation of the said workmen using said Pier 5 and other property in the said housing and feeding accommodations and facilities contained therein.

"(d) From unlawfully interfering with complainant in its said business of operating the railroad in interstate commerce and housing and feeding said workmen aforesaid."

Jersey City Police Served.

Late in the afternoon the police again visited the pier to evict the men who had returned. Copies of the injunction were served on them and they left the company's property. Mr. Mantell said last night that if the Jersey City authorities had not been restrained the Erie would have been compelled seriously to curtail its train service.

In his report to Mayor Frank Hague, Health Inspector Hagen said the unloading of freight cars on the piers caused dust; that there were seventy-five beds on the lower deck of the pier and 115 on the upper; that there were insufficient toilet accommodations; that the upper floor was used for sleeping and eating quarters, with a kitchen closely conjoined and contrary to the State sanitary laws; that the plumbing was insanitary; that drinking cups were used in common, and that there were no fire escapes. Similar conditions prevailed, he reported, at the Pavonia Avenue house.

John Ostloski of 273 Twelfth Street, arrested on complaint of Health Inspector Hagen, was fined $25 by Police Judge William V. O'Driscoll on a charge of making plumbing repairs for the railroad without a permit.

POSTAL RECEIPTS INCREASE.

Gain of 12.24 Per Cent. Is Shown in Fifty Largest Cities.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Postal receipts in June for the fifty largest cities showed an increase of 12.24 per cent. over June, 1921. New York's increase was 5.52 per cent., Chicago showed a gain of 13.41 per cent., Philadelphia 10.32, Boston 13.04, St. Louis 12.68 and Cleveland 19.68.

The largest percentage of increases was shown by Akron, Ohio, with 35.85. Newark, N. J., was second with an increase of 27.67 per cent., Rochester, N. Y., third with 22.87, and Worcester, Mass., fourth, with 22.33.

The total postal receipts of the fifty largest cities in June amounted to $22,168,830 against $19,751,880 in June, 1921.

New Orleans had the smallest increase with only 2.01 per cent.

ST. PAUL BEATS RELIANCE.

American Liner Fourteen Hours Ahead on Arrival at Quarantine.

Captain H. R. Lewis and the officers of the American liner St. Paul, which arrived yesterday morning from Hamburg with 130 passengers, were jubilant because, in spite of rough weather crossing the Atlantic, she beat the United American liner Reliance by fourteen hours to the Quarantine station.

The liner had one stowaway, a Filipino sailor. Twenty-four men of various nationalities showed a way on board in Southampton while the St. Paul was coaling, but they were hauled out of their hiding places by Chief Officer Riley and sent ashore.

RISE IN RAILROADS' OPERATING INCOME

Yet Figures for May Represent a Return of Only 4.36 Per Cent. on Tentative Valuation.

201 CLASS 1 ROADS LISTED

Tabulation of Gains Shows That Amount Is Short $23,230,900 of Sum to Realize 6 Per Cent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—While reports filed by the railroads with the Interstate Commerce Commission show that their net operating income increased in May last by more than one-quarter the amount received in May, 1921, the net operating income for May of this year represented a return of only 4.36 per cent. on their tentative valuation, computed on an annual basis.

The net operating income for May, 1922, was $61,980,600 against $36,945,248 in May, 1921, and $50,271,805 in April, 1922. Tabulations show that the amount for May, 1922, fell short $23,230,900 of the necessary sum to realize a return of 6 per cent., and short $19,880,500 below a return of 5½ per cent., the figure mission in its recent rate decision. The compilation, so the Association of Railway Executives reported, is based on figures from 201 Class 1 roads having a total mileage of 235,229 miles.

Operating revenue in May totaled $448,947,900, an increase of nine-tenths of 1 per cent. over the same month last year, while operating expenses totaled $363,583,800, a decrease of 6.4 per cent. compared with the same month last year.

Fifty-six railroads—twenty-seven in the Eastern, two in the Southern and twenty-seven in the Western district—had operating deficits in May compared with forty-nine in April.

For the first five months this year the net operating income of the railroads totaled $273,290,000 compared with $94,417,907 during the same period last year. This is at the annual rate of return of 4.36 per cent. (the same rate of return as for the month of May), compared with 1.51 per cent. during the first five months in 1921. The operating revenues for the five months' period totaled $2,137,339,700, a decrease of 3¼ per cent. compared with the corresponding period that year, while operating expenses totaled $1,714,688,900, a decrease of 13¼ per cent. compared with the corresponding five months' period in 1921.

Comparisons show that the carriers during the first five months this year fell short $102,927,880 of realizing a 6 per cent. return on the tentative valuation of their properties used for transportation purposes. The railroads in the eastern district had operating revenues in May of $216,055,300, a reduction of 1 per cent., compared with the same month the year before, while the operating expenditure totaled $173,147,700, which was a reduction of 7.4 per cent. compared with May, 1921. Their net operating income was $31,752,300, compared with $20,801,715 in May the year before. The net operating income for the month was at the annual rate of 4.57 per cent., but $8,959,600 below a 6 per cent. return.

The railroads in the Southern district, according to complete reports filed with the commission, had operating revenues of $61,778,800, an increase of 12.6 per cent. compared with May, 1921. Operating expenses for these carriers total $46,257,700, a reduction of 6.6 per cent. compared with the same month the previous year, while their net operating income was $11,304,700,—compared with $2,004,541 during the same month last year. This was at the annual rate of 6.63 per cent., exceeding a return of 6 per cent. on their tentative valuation by $1,075,000.

Complete reports showed that the operating revenues for the carriers in the Western district totaled $188,213,700, a decrease of three-tenths of 1 per cent., compared with the same month last year, while their operating expenses totaled $136,183,360, a decrease of 5 per cent. compared with the same month the year before. Their net operating income totaled $18,923,500, compared with $14,076,692 in May, 1921. This amount, which is at the annual rate of return of 3.41 per cent., fell short $14,346,400 of a 6 per cent. return.

Tabulations show an increase of approximately 9¼ per cent. in the number of freight cars loaded with all commodities in May, compared with the same month in 1921. Because of the coal strike, however, coal loadings fell off 47.4 per cent., below the same month one year ago, but there was an increase in the loading of all other commodities other than coal of 16.8 per cent. Measured by net ton miles, the number of tons of freight multiplied by the distance carried, there was a decrease in freight traffic in May of eight-tenths of 1 per cent. compared with the same month last year.

The financial showing of the railroads in the Southern district, compared with those in the other districts, is due largely to the fact that the Southern roads have been less seriously affected by the coal strike than those in other parts of the country. Freight traffic in May on the Southern roads showed an increase of approximately 18.3 per cent. over the same month last year, while in the Western district there was an increase of only 1.8 per cent. and in the Eastern district a decrease of 7.7 per cent.

TO PROSECUTE MEN TAMPERING WITH MAILS

Two Cases of Interference Are Verified—Missouri Trouble Cleared Up.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—It was said at the Post Office Department today that there had been little delay in carrying the mails on account of the railway strike. Only two cases of actual interference with the mails have been reported, one at Marshall, Texas, and the other at De Quincy, La. The Postmaster General has reported these cases to the Department of Justice for prosecution.

The department has been informed that after President Kerr of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway appealed to the Governor of Missouri and the Sheriff of the county, trouble at Chaffee and Slater, Mo., had been cleared up. The Brotherhood of Trainmen Lodge 658, at Chaffee, telegraphed the Post Office Department that there had not been delay of mails at that place.

Reports of delays in the mails in Mississippi due to general strike conditions have been received at the department.

WASHINGTON, July 7 (Associated Press).—Division Superintendent Robinson of the Railway Mails Service today transmitted the following information to the Post Office Department which, he said, had been directed to the attention of the Postal Inspector at Austin, Tex., by officials of the Texas & Pacific Road:

"Texas & Pacific No. 24 and other trains carrying United States mails are being materially delayed at Marshall, Texas, as a result of interference on the part of strikers and their friends and sympathizers tampering with air appliances and otherwise preventing proper movement of trains handling mail matter. Will you not send competent inspector to Marshall on first train to investigate and then report findings to United States District Attorney M. Bryant, at Sherman, Texas, or such other handling as consistent with your department. Our General Superintendent, H. L. Earl, at Marshall, will give any assistance desired."

GIRL WINS $250 VERDICT.

Actor in Passion Play Is Defendant in Breach of Promise Suit.

John Pauls of 112 Lewis Street, Union Hill, who for several years has taken part in the Passion play in the Holy Family Church, Union Hill, last night was ordered to pay $250 to Miss Mary Sterner, 422 Lewis Street, Union Hill, by a jury in the Jersey City Supreme Court. The young woman brought suit for damages for alleged breach of promise to marry.

Miss Sterner testified that she met Pauls in 1915 in night school, and became engaged to him in 1918. She testified he kept putting off the marriage until finally in 1921 he told her that he wanted a trip abroad, and would meet her in Vienna and marry her. It was brought out that before Miss Sterner sailed, she signed an affidavit before a notary that their relations were merely friendly. She added, but Pauls did not follow her, as she testified he planned to do.

When she returned to this country Miss Sterner learned that Pauls had married.

LEAP FROM FIRE FATAL.

Woman Who Threw Child Out Window Dies; Baby Is Better.

Mrs. Amelia Gordon of 235 West 109th Street died yesterday morning in Knickerbocker Hospital from injuries received when during a fire in her apartments on Thursday she leaped from a window.

Panic stricken by a fire which started in a closet in the room where her two-year-old daughter, Evelyn, was sleeping, Mrs. Gordon fought off Clifford Sanford, the superintendent of the building, who sought to rescue her, threw her baby out of the window and then jumped after her. The child is in St. Luke's Hospital. It was said there yesterday that her condition had improved.

SAY 10 WERE BEATEN BY 'WILD' POLICEMAN

Broke Arm of One, Knocked Another Unconscious, Four Victims Tell Magistrate.

CAFE PATRONS ASSAULTED

Patrolman Struck All in Reach, They Say—Many Hurt Are Afraid to Testify.

Details of how Policeman Martin Brennan of the Mercer Street Station was said to have "run wild" on the lower east side last Wednesday and assaulted more than ten persons were revealed yesterday when four of his supposed victims, one with a broken arm, appeared in the Essex Market Court and asked for a warrant charging felonious assault against Brennan.

The complainants declared that the attack on them was unprovoked and that the policeman invaded restaurants in Mott and Prince Streets, within three blocks of Police Headquarters, brandishing his pistol and striking everybody within reach with his nightstick.

Before they went to court yesterday afternoon, the men appeared at an investigation of the policeman's conduct held by Inspector Underhill in the Beach Street Station, where it developed that after one of the victims of the policeman's alleged brutality had telephoned to Police Headquarters on the night of the attack, Sergeant Frank J. Woods and several policemen of the Mercer Street Station corralled Brennan in front of the old Police Headquarters building in Mulberry, near Bleecker Street, and took him to the station, where an hour later Police Surgeon Osler pronounced Brennan sober and fit for police duty.

John Albanese of 251 Elizabeth Street, who charged that the policeman broke his left arm with a nightstick and inflicted other injuries, acted as spokesman for the four complainants. He was corroborated in many of the details by Gus De Stefano of 255 Lafayette Street, Antonio Tomasta of 234 Elizabeth Street, Joseph Lucesi of 234 Mott Street and by Philip Sorli of 238 Mott Street.

Their story was that about 10:30 o'clock Wednesday night when De Stefano was on his way home he encountered Policeman Brennan in front of old St. Patrick's Cathedral at Mulberry and Prince Street. He said the policeman demanded to know where he was going.

"I'm on my way home," De Stefano said he informed the policeman. Whereupon Brennan was said to have struck him across the back with his club and ordered him to go the other way.

De Stefano said that he started to run away and turned into Mott Street a block further east, with Brennan in pursuit. He said that as he passed Melli's restaurant at 238 Mott Street, he shouted to a group of men standing in front of the door: "Look out; this cop is wild!"

De Stefano said that he managed to elude Brennan, whereupon the policeman, waving his pistol and his nightstick, ran into the restaurant.

Brennan then was said to have struck Tomasta several times on the arm and body with his club. Tomasta said that he was making arrangements with the proprietor for the delivery of a cake for his wedding, which is to take place today. Before the policeman struck him, Tomasta asserted, the policeman asked him, "What are you laughing at?"

Tomasta said he was staggering about the place under the rain of blows from the policeman's club when Brennan struck him across the face and knocked him unconscious. The policeman thus was alleged to have run out of the place, encountering Lucesi on the sidewalk. After felling him a blow from the nightstick, Lucesi said, the policeman ran south on Mott Street, with a crowd of 200 men, women and children following.

Brennan entered a restaurant at 32 Prince Street, the complainants said, where he found Albanese seated at a table. Albanese said the policeman poked a pistol in his face as he demanded to know what the man was doing in the place and broke Albanese's left arm with his club. Brennan was alleged to have administered several more blows with the baton before he strolled to the street, made a plunge at the crowd which had gathered and then sauntered to the entrance of the old police headquarters building where Sergeant Wood and the other policemen found him half an hour later.

The four men declared that Brennan attacked many other persons who were afraid to appear against the policeman.

HOOPER WON'T YIELD; JEWELL BLAMES HIM

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway officials open the shops at Parsons.

Perhaps the most ominous signs developed at Springfield, Mo., where there were threats of lynching strike-breakers, the threats having induced sixty-five men to leave the shops of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway there. The same report said that the Chief of Police there had taken away twenty-eight men unloaded at the company's barracks. Railway officials denied the Chief's charge that the workers had been held against their will.

Three employes of the Chicago & Alton at Slater, Mo., were reported kidnapped by strikers. Fifty guards employed by the Burlington at Beardstown, Ill., left town when disturbance was threatened.

With railway officials and union leaders continuing to issue conflicting statements as to the progress of the strike, the actual strength of the strikers remained largely a matter for conjecture.

Further legal action against the strike was taken when the President and the Secretary of the Shoppmen's local in Topeka, Kan., were arrested on a charge of violating the Kansas Industrial Court act.

Complains Peace Offer Is Ignored.

In his statement disclaiming responsibility for the continuation of the strike, Mr. Jewell said:

"Those who complain because the railway shop strike has not been settled should understand that the men have been forced out much against their will.

"The strike has now been in progress one week. Notwithstanding the fact that we have by every means available to us made it known that a conference was desired with any responsible person authorized to negotiate a settlement, or that any proposal by any person properly authorized would be carefully considered, no move has been made by either parties (the Labor Board and the carriers) to bring about a settlement.

"The striking employes are not to be driven back. They are asking only justice and will not willingly submit to less.

"The responsibility for the continuance of the shopmen's strike therefore does not rest with the Federated Shop Crafts employes."

Mr. Jewell said the demands set forth in his telegram to the Association of Railway Executives just before the walkout must still be the basis for a settlement. These were that the $60,000,000 wage reduction effective last Saturday be set aside, that working rules cutting shopmen's overtime pay be modified, and that the system of letting out work on some roads to contractors not within the jurisdiction of the Labor Board be abolished.

Whether railway signalmen are to join the striking shopmen may be definitely determined tomorrow. D. W. Helt, head of this group, is scheduled to meet with his Executive Board here in the morning and in the afternoon he is due to confer with W. L. McMenimen, one of the labor members of the Labor Board.

That the action of E. F. Grable, President of the Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employes and Railway Shop Laborers, in agreeing to abide by Labor Board decisions may not be final became evident today when maintenance men of the New York, New Haven & Hartford, the Boston & Albany and the Boston & Maine roads voted to send ultimatums to their union officers in Detroit demanding wage increases before Aug. 1. A strike was the threatened alternative.

Reports that similar action was contemplated on other roads throughout the country were received.

From Decatur, Ill., where strikers beat and disarmed men guarding Wabash property on Thursday night, came word that the local federation of shopmen had adopted resolutions condemning the outbreak.

Indications were that the guardsmen mobilized by Adjt. Gen. Black on Thursday night would be relieved from duty soon.

Strikers Issue Bulletin.

CHICAGO, July 7 (Associated Press).—From the headquarters of the shop crafts organization here tonight was issued "Strike Bulletin No. 1," which asserted that the first strike of shopmen was "100 per cent perfect." The bulletin made public letters from the heads of the trainmen's and engine service unions extending moral support to the strike.

"The solidarity shown at the beginning of the strike of railroad shopmen has assured a clean cut victory at its termination, while another of the encouraging signs is that the men struck in even larger percentage of numbers than they voted in the referendum," said the bulletin, which was sent to all local lodges.

"Liberty bell rang out in tones clear as on Independence Day in 1776 when, promptly at 10 A. M., on Saturday, July 1, the 'minute men' of organized labor in the American railroad industry quit their work en masse as the only recourse left after two years of negotiations and 'buck passing' on the part of railroad managers and a series of 'injuries and usurpations' by the United States Railroad Labor Board," said the bulletin, which continued:

"The railroads may secure injunctions at different points, attempting to prohibit employes from picketing and other things. No attempt should be made at law to have such injunctions set aside, as it is a costly procedure and will be one of the methods employed by managements for the purpose of dissipating our funds."

In connection with a possible settlement of the strike, the bulletin declared:

"We are advised that several railroads are requesting conferences with the General Committee. Such invitations should be accepted and advantage taken of the opportunity thus presented to endeavor to convince the several managements of the reasonableness of the proposed basis of settlement as outlined in our communication of June 30 to the Association of Railroad Executives."

Announcement was made that the train dispatchers had been advised by C. G. Luhrsen, President of the American Train Dispatchers' Association, that the shopmen's strike was 'recognized as a legal strike, and that, under the by-laws, any member of the association taking the place of any striker would be expelled from the Train Dispatchers' Association. Mr. Luhrsen also pointed out that no train dispatchers were authorized to strike and warned them against going out.

Roads Say Improvement Continues.

Several roads reported improved conditions, although union officials maintained that the strike was becoming more effective daily.

Union men and officials of the Northern Pacific Railway conferred on a strike settlement at St. Paul.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad announced today that more than 2,800 of their 13,000 shopmen are back at work after practically all of them had walked out on July 1.

In several Kansas towns Governor Allen found that Sheriffs had deputized rail strikers. He ordered this condition to be changed, and in the case of Parsons, Kan., where the Mayor, Alfred Coad, was a boilermaker in railroad shop and had sworn in a special police force of sixty-one strikers, the Attorney General was sent to see that the demobilization order was obeyed.

Replacements and the return of many old men were reported by the Santa Fe, the K. & T., Pennsylvania, Great Northern and many other big roads. The Baltimore & Ohio reported improved coal shipping conditions in Pennsylvania and the Great Northern western lines announced that the strike "was practically over" so far as they were concerned.

Continued return of strikers to their work, and engagement of new men were reported throughout the Pennsylvania System, Lehigh Valley and New York Central, as well as on most other lines in the country.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 7.—Joseph F. Valentine, President of the International Molders' Union, whose headquarters are in this city, stated today that the Executive Committee of the molders' organization had decided to grant strike benefits of $9 a week to molders in railroad shops who go on strike in protest against a reduction in their wages.

Mr. Valentine said there are approximately 2,500 molders in railroad shops and that about 1,000 have already gone on strike. Their wages had been reduced from 77 to 70 cents an hour, he said.

Officers of the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Station and Express Employes have made no authorization for a strike on any road or system, it was announced here today at the clerks' headquarters.

TO ARREST KANSAS LEADERS.

Calling of Strike Is Held Illegal—Disorders at Several Points.

Special to The New York Times.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 7.—Warrants were issued here today for the arrest of T. Huntington, President, and Thomas Hillery, Secretary of the local Federated Shop Crafts No. 11, for violating the Kansas Industrial Court law in calling the strike of the workers in the Santa Fé shops here last Saturday.

These are the first arrests to be made in the strike of the shop workers in Kansas. It is expected that other arrests will be made in other cities as fast as the Industrial Court and local officials are able to obtain the evidence upon which to base prosecutions against the local union leaders.

The two strike leaders are accused under the felony sections of the statute, and if convicted they may be sent to prison for a year, or to jail.

The complaint is brought under the same sections of the Industrial Court law as that against Alexander Howat and August Dorchy, President and Vice President of mine workers, by which they were sentenced to six months' terms in jail in Cherokee County for calling a strike of the miners.

Huntington and Hillery both signed the call for the shopmen to go out in the Santa Fé shops here. The Court was able to obtain the copies of the call signed by both men.

Huntington also is an official of the International Union of Blacksmiths.

Despite assurance received late last night from Mayor Alfred Coad of Parsons, that he would demobilize his force of sixty-one deputies composed of striking shop men, Governor Allen today directed Attorney General Hopkins to go to Parsons to see that the striker deputies are disbanded. The Mayor formerly was a boiler maker in the "Katy" shops at Parsons.

Thomas L. Personett, Chairman of the railroad shopmen of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Road, was arrested late today at Kansas City, Kan., by Sheriff W. J. Wright, of Wyandotte County, on a charge of picketing the company's shops at Ottawa. The arrest was made on a warrant sent from Ottawa. C. E. Andrews, a shopman employed at the Ottawa shops, charged Personett with making threats to him and otherwise attempting to intimidate him. Personett denies the charge.

Governor Allen late this afternoon announced that officials of the M. K. & T. Railroad, conferring with him here today, were assured that ample protection will be immediately forthcoming if needed when they decide to open their shops. Officials of the road said they contemplated opening the shops "soon" with non-union workers.

ADMIT FEW RETURN TO NEW ENGLAND ROADS

Officials Say They Are Getting New Men Instead—Report Sabotage at Stamford.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., July 7.—Announcement late today by the New Haven Railroad officials that it had contracted for repairs on 6,000 freight cars at the Keith Car and Manufacturing Company at Sagamore was immediately followed by the claim of Robert Henderson, Secretary-Treasurer of the System Federation of Strikers, that the New Haven was "again violating the Railroad Board's ruling against farming out work."

Road officials say their action is entirely legal, the explanation being made that the road's shops were inadequate to take care of this work.

It was virtually admitted by representatives of the New Haven, Boston & Maine and Boston & Albany lines today that few of the strikers had returned to their jobs, and with the service still but little affected, the situation began to settle down to "strike routine." Strikebreakers will get permanent jobs, if they prove efficient, and returning strikers will get what is left, the railroad officials said. In this they are upheld by the Railroad Labor Board, it is claimed.

Union leaders are making predictions that the next ten days will see a serious impairment of service on the New England lines because of the lack of experienced and skilled men in the shops.

BOSTON, July 7 (Associated Press).—The New Haven road announced that 130 men of various classes were hired here today.

"Conditions have improved each day," its statement said. "A preliminary check of the men working on the first shift today indicates an increase of approximately 200 over the number working on the first shift yesterday."

Heads of the union shopmen of the Boston & Maine announced tonight that section hands employed by that railroad and the Boston & Albany at North Adams and Greenfield joined the strikers today. It was also stated that pickets at the Greenfield shops of the Boston & Maine prevailed on 125 of 200 strikebreakers unloaded at the shops today to refuse to work.

General Chairman of the United Brotherhood of Maintenance-of-Way Employes and Railway Shop Laborers on all railroads within the New England jurisdiction were summoned by telegraph today to a conference here next Monday with G. H. Flanton, Grand Vice President of the organization.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., July 7.—The first sign of disorder in Stamford in connection with the strike of New Haven Railroad shop employes in the Elm Street yards occurred today when Patrick Bell of 18 Frank Street, an electrical repair man in the shops until last Saturday, when he went on strike, was discovered in the act of opening a valve which controls the air brakes of a passenger train which was about to pull out.

The man was taken into custody. He will be arraigned in the City Court on Monday on a charge of tampering with the railroad train. The valve which Bell is alleged to have opened was on a passenger coach of Train 209, scheduled to leave the Stamford station for New York at 4:03 P. M. Had the damage not been discovered and another train made up, the engineer of the passenger train would have had difficulty in stopping.

Railroad officials said today that the non-discovery of the opening of the valve might have caused a wreck. Thomas D. Smith, Chairman of the local union of the Federated Shop Crafts, disclaimed today any connection between Bell's alleged actions and the union.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 7.—Lines of pickets were thrown out by the striking shopmen around the Cedar Hill shops of the New York, New Haven & Hartford today, while railroad police in force patrolled the company's property there. The company claimed to have put at work seventy more skilled mechanics.

The various crafts in the system federation held individual meetings today and received reports relating to their own trades. John C. Ready, Chairman of the system federation, addressed the striking shopmen at Waterbury and Hartford.

The New Haven road announced that it would send five additional engines to Philadelphia to be repaired.

RIOT GUNS ISSUED AT HORNELL.

Erie Guards Are Doubled—Clerks at Syracuse Vote to Strike.

HORNELL, N. Y., July 7.—Guards on duty at the big shops of the Erie Railroad here were doubled this afternoon and equipped with riot guns. Manager R. E. Woodruff of the Erie, served notice on Mayor Fred A. Robbins that strikers were threatening and intimidating men who are at work in the shops and that the city would be held responsible in the event of damage.

It was claimed that a mob had attacked a freight train with stones. The strikers deny the claim.

Two more carloads of strikebreakers were brought in from New York this morning and are being quartered with the others under guard in the plant.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 7.—Railway clerks employed on the New York Central lines have voted to strike. This was announced today by their officials following a meeting held last night for the purpose.

The vote was a part of the general strike vote taken by all the clerks on the New York Central lines both east and west of Buffalo. The union includes clerks, freight handlers and express and station employes. Clerks on the Lackawanna had already voted to strike.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 7.—It was stated here today that the workmen employed at the local New York Central coal chute have struck. They number about twelve. The roundhouse force is still out.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 7.—Railroad shop strikers took the lead again today by demanding that the Railway Employes' Department of the American Federation of Labor break with the signal men's organization.

NEW ORLEANS, July 7.—Fred J. White, Superintendent of the car department of the Illinois Central Railroad at Harahan, a few miles above New Orleans, was assaulted, and one white man and three negroes were shot and wounded as a result of two clashes tonight between men said to be railway strikers and company workers.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 7.—National Guard companies at Warrensburg and Boonsville have been ordered to gather at their armories as a "precaution," Governor Hyde announced today. The Governor stated that the order should not be construed as a mobilization command.

"We want merely to take all possible precautions," he said, refusing to amplify the announcement.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 7.—J. M. Kurn, President of the St. Louis-San Francisco Railway, today issued a statement saying that "strikers succeeded in driving off sixty-three men with threats of lynching," at the road's shops in Springfield, Mo., and that "another lot of twenty-eight men were taken away by the Chief of Police of Springfield shortly after they had been unloaded at our barracks."

SLATER, Mo., July 7 (Associated Press).—Developments in the railway shopmen's strike situation here today awaited the result of a conference between Governor A. M. Hyde and Adjutant General William A. Raupp, who completed a special survey of conditions here yesterday. Upon this conference depended the decision whether troops would be sent here to guard the Chicago & Alton Railroad shops, which today still were held by the strikers.

The Adjutant General arrived in town late yesterday on a freight train and got off opposite the station in order to inspect the shops before his presence in town became known. He talked later with the strikers' chiefs and local officials. General Raupp returned to the capital without indicating the trend his report to the Governor would follow or what action he would recommend.

The Adjutant General told a correspondent of The Associated Press that he believed the situation here was one which an energetic peace officer should be able to handle. He added that he was convinced Sheriff Logsdon had made no effort to handle it and would not do so.

DES MOINES, Iowa, July 7.—Thirteen men brought to the Chicago Great Western shops here were persuaded by striking shopmen to leave town today after they said they had been employed in Toledo, Ohio, supposedly to work in the wheat fields.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., July 7.—Whether State troops are necessary to protect workmen at the Pennsylvania Railroad shops here will be determined by Adjt. Gen. Harry B. Smith of the Indiana National Guard.

General Smith was sent by Governor McCray to investigate the request made last night by Sheriff John Miller for troops to assist in maintaining order.

Minor disturbances

POWERS TRY HARD TO PIN SOVIET DOWN

To All Questions as to Debts and Private Property the Russians Talk of Credits.

KRASSIN OFFERS SOME HOPE

Suggests a Hypothetical Discussion, Each Side Saying What It Will Do If Its Demands Are Met.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 7.—All day The Hague conference represented an exchange of the following two questions in varying forms:

The Powers' Delegates—Are you going to promise to pay your debts?

The Russian Delegates—Are you going to lend us money?

The Russians took the stand that if, and only if, the Soviets received credits would they recognize the debts. The powers' delegates took the stand that if, and only if, the Russians recognized their obligations did they have any chance of getting credits.

And that is just where after three weeks stands The Hague conference of experts which was to do no wrangling over so-called principles but was to deal with facts alone.

At the close of this afternoon's session Sir Philip Lloyd-Greame, head of the British delegation, told the Russians that unless they were prepared to state what they intended to do about debts, what nationalized property they intended to restore and what they intended to do about property they did not hand back the conference might as well end.

At a meeting of the Debts Commission this morning Litvinoff, when asked what provision the Russian budget would carry for meeting the interest on Russia's debts, replied there was no use discussing that until it had been decided what credits Russia would get. At a meeting of the Private Property Commission this afternoon Litvinoff for an hour dodged the question whether the Soviets would give back or pay for private property, and ended by saying they would do nothing unless they got loans. The Russians insist on money first, the powers insist on guarantees first.

Krassin Takes the Lead.

The one hopeful occurrence of the day was a speech by Krassin at the end of the afternoon session suggesting the discussion be put into hypothetical form, that is, the Russians to discuss what they could do provided credit were forthcoming and the powers to discuss what credits might be found provided a guarantee were forthcoming. This was taken by some delegates to mean that Krassin would succeed Litvinoff, who has made a mess of conducting the Russians' end of the negotiations.

Out of the long morning session one clear fact came. M. Alphand of France, Chairman, informed the Russians that after the study of their budget figures the powers' experts had found that instead of 80 per cent. of the Soviet expenditures being met by tax revenue, as claimed by the Russians, in reality only 4½ per cent. was being covered by revenue, the rest by the issue of paper money. Sokolnikoff, the Russian Finance Minister, who presented the budget, replied the correctness of the figure could not be determined until the end of the year. M. Alphand retorted he presumed that applied to all budget figures.

Lloyd-Greame had made up his mind to force the Russians this afternoon to say whether they intended to restore private property and thus join the dangerous issue which largely broke up the Genoa conference. He led up to it gently. He asked Litvinoff to explain what concessions the Russians had to offer under the heading of engineering and on what terms. Litvinoff said it was impossible to give general terms because conditions were different in various industries. He stated the Soviet preferred to form a mixed company by which foreign capitalists would go into partnership with the Soviets, dividing profits with Moscow. He said other forms of concession might be possible.

Then he began to read a long list of oil and other concessions Moscow was ready to let out. Lloyd-Greame suggested the list be submitted for study, but among the properties named M. Cattier of Belgium recognized several as belonging to Belgians and he called on Litvinoff to state without dodging whether any properties on the list had been formerly owned by foreigners and nationalized by the Soviets.

Don't Know Names of Owners.

Litvinoff replied that he was unable to give information, but he did not see that it made much difference. Lloyd-Greame asked "Do you mean that having nationalized these properties and having administered them the Soviets don't know who the former owners were?" Litvinoff answered: "Exactly." Half an hour's questioning failed to shake Litvinoff's claim of Soviet ignorance.

M. Cattier cried again: "Presume there is no question the properties will be returned to former foreign owners and that the new concessions the Russians grant will effect only other properties." Litvinoff came back with the worn Russian statement that they would give former owners preference in the sale of concessions. Half an hour was spent trying to find what this meant. Lloyd-Greame asked about a factory built and equipped entirely with foreign capital and wanted to know if the former owner would have any better treatment than another foreign capitalist. Litvinoff only replied that the former owner would get "reasonable" terms, but would go no further.

Litvinoff then said since the non-Russians were so anxious to know the intentions of the Russians, the Russians wanted to know the intention of the non-Russians. He had asked ten days ago how much credits Russia was to get. Until Russia knew that he said the conference could only mark time.

Lloyd Greame answered that no credits, public or private, could be got by any Government until satisfactory conditions as to property had been fulfilled.

"It is essential we know what property is to be restored and what is to be done about property not handed back," he said, "or else there is no use going on. We must invite Mr. Litvinoff to conduct discussions on that basis." He added that the Russians were wasting breath asking about credits until they had made a settlement on debts and private property.

The basic trouble with the negotiations is that there is an absolute lack of good will on the part of the Soviets. It is not for one moment a proposition of their trying voluntarily to square themselves with the world. They proclaim that whatever they do will be done not because they think it right, but as expedient. They are out for money, and will promise most anything if they get it. If they don't get it, they will promise nothing. And the present indications are they won't get much at The Hague.

Conference Near a Break.

THE HAGUE, July 7 (Associated Press).—The Hague conference, following the dramatic pathway of Genoa's famed conclave, came very near a rupture today, the issue on which the conference threatened to split being the treatment of confiscated property in Russia.

Only M. Krassin—"Krassin the conciliator," as he is beginning to be called—averted the day by suggesting amidst contraversial matters be left aside for the moment and a real effort be made to find a common ground based on mutual advantage.

Sir Philip Lloyd-Greame at one point interposed speaking slowly and cuttingly. His words were:

"No credits, public or private, in any country of the world will be forthcoming unless satisfactory conditions are obtained regarding property. It is absolutely necessary we should know what property will be restored, what you intend to do when property is not restored, and what will be the conditions of restitution. Until this is known it is perfectly futile and absurd to continue. 'If does not rest with Governments to settle conditions of credit. They are settled by the people having money to invest. If the non-Russian experts are unable to say how much money will be available, it is because the whole position on credits depends entirely on the reasonableness of the Russian attitude on restitution."

Partly with the idea of saving the conference from collapse, and partly to contribute light on the property issue, M. Krassin read a statement dealing with the declaration at Genoa of Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain that the Russians were disposed to restore 80 per cent. of expropriated properties. M. Krassin denied ever making such an assertion. He desired to make it clear that any such estimate could only possibly apply if an agreement were reached with the Soviet Government concerning conditions of restoration.

During the session the Russians submitted considerable information touching on conditions under which future concessions would be granted, the greater part of which already is contained in published decrees. They emphasized that concessionaires were free to hire whatever labor they wished, including non-union labor, but they must employ a fixed percentage of Russians. It was urged that the most convenient form of concession was participation of foreign capitalists in mixed groups. The Soviet State and the capitalists would divide the risks and profits.

Some 600 concessions, divided into twenty branches, were mentioned, including about thirty oil concessions, some for production and others for refining. Other concessions included gold, platinum, asbestos and sugar, the latter the only agricultural grant in the list. Neither railroad nor steamship concessions were submitted, but it is believed that transport concessions may come later, as today's list was merely introductory.

TO MEET AMERICAN BANKERS?

Report That Warburg and Kahn Will Go to The Hague.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 7.—I am informed that Litvinoff made statements in private conversation to the effect that the Russian delegation was expecting to negotiate with an important group of financiers, including Messrs. Warburg and Otto Kahn, who are expected at The Hague shortly.

The arrival of Krassin at The Hague has certainly not brought a more conciliatory tone into the negotiations of the Russian and non-Russian Commissions as anticipated. On the contrary, the Russians are still continuing their policy of bluff, practically refusing to grant any concessions in the matter of private property, as shown this afternoon. This attitude is possibly due to the fact that the Soviet delegation is waiting to use some trump card such as the purported negotiations. As regards oil concessions Krassin recently stated to an important Dutch financier "the restitution of oil concessions to former owners is almost an impossibility, as these have changed hands so often that it is impossible to find the original owners."

TCHITCHERIN A PATIENT IN A TYROL HOSPITAL

Soviet Minister Arrives Unexpectedly at Innsbruck Suffering From Nervous Breakdown.

GENEVA, July 7 (Associated Press).—George Tchitcherin, Russian Soviet Foreign Minister, who headed the Soviet delegation to the Genoa conference, has entered a private hospital, suffering from a nervous breakdown, according to dispatches today from Innsbruck, Austria, reporting his arrival there on Wednesday. The dispatches said he had received many letters and telegrams but was not permitted to do any work.

VIENNA, July 7 (Associated Press).—Foreign Minister Tchitcherin of Soviet Russia, who went to Berlin after heading Russia's delegation at the Genoa conference, arrived unexpectedly at Innsbruck, in the Austrian Tyrol, yesterday. It is understood here that he was diverted from his intended visit to a German resort by the political situation.

The Austrian Government has sent secret service men to guard him and has also taken steps to prevent the departure of certain Russian reactionaries from Vienna.

DENIES THREAT BY PRINCE.

Jugoslav Legation Says George Is Victim of Propaganda.

PARIS, July 7.—The Jugoslav Legation here issued a denial today of the reports that Prince George of Serbia had written threatening letters to Premier Pachitch or others in Jugoslavia. The legation declared that these reports were being circulated in Germany and that their circulation was German propaganda intended to injure the royal family.

Prince George, on his return to Paris yesterday from a vacation at Wiesbaden, said that no efforts had been made to intern him or extradite him to Jugoslavia by the French Government, as was recently alleged in connection with the reports of his having written menacing letters. He is living at a prominent Paris hotel under an old Serbian name intended to conceal his identity. Callers upon him are referred to the Jugoslav Legation, where the Prince comes and goes frequently; but visitors there are not permitted to speak with him.

LEAGUE ARMS PLAN TO COME BEFORE US

Chilean Delegate Says His Country Will Present It at Pan-American Conference.

GOOD BEGINNING IS MADE

Cecil Announces That Important Material Will Be Ready for League Assembly in September.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 7.—When the pan-American conference meets at Santiago, Chile, next March the principles of disarmament which have been established as essential to any practical scheme by the Disarmament Commission of the League of Nations will be advanced as a basis for discussion on that subject by the two Americas. This announcement was made at today's final meeting of the commission by Señor Rivas Vicuña, the Chilean representative. Chile, he said intended to ask the other Governments to place the disarmament question on the agenda of the conference, and no better basis of discussion could be found than the Washington naval accords and the work of the Commission of the League.

The paramount importance of the documentary information about the whole armament question which the commission has collected has been the feature of the meeting which closed today. One of the subjects on which the reports have been made is the extent and consequence of the private manufacture of arms and munitions. Another important step has been made in compiling the contrasting statistics as to the amount spent in armament by many countries. The results of this inquiry are to be presented to the next meeting of the League in statistical form while a new "invitation" is to be sent out to those Governments which have not replied to submit before Aug. 15 a statement of their budgetary provision for armaments and all the special circumstances, geographical situation, obligations and other conditions which seem to call for special consideration.

The outlined scheme presented by Lord Robert Cecil as the essential basis for disarmament has been adopted, and its two collateral schemes submitted by Lord Esher and Admiral Segrave for the limitation of armaments on the same principle as that adopted at Washington are being further elaborated by the technical commissions for presentation to the Council.

In summing up the work done Lord Robert Cecil said today's meeting said:

"The task is still remaining difficult and complex. Nevertheless, the commission can hope to be able to present to the Assembly of the League in September material which, while it will not, perhaps, allow it to frame an effective plan for disarmament, will at least allow the elaboration and definition of the principles on which such a plan must be based."

M. Viviani, too, as President of the commission had a word of encouragement to say.

"We have not, perhaps, proceeded by leaps," he said, "but at least we have made a few steps forward. Doubtless we do not advance fast enough for the taste of great masses of the people who suffer under the burden of armaments, but that is not a reason to be discouraged. The work of the League of Nations in the cause of disarmament is almost certainly the greatest ever accomplished, thanks to the soundness of its methods and the continuity of its effort."

PARIS, July 7 (Associated Press).—The outstanding feature of the closing session of the League of Nations Disarmament Commission here today was the announcement by Dr. Rivas Vicuña, Chilean Ambassador at Paris, that Chile would demand the inclusion in the agenda of the Fifth Pan-American Conference, to be held next March in Santiago, of the whole question of world disarmament, both naval and military.

Dr. Rivas Vicuña made his statement when he, like the other members of the commission, was called upon for any observations. He said, in substance:

"Latin America is deeply interested in world disarmament, and Chile has always taken a leading part in that question in South America. I will recall to your memory that it was two South American countries, Chile and Argentina, that made the first disarmament treaty.

"In pursuance of this general policy and long-standing interest, Chile has decided to bring before the Pan-American conference at Santiago in March the whole question of military and naval disarmament, so far as it affects the American Continent. The program of the Washington conference, and also the program adopted by this commission, will form the basis of the program which Chile plans to bring before the Santiago conference, and the results of the League's inquiry up to date will be used."

The other delegates made no comment during the session, but afterwards said they regarded the announcement as very important, particularly as there would be represented at Santiago States not members of the League.

League officials also attached much importance to the Chilean plan, as such a definite movement on the American Continent could count upon to give a further impetus to the League's disarmament work. The League will prepare all the documents and a mass of statistics, and will even send experts to Santiago if the Pan-American conference so wishes.

ARGENTINA'S LEAGUE VIEWS.

President Finds Her Stand at Geneva Justified by Events.

BUENOS AIRES, July 7 (Associated Press).—The principle of equality of all American States, as set forth by Argentina's representative in the Assembly of the League of Nations, is becoming increasingly impressed upon the consciences of peoples, declared President Irigoyen today, in his message to the opening of the Sixty-first Congress.

He said the promotion of economic reconstruction of the world since the war was being carried on today by means of the same methods which Argentina had proclaimed at Geneva, when her delegation recalled the necessity of the establishment of international economic cooperation which would defend collective interests against those of private individuals.

The President recalled Argentina's attitude toward recognition of the Bolivian de facto Government, which was established after the 1920 revolution, when the Argentine Government consulted the United States on that subject. He said Argentina had suggested withholding recognition until a Constitutional Government had been established. This was effected the following year, he said, when recognition was extended simultaneously by Argentina, Brazil, Chile and the United States.

QUERIES HUGHES ON LEAGUE

Holt Wants to Know Administration's Position in the Matter.

Hamilton Holt, President of the Woodrow Wilson Democracy, sent an open letter yesterday to Secretary of State Charles E. Hughes calling upon him to state the exact position of the Harding Administration regarding the League of Nations. Mr. Holt said that the so-called Harding Association which was to supplant the Wilson League was no longer being taken seriously, even by its sponsors, and that the public had a right to know whether or not the present Administration had definitely discarded the League of Nations.

"Are you still in favor of entering the League as you were before you assumed office, provided the other members of the League will not require the United States to assume the 'guarantees' in respect to Article X?" asked Mr. Holt. "If so, everyone knows the League members would be only too glad to eliminate Article X altogether if in that way the United States can be won. If you still favor entering the League, do you propose to attempt to bring the United States in during the incumbency of the present Administration?"

PRINCESSES ADVERTISE FOR RICH HUSBANDS

Sisters, of Old Royalty, but Very Poor, Seek American or English Support.

GENEVA, Switzerland, July 7.—"Two royal princesses, sisters aged 22 and 26, desire friendship, and eventually marriage, after mutual tests, with English or American gentlemen, who must be young, wealthy and handsome, especially not upstarts or newly rich," read an advertisement in an Innsbruck newspaper.

"The princesses, who belong to the old royalty, are accomplished, but very poor. The gentlemen must give full details and references. A meeting could be arranged for August 15."

It may be recalled that an Austrian Archduchess advertised in a similar manner about a year ago and, it is believed, found a suitable husband.

MARILYNN MILLER IS SUED.

Dealer Says $188 Is Due on Sheets and Wearing Apparel.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., July 7.—Miss Marilynn Miller, youthful star of "Sally," playing here, and fiancé of Jack Pickford, is the defendant in a suit for $188 brought by Alex Shohade of New York, the balance alleged to be due on purchases made from him in May.

The articles are listed as follows: Pair of sheets, $40; another pair of sheets, $45; single sheet, $25; one night gown, $20; another night gown, $16.50; one chemise, $12; one skirt, $14.

The New York dealer alleges that Miss Miller paid $150 at the time of purchase, leaving the remainder unpaid. In the suit Florenz Ziegfeld Jr. and S. M. Harrison, the producer and the manager of "Sally," are named as co-defendants as Miss Miller's trustees. Judge E. Albert Brackett, counsel for Miss Miller, denies all allegations and eliminates the two co-defendants in filing answer, saying Ziegfeld and Harrison had no funds belonging to Miss Miller when the writ was served.

CANTON OUTLOOK GRAVE.

More Fighting Inevitable There, Pekirg Legations Hear.

PEKING, July 7 (Associated Press).—Dr. Sun Yat-sen is regaining his prestige in Canton and his former friends are rallying to his support, according to reports to foreign legations here.

The situation is serious and further fighting in the neighborhood of Canton between Sun's forces and those of Chen Chiun-ming, who deposed Sun on June 16, is inevitable, in the view of the legations' informants.

SAYS TURKS KILLED SEVERAL AMERICANS

Los Angeles Engineer Finds That Victims Reported Dying of Typhus Were Executed.

HIS BROTHER AMONG THEM

Fanatical Hatred of Christians Is Given Free Rein Under Angora Regime, He Asserts.

LONDON, July 7 (Associated Press).—Americans are being secretly murdered by the Turks in Asia Minor and reports then circulated that they died of typhus and other diseases, according to J. Herbert Knapp, civil engineer of Los Angeles, who arrived in London today from Constantinople after three years in the Turkish interior.

Mr. Knapp went to Turkey principally to investigate the death at Diarbekir of his brother, the late George P. Knapp, who, the Turks reported, had died suddenly of typhus. He declares that his own investigation, supported by affidavits on file with the American Consul at Bagdad, convinces him that his brother was executed by shooting.

"The Turks hated my brother," said Mr. Knapp, "because he knew too much about the massacre of Christians which was then in progress. It was generally reported that he had died from poisoning after drinking a cup of Turkish coffee handed to him by a prominent Turkish official, but I am confident from testimony given by those who lived near the scene of his death that he was deliberately murdered.

"I believe also that Miss Annie Allen of Auburndale, Mass., Miss Charlotte Ely of Elmira, N. Y., and other Americans who died in Turkey recently met their deaths at the hands of the Turks, although in each case it was made to appear that death was due to natural causes."

Mr. Knapp recounted the story of Miss Allen, who, he said, was sent to Kharput by the Near East Relief to investigate the causes for the expulsion of Major Yowell, Dr. Mark Ward and others, and who was often described as the "unofficial American Ambassador to Angora."

Miss Allen had learned enough in Kharput, continued Mr. Knapp, to satisfy here that the Greek deportees were being systematically starved to death and exposed to all kinds of maltreatment to accomplish that end.

"The Turks laid their plans carefully," continued Mr. Knapp." Every conceivable obstacle was placed in her way so that she couldn't reach Angora to tell her tale of Turkish excesses.

"After days and days of travel on horseback, and suffering the most intense exposure, she perished from exhaustion and typhus soon after arriving at Sivas.

"I am a fairly representative American professional man. I am cool and dispassionate in my judgment, but I've come to know the Turk individually and as a governing official, and he is absolutely ruthless in carrying out his fanatical religious hatred of infidels; as he calls Christians. I am certain that the American Government does not realize the deplorable position of its citizens in Asia Minor."

BOYS BURN RIVAL AT STAKE.

Lad Set Afire by Jealous Trio Is Rescued in Ontario Woods.

KINGSVILLE, Ontario, July 7.—Eddie Sanderson of Bellingham, Wash., came here visiting and promptly became popular with a little Kingsville girl. They went walking together, they bought ice cream together, and the girl pretty generally showed the home town boys that the visitor from America was her ideal.

But three boys—all between 10 and 12—liked the little girl and they didn't like Eddie's popularity. They became frankly jealous. So they got together and planned to end Eddie's visit and his popularity at one stroke.

Today, men passing a small wood near the town heard a boy's agonized cries. They smelled smoke and rushed into the woods. Tied to a stake with a fire eating its way up his legs was Eddie Sanderson. They cut the rope and freed him. Then the water on his feet and rushed him into the town.

There Eddie at first refused to tell what had happened. Finally he told the story of his popularity and said the three boys had chased him, caught him, carried him into the woods and there kindled a fire of paper and sticks, tied him to a stake as the flames started to leap up—and left him.

Eddie's physical condition is not serious, but there is no report yet on the condition of his popularity.

BRITISH PREPARING FOR REPUBLIC'S FALL

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

are awake to the gravity of the situation.

Greater Than Irish Danger.

"The German crisis has more potent dangers than the Irish situation during its gravest period," Mr. Lloyd George said, and his opinion was shared by others.

While anxious to curb any French anxiety for immediate action in the shape of military measures the moment trouble breaks in Germany, Mr. Lloyd George is not unmindful of the value of a strong, united front toward Germany with a readiness to strike if the Entente's position is jeopardized.

Realizing the British peoples' aversion to raising another army, Mr. Lloyd George, it is declared, decided to strengthen the aviation arm, so that English air squadrons, combining with the French land forces, would aid in protecting the Allies Rhine line, while at the same time exercising surveillance inside the right bank of the Rhine and spying out any attempts to concentrate men to menace the Allies bridgeheads.

The menace of the pauper States, Russia, Germany and Austria, united through common misery, against which Mr. Lloyd George sounded a warning in his speech at Genoa when he foresaw another war within ten years, seems graver than ever to Downing Street circles.

Washington Report Shows Turmoil.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The fall of the German Government is threatened and stringent measures have been enacted for the protection of the Republican regime, the Department of Commerce was advised today in a cablegram from Commercial Attaché Herring at Berlin. The political crisis resulting from the assassination of Foreign Minister Rathenau, Mr. Herring reported, has aggravated the period of currency depression inaugurated by the failure of the foreign loan negotiations, and the feeling is now general that Germany faces grave political complications.

"The consideration by the Reichstag of important legislation," he said, "including the Forced Loan bill and grain monopoly measure, was interrupted by the Rathenau incident and by the consequent consideration and enactment of stringent measures for protecting the Republican régime. These measures provide the death penalty or life imprisonment for conspiracy against the republic.

"Bavaria, where the anti-republican feeling is believed to be most prevalent, refuses enforcement of these protective measures, alleging that no necessity for them exists.

"Intense party feeling prevails in Germany, being manifested in numerous assemblages under police supervision. All anti-republican agitation is being suppressed.

"The passage by the Reichstag of a grain subsidy measure providing for the assessment of large quantities of bread grain from farmers at prices appreciably under the market level has aroused bitter opposition from the agrarians and the National Party, which threatens the fall of the Government."

MARK AT NEW LOW; FALLS TO 18 3-4C HERE

Quoted at 535 to the Dollar in Berlin—Rumor of Reparation Payments' End.

By CYRIL BROWN.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 7.—Wild speculation caused the dollar to rise to 535 marks here today.

Rumors spread by speculators to the effect that the German Government had repeatedly telegraphed to the Reparation Commission that it was at the end of its wits and could in no circumstances make further payments caused almost a panic on the stock exchange. Industrial and other stocks rose as rapidly as the mark fell.

BERLIN, July 7 (Associated Press).—The decline in the value of the mark, apparently brought about by the assassination of Foreign Minister Rathenau and the consequent loss of confidence in the stability of the State, continues, despite the action of the Government and the Reichsbank in throwing great sums of foreign money on the market in order to stem the depreciation of German currency. Manufacturers are declared to be buying foreign money to purchase raw materials, and the public is following suit in order to unload marks.

The Frankfurter Zeitung says that the collapse has been due not so much to foreign countries selling marks as to Germans, who, "in wild pessimism, fought to obtain foreign currency."

The great danger seen by this newspaper in the present situation is that of a rapid rise in prices, proportionate to the decline of the mark. Despite the grain requisition bill, much dearer bread will be inevitable.

Banks Besieged for Loans.

Climbing prices have caused monetary stringency, and the banks are already overwhelmed with requests for loans. Disaster is coming, the newspaper warns, unless the situation is handled energetically. The educated classes will be forced into the proletariat, it says, and their discontent will be an increasing menace to the State.

The Zeitung demands the enactment of a law against the hoarding of foreign currency. It urges the Reparation Commission, in view of the present situation, to make new arrangements until Germany is able to obtain a loan.

Financial comments in Bourgeois papers is not available for the past week, as the printers' strike has prevented all except Socialist publications from appearing.

A surcharge on customs duties will be fixed in future in accordance with the rate of dollar exchange, it was announced today. The rate will be adjusted weekly to conform with foreign exchange conditions.

Marks Nine for a Penny in London.

LONDON, July 7 (Associated Press).—Demoralization prevailed in the exchange market here today in consequence of a slump in the value of the mark, which touched 2,400 to the pound sterling, or about 9½ for a penny.

Selling was accompanied by various rumors from Berlin, but the principal cause of the depreciation, according to exchange experts, was the political uncertainty prevailing in Germany following the assassination of Foreign Minister Rathenau, the demonstrations proceeding in various parts of the country against Monarchists and the ever-pressing burden of reparations.

The effect of the depreciation of the mark and of conditions in Germany was also reflected in French exchanges on London, which touched 56.50, being the worst record for this year. Belgian and Italian exchanges also suffered, although to a smaller extent. The closing rates on all exchanges were well above the lowest point for the day.

PARIS, July 7.—The dollar made a tremendous jump in value overnight on the Paris exchange market, opening this morning at 12.75 francs as compared with yesterday's closing price of 12.20, while the pound sterling sold at 56.50 francs against 54.85, yesterday's price.

The exchange market is feverish, and there is heavy selling of francs.

Mark Has Record Drop Here.

News from Germany that the finances of that country are in a state of collapse brought a fresh burst of selling of marks here yesterday, and the currency of Germany touched a new low point for all time at 1¾ cents.

The extreme weakness in the mark spread sympathetically to French and Belgian exchange, and they, too, were extremely weak, nervous and disorganized, with the franc selling at a new low for the year, Francs opened at 7.91 cents and in the violent fluctuations of the morning's business touched 7.66, the lowest price in the New York market since Dec. 22, 1921.

Reports that Germany is near the point of financial breakdown are generally credited by bankers here, despite the fact that her balances in New York are of moderate size. Bankers who handle the affairs of Germany in New York say that two or three weeks ago some additions to German balances were made, and that they are still available here. The bankers have no information as to whether these funds are for reparation payments or payments for foodstuffs or other purchases in this country, since the general funds are drawn on from time to time as payments for all purposes are needed.

The opinion prevails in the financial district that the German financial leaders have clung to the theory that the safest and quickest way to avoid further reparation obligations and to compel the Allies to step in and reorganize Germany's financial system is to "let the mark go to smash." This is what has occurred in the last few days, and Berlin, as well as Paris and London, has been an extremely heavy seller of the mark.

The question is asked in the financial district why the quotation does not disappear if the mark is valueless or nominally so. The answer probably is to be found in the fact that large numbers of speculators in Berlin, Amsterdam, Paris, London, New York and other centres have sold the mark for the decline, forecasting just such a condition as exists in financial Germany today, and their covering purchases made from time to time are breaking the fall of the mark.

The low point of 1¾ cents, established yesterday, compares with the high of 60¼ cents for 1921. The normal value of the mark is 23.8 cents.

People's Party for Coalition.

BERLIN, July 7 (Associated Press).—The German People's Party today announced its readiness in principle to join the Clericals and Social Democrats in the Government coalition. This action was taken in response to a joint invitation from the Coalition parties for a union of national elements for "active aid in the work of safeguarding and building up the Republic."

The selection of a successor to the late Dr. Rathenau as Foreign Minister presents difficulties, unless President Ebert and Chancellor Wirth can decide upon the appointment of some diplomatic official who is wholly without party affiliations.

Berlin continues to be without bourgeois newspapers, the striking printers only permitting the appearance of the socialistic and communistic organs. The strike threatens to spread over the whole of Germany, thereby tying up all but the radical press.

LEADING BRAZILIANS PUT UNDER ARREST

Ex-President Fonseca and Publishers Reported Imprisoned—Martial Law in Capital.

RIO JANEIRO, July 7 (Associated Press).—Newspapers report that Marshal Hermes da Fonseca, former President, has been arrested at his son's farm near this city. He is said to have been placed aboard the cruiser Deodoro.

Dr. J. J. Seabra, who was defeated in the recent campaign for Vice President, was taken to Police Headquarters today, according to the papers, where a statement was obtained from him. Former President Nilo Peçanha is reported to have written to the Vice President renouncing his immunities as Senator.

All the Rio Janeiro newspapers are publishing.

The revolt of the garrison of the Copacabanca fortress, which was finally put down by the Government forces yesterday, was to have been part of a general uprising in which all the forts would join. Captain Euclydes da Fonseca, leader of the rebels, is quoted by the newspaper A Noticia as declaring following his arrest.

Captain da Fonseca absolved his father, Marshal Hermes da Fonseca, from all culpability, declaring he was completely ignorant of the rebels' plans which were concocted with the assistance of certain politicians. At the last moment, the Captain said, he advised his father to retire with his family from the city, which he warned him would shortly be swept by gunfire.

The military uprising in the Copacabana fortress here was limited to the defection of one corps of the capital garrison and was completely and promptly suffocated by the Government with the army and navy's support, declared Foreign Minister Marquis in a statement given to the Associated Press correspondent today.

The statement was the first to be issued by the Government since the uprising of July 5 and was given with the approval of President Pessoa.

"The revolt had at its front only twenty subaltern officers who surrendered immediately after the Government's action, which dominated the situation with the approval of the entire country and of its armed forces," the statement continues. "Martial law was voted immediately and unanimously by Congress and contemplates only the maintenance of public order. It is being enforced without violence, and conditions in the capital and throughout the entire country are completely normal. Legal processes continue for the purpose of fixing the responsibility of the delinquents."

An atmosphere of serene confidence prevails about the Presidential palace and in the city generally.

BUENOS AIRES, July 7.—A dispatch to La Nacion from Rio Janeiro quotes the Jornal do Commercio as reporting the imprisonment of Edmundo Bittencourt, publisher of the Correio de Manha, and Ireno Marinho, publisher of the Noite, in connection with the revolt of the Copacabana garrison. Several other editors of Rio Janeiro newspapers were among the civilians imprisoned.

The wedding of the daughter of President Pessoa of Brazil, which had been set for tomorrow, has been postponed.

The Jornal do Commercio also reports that the Brazilian Minister of Marine has ordered Vice Admiral Brazilio Silvadio to report to him in person within three days. It is asserted Admiral Silvadio has admitted that he planned to direct a revolutionary movement in the State of Rio Janeiro in connection with the uprising in the capital.

KILLED AS AUTO HITS STONE

Frank Rawling of New York Pinned Pinned Under Car in New Brunswick.

ST. STEPHEN, N. B., July 7.—Frank Rawling of New York was killed today when an automobile he was driving struck a rock on a road near here and overturned, pinning him under it. Captain F. H. Herts of New York and Mrs. Herts were with him. Mrs. Herts suffered injuries to her hip. Her husband escaped.

Neither Frank Rawling nor Captain F. H. Herts are listed in the New York city directory. Frank Rawlings of 115 Henry Street, Brooklyn, was here all yesterday, but said he had no relatives in New Brunswick.

GREEK FLEET HOLDS SEA.

An Attack on Destroyer Failed, Official Report Says.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 7.—A Turkish air squadron made an unsuccessful attack on the Greek destroyer Naxos near the port of Sanaun, Asia Minor, says an official statement issued by the Greek Military Mission here today.

Despite the protest of the Turkish Nationalist Government, the Greek fleet is still cruising in the Black Sea and is reported to be destroying Turkish vessels. Turkey's main commercial fleet lies inactive in Constantinople, anchored in the Golden Horn.

TEACHERS FOR TOWNER BILL

National Education Association Elects Owen President.

BOSTON, July 7.—The convention of the National Education Association, which has been in session here nearly a week, adjourned this afternoon after adopting numerous resolutions and electing officers for the ensuing term. William G. Owen, President of the Chicago Normal College, was named as President.

The delegates expressed their unqualified approval of the Towner-Sterling bill, and declared their belief that the State should assume "a much larger responsibility for the adequate support of schools, and that at least one-half of the school revenues should be derived from State income."

Other resolutions approved training in American citizenship, permanent tenure for teachers during efficiency and good behavior, advocated retirement funds and expressed unalterable opposition to any reduction in teachers' salaries.

J. W. Crabtree of Washington, D. C., the Secretary, who was re-elected to that office, reported that the association membership had reached more than 116,000, making it the largest teachers' organization in the world. Twelve thousand delegates attended the convention, he said.

Cornelia A. Adair of Richmond, Va., was elected Treasurer and Miss Charl Ormond Williams, the retiring President, became First Vice President. The other Vice Presidents were named as follows: Minnie J. Nielson, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Bismarck, N. D.; H. W. Dodd, Superintendent of Schools, Allenton, Pa.; Robert H. Wright, President of the East Carolina Teachers Training School, Greenville, N. C.; W. F. Geiger, Superintendent of Schools, Tacoma, Wash.; C. N. Jones, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Salt Lake City, Utah; Mary McSkimmon, Principal Pefree School, Brookline, Mass.; John W. Abercrombie, State Superintendent of Education, Montgomery, Ala.; Mary B. Lawler, Principal of School No. 12, Peterson, N. J.; Clarence H. Pearse, State Commissioner of Education, Montpelier, Vt.; Uel W. Lamkin, President of the Northwestern Missouri State Teachers College, Maryville, Mo.; H. Lester Smith, Dean of the School of Education, Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind.

TEXT OF EX-KAISER'S DENIAL

Adjutant's Letter on von Radowitz's Visit Is Published in Europe.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 7.—The Cologne Zeitung in its evening edition yesterday published the following letter:

The Allgemeine Handelsblad reproduces the report of the visit of one Herr von Radowitz on May 20, 21 and 22 to the former ex-Kaiser, the whole sensational story is a pure invention. It is true, however, that Herr von Radowitz, Freiherr von Ketteler and Herr Bruemmer, on application, were granted permission so to take photographs in the garden of the House of Doorn. The disagreeable weather extended their operations over three days, from May 18 to May 19 and noon of May 20. His Majesty never received Herr von Radowitz, but only had a purely private talk with him on May 20 in the garden; the other two gentlemen being present. So was I. His Majesty asked a few questions of Herr von Radowitz about his family and inquired about Bruemmer as to his experience in the war. Then the conversation drifted to technical details of photography. Not one word was said about politics.

Von Dommes, General Major A. D. House of Doorn, July 6, 1922.

The news of the above denial, cabled from The Hague, was published in THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday and then it was communicated to Baron Clemens von Radowitz-Neu. He reaffirmed that he had had an extended conversation with the ex-Kaiser. The Hague correspondent of THE TIMES added that it was well known there that von Radowitz had been a caller on several occasions at Doorn.

SENTENCE CHINA BANK HEAD

General Manager Pernotte Gets Three Years and Is Fined.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 7.—A Paris court this afternoon sentenced Alefx Pernotte former general manager of the Banque Industrielle de Chine, to three years imprisonment and 3,000 francs fine for embezzlement in connection with the issue of Pacific bonds, and thirteen months for misappropriation of certain funds. The latter term is to be included in the three-year term.

The prosecuting parties further obtained 800,000 francs damages they asked for, but the Court disallowed the demand, saying all the governors and administrators of the bank should be declared responsible. Those included M. Berthelot of the Foreign Office and several Deputies and Senators.

Pernotte will lodge an appeal.

TAFT FINDS ALL BRIT ARE FRIENDLY TO AMERICA

Warmth of His Reception Is Marked for Us, He Says—Gets Aberdeen Degree.

CAMBRIDGE, England, July 7 (Associated Press).—Chief Justice Taft, nearing the end of his visit to England, has asked The Associated Press to inform the American people of the splendid reception and glowing hospitality he has received from the British. Before leaving last night for Aberdeen, Scotland, where he will receive another honorary degree, he said to the correspondent:

"My greeting has been so generous and so sincerely cordial that I am unable to find words adequately to convey my gratitude, but I cannot help feeling that England's warm manifestations were not toward me as an individual but in my capacity as a representative of the millions of Americans overseas.

"Everywhere in Great Britain I have found the strongest evidence of the friendship of the English people for America, and I go home with unbounded admiration for the country whence my ancestors came and from which America derived its common law.

"I have gathered an immense fund of information respecting England's judicial procedure, which I will try to digest on the ocean with a view to presenting the main features of the system to the American Bar Association convention in August. English practice simplifies the procedure by embracing both law and equity in a single action. Preliminary hearings compel both parties to disclose the evidence that is relative on each side, so that when the issue is presented in court it can be expeditiously disposed of.

"I cannot speak too warmly of the comradeship the British bar have shown me and the feeling they have given me of at once being at home with them."

Mr. Taft will receive the honorary degree of Doctor of Civil Law from Aberdeen University. While in Aberdeen he will be the guest of the Very Rev. Sir George Adam Smith, Principal and Vice Chancellor of the university, who will be remembered in the United States, where he lectured in 1918.

Mr. Taft and the Chief Justice will proceed to Glasg

JAPAN WARNS CHINA ON BORDER RAIDS

Gives Notice Troops Will Be Sent Into Manchuria If Bandits Are Not Curbed.

IN GEN. CHANG'S TERRITORY

Peking Faces Difficulty in Dealing With Outlaws—Raises Question of Washington Treaties.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The important announcement was made by the Japanese Embassy tonight that unless the Chinese Government takes adequate steps to prevent the recurrence of outrages against Japanese in Manchuria, the Japanese Government will be obliged again to resort to the dispatch of troops across the Korean-Manchurian frontier and itself assume responsibility for the protection of its nationals. This warning has been communicated formally to the Chinese Government at Peking.

The Japanese Embassy announced the latest development in the Manchurian situation by issuing a statement, paraphrasing an official dispatch received by the embassy today from the Tokio Foreign Office relative to the raid and the formal representations that have been made to the Peking Government. Here is the text of the Japanese Embassy announcement:

"At 2 A. M. on June 28 about 170 bandits raided the town of Tow-Tao-Kow in the Chien-Tao district near the Korean border of Manchuria. Although there were in the town 100 Chinese soldiers, 44 Chinese police and 23 Japanese police, the attack lasted for six hours, and when the bandits retired they left 32 of their dead. They set fire to the Japanese Consulate and destroyed the consular jail. The Chinese Custom House, telephone office, barracks and about twenty-five other buildings, belonging to Japanese, Koreans and Chinese, were burned. Two Japanese, one Korean and three Chinese residents were killed and many seriously wounded.

"The raid is the third to take place in the district since September, 1920, in spite of formal requests for protection and the receipt of formal assurance from the Chinese Government that it assume a full responsibility for the protection of the lives and property of foreign residents.

"The Japanese Government immediately after the raid instructed its Minister at Peking to ask the Chinese Government to take immediate steps for the protection of Japanese, and at the same time to inform the Chinese Government that a certain number of Japanese police were being dispatched to the place from Korean stations.

"Then on the 5th of July, formal representations were made by the Japanese Minister at Peking, of which the following is the substance:

"In September, 1920, after bandits had attacked Hun-Chun, the Japanese consul general at Chien-tao, fearing a repetition of the affair, asked the local authorities to take the necessary protection. The Chinese authorities decided that they would be responsible. Nevertheless in March afterward the attack was renewed; the Japanese consulate was burned and many Japanese were killed or wounded and serious damage was done. The whole region of Chientao was disturbed and the life and property of Japan residents were menaced. As the Chinese authorities apparently could not assume effectively the responsibility of maintaining order the Japanese Government sent troops to protect its nationals.

"'The Chinese Government asked the Japanese Government to withdraw these troops again giving assurance of complete protection. The Japanese Government withdrew all its troops in April, 1921, but being unable to rely wholly upon the Chinese authorities for the protection of life and property of Japanese residents it stationed a number of police in the region.

"'The Chinese Government then asked that the police also be withdrawn, but the Japanese Government considering carefully the existing conditions of disorder, was unable to accept these assurance and to acquiesce in the demand. Its apprehension has now been unfortunately justified by the recurrence of the incident.

"'The Japanese Government, therefore, now feels compelled again to ask the Chinese Government to take adequate steps for the protection of Japanese and to prevent the recurrence of similar incidents. In case the Chinese Government should fail in this respect, abiding the Japanese Government would be obliged again to send troops to the district and itself to assume responsibility for the protection of its nationals.

"'The Japanese Government, therefore, hopes that the Chinese Government will take this matter under serious consideration and prevent any repetition of the unfortunate situation.'"

All the powers participating in the recent arms conference in Washington will observe developments in the situation with the closest interest on account of their agreement in principle upon the withdrawal of troops from China when satisfied of the ability of the Chinese to substitute other protection for the lives and property of foreigners in China.

Japan recently announced her intention to withdraw troops from Hankow, in another section of China, also that a date had been fixed for withdrawal of troops from Siberia. It would be regarded as extremely unfortunate if failure of the Chinese Government to cope with the Manchurian Government to the satisfaction of the Japanese Government should result in the dispatch of more Japanese soldiery into that section of Manchuria.

Tow-tao-kow, where the latest raid is alleged to have occurred, is remote from Peking and not easily reached by troops from central China. It is in the provinces of Kirin, one of the three under the immediate military jurisdiction of General Chang Tso-lin, the Manchurian war lord, himself once a Manchurian bandit, who was defeated in the recent armed clash with the forces of General Wu Pei-fu.

COMMONS ADVANCES NAVAL CUT TREATY

Bill Giving Effect to Washington Agreements Passes Its Second Reading.

ASQUITH FOR ARMY LIMIT

Sir C. K. Cooke Deplores That "Britannia No Longer Rules the Waves."

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 7.—A second reading was given to the Washington Treaties bill in the House of Commons today.

Charles Amery, Parliamentary Secretary of the Admiralty, explained the bill so far as was necessary to inform the House of its contents. He accorded to the United States credit for co-operation in framing the treaty limiting naval armaments, while saying that Great Britain had done her part by treating the subject of naval construction in her estimates as if the treaty had been duly confirmed by all powers concerned.

The attitude of ex-Premier Asquith was in keeping with his traditional outlook. Passing from a contemplation of the universal approbation with which the Washington treaties had been received, he congratulated the Secretary to the Admiralty on his statement and the House on the fact that Parliament had shown no remissness in giving effect to the treaties. He welcomed the provisions against the construction of capital ships and big guns as a check upon ruinous and reckless expenditure, and would like to see it supplemented by a similar understanding limiting armaments and forces of men on land. Although the whole bill marked a great step in advance, it was necessary for the permanent peace of Europe that land armaments should be dealt with.

"We may all hope," he said, "that the happy consummation will not long be delayed."

Captain Elliot detected danger that Spain, not being a party to the treaties, might become a shipbuilding centre for Germany or the South American States. He was afraid that the declaration against submarine piracy was merely a paper affirmation of the condemnation of the powers and would have no more effect in future wars than in the last. The proposal to discontinue building big battleships, he said, was good. These megalosauri should not be gone on with, and he suggested that the step was dictated by economy and humanity.

Sir C. Kinloch Cooke deplored that the bill, as he said, would confirm the decay of the British navy. Britannia no longer ruled the waves, he sadly reflected, and the British navy was cut to the bone indeed, the glory of the great dockyards being gone.

The debate ended shortly before three hours had been spent on it and the bill was read a second time.

CLOSURE DEFEATED ON THE TARIFF BILL

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

bill. By your leave, Senators, we should be delighted to fulfil our pledges to the people to redeem the promises we made to the nation."

Minority Gibes at G. O. P. Harmon.

Senator Watson charged that a filibuster was being "very adroitly conducted" by the minority, who intended to delay the bill so as to give the Republicans only thirty days before election to explain the measure to the people.

This charge was denied by Senators Underwood, Simmons and other minority leaders.

Senator Watson was interrupted near the end of his speech by Senator Harrison, who wanted to know if he had read the speech President Harding made to the Columbus Glee Club. Senator Watson said that he had read it and had enjoyed it very much.

Mr. Harrison read some parts of Mr. Harding's talk wherein he compared party harmony to a glee club, and remarked that too many Republicans were trying to attract attention to themselves and not working for the party. Then the Senator from Mississippi asked:

"I want to ask the Senator from Indiana if he does not think that much of this tariff delay is not due to the fact that there are too many sopranos and headliners on his side of the aisle, and that the President, when he denounced the Congressional soloists, had in mind certain Senators of the majority party?"

Senator Watson replied that he was inclined to believe that there were too many members of Congress who were disposed to follow paths other than those of party regularity.

Here Senator Stanley interrupted, saying:

"May I respectfully and affectionately suggest to my good friend and neighbor, the Senator from Indiana, that the trouble with this sepulchral glee club, this doleful chorus of which the President spoke, is not that one man is doing all the singing, but that too many are singing, and singing in different tunes. For instance, whenever the President sings in falsetto the powerful voice of the Senator from Idaho (Mr. Borah) is heard in a deep and discordant bass, and when the President wants to sing low the Senator from California (Mr. Johnson) persists in singing high, and when the President wants to sing a good old reactionary doxology the Senator from Nebraska (Mr. Norris) breaks out in a progressive anthem.

"It is not that there is only one singing, but that there are half a dozen singing at the same time, and all singing in a different tune on a different theme."

The Closure Vote in Detail.

The vote was then taken on the closure resolution, and resulted as follows:

FOR THE MOTION—45.

Republicans—43.

Ball,	Johnson,	Norbeck,
Burrows,	Jones (Wash.),	Oddie,
Calder,	Kellogg,	Pepper,
Capper,	Kenyon,	Phipps,
Curtis,	Ladd,	Poindexter,
Du Pont,	Lenroot,	Rawson,
Edge,	Lodge,	Shortridge,
Elkins,	McCormick,	Smoot,
Ernst,	McCumber,	Spencer,
Fernald,	McKinley,	Sterling,
France,	McLean,	Sutherland,
Frelinghuysen,	Mellon,	Townsend,
Gooding,	Nelson,	Wadsworth,
Hale,	Newberry,	Warren,
Harreld,	Nicholson,	Willis.

AGAINST THE MOTIONS—38.

Republicans—6.

Borah,	La Follette,	Norris.
Brandegee,	Moses,	

Democrats—32.

Ashurst,	Jones (N. M.),	Sheppard,
Broussard,	Kendrick,	Shields,
Caraway,	King,	Simmons,
Culberson,	Myers,	Smith,
Dial,	Overman,	Stanley,
Fletcher,	Owen,	Swanson,
Gerry,	Pittman,	Trammell,
Harris,	Pomerene,	Underwood,
Harrison,	Randsell,	Walsh (Mass.)
Heflin,	Robinson,	Walsh (Mont.).

PAIRED—4.

Cameron, Dillingham, New and Watson, Republicans (with absent Democrats).

As soon as the vote was announced Senator La Follette took the floor for a three-hour assault on the tariff bill as a measure which if enacted in anything like the form proposed, would cause the defeat of the Republicans in the Congressional elections this year and in the Presidential election of 1924.

He reviewed tariff legislation from the time of the McKinley law and said the Dingley law marked the first departure of the Republican Party from its historic tariff position, that bill being framed not to extend legitimate protection to American industry, but to exclude foreign-made goods to the largest extent feasable from the American market. The Senator then went on:

"President McKinley's untimely death and Roosevelt's accession to the Presidency, heralded widely as he was as the champion of the common people, for a short time confused the issue and restrained the people from open revolt against the Dingley tariff. But the demand from all parts of the country for revision of the tariff downward, even during the Roosevelt Administration, was overwhelming. The Republican platforms of the different State conventions during this period amply attest this fact.

"It is a part of the unwritten history of the time, which many of you will remember, that President Roosevelt during his second term prepared a message, which recognized the demand made for a downward revision of the tariff, and that the message in this form was sent out to the press to be released when it was presented to Congress. But between that time and the presentation of the message something happened. That portion of the message was recalled and in its place was inserted a paragraph, promising a special message on the subject later.

"The special message was never presented to Congress, and revision was delayed through standpat influences until near the close of his term, on the eve of the Presidential election of 1908, when it was suggested that the question should be taken up by the next Administration.

"Throughout the campaign of 1908 the promise of the Republican candidates was that Congress would be immediately assembled and the tariff revised downward. This was particularly true of the speeches of Mr. Taft, the Republican candidate for President. It is a matter of record that not once, but many times throughout the campaign he made this promise. So insistent was this demand for tariff revision that Mr. Taft opened his campaign in the Middle West, where the demand for a revision of the tariff downward was most insistent.

"So strong was the demand of the people for a downward revision of the tariff during this period from 1904 to 1908 that they forced their views upon a reluctant Congress, made a new division in the Republican Party and the name 'standpatters' was coined to designate a small but powerful minority in the party, who were successful in defying the public sentiment of the party and the country, even as some Republican Senators are attempting to defy it today. And they stood pat in their effort to thwart the desires of the people for tariff revision."

Says Taft Promised Tariff Veto.

Senator La Follette said that when the Payne Tariff bill was passed by the House he went to the White House and had a long conference with the President and urged the President to repudiate the bill and send a message to Congress demanding a revision of the tariff downward and not upward, as was the case with the Payne measure. The Wisconsin Senator continued:

"William Howard Taft, then the President of the United States, assured me at that time that if the bill was passed by the Senate in the form it passed the House he would veto it. As many of you know, Nelson Aldrich was the 'boss' of the Senate in those days. He was Chairman of the Finance Committee, and he held the Senate in session from 10 o'clock in the morning until 11 o'clock at night. There was just a little bunch of progressives on this side, fighting in the public interest for the purpose of getting the truth before the people. One of these Senators was Jonathan P. Dolliver of Iowa, and Dolliver was murdered on this floor during that debate by those proceedings. That is absolutely and litterally true.

"At the end of about six or eight weeks of that kind of struggle the bill was passed here. There were 600 increases reported from the Finance Committee, and I cannot at this moment tell you how many more were offered on the floor and put through. The bill was an abomination when it passed. When that bill passed I went to the White House and I said:

"'Mr. President, the bill has passed the Senate. It is infinitely worse than when it passed the House. I have not been home for more than a year. I am going home while it is in conference. I have just come to pay my respects to you; I have not been able to come to you for six weeks because of the hours of meeting of the Senate.'

"'Well,' the President said; he did not have his fist doubled up at that time; he did not hit the top of his desk with his clenched fist; the starch seemed to be pretty well out of him—and he said:

"'What am I going to do?'

"I said to him: 'Mr. President, I do not know what you are going to do, but I do know what you told me you would do. You told me you would veto that bill unless it was improved, unless it was a revision downward, if it was anything like the bill that passed the House.'

"'Well,' the President added, 'suppose I cannot veto it. What will I do?'

"I said, 'I do not know.'

"'Well,' he said, 'tell me some of the bad things that are in it.'

"'Oh,' I said, 'Mr. President, that will take too long.'

"The President picked up a pencil (that comes back to me at this moment) and a pad of paper, and he said: 'Tell me some of the worst things,' and I began to tell him something, and he began to write, and when he had filled the first page of the pad he threw down the pencil and the pad and he said: 'Senator La Follette, won't you go and write me a letter analyzing this bill and telling me the worst things in it?'

"I said to him: 'Mr. President, I have my reservations to go home. I was going to take the train today.'

"The President said: 'Well, I request it.'

"I said: 'That is equivalent to a command, pretty nearly, and I will go and cancel my reservations.'

"I did. I sent him the next day, not perfect by any means, but I did send him the best analysis I could make in that brief time, of that abomination. Then I took the train for Wisconsin, and when I reached my home State I received and have now in my files a letter from him thanking me for putting into his possession that analysis of the bill, imperfect as it was, of course; and then, surrounded as he was, all what you might expect him to do; he surrendered and signed the bill.

Points to 1910 Upset.

"In the Congressional elections, which followed in 1910, however, the people of the country spoke in tones which commanded the attention of even the most hardened Republican bosses. Following the election of Mr. Taft to the Presidency in 1908, the membership of the House stood 212 Republicans and 174 Democrats, a clear Republican majority of 38 in the House. The Senate stood 59 Republicans to 33 Democrats, a Republican majority of 26 in the Senate. The Republican Party had undisputed control in both houses. Mr. Aldrich was the boss of the Senate and Mr. Cannon, although he had been referred to by Mr. Taft during the campaign as 'the Old Man of the Sea on the back of the Republican Party,' was through Taft's influence restored to his position as dictator of the House.

"But in the election of 1910 the Republican majority of 38 in the House was completely wiped out and control passed to the Democrats with a clear majority of 70 votes. Think of it! A House which had stood 212 Republicans to 174 Democrats became a House composed of 160 Republicans and 230 Democrats, a Republican majority of 26 in the Senate could not be entirely wiped out, since only a third of the Senators are elected at one time. Yet the Republican majority in the Senate was reduced from 26 to 7. The Progressive Republicans held the balance of power, and the Aldrich-Cannon machine thereby lost control of legislation."

Says Bill Spells Disaster.

"Do the gentlemen responsible for this bill imagine that the people have forgotten? Do you think that the people will calmly accept the burdens in 1922 which they so decisively refused to carry in 1910 and 1912?

"There is just one way, Mr. President, in which to save the Republican Party from defeat in the Congressional election of 1922 and from disaster in the Presidential election of 1924, and that is to return this bill to the committee and rewrite all the schedules of it so that they conform to the Republican principle of protection by equalizing the cost of production at home and abroad, and if they are unable to do so, then to abandon general tariff legislation at this time.

"The Senator, in attacking the tariff, made specific mention of the cotton schedule. He declared the rates were from 11 to 90 per cent. higher in the Senate measure than in the much condemned Payne-Aldrich act and in most cases were 100 to 300 per cent. above the rates in the Underwood law.

He said the committee had cut out one of "many jokers" that had been "slipped into" the bill, but declared the rates were still too high.

He quoted reports of a Boston brokerage firm to show that large profits were made by cotton manufacturers, and then said:

"There never was a falser claim made by mortal man than that the tariff wall, which the cotton schedules of this bill propose to erect for the benefit of the cotton manufacturers, will in any way benefit the laborer in the cotton mills.

Cut Proposed Duties on Fish.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The Senate today disposed of several tariff items, adopting the committee reduction from 4½ cents to 1¼ cents a pound on dried fish; a rate of 2½ cents on smoked herring; a reduction from 1¼ cents to 1 cent a pound on pickled or salted herring and mackerel; a rate of 2 cents a pound on fresh, frozen or iced halibut, salmon and swordfish, and an increase from 20 to 30 per cent. ad valorem on fish in oil.

Macy's

ON THE BALCONY —at Macy's

WHEN you think of Macy's, do you think of it only as a place to buy apparel, furnishings for your home and garden, and other kinds of merchandise? Or do you think of it also as a center where you can do all the other errands on your shopping list—errands that might otherwise take you to post office, telegraph office, theater, railroad station, steamship office and bank?

All these things—and many others—you can easily and quickly accomplish in the various public service departments of this great store. These departments are here solely for your convenience, and they are to be found on every floor, from the Personal Shopping Bureau on the Main Floor to the Restaurant on the Eighth.

On the Main Floor Balcony alone are ten such departments, grouped there as offering the facilities in most frequent demand, within easy access. Do you know all the many things they can do for YOU?

Post Office—

Here stamps may be purchased in all denominations, including those for special delivery; also postal cards and stamped envelopes; mail may be registered; money orders bought; and packages to be sent by domestic parcel post weighed, stamped and insured.

A letter box is also provided, from which collections are made as per post office schedule.

Ticket Agency—

Theater tickets may be bought here at exactly the box office prices. Furthermore, the attendants in this department are always intelligently informed and ready to aid patrons in deciding upon a particular attraction to see.

Railroad and Pullman ticket reservations may be made and if time permits the actual tickets will be obtained for patrons. Information is given as to time tables, possible connections, and prices on all the leading railway lines.

Steamship reservations may also be made and any desired information obtained as to accommodations available on certain steamers, prices, deck plans, and the like.

Information Bureau—

Informed attendants in this Bureau will answer every reasonable question that patrons may care to ask—for example, about museums and the days and hours they are open; about sight-seeing trips and points of interest in and around New York; about summer camping sites and resorts; and even about baseball schedules.

Telegrams and Cables—

At a special booth messages are accepted for telegraph and cable despatches and wireless messages. There is never any delay in their transmission, and the rates are the same as those asked at the offices of the telegraph and cable companies.

Public Telephones—

Sixteen booths insure that one will not have to wait to put in the call that has suddenly become desirable or necessary. These are in addition to the booths distributed everywhere throughout the store for the convenience of patrons.

Depositors' Accounts—

The Depositors' Account department is a private bank where you may open an account without any formality by depositing whatever sum you please, and against which you may "charge" your purchases from time to time.

Like a private checking account at a bank, this arrangement offers all the conveniences of the usual charge system, without the usual disagreeably large bills the first of each month.

Furthermore, interest is paid on your daily balance at the rate of 4 per cent annually, compounded quarterly and credited to you every three months.

Personal Messengers—

For any kind of personal errand whatsoever a private messenger will be quickly secured from a messenger agency, at still another section of the Balcony. Theater tickets purchased for a friend may thus be delivered at once, or the woman who decides to remain in town for the afternoon may thus relieve herself of morning purchases that she had chosen to carry with her rather than have delivered. The charge is nominal.

Special Features—

In the language of the supervisor of this Balcony, "Our motto is to satisfy every desire of every customer"—so that from time to time, as occasion arises, special temporary services are also available on the Balcony. During periods of Income Tax declarations, for example, an expert is to be found here to assist with the intricacies of tax reports.

Parcel Checking—

Wraps, coats, canes, umbrellas, packages, bags and many another item frequently become bothersome if retained throughout a long shopping trip in the store. They may be checked, until the close of the store each day, at a station provided expressly for the purpose—without charge.

Lost and Found—

Should you happen to pick up anything in the store that has evidently been lost by some other patron, courtesy demands that you take it to the "Lost and Found" section located on this Balcony. And if you have lost something, chances are that you will find it here, upon identification.

This Balcony is served by all the elevators in the rear of the store, as well as by several staircases at both the Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth street entrances.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.

Herald Square New York

Merchandise of Taste and Quality At Lowest-in-the-City Prices

STORE CLOSED ALL DAY TODAY

Macy's

Lost and Found

Rate 50 cents an agate line.
Advertisements for tomorrow received up to 12 P.M. today. Telephone Bryant 1000.

Lost.

...in taxicab; small dark blue leather ...case containing toilet set and other ...articles marked "I. H." Taxi picked up in ...Madison Av., near 53d St., on Saturday p.m., taxicab No. 13630; drove to Grand Central Station. If found, notify Mrs. J. ... 607 Madison Ave., New York City. Telephone Plaza 6070.

...BAG—Black overnight, containing toilet articles and clothing; with initials M. S. on ...end of bag; passing through Pennsylvania Station or in taxicab to Grand Central Station, on June 1. Finder may return the bag and keep ...reward. Notify Miss Porter, Rector ...

...PURSE—Brown leather, containing a ring ...with 3 small diamonds and two sapphires, ...between 317 and 620 in cash; also a set ...of keys; finder may return the ring and keep ...cash. Dora Sarnof, 1,840 Anthony Av., Bronx.

...BAG—Gold mesh, Thursday evening, orchestra Selwyn Theatre; reward. M. H. Elliott, 271 Broadway.

...TORTOISE BAG—Lost from automobile, containing costume, Merrick Road or Queensboro Bridge. Portingall, 575 West 177th St.

...CARD CASE—Black, containing personal cards, &c. Reward. Dr. La Virgne, 11 ...East 68th.

...CERTIFICATE OF STOCK for 10 shares of Intercontinental Rubber Co. stock No. ...1,000, registered in the name of Clinton Mumford, lost; all persons are cautioned against negotiating same. Notify R. F. Westerfield & Co., 67 Wall St., Room 504, New York City.

...EYE GLASSES, diamond wedding ring; reward. W. Smith, 93 West 84th.

...HANDBAG, gray leather, containing sum of money; keys, &c., lost on 5th Av., between 53d and 55th Sts., Saturday, July 1; reward. Phone Lalnbert, 56483.

...PACKAGE—Containing sewing material, spectacles, &c.; reward $3. Cone, 433 5th Av.

...STOCK CERTIFICATES—Two certificates of Canadian Pacific Railway stock, registered in the name of Charles Robert Beattie of Belize, British Honduras; certificate No. A731061; for 10 shares; certificate No. 2241602, for 15 shares. Finder please phone John 2966.

...SUIT CASE, containing lady's and baby's clothing; lost from automobile between Poughkeepsie and New York; reward. Feldman, 11,366 Jamaica Av., Richmond Hill, L. I.

Jewelry.

...BREASTPIN—Gold, set with 3 diamonds, on Friday, the 7th, probably on No. 3 bus line, Altman's or Oppenheim-Collins's; reward, no questions asked. F. D. Conklin, care Bright Star Battery Co., 510 Hudson St.

...CHAR PIN, diamond, containing about 25 stones, lost July 7, 42d St., between 5th and Broadway; $100 reward. Return Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

...BRACELET—Platinum flexible, 5 sapphires, lost 7th Av. bus Thursday night. Reward if returned to W. L. McDougall, 150 East 55th St., Murray Hill 6262.

...BROOCH—Diamond and platinum, octagon shape, lost; reward. Madam Leona, 2,256 Broadway, Schuyler 8935.

...GOLD BROOCH—Old-fashioned, set with 5 diamonds, Mineola Fair Grounds, Monday afternoon; reward on return to Mr. James Taylor, Oyster Bay, L. I.

...PIN—Diamond sapphire bar, between 45th and 46th Sts., 6th Av. and Park Av., Madison Av., 5th Av. cars, or 5th Av. bus. Liberal reward if returned to G. S. Alexander, 61 Broadway, Bowling Green 6730.

...PIN—Platinum bar, 11 sapphires and 12 diamonds; $250 reward for its return; lost about June 24. Walter Sichel, 65 Nassau St., New York City.

...PIN—Enameled violet diamond centre; lost Columbus Av. and 72d St.; $10 reward. Return to Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

...PIN, CAMEO—Lost 72d St. subway; liberal reward; keepsake. Reinelth, 2,787 B'way.

...RING—Gold, in form of square cross, set with diamonds, on July 6, probably on 5th Av., near 40th St.; suitable reward. Notify Geer, 264 Broadway. Phone Barclay 7342.

...RING—Old-fashioned, set 3 small diamonds, ornamented with leaves; much worn, small intrinsic value, prized as heirloom; $50 reward. C. Gilbert, 244 Madison Av.

...WATCH—Diamond, wrist, lost, containing 26 diamonds, 18 sapphires, July 2d, 6 to 9 P. M., between Grand Central Station and Central Theatre; substantial reward. G 516 Times.

...WATCH—Gold, initialed, Elks' monogramed, lost; reward. Phone Rector 3481.

...WRIST WATCH—Gold, with pencil attached; reward. A 856 Times Downtown.

Wearing Apparel.

...FUR—Lost, Central and Broadway Road to Edgewater and Far Rockaway, 2 Russian sable skins. Fifty dollars reward if returned to Dorothy Earle, 296 Central Park West.

...FUR—Lost, baby Fisher, between Palace Theatre, 47th St., 5th Av. Reward. 200 West 112th St., Apt. 4A.

...FUR PIECE—Sable, lost in or near Grand Central Terminal on July 4; liberal reward. Telephone Decatur 1986.

...NECKPIECE—Lost in Yale taxi on Wednesday afternoon, baum marten two-skin fur neckpiece; suitable reward; no questions asked. Sterling Advertising Service, 58 West 40th.

...NECKPIECE, sable, 2-skin fur, in Palace Theatre orchestra floor, matinee July 6; liberal reward. 5183 Bryant.

...SCARF, FUR—On 44th St. to Grand Central; reward. Phone Murray Hill 8020.

$150 REWARD

...for return of sable neckpiece, lost July 4, between West 93d St., Metropolis Club and Lexington Theatre, A. C. Bennett, 15 William St. Telephone Broad 2764.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

...DOG—Police, lost in Hastings; black and reddish brown; one lower tooth broken; answers to name Wolf; $50 reward. Van Kleeck, care National Biscuit Co., Yonkers, or 74 Grove St., N. Y. City.

...POODLE—Lost, white and brown spotted poodle, Friday night, 34th St. and 5th Av.; liberal reward. Carr, 32 West 10th St.

...DOG; Shepherd; black, white; name Jack. Reward. Dorsellan, 140 Nassau St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TO THE CREDITORS OF:
JOSEPH LENKTIS,
SELMA LENKTIS,
LENKTIS PHARMACY.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors of the above named that the undersigned has purchased the drug store of the above named, situated at 500 Grand Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., and that all persons having claims against the above named present same, with vouchers therefor, at the office of Benjamin Hirschstein, 280 Broadway, Manhattan, attorney for the undersigned, within 10 days from date hereof.

JOSEPH BRETSCHNEIDER.

Dated July 1, 1922.

ADELE MILLAR, WILL NOT BE RESponsible hereafter for any bills contracted by her in my name by my husband, Herbert L. Millar of 19 West 58th St. and 1,114 Avenue A, New York City, N. Y., as I have brought proceedings against him for absolute divorce on June 9th, 1922, in San Francisco.

FRED ROSE—Suitable compensation will be paid for information of whereabouts of Fred Rose, formerly 1,003 So. Ashland Av., Chicago, Ill. M. Henschel, Attorney, 110 William St. Phone Beekman 4857.

REQUEST LADY SOLICITOR WHO TOOK two dresses from Mrs. C. H. Mann, 210 West 59th St., May 28, communicate with me by letter, care Liberty Industrial Corporation, 100 Broadway.

LOUIS S. CHAPEL HAS BOUGHT OUT the firm of Chapel & Dodes at 971 Avenue St. John on July 6, 1922; all claims to be made within 14 days after date.

CHARLE, I MUST SEE YOU; FORGIVE me; stop anxiety; send address. FATHER.

FREE, FIRE AND SCRAP WOOD; BRING truck at once to bldg. operation, 1st Av. and 23d St.

HERMAN (HUSBAND), PLEASE LET US hear from you. MAMIE AND KIDDIES.

Ferries to Jersey

125th St.—Edgewater Ferry, between Manhattan and New Jersey, operating on Summer schedule. Five boats, short headways, no long waits. Port Richmond and Bergen Point Ferry between Staten Island and Bayonne. Extra trips Saturdays, Sundays, holidays.

"The Ferries that give the quickest Service."

Business Opportunities *(bank and business references required)*, Last Page.

MEXICANS EXPLAIN ARTICLE 27 RULING

Embassy, in Statement on Recent Decisions, Says Non-Retroactivity Is Established.

REVIVES RECOGNITION HOPE

But Washington, Awaiting the Full Texts, Will Not Act Until Definite Guarantees Are Given.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The Mexican Supreme Court, on May 12, rendered a decision on Article 27 of the Mexican Constitution, which, according to a statement issued by the Mexican Embassy here today, "established a clear and final jurisprudence on the non-retroactivity" of that article. The Embassy statement added that the decision "denied to that article all confiscatory effect."

The Mexican Supreme Court rendered decisions in five cases, and, as a ruling must be had in five cases in Mexico to constitute a "juridic basis," or precedent, officials of the State Department have been awaiting the texts of these decisions, so as to be able to give them close scrutiny and determine whether the ruling by the highest Mexican tribunal is broad enough to insure that Article 27 will not have a retroactive application.

The text of the May 12 decisions has not reached the State Department. But it is regarded as significant that the Mexican Embassy today made public a statement, prepared by the Mexican Foreign Office, stating that the action of the Mexican Supreme Court had established "a clear and definite jurisprudence upon the non-retroactivity of Article 27, and denied to that article all confiscatory effect." If this assertion is supported by the analysis, the American Government will make of the Mexican Supreme Court decisions when received, and if it serves as a basis for Obregon giving the "guarantees" sought by Secretary Hughes, it is very probable that American recognition will come simultaneously with such action by the Obregon Government.

Text of Embassy Statement.

The text of the official statement of the Mexican Foreign Office, as given out at the Mexican Embassy, follows:

Under date of May 12, 1922, Magistrates of the Supreme Court considered certain amparos (prayers for protection) filed before the said high judicial body against acts of the executive power of the Republic and of the Department of Industry and Commerce, these amparos relating to the exploitation of subsoil products in the national petroleum zones.

The Supreme Court weighed favorably the requests for protection, indicating that the Court felt it had a clear and definite jurisprudence upon the non-retroactivity of Article 27 of the Constitution and denied to that article all confiscatory effect.

In the discussion which ensued they arrived at the full conviction that Article 27 of our Constitution could not invalidate the interests created prior to the adoption of the said Magna Charta, either through its text or through its fundamental spirit.

On the contrary, the article referred to, far from pretending it should be applied retroactively, in its fourth paragraph asserts with absolute precision that this effect should not be given to it.

Five requests for amparo or protection having been granted by the Supreme Court, being those filed by the Tamiahua Petroleum Company, a juridic basis has been established which shall serve in the future as a basis for interpretation of the law in cases which, like those decided, fall inside the constitutional precept referred to. These conclusions have been adopted by our highest tribunal in order to signify its respect for subsoil property rights.

The Embassy's announcement was read with interest by State Department officials, inasmuch as Article 27 has proven the great stumbling block in the way of recognition of the Obregon Government by the United States.

Full Text Is Awaited.

The full text of the Mexican Supreme Court decisions is expected momentarily to arrive at the State Department. Announcement that such decisions had been rendered was first reported from Mexico City some weeks ago and was accompanied by predictions that recognition of the Obregon Government would follow speedily. These predictions were based on the belief that any official guarantee given the United States that Mexico intended to respect the rights of Americans legitimately acquired under Mexican laws would be sufficient to remove the obstacles to recognition pointed out by Secretary Hughes in the negotiations that have been carried on for some months between Mexican Foreign Minister Paul and American Charge d'Affaires Summerlin at Mexico City. Whether the recent decisions are comprehensive enough to support the giving of such guarantee will be determined after State Department officials have opportunity to study the actual text of the five amparo decisions.

It was reiterated at the State Department today that Mr. Summerlin had been asked some weeks ago to forward the text of the Mexican Supreme Court decisions as soon as available. The explanation of his delay in doing so is that Supreme Court decisions in Mexico are rendered verbally and not committed to official written form until some time later.

Although the decisions have not been received by American officials, the announcement made by the Mexican Embassy becomes important as the most definite official statement of the purport of the recent decisions so far issued by the Mexican Government. The Mexican Supreme Court rendered one decision in an amparo case dealing with the non-retroactivity of Article 27 some months ago. This earlier decision was heralded as assuring a solution of the difficulties confronting recognition. Its text also was eagerly awaited by officials who made no secret of the important bearing it might have on recognition.

Hope of Recognition Renewed.

But when the text of that first decision was received and studied by American State Department officials, it was found not to be sufficiently comprehensive to meet the objections raised by Secretary Hughes. The decision was regarded as a step in the proper direction, but it could scarcely be said that negotiations had been materially advanced looking to recognition.

In the case of the announcement given out here today, the statement of actual purport of the Mexican Supreme Court's decision appears to be so categorical as to revive hopes that the path to recognition will be cleared. But although there is every indication that the question of recognition of the Mexican Government will soon be brought to a focus, it can be stated positively that recognition of the Obregon regime is as far away as ever—unless the guarantees sought by the United States Government are given definitely and unequivocally.

Recognition will come automatically along with the giving of the desired guarantee of security for validly acquired American property rights south of the Rio Grande, and whether there is to be early or delayed recognition is dependent altogether on the celerity with which the assurances sought by Secretary Hughes are given.

President Obregon is understood to be of the opinion that Article 27 should not be applied retroactively but, for reasons best known to himself, he has been unwilling in the past to give the guarantees insisted upon by Secretary Hughes.

Simultaneously with the Mexican Embassy's announcement, Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, declared in a letter to Secretary Hughes that instead of discouraging recognition of the Obregon Government by the United States, the recent kidnapping incidents in Mexico have not changed the attitude of the Federation in favor of recognition of Mexico without unnecessary delay.

The text of Mr. Gompers's letter follows:

"Acting under instructions of the Cincinnati convention of the American Federation of Labor, June 12 to 24, 1922, I am transmitting to you herewith copies of resolutions Nos. 91 and 303, adopted by the convention, in which the United States Government is urged to grant its official recognition to the Mexican Government of which Hon. Alvaro Obregon is President.

"In view of the recent incidents in Mexico as reported by the daily press—the kidnapping of a number of American citizens—as they took place after the Cincinnati convention had acted on the enclosed resolutions, I consider it appropriate and timely to say that these incidents in no wise change the position of the American Federation of Labor on the question of recognition of the Mexican Government. Quite the contrary, our position is strengthened, for it is easy to see the hands in the incident of the political enemies of the Obregon Government. As long as recognition is denied to the Mexican Government, its political enemies, who happily are very few in number and of no nation-wide importance, will feel encouraged and emboldened in their reprehensible attempts to create trouble and embarrassment for the Obregon Government.

"Therefore, it is hoped that in the interests of peaceful and harmonious relations between the United States and Mexico, official recognition of our Government will be extended to the present Government of the Republic of Mexico, without any further unnecessary delay."

At the State Department this evening it was stated that the letter of Mr. Gompers had not been received. In the absence of the letter and resolutions, department officials declined to comment.

MARTIAL LAW IN VERA CRUZ.

Action Follows Renewal of Clash With Red Union of Tenants.

VERA CRUZ, July 7 (Associated Press).—Martial law has been declared here following renewal yesterday of the clashes between the police, soldiers and members of the Red Union of Revolutionary Tenants.

Heron Proal, founder and director of the syndicate, is confined in the military prison, having been arrested on charges of homicide and sedition. The charges grew out of the killing of several soldiers and policemen who intervened in a disputed between rival factions in the union, one party accusing Proal of misappropriating the organization's funds.

The rioters yesterday were led by women radicals who insulted the soldier guards and attempted to incite the syndicalists to storm the prison and free Proal. The newspapers are demanding that the authorities take drastic steps to prevent further bloodshed.

131,000,000 RUBLES HIS 5-DAY HOTEL BILL

Richard Muenz, Passenger on Reliance, Proud of Feat—Prince and Princess Arrive.

Richard Muenz, a New York fur dealer, who arrived yesterday from Moscow via Hamburg on the United American liner Reliance, was proud of the fact that he had paid 131,000,000 paper rubles for his five days' hotel bill in the Russian city. He omitted to state whether he had the currency delivered in a motor lorry, or just shipped the paper money in bales from the bank. He said he paid 25,000,000 rubles a day for his room and bath in the hotel, which had formerly been a Prince's palace, and that meals of soup, steak and bread cost him 5,000,000 rubles with a 2 per cent. tax for the Soviet Government. He said he was the first American fur dealer to be allowed to enter Russia and permitted to ship out the goods he purchased.

Another passenger was the Most Rev. Henry Moeller, Archbishop of Cincinnati, who was accompanied by his brother, the Right Rev. Mgr. Bernhard Moeller, Chancellor of the Diocese. The Archbishop said he left here May 10 and went first to Rome and then visited the "Passion Play" at Oberammergau.

Princess Poniatowska, with Prince John Poniatowska, 15 years old, who is visiting America for the first time, also arrived on the Reliance. They were met at Quarantine by Prince Andre Poniatowska, and will be the guests of Mrs. W. M. Crocker at 420 Park Avenue during their stay in New York.

George W. Lederer's Productions.

George W. Lederer, who has resigned as director of Broadway Productions, Inc., will produce next season on his own account, "The Strawberry Blonde," with music by Maximilian Steiner of Vienna. He also has announced "The Ballyhoo," a new comedy by C. F. Nirdlinger; "The Scrap Heap," by Jay Holly; "Caviare," from the German; a proposed musical version of "Peg o' My Heart," and a review to be called "The Big Town."

JUSTICE, TOLERANCE, MAYOR CURLEY ASKS

Boston Executive's Answer to a Correspondent on Race Discrimination.

DR. ELIOT WRITES HIS VIEWS

Believes the Harvard Committee Will Solve the Issue Before It—Letters to Louis Friedman.

Louis Friedman of 1,115 Broadway made public yesterday replies received from Mayor James M. Curley of Boston, Mass., and Dr. Charles W. Eliot, President emeritus of Harvard, to a letter he had sent them denouncing discrimination by Harvard against Jewish students and urging that education be taken out of the hands of "degenerate" institutions and be placed in the hands of State-created universities.

Mayor Curley in his letter says:

"I have read your interesting letter with its lrish enclosure with gratification, and while I am an inflexible opponent of all intolerance and proscription and of those who advocate such abhorrent matters I have long ago learned that a firm adherence to the merits and justice of tolerance and right achieves more in the end than any angry outburst of indignation and intemperate language. The wise Lincoln phrased it, 'with charity towards all and malice towards none,' and if we follow his example we will do more good service to the persecuted and for the extirpation of the persecutor.

"I am now using my best efforts to have the literature of persecution and the propaganda of intolerance excluded from the United States mails, and I am of the opinion that your people should concentrate upon that policy. Moreover, as a people of constant commercial advertisers, the Jews should be in a position to exercise a wholesome influence on the American press to aid in destroying the evil work of these social and political pests."

In his letter dated Asticou, Me., June 29, Dr. Eliot says:

"The discussion of the Jewish question, which was begun in the Faculty of Arts and Sciences of Harvard University, was brought to a fortunate issue early in June and has resulted in the appointment of an excellent committee representing several faculties which is to inquire into the racial proportions in the whole body of students in Harvard University and into the means of better sifting candidates for admission to the university.

"The committee has been fairly selected by President Lowell, who appreciates the great difficulty of the committee's task. He therefore announces that no report is to be expected from it before December.

"You seem to think that the Jewish people in this country are likely to advocate State support for all colleges and universities, instead of the continuance of private endowed institutions independe of the tax-supported. I hope that the Jewish citizens in America will advocate no such policy, for all the pioneering in education has heretofore been done by the endowed institutions and in the nature of things it will be so in the future.

"As a rule public money cannot be applied to experiments in education, charity, or business; but experimenting is necessary to progress in any field. The rich Jews in the United States have heretofore been generous in applying their private money to public uses, particularly in charity and education. May they always continue to be."

Mr. Friedman stated that in the Fall he will make a tour of the country to arouse intellectual men in all fields against "this un-American introduction in American culturdl life."

ANTI-JEWISH RIOT IN VILNA.

One Is Killed in Outbreak Following Prohibited Meeting.

WARSAW, July 7.—The prohibition of anti-Jewish conference in Vilna led to an outbreak there on the part of a small group of anti-Jewish manifestants. The disturbers directed their activities chiefly against the police. The troubles were of short duration. Several policemen were beaten and a few Jews were ill-treated. One person was killed. Following the outbreak quiet was quickly restored.

Carl Mathes, Blind Pianist, Arrives.

Professor Carl Mathes, former Court pianist at Bucharest, Rumania, and now totally blind, arrived yesterday from Hamburg on the liner Reliance of the United American Lines, to go on a concert tour, accompanied by his wife. During the voyage he gave a recital of the works of Beethoven, Chopin and Liszt.

Paris Theatres Protest Tax, May Quit

PARIS, July 7.—The Federation of Theatre and Cinema Unions at a meeting last night voted unanimously to close all the playhouses in France next Feb. 15 unless the heavy Government taxation is lightened before that date.

Today's Radio Program

STATION WJZ, NEWARK, N. J.
360-Meter Wave Length.
(Daylight Saving Time.)

In addition to a musical program every hour from 9 A. M. to 7 P. M., the Newark station sends out the following broadcasting program by the radio telephone:

9:00 A. M.—Agricultural reports.
11:00 A. M.—Opening prices on active bonds and stocks under the authority of the New York Stock Exchange.
12:00 M.—Agricultural reports and weather forecasts.
12:58 P. M. to 1:00 P. M.—Standard time signals from Arlington.
1:00 P. M.—Prices on active bonds and stocks under the authority of the New York Stock Exchange.
4:00 P. M.—Baseball scores and women's fashion news.
5:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
6:00 P. M.—Official weather forecasts and agricultural reports.
7:00 P. M.—Final baseball scores; "Uncle Wiggily's Bedtime Stories," by Howard R. Garis.
7:45 P. M.—"Fashion Talks," by an editor of Harper's Bazar.
8:00 P. M.—Concert by Herbert W. Reith and his Moonlight Serenaders. "Sensation," "Just a Little Love Song," "Virginia Blues," "Angel Child," "On a Moonlight Night," "Bluin' the Blues," "Stumbling," "St. Louis Blues," "That's How I Believe in You," "Georgia," "Shake It and Break It," "Lonesome Hours," "Smiles," "All That I Need Is You," "Leave Me With a Smile."
9:30 P. M.—Joint recital by James MacDonald, baritone, and Miss Ruth Joel-Hulse, contralto. Mr. MacDonald will be assisted by Miss Janet Beck, soprano, and Allen C. Albee, accompanist and piano soloist. "For You Alone," Sousa; "An Irish lullaby," "Because," by Mr. MacDonald; "Down in the Forest," "Will o' th' Wisp," by Miss Beck; "Valse Brillante," by Mr. Albee; "The Want of You," "Invictus," "There Is No Death," by Mr. MacDonald; "The Answer," by Miss Beck; "Goodbye," by Mr. MacDonald. Arias: Amour viens Aider," from Samson et Dalila; "Lungi dal caro bene, Secchi. Songs: "A Ballad of Trees and the Master," "Down Here," "My Ain Folk," "The Leaves and the Wind," "Come and Trip It," Sapphic Ode," "The Manatone," Negro spirituals: "Deep River," "De Gospel Train," "Ma Lindy Lou," "Nobody Knows," "De Ol' Ark's a Movin'," Lighter songs: "The Big Brown Bear," "Nothing But Love," "On the Day I Get to Heaven," "Three Chestnuts, My Curly Headed Baby," Mrs. Florence Wessell, accompanist.
10:32 to 11:00 P. M.—Official Arlington time.
11:01 P. M.—Official weather forecast.

STATION WVP, ARMY SIGNAL CORPS.
BEDLOW'S ISLAND, NEW YORK.
1,450-Meter Wave Length.
(Daylight Saving Time.)

The Amateur Radio Reserve has discontinued broadcasting on Saturday evenings.

STATION WOR, NEWARK, N. J.
360-Meter Wave Length.
(Daylight Saving Time.)

10:30 A. M.—Some new dance records.
11:30 A. M.—Smiles for the kiddies, by J. P. K.
12:30 P. M.—Operatic selections.
1:30 P. M.—Request program.
2:30 P. M.—Reading of "Little Journeys to the Homes of the Great," by Albert Hubbard. "Sir Walter Scott" will be the subject of today's lecture.
3:00 P. M.—Piano recital. Program to be announced later over the radio.
4:30 P. M.—Cornet solos by Mabel Shellworth: "Because I Love You Dear," "I Build a World in the Heart of a Rose," "From the Land of the Sky-Blue Waters," "There is a Green Hill Far Away," "The Star."
5:30 P. M.—Song recital, Ruth McNally: "Morning," "By the Waters of Minnetonka," "Ave Maria," "Sing Me Love's Lullaby," "The Last Rose of Summer," "A Rose, a Kiss and You."
6:30 P. M.—Sky pictures for the kiddies, by Mr. Radiobug.
6:45 P. M.—Good-night stories for the children, by Uncle George of the Newark Ledger.

STATION WBZ, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
360-Meter Wave Length.
(Daylight Saving Time.)

7:30 P. M.—Baseball scores; "Prince Cherry" from Sarah Cone Bryant's stories.
7:45 P. M.—Crop and market statistics by V. E. Sanders, courtesy of the New England Homestead.
8:00 P. M.—Baseball scores; literary evening, "Under the Evening Lamp," conducted by Judith of Companion.
8:30 P. M.—Scientific Review, conducted by Scientific American.

STATION KDKA, EAST PITTSBURGH, PA.
360-Meter Wave Length.
(Eastern Standard Time.)

2:00 P. M.—Popular concert by the Melody Juniors of Pittsburgh.
6:00 P. M.—Popular concert.
7:00 P. M.—"Activities at Mayview," Mrs. Enoch Rauh, Department of Charities, City of Pittsburgh.
8:00 P. M.—Elizabeth Reese Lloyd, soprano of Ben Avon M. E. Church; Mary Reese Wilson, contralto, Second Presbyterian Church, Wilkinsburg; R. J. Reese, baritone; Jean Wessner, 'cellist, and W. A. Roger, accompanist and organist at Ben Avon M. E. Church; soprano solos: "Hear Ye Israel," "Song of the Soul," "Waits Song," "Romeo and Juliet"; contralto solos: "If I Were a Rose," "Song of Miss You," "Barbara Frietchie"; baritone solos: "Love's Garden of Roses," "Life and Life," "Love Enough"; piano selected duets: "Roses of Picardy," "Passage Bird's Farewell," "Hildach"; trio: "Hear Our Prayer," "The Mariners"; 'cello solo: "Kol Nidre."

STATION KYW, CHICAGO, ILL.
360-Meter Wave Length.
(Central Daylight Saving Time.)

9:00 P. M.—Musical: "Pick Me Up and Lay Me Down in Dixie Land," "Stumbling," by Lyon and Healy Orchestra; "Caprice Viennois," by Lora Woodworth; "O Fair, O Sweet and Holy," "Solveig's Song," by Olive McCormick Wiswell; "Song of India," "The Waltz, A Major," by David O'Shansky; "Jubi Dance," by Lora Woodworth; "Angel Child," "Teasing," by Lyon and Healy Orchestra; "Ly Would Weave a Song for You," "My Laddie," by Olive McCormick Wiswell; "The Swan," "Orientale," by David O'Shansky; "Just a Little Love Song," "By the Sapphire Sea," by Lyon and Healy Orchestra.

DOUBT PAYMENT ON DEBT.

Treasury Officials Unable to Explain British Reserve Withdrawals.

WASHINGTON, July 7 (Associated Press).—Reports from London of heavy withdrawals from the British gold reserve were received with interest today at the Treasury, but no explanation could be offered by officials. They expressed doubt, however, on the London suggestion that Great Britain was shipping gold to this country to be used in payment of the $125,000,000 of interest on the war debt falling due in October. Should Great Britain make the interest payment in October, officials believed, balances would be built up in banks in this country so that payment would be made by check, as has been the practice in the liquidation of the debt incurred by Great Britain for silver during the war.

It was conceded, however, that Great Britain might be beginning a gradual movement of gold to this country for accumulating a supply here to meet the October interest payment. It was emphasized by Treasury officials that no official word had been received from Great Britain relating to the liquidation of the war debt.

Millerand Decorates Miss Crowell.

PARIS, July 7.—President Millerand today pinned the insignia of the Legion of Honor on Miss Frances Elizabeth Crowell, director of the nursing service of the Rockefeller Commission for the Prevention of Tuberculosis in France, during the Presidential reception to the members of the commission, which is terminating its active work in this country.

CHICAGO CUTS MOVIE PRICES

$2 Broadway Features to Be Exhibited There at 50 Cents.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Local movie fans will never again be asked to pay $2 and $1.50 as top prices for the highest class of motion pictures produced. This is the word given out at the executive offices of Balaban & Katz, who recently took over the Roosevelt from Ascher Brothers.

Representatives of this firm just returned from New York state that the present Broadway offerings which are playing to $2 and downward will be brought to Chicago and exhibited at half a dollar. The Roosevelt will be the home of many of these feature first runs.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Douglas Wood, Richard Barbee and Edna May Oliver have been engaged for George Broadhurst's production of "Wild Oats Lane."

The Stuyvesant Players will present five new bills next season. Manuscripts may be sent to Lester Lonergan at 152 West Fifty-fifth Street.

William Burress, Lew Kelly and George Barnum are to support Julian Eltinge in "The Vanishing Lady."

The Threshold Playhouse announces five performances weekly instead of the usual eight.

Emanuel Reicher sails next week for Germany, returning here next October.

"Sally" will close in Boston on July 15, to reopen at the Colonial there in September.

Raymond Hitchcock's "Pinwheel Revue" ends its engagement tonight at the Earl Carroll Theatre.

Frank Tinney, Fred Stone, Will Rogers and others take part in tomorrow's circus for the hospital at Long Beach.

Helen Westley will talk over the Newark radio Sunday afternoon on the work of the Theatre Guild.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. Evenings, 8:30. FIRST MATINEE TODAY
"A comedy delight. Moves at a mad pace—fast is no word for it."
—Quinn Martin, World
Arnaa Kalis Presents
THE WORLD'S GREATEST REVUE
SPICE of 1922
By JACK LAIT; staged by ALLAN K FOSTER
"Enough stars to push the stage hands into the theatre alley."
—Frank Vreeland, Herald

SELWYN THEATRE W. 42d St. Evs. $2.50. MAT. TODAY, $2. No Higher.
BARNEY BERNARD and ALEXANDER CARR in a new Comedy "PARTNERS AGAIN"

MOROSCO THEATRE WEST 45TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
THE BEST MYSTERY PLAY IN TOWN.
THE BAT 2nd Year
FROM MORN TO MIDNIGHT FRAZEE 42d, W. of B'way. Mts. Today & Wed., 2:30

8th MONTH—BIJOU 45th, W. of B'y. Mts. Today & Wed.
THE DOVER ROAD By A. A. MILNE With CHAS. CHERRY
SEASON'S SMARTEST COMEDY

REPUBLIC Thurs. 42d St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. MAT. TODAY & WED., 2:30.
LAWFUL LARCENY

F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST Present
BALIEFF'S Chauve-Souris
From MOSCOW—Direct from LONDON—PARIS
NOW AT CENTURY ROOF THEA. 62d St. & C.P.W.
Entrance on 62d St. Phone Columbus 8846.
Evs. 8:30. MATS. TODAY & TUES., 2:30.

ASTOR Thea., 45th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wednesday, 2:30
MARJORIE RAMBEAU In the Comedy Classic THE GOLDFISH

NATIONAL THEA., 41 St., W. of B'y. Bry. 1554. EVES. 8:30. MATINEES TO-DAY AND WEDNESDAY
CAT AND THE CANARY

FULTON 46 St., W. of B'y. Nights at 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30.
ANNE NICHOLS' New Comedy Success
"ABIE'S IRISH ROSE"

BELMONT W. 48th. Bry. 5048. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
THE BIG HIT! KEMPY with Grant Mitchell and the Nunnets.

HE WHO GETS SLAPPED GARRICK 65 W. 35th. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today & Thurs. 2:30
TIMES SQUARE W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. MIDNITE SHOW THURSDAY, 11:30.
STRUT MISS LIZZIE With CREAMER & LAYTON
Moves Next Monday to Earl Carroll Theatre.

TIMES SQ. Thea. Beg. Mon., July 10
"SUE DEAR" SEATS NOW

MOTION PICTURES.

BEG. TOMORROW, SUNDAY, JULY 9th
THE MOTION PICTURE MARVELOUS
"IN THE NAME OF THE LAW!"
The wonderful new picture that will make all New York sit up and take notice...that will bring you new thrills....excitement....the 'picture you'll want to see twice. Thousands will talk about it....more thousands will see it....still more thousands will never forget it....It's the outstanding picture on Broadway this season....Mats., Bal. 50c., Orch. 50c., Box Seats $1. Night Prices Prevail Sat., Sun. and Holidays.
Geo. M. Cohan Theatre B'WAY AT 43rd ST. NOON TO 11 P. M. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA Special prologue. Other attractions

RIVOLI B'WAY AT 49th ST. WALLACE REID in "The Dictator" A Paramount Picture Rivoli Concert Orchestra. "Everybody's going to the Rivoli now." Beginning Tom'w—THOMAS MEIGHAN in "If You Believe It, It's So"!

RIALTO TIMES SQUARE Beginning Tom'w Jack Holt in "While Satan Sleeps" A Paramount Picture Famous Rialto Orchestra —WALLACE REID in "THE DICTATOR."

PLAZA Mad. Ave. and 59th St. 'Woman of the Lady Lett' with Dorothy Dalton & Rodolph Valentino & Johnny Hines in "Doggone Torchy." TOM'W—Bert Lytell in "The Right That Failed."

CAMEO Dir. B. S. MOSS John Barrymore in 'Sherlock Holmes' "GO SEE IT." —N. Y. World.

STRAND B'y & 47 St. James Oliver Curwood's "GOD'S COUNTRY AND THE LAW" Strand Symphony Orchestra.

CAPITOL B'way at 51st. "The Dust Flower" with HELENE CHADWICK Capitol Grand Orchestra.

WILLIAM FOX presents THE GREAT AMERICAN FILM! Silver Wings with Mary Carr 15 Person at Each Performance. WITH AND FOR AMERICANS

APOLLO West 42nd St. Twice Daily 2:30 & 8:30

LYRIC THEATRE, WEST 42ND ST. TWICE DAILY, 2:30-8:30. WILLIAM FOX presents THE GREATEST OF ALL SCREEN SPECTACLES "NERO"
Staged by J. GORDON EDWARDS.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Cont. Noon to 11 P. M. METRO PICTURES CORP. PRESENTS VIOLA DANA in "The $5 BABY" Irvin S. Cobb's Story of New York's Ghetto.

LOEW'S STATE B'way & 45th St. 11 A. M. to 12 P. M. "The Man from Home." with James Kirkwood Chas. Ahearn & Co. and others.

NEW AMSTERDAM, W. 42nd St., of 8th. POPULAR MATINEE TODAY
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES

EARL CARROLL 7th Av. & 50 St. Last 2 Weeks
RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S with Frank Fay, Mlenlo Tow & Dolly Connolly PIN WHEEL

BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. at 8:30. MATINEE TODAY at 2:30
"Miss Hirle's Performance as KIKI is the most finished piece of acting of the season."
—Heywood Broun
DAVID BELASCO Presents
LENORE ULRIC in KIKI

HARRIS W. 42nd St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:30.
SAM H HARRIS "SIX CYLINDER LOVE" with ERNEST TRUEX
46th Week
By Wm. Anthony McGuire.

MUSIC BOX W. 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Today & Wed., 2:15
340TH TIME TONIGHT
IRVING BERLIN'S "MUSIC BOX REVUE"
Wm. Collier, Florence Moore, Joe Santley, Ivy Sawyer, Ethelind Terry, Solly Ward. Staged by Hassard Short.

CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30.
WALLACE EDDINGER "Captain Applejack" NASH By Walter Hackett
322D TIME TONIGHT

Good Morning Dearie
Musical Comedy Sensation at the GLOBE Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed.

39th ST. MUSIC HALL, B'way & 7th Av. W. 56th St. Tel. Col.—1414.
SHUFFLE ALONG Mat. Today, 2:30.
LAST 5 WEEKS ORIGINAL CAST

A Summer Resort in the City
CLOVER GARDENS DANCING
EVERY NIGHT 8:30. Sat. & Sun. 2:30 & 8:30
Grand Central Palace 75c AND $1.00

Direction of Otto Aeschbach
COLUMBIA PARK, North Bergen, N. J. Bus from 48 Av. at Bowling Fields & Park. Amusements Churches & Ladies 25 minutes from Times Square

MRS. MALLORY AND MLLE. LENGLEN WIN

Will Meet at Wimbledon Today to Decide World's Tennis Title for Women.

MRS. BEAMISH IS BEATEN

American Champion Defeats Englishwoman in Semi-Final Round by 6-2, 6-2.

FRENCH STAR AT HER BEST

Gains Straight-Set Victory Over Mrs. Peacock, 6-4, 6-1—Lycett Reaches Final of Men's Singles.

Cable dispatch to The New York Times Company. Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 7.—Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory will have the opportunity tomorrow of measuring her skill against Mlle. Suzanne Lenglen's for the title of women's world's tennis champion. Both played in the semi-finals today at Wimbledon and both were victorious, Mrs. Mallory defeating Mrs. A. E. Beamish in straight sets by 6—2, 6—2, and Mlle. Lenglen defeating Mrs. Peacock by 6—4, 6—1.

Neither finalist had a walkover and both had to work hard for their victories, yet the scores give a fairly accurate idea of the play. There was a time toward the end of Mlle. Lenglen's first set when the French champion was distinctly unhappy, while, on the other hand, Mrs. Mallory was showing much more of her true form than on the two previous days of the tournament.

It was hoped today to play off the semi-finals of the men's singles and an enormous crowd came out to the new Wimbledon grounds. Queen Alexandra, Princess Victoria and the former King and Queen of Portugal were present. Rain spoiled the afternoon, however, to a large extent. Randolph Lycett managed to play three magnificent sets with J. B. Gilbert and beat him, 8—6, 9—7, 6—3; but James O. Anderson and Gerald L. Patterson had no opportunity to meet.

Mrs. Peacock Wins First Game.

Mlle. Lenglen, as she faced Mrs. Peacock, looked nobody. She scored only once in the first game and lost it by two successive nuts, but the second was a love game in her favor and she permitted Mrs. Peacock to make only a single point in the third. That point, however, gained the Englishwoman a well-earned round of applause. A long-drawn-out exchange of baseline shots aroused the spectators to intense excitement, and Mrs. Peacock brought the rally to a close by a return so awkwardly placed that Mlle. Lenglen, though she touched it, could not get the ball back over the net. The next two games went to the French champion easily enough, but from then on Mrs. Peacock gave her much more trouble.

The first point of the sixth game Mrs. Peacock won by driving the ball so hard past Mlle. Lenglen that she did not even try to return it, and she won the second by chasing Mlle. Lenglen all over the court in a spirited rally. The next point went to Mlle. Lenglen, but she threw away the fourth by serving a double fault. Mrs. Peacock needed one more point for the game and she got it when her opponent missed the ball in surprising fashion after a long rally. The next game also went to Mrs. Peacock, although she, too, made a double fault. She brought the score to deuce by ending a rally with a shot which scarcely arose from the ground. Mlle. Lenglen then hit out of court and was completely beaten by a hard return which Mrs. Peacock placed beautifully in the extreme corner.

The score was now 3—3 and Mlle. Lenglen was none too comfortable. In several of the rallies, she had been hustled unmercifully and so far she had certainly not established any clear supremacy. Mrs. Peacock seemed to have more than a sporting chance for the set, even though unsteadiness lost her the next game. She was at her best in the ninth game which began with a long rally. Mlle. Lenglen forced her way to the net, but Mrs. Peacock managed one past her and scored. Both hits out of turn. Mlle. Lenglen then netted the ball which seemed well within her reach and was completely taken by Mrs. Peacock's next service. The games stood 5—4 and anything seemed possible. But Mrs. Peacock threw her chance away by giving Mlle. Lenglen a love game.

Rallies Hard-Fought.

Mrs. Peacock won the first game of the second set after a brilliant series of rallies which were perhaps the most fiercely fought of the match and made an spectacular return of a ball which the French champion seemed to have placed completely out of her reach. Her brilliancy aroused Mlle. Lenglen and, in the next game, she chased Mrs. Peacock all over the court and made it a love game. Deuce was called in the fourth, but it was fairly evident that the fortunes of the day had definitely turned toward the French woman. Mlle. Lenglen was hitting superbly and was sending over sideline shots that were quite unplayable. Mrs. Peacock struggled hard and won the longest rally of the day at the opening of the fifth game, but Mlle. Lenglen recovered her position by putting the ball past Mrs. Peacock in delightfully deliberate fashion. The game ended tamely in Mlle. Lenglen's favor and a heavy thunderstorm which came down and stopped all play for two hours and a half. When it was resumed, it took Mlle. Lenglen only ten minutes to capture two more games and win the set.

It was 7 o'clock before Mrs. Mallory came out to face Mrs. Beamish, but the great was the interest in the match that well over 5,000 persons waited for it through dreary hours of rain. Mrs. Mallory had the service and took the first three points through Mrs. Beamish's failure to get the measure of the court. Hitting out, Mrs. Mallory lost the next point by not getting near enough to the ball to get it back over the net, but she won the game handily with only one point against her. The next also was the American's after a series of long rallies, but in the next three games Mrs. Beamish had to face a terrific hammering. Mrs. Mallory kept to her base line and sent shot after shot to the rear of Mrs. Beamish's court with an accuracy and force that kept Mrs. Beamish rushing from one side to the other. Fortunately for Mrs. Beamish, she has a strong backhand stroke and so was able to make a good fight against an attack which persistently sought her left side.

It was not until the sixth game, however, that the English player managed to make much headway. The pace then became so hot for Mrs. Mallory and she became so far at a few strokes unsteady. Twice in succession she hit out of court, and although Mrs. Beamish, by returning the ball into the net, gave her a new chance, she followed suit with the next ball and lost the game.

Mrs. Beamish won the next game too. This was marked by a magnificent rally that seemed as if it would never end. It began with both players at their sidelines, but as it went on, both moved slowly to the valley and at length Mrs. Beamish broke through with a smash that swept past Mrs. Mallory and landed just within her baseline.

It was only for a few minutes, however, that Mrs. Beamish made good her defense. Twice in the next game Mrs. Mallory put such hot shots past her that she did not attempt to return them and the game soon ended. Mrs. Mallory taking the set alone with it.

Mrs. Mallory won the first game of the second set also. Mrs. Beamish tried to place one shot out of her reach. Mrs. Mallory just touched it, with the result that she lipped it to an impossible position for her opponent. Mrs. Beamish took the second game after several fine rallies in which she more than held her own. In fact, at this stage of the match she was pressing Mrs. Mallory hard and though the American took the next four games in succession it was only after she had to bestir herself and use her agility as well as her skill. A particularly thrilling moment came after deuce had been called in the fifth game. Mrs. Beamish brought the rally to a close by a dash to the net and by just tipping the ball over. Mrs. Mallory failed to reach it, but got her revenge immediately by putting the next ball first to the right and then to the left of Mrs. Beamish. The game ended by Mrs. Beamish netting the ball tamely.

Mrs. Mallory Ends It.

With the score at 5-1 in favor of Mrs. Mallory, Mrs. Beamish seemed to be tiring. Yet she pulled out one more game. Once again there was a magnificent rally which held the spectators in tense silence. Mrs. Beamish pitched one just over the net. Mrs. Mallory dashed for it and barely succeeded in getting it back. But Mrs. Beamish was ready, and with one of her smashes to the rear of the court won a critical point.

It was her last effort. In the next game Mrs. Mallory had the upper hand, and, with a fine smash along the sideline, a long drive across court and a gentle pat of the ball over the net, where Mrs. Beamish could do nothing with it, Mrs. Mallory won the game, set and match.

Both Women at Top of Form.

WIMBLEDON, July 7 (Associated Press).—With Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory's convincing victory over Mrs. A. E. Beamish of England today, and Mlle. Suzanne Lenglen having triumphed over Mrs. Peacock, the centre court at Wimbledon is ready for tomorrow's dramatic occasion, when the American and French tennis stars will meet to decide the women's tennis championship of the world. Tomorrow's meeting is looked upon as a decidedly auspicious occasion, as, apart from interest in the match itself, it is the first time that America has sent a woman player here since the war who has succeeded in reaching the final at Wimbledon, and this result, it is pointed out, fully proves the claims repeatedly made in the past month's tournament that Mrs. Mallory in the years has been showing a form ahead of anything seen from her in England on her previous visits.

Mlle. Lenglen's play in the tournament based in her match today, has been a source of wonder to those who have followed the tournament. When it was suggested to her today that, in the past three days, she has been playing the greatest game of her career, she smiled and, apparently much pleased, said: "Yes, I think you will see right that my play is of a better standard than ever before, but nowadays I am not so strong physically. I have to be careful, I cannot run so much. But I agree with you. To my mind my playing in the match with Miss Elizabeth Ryan in the class ahead of my match with Mrs. Lambert Chambers in 1919. We both played harder this year and I played ever so much better against Miss Ryan than against Miss McKane."

An Inspired Game.

Mrs. Mallory seemed to play an inspired game today. She was almost faultless against Mrs. Beamish, her control of the ball was amazing. She has often revealed an instability in returning the ball on her backhand, but today it might have been her stronger side. Ball after ball she hit with perfect control and fine speed to within inches of Mrs. Beamish's left sideline. She served a continuous stream of shots to this spot, which, generally getting Mrs. Beamish well out of court, would shoot a forehand drive across to the opposite corner, leaving the English woman yards away from the ball. The spectators were amazed. On all sides was heard the same comment. They thought Mrs. Mallory didn't have a backhand return.

The play of Mrs. Peacock in her match with Mlle. Lenglen aroused the greatest enthusiasm. Her backhand drive was frequently a forcing ball, and she scored frequently against Mlle. Lenglen's forehand placements. In Mlle. Lenglen woman's center. Often the English woman's drives were so hard and so accurately placed to her opponent's backhand on the baseline that the French woman was thrown back off her balance and failed to return the ball into court.

Mrs. Mallory was a most attentive spectator of this match. From the competitors' stand she watched every ball with the keenest interest, but made no comment.

The crowd expected more play when the women's match was concluded. There were tumultuous cries from all parts of the grounds: "Anderson and Patterson." These became so insistent that the committeemen entered the royal box and one of them shouted through a megaphone that it was far too late to put on a match of such importance and it would not be fair to the players.

Lycett in Impressive Victory.

The first match of the day, preceding the Mallory-Beamish and Lenglen-Peacock contests, was that between Randolph Lycett of Great Britain and J. B. Gilbert, a fellow-countryman, in the semi-finals of the men's championship. Lycett was the victor in straight sets, 8—6, 9—7, 6—3.

Both men revealed a fine all-round game with splendid driving and spectacular net play. But it is generally considered that neither showed tennis of a calibre sufficient to endanger the chances of the winner of the other half of the men's singles semi-finals.

Lycett led, 5—3, in the first set, was caught, and his opponent then led, 6—5. Lycett displayed brilliant net play and carried the next three games, winning the first set.

Gilbert improved and went ahead to 4—2 in the second set. With excellent shots he reached 5—2. Here Lycett applied pressure and made the score equal at 5—5. Then, with a burst of hard driving, Lycett won another game, and with 6—3 in the next, Gilbert bungled completely and got no reprieve to 30—40. Lycett failed to put away an easy ball at the net, and the game went to Gilbert.

Lycett was forced to 5—7 and 40—30, when he used a hurricane serve, thus winning the second.

Lycett in the third set held two games to his opponent's three, but, after that, came through with the next four games and took the set, 6—3.

Tomorrow's program will open with the men's doubles. Then will come the semi-final match between F. G. Anderson and Gerald L. Patterson, to be followed by the Lenglen-Mallory match.

The summaries:

Women's Singles, Semi-final Round—Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, United States, defeated Mrs. A. E. Beamish, Great Britain, 6—2, 6—2; Mlle. Suzanne Lenglen, France, defeated Mrs. Peacock, Great Britain, 6—4, 6—1.

Men's Singles, Semi-final Round—Randolph Lycett, Great Britain, defeated J. B. Gilbert, Great Britain, 8—6, 9—7, 6—3.

Greenleaf Pockets 114 Balls, Making World's Record Run

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.—Ralph Greenleaf, holder of the professional pocket billiard title, made a new world's high run record tonight by pocketing 114 balls from the break in a match with Charles Harmon of this city. The run was unfinished and Greenleaf will endeavor to add to it in the next block tomorrow. It was made under the new rules with the fifteenth ball in each frame left on the table. The former record of 109 also was held by Greenleaf.

Because the run was made in a 500-point exhibition, it is doubtful whether it will be recognized as a record.

HOOVER OUTROWS BAYNES AT HENLEY

American Amateur Champion Leads Australian by Three Lengths in Diamond Sculls.

WINS WAY INTO FINAL

His Last Opponent Will Be Beresford, Victor Over Blyth, Oxford Titleholder.

HENLEY-ON-THAMES, July 7 (Associated Press).—Walter M. Hoover, the American amateur sculling champion, tomorrow will meet J. Beresford Jr. of England in the final of the classic diamond sculls. Hoover won his way into the final today by defeating A. Baynes of Australia, while Beresford survived the semi-finals by winning over Blyth, the Oxford champion.

Both finalists won easy victories today. Hoover having the faster time. The American rowed his heat in 9 minutes 35 seconds, while Beresford won in 10 minutes 22 seconds.

Baynes rowed with a long, powerful pull, which he maintained evenly to the finish. Hoover's quicker stroke and more rapid arm movement seemed to be the winning factor, as Baynes was no more spent than was the American at the finish.

After the race Hoover declared the contest with Baynes was much easier than were the Philadelphia challenge cup matches in the United States. He said that after the first half mile of today's race it was not necessary to give his best to maintain the lead, which he increased from half a length at the quarter mile to three lengths at the finish.

Thinks Beresford Worthy Opponent.

Beresford, who has rowed on the Thames since he was twelve years old, and who won the diamond sculls in 1920, is looked on by the American champion as a most worthy opponent in the final contest tomorrow. The Englishman's style has been compared to that of Baynes, as he has a very powerful stroke.

Hoover explained the seeming difficulty which he experienced with his right arm as being due to a slight quick feathering of the stroke, the blade sometimes turning more than parallel and taking a little water. He does not think this circumstance is likely to interfere seriously with his speed.

Today's matches were rowed under very unfavorable weather conditions, Hoover, who faced a gale yesterday, rowing today's race in a downpour of rain.

Bands Play "The Star-Spangled Banner."

As the American passed the finish line three lengths ahead, the bands played "The Star-Spangled Banner" while a few water-soaked bits of bunting bearing the Stars and Stripes waved from under umbrellas, indicated that at least a few Americans were sticking with the Henley regatta despite the gales, rainstorms and cold water.

The umpire commented upon the perfect steering of both oarsmen, who hugged the booms on either side of the course and did not vary their distance from them more than a foot during the entire journey.

The Times correspondent at the Henley regatta says Walter Hoover, the American champion, undoubtedly is a very fast sculler, despite the curious finish to his stroke. Hoover probably will take the sculls championship for the United States and the correspondent is convinced that yesterday's race was the first time Baynes ever had been defeated.

The summaries:

Diamond Sculls, Semi-Final Heats—Walter Hoover, United States, defeated A. Baynes, Australia, by 3 lengths; Time—9:35. J. Beresford Jr., England, defeated Blyth, England. Time—0:10:22.

Grand Challenge Cup, Semi-Final Heats—Grasshopper Club, Zurich, Switzerland, defeated Leander C. C., England, by 2 lengths; Thames Rowing Club, England, defeated Christiania Roklub, Norway, by three-quarters of a length.

THINKS HOOVER WILL WIN.

Jack Kelly, Former Champion, Looks for Beresford's Defeat.

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.—Jack Kelly, retired amateur sculling champion of the world, said today that he thought that Walter Hoover of Duluth would defeat J. Beresford of England in the final for the Diamond Sculls at Henley. Kelly, who retired from rowing because of pressure of business, has sculled against both men. He has defeated Hoover in some water and won from Beresford in the 1920 Olympics at Brussels. He expressed delight at Hoover's victory in the semi-final today.

"I look for Hoover to beat Beresford," Kelly said. "If she is in good condition and rows as well as he has against me. Both men are about the same in build and strength, and if Beresford is rowing in top form the race ought to be a good one and very close."

MONTCLAIR TEAM LEADS.

Heads Six Clubs in Jersey Tennis League, With Orange Second.

The Montclair Athletic Club tennis team, champions of the New Jersey Tennis League in 1921, has taken a commanding lead in the team tournament now in progress among the six clubs of the league. Montclair has the record of nine victories and only one defeat, while the Orange Lawn Tennis Club, in second place, has ten victories and five defeats.

In its meeting with East Orange, Montclair made a clean sweep of the five contests, but not without a struggle. Both doubles matches went the limit of five sets. Short Hills has revealed unexpected strength, beating East Orange, 4 to 1, and sending the latter to the bottom rung of the ladder.

The following is the standing of the clubs:

Team.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Montclair	9	1	.900
Orange	10	5	.666
Elizabeth	8	7	.533
Short Hills	8	7	.400
Morristown	4	10	.285
East Orange	4	11	.263

TILDEN ENTERS FINAL.

National Tennis Champion Defeats Westbrook at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 7.—William T. Tilden 2d of Philadelphia won his way into the finals of the national clay courts tennis tournament today, defeating Walter Wesbrook, Detroit, in straight sets, 7—5, 6—2, 6—4. Rain caused the postponement of several matches set for today and the Tilden-Westbrook match was played on Carl G. Fisher's covered court.

The junior tournament was also completed on this court and was won by George Lott, Chicago, who defeated Leonard Reed Jr., Pittsburgh, in a five-set match, 6—0, 7—5, 6—4.

Zenzo Shimizu, Japanese Davis Cup player, will meet Charles Garland Jr., Pittsburgh, in the senior singles semi-finals tomorrow, and the winner will meet Tilden in the final.

TO PLAY EAST-WEST MATCH.

Californians Agree to Second Intersectional Tennis Contest.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—Dr. Sumner Hardy, President of the California Lawn Tennis Association, announced here today that the West had agreed to a second East-West tennis tournament, to be held at Philadelphia some time in September. The East and the West have met once this year, at Berkeley, the West being victorious.

Hornsby Takes Lead in Race For 1922 Home-Run Honors

By driving out his twenty-first circuit clout of the season in St. Louis yesterday, Rogers Hornsby, star of the Cardinals, wrested the lead in the race for home run honors from Kenneth Williams, the Browns's slugger, for the first time this season. Six other home runs were made by major league players yesterday. George Kelly of the Giants connected for two and George Burns of the Red Sox, Clarence Walker of the Athletics, Eddie Ainsmith of the Cardinals and Zack Wheat of the Robbins made one each.

The leading home run hitters in each major league follow:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Hornsby, St. Louis	21
Williams, Philadelphia	12
Wheat, Brooklyn	11
Ainsmith, St. Louis	9
Meusel, New York	8
Kelly, New York	8
Parkinson, Philadelphia	8

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Williams, St. Louis	20
C. Walker, Philadelphia	18
Ruth, New York	14
Miller, Philadelphia	12
Heilmann, Detroit	12

BASSFORD'S DEFEAT IS TENNIS UPSET

Osgood Furnishes Surprise in Westchester Tourney With Victory by 7-5, 1-6, 6-2.

Two men reached the semi-final round yesterday in the tournament at the County Tennis Club of Westchester, Hartsdale, for the Westchester championship in singles. They were Franklin T. Osgood, former Dartmouth College star, and Herbert L. Bowman, New Jersey and Maryland champion. Osgood won the feature match of the afternoon from Henry H. Bassford, the New York T. C. southpaw, whom he defeated in three exciting sets, 7—5, 1—6, 6—2. Bassford was one of the players occupying a seeded position in the draw and his defeat was somewhat unexpected; nevertheless, Osgood is an experienced player, possessor of so well-rounded a game that he is always a dangerous opponent. The match was exceptionally well played on both sides, Bowman won an easier victory from E. Smith, 6—3, 6—2.

Two fourth round matches remain to be played this afternoon. Dr. George King, the champion, will meet Stanley A. Manchester and Vanderbilt B. Ward will play Harris P. Fisher Jr., the eleven's eleheen youngster. Besides these matches, it is possible that the semi-finals may be played late in the afternoon.

In the doubles a favorite pair was eliminated when Dr. William Rosenbaum hurt his arm. Rosenbaum and Manfred Goldman, for instance, They had dropped a set, 6—2, to H. D. Ewing and Harris Fisher, and were trailing, 2—1, in the second, when Rosenbaum was injured and forced to withdraw.

The summaries:

Westchester Singles, Championship, Fourth Round—Osgood defeated H. Bassford, 7—5, 1—6, 6—2. Second Round—C. C. Graham and Alexander Standing defeated George O'Kane and A. Schofield, 6—3, 6—1, 6—4; Dr. B. F. Drake and M. E. Fox defeated Warren Ives and Fred Mathews, 6—3, 2—6, 6—2; Donald Stirling and A. Bradley defeated D. Evans and L. Schoolgar, 6—4, 6—4.

Third Round—H. D. Ewing and Harris B. Fisher Jr. defeated Dr. William Rosenbaum and Manfred Goldman, 6—2, 2—6, 6—2; retired; Charles A. Anderson and Fred Planisani defeated Morris Clark and James Robinson, 6—1, 6—4.

SKEETERS SOUNDLY BEATEN

Jersey City Drops Loosely Played 15 to 9 Game in Reading.

Special to The New York Times.

READING, Pa., July 7.—Out on a batting spree, Chief Bender's Reading Aces celebrated their return from the road today by handing Manager Ben Egan's Jersey City clan a 15 to 9 defeat in a weird game.

Brown opposed Wurm on the mound, the former equaling Lefty Grove's strike-out record, when he retired fifteen of the Skeeters, while Wurm was as wild as a March hare, walking ten men.

The score:

READING (L)	AB	R	H	P	A	JERSEY CITY (L)	AB	R	H	P	A
Gilhooley,cf	5	2	3	2	0	Jacobs,lf	6	0	2	0	0
Getz,3b	5	0	2	3	2	Donelson,rf	4	1	1	1	0
Lightner,rf	6	1	3	0	0	Zitman,cf	4	1	1	1	0
Haines,1b	6	1	2	6	0	Holt,1b	5	3	2	9	0
Wolfe,1b	0	0	0	1	0	Ramsey,3b	5	0	1	1	1
Thomas,ss	4	2	1	0	2	Killinger,2b	4	1	1	2	4
Miller,lf	5	2	2	0	0	Ray,ss	3	0	0	0	5
Scott,2b	3	1	2	0	0	Freitas,c	5	1	2	5	2
Kopf,2b	1	0	0	1	0	Wurm,p	4	0	0	0	4
Clarke,c	5	1	1	10	0	Meister	1	0	0	0	0
McNeill,c	0	0	0	1	0	Zellers	0	1	0	0	0
Brown,p	5	1	3	0	3						
Total	57	15	20	27	7	Total	41	9	9	24	14

a Batted for Killinger in ninth.
b Batted for Ray in ninth.
Errors—Jacobs, Freitag, Wurm (2), Miller, Scott (2), Kopf (2), Clarke.

Reading	1	0	0	6	2	0	0	6	0	—15
Jersey City	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	5	—9

Two-base hits—Lightner, Brown (2), Clarke, Zitman, Holt. Stolen bases—Killinger, Gilhooley. Sacrifice—Getz. Double plays—Ray, Killinger and Holt; Holt (unassisted). Left on bases—Jersey City 11, Reading 6. Bases on balls—Off Wurm 10, Brown 4. Struck out—By Brown 5, Wurm 2, (Wurm 1 hit by pitcher). By Brown (Zitman) Zellers (Wurm). Wild pitch—Brown. Umpires—Derr and Flynn. Time of game—2:30.

GROVES BLANKS NEWARK.

Orioles' Southpaw Fans Fourteen and Baltimore Wins, 5 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 7.—Lefty Groves was too much for Newark in the opening game of the series against the Orioles here today, and the Bears were blanked, 5 to 0. The elongated southpaw came within an ace of equalling his own International League strike-out record when he forced fourteen of the opposition to fan.

Ruddy Kneisch, who opposed Groves, hurled good ball, too, but he was a trifle unsteady at times, and in the third and fourth Baltimore bunched the majority of their eight hits and registered five runs. McAvoy's double and Groves' single accounted for a marker in the third, while successive bases on balls to Walsh and Bentley, Dizon's triple, McAvoy's double and Bishop's triple netted four more in the fourth. Outside of these two frames Kneisch held the leaguers safe.

One game is scheduled for tomorrow and two on Sunday.

The score:

BALTIMORE (L)	AB	R	H	P	A	NEWARK (L)	AB	R	H	P	A
Bishop,2b	4	0	1	1	1	Altenburg,rf	4	0	0	2	0
Lawrie,rf	4	0	1	0	0	Meyers,2b	4	0	1	4	2
Jacobsen,cf	3	0	0	2	0	Brainard,cf	4	0	1	4	0
Walsh,lf	3	1	1	1	0	Welsh,3b	4	0	0	0	0
Bentley,3b	3	1	1	0	2	Walker,1b	4	0	0	9	0
Styles,1b	0	0	0	9	0	Wiggs,ss,p	2	0	0	0	2
Dizon,ss	4	0	0	3	3	Bones,ss	2	0	1	0	4
McAvoy,c	3	1	2	7	1	Schock,c	2	0	0	7	0
Groves,p	3	0	1	1	0	Kneisch,p	3	0	0	0	0
Total	31	3	8	24	7	Total	32	0	4	26	8

Error—Porter.

Baltimore	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	—5
Newark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—McAvoy (2). Three-base hits—Dixon, Bishop. Sacrifice—Kneisch. Double plays—Bones, Meyers and Walker. Left on bases—Baltimore 6, Newark 4. Bases on balls—Off Groves 1, Kneisch 4. Struck out—By Groves 14, Kneisch 6. Passed ball—Schock. Umpires—McDevitt, Janes and Carpenter. Time of game—1:45.

TRYOUTS FOR IRISH GAMES ABANDONED

United States Not to Send Team Abroad Because of Political Disturbances.

Because of the political disturbances in Ireland it has been decided by the United States Executive Committee for the Aonach Thailltean to abandon plans for tryouts to select a team to represent this country in the Thailltean games scheduled for Dublin during the week of Aug. 6 to 13. The Amateur Athletic Union announced the abandonment of the American tryout program yesterday when Murray Hulbert, President of the Board of Aldermen, who is also Chairman of the United States Executive Committee for the Irish Race championships, notified the Central Committee in Ireland that under existing conditions it was deemed inexpedient to send a team abroad for the games.

Plans for the holding of tryouts to select an Irish-American team had progressed to the stage where everything was in readiness to hold the trials under the auspices of the Amateur Athletic Union. Dates for the different events had been adopted and negotiations were nearing completion for sites for tryouts in swimming, cycling, boxing, track and field and handball, to be held next week. The American officials have observed their elaborate preparations with the understanding, however, that if at a later date it is decided to send a team to Dublin members of the team will be selected from among applicants without holding tryouts.

WHITE WINS TWO MATCHES ON LINKS

Former Met. Champion Reaches Engineers' Semi-Finals—Partridge Twice Victor by 1 Up.

Special to The New York Times.

ROSLYN, L. I., July 7.—The annual invitation tournament of the Engineers' Country Club reached its semi-final and final stages here today with a match between Gardiner White of Nassau, former metropolitan title-holder, and Frank Hoyt of the host club, one of the veterans of the district, in prospect for the morrow. There is no assurance that such will be the case, however, for H. J. C. Tippet of the Meadow Brook Club and Dwight Partridge of Bedford are still in the running and may dispute the matter and upset the calculations.

White gained a place in the semi-final bracket by defeating Wynne Hoyt of Cherry Valley by 4 and 3 in the morning round and then coming from behind to defeat his club-mate, H. S. Will, by 2 up in the afternoon. Along Hoyt's path were strewn the hopes of J. T. Adams of Cherry Valley, yesterday's medalist, who succumbed before the Engineers' player by the impressive margin of 6 and 5 in the first round of match play while in the second circuit Hoyt defeated his old-time rival, Fellow Club Jamaican, with a score of 88. The low net honors went to Edward Roesler Jr., one of the younger players in the tournament with a card of 87, 20 77. Roesler hails from the North Hempstead Country Club.

Stephen Georgegan of Huntington won the second eight honors by defeating Arthur K. Bourne of Westbrook by 5 and 4.

The semi-final rounds were hard earned by Partridge and Patterson, the former defeating George J. Kreischer of Flushing by 2 and 1, while Fulkerson's margin over Thompson was only one hole. In the final round, Fulkerson was straight down the line with his tee shots while Partridge showed a tendency toward wildness and this proved his undoing. The winner started out with a rush by holing out a twenty-footer at the first hole and from then on he completely dominated the match. Fulkerson had a chance to end matters at the fourteenth, but a five-foot putt rimmed the cup.

The summaries:

First Eight—Semi-final Round—Edward Knapp Jr., Westbrook, defeated George J. Kreischer, Flushing, 3 and 1; Neal Fulkerson, Bellecaire, defeated Andrew Thomsen, Garden City Country, 1 up.

Final Round—Fulkerson defeated Knapp, 3 and 2.

Second Eight—Final Round—Stephen Georgegan, Huntington, defeated Arthur K. Bourne, Westbrook, 5 and 4.

MAY STOP RING BOUTS.

Governor Has Ordered Investigation of Leonard-Kansas Fight.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 7 (Associated Press).—Ring contests may be barred from Indiana in the future, Governor Warren T. McCray declared here today in commenting on the match staged at Michigan City, Ind., July 4, between Benny Leonard and Rocky Kansas. "I don't think there will be any more fights held in this State as the Governor said. "The only way to determine whether a ring contest is a boxing match or a prizefight is to stop them all."

Governor McCray also stated that he was having T. S. Lesh, Attorney General for Indiana, make an investigation of the July 4 bout to determine, if possible, whether it was a prizefight or boxing contest. An investigation also will be made, he said, of the proposed ring matches to determine their exact status under the Indiana law, which prohibits prizefights, but permits boxing exhibits.

GOLFERS SCORE WELL OVER SKOKIE COURSE

Low Cards Are Returned in Practice for the Open Championship.

CHICAGO, July 7 (Associated Press).—Star golfers continued to burn up the course at the Skokie Country Club today in practice rounds for the national open championship, which will start on Monday. The fairways are so baked that Abe Mitchell today drove the seventeenth green, 430 yards, the ball carrying about 225 yards and rolling the rest of the way.

Mitchell and his compatriot, George Duncan, however, were unable to do better than 72 strokes each, and they lost a best-ball match to John G. Anderson, New York amateur, who also scored 72, and John Farrell of Philadelphia, who had 34, 36—70.

Another four-ball match was won by Jock Hutchison and Leo Diegel of New Orleans, who defeated Walter Hagen of Detroit, new British title holder, and Joe Kirkwood, Australian open champion, 4 and 3.

The star performance of the day was furnished by Clarence Hackney of Atlantic City, who duplicated the record score of 66 made Wednesday by William Mehlhorn of Shreveport, La.

Among other good scores, Emmett Francis of Youngstown made 34, 36—70; Gene Sarazen, Pittsburgh, 35, 36—71; Mac Brady, Detroit, 36—70.

Among the amateurs, the best practice round was by Fred Wright of Los Angeles, who bested par by two strokes on the first half, but went one over on the return for 32, 37—69.

PIRATES PURCHASE ELSH.

Give Three Players and Cash for Sioux City Outfielder.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, July 7.—Sale of Roy Elsh, Sioux City Western League outfielder, to the Pittsburgh Pirates for Outfielder John McKay, two other players and a cash consideration involving approximately $16,000, was announced today by "Chick" Mattick, manager of the local club.

Elsh will report to the Pirates after the Saturday game here.

American Association.

St. Paul 7, Milwaukee 4.
Kansas City 8, Minneapolis 4.
Louisville 4, Columbus 2.
Other clubs not scheduled.

Eastern League.

New Haven 9, Albany 0.
Waterbury 5, Bridgeport 1 (10 Innings).
Pittsburg 5, Pittsfield 4.
Springfield-Hartford game off (rain).

BARCLAY VICTOR AT MAPLEWOOD TRAPS

Wins White Mountain Handicap Shoot by Breaking 96 Out of 100 Targets.

Special to The New York Times.

MAPLEWOOD, N. H., July 7.—The White Mountain Handicap was the chief event today in the eighth annual Maplewood trapshooting tournament. The field was divided into three classes, with the targets placed at distances ranging from 18 to 23 yards, as follows: Class A, 21, 22 and 23 yards; Class B, 19 and 20 yards, and Class C, 16, 17 and 18 yards. The event was won by D. M. Barclay of Barre, Vt., who broke 96 out of 100 targets from 20 yards.

The Class A first trophy was captured by F. R. Earle of South Carolina, who has been shooting in exceptionally good form and previously had won the high over all trophies two days in succession. Today he broke 93 out of 100 from 22 yards. The second trophy was won by S. G. Vance of Tillsonburg, Ontario, who tied Earle at 93 from 22 yards. Vance lost in the shoot-off, however, missing two more clays than Earle. Dr. G. E. Martin of New York finished third in this class, breaking 92 from 21 yards.

The Class B event was won by D. S. Shallcross, Selcank, Mass., with a 94 from 19 yards, and first prize in Class C went to A. L. Brackett of Boston with 95 from 16 yards.

Mrs. Robert Livingston of New York was again high gunner among the women in today's events. She broke 92 from 16 yards.

Among the New Yorkers who made good scores today were Ralph Spotts, who broke 91 from 22 yards; H. G. Vosel, 88; M. McVey Jr., 83; G. J. Corbett, 82, and C. L. Zuccs, 86.

The finals in the Maplewood Hundred championship will be contested here tomorrow.

FULKERSON WINS LONG ISLAND JUNIOR TITLE

Belleclaire Golfer Easily Defeats Knapp, 5 and 3, at Oakland Club.

Special to The New York Times.

BAYSIDE, L. I., July 7.—Neal Fulkerson, one of the members of the younger set in golf matters, representing the neighboring Belleclaire Golf and Country Club, annexed the first annual junior championship of the Long Island Golf Association at the Oakland Golf Club today. With the victory went the replica of the Bonnie Cup, one of the finest bits of silverware now in circulation, while the original will adorn the Belleclaire trophy room for the present year. By winning today, Fulkerson completed his winnings, which he started yesterday with the medal in the qualifying round.

His victory was gained over Edward Knapp Jr. of Westbrook, the match ending on the fifteenth green with the margin 5 and 3.

In the handicap event which was held this afternoon the gross prize was won by Wilton Jaffee of Brook Mead Country Club, Jamaica, with a score of 88. The low net honors went to Edward Roesler Jr., one of the younger players in the tournament with a card of 87, 20 77. Roesler hails from the North Hempstead Country Club.

Stephen Georgegan of Huntington won the second eight honors by defeating Arthur K. Bourne of Westbrook by 5 and 4.

The semi-final rounds were hard earned by Knapp and Fulkerson, the former defeating George J. Kreischer of Flushing by 2 and 1, while Fulkerson's margin over Thompson was only one hole. In the final round, Fulkerson was straight down the line with his tee shots while Partridge showed a tendency toward wildness and this proved his undoing. The winner started out with a rush by holing out a twenty-footer at the first hole and from then on he completely dominated the match. Fulkerson had a chance to end matters at the fourteenth, but a five-foot putt rimmed the cup.

The summaries:

First Eight—Semi-final Round—Edward Knapp Jr., Westbrook, defeated George J. Kreischer, Flushing, 3 and 1; Neal Fulkerson, Bellecaire, defeated Andrew Thomsen, Garden City Country, 1 up.

Final Round—Fulkerson defeated Knapp, 5 and 3.

Second Eight—Final Round—Stephen Georgegan, Huntington, defeated Arthur K. Bourne, Westbrook, 5 and 4.

RUTH'S HIT BEATS CLEVELAND BY 1-0

Bambino Makes Vicious Single Off Morton, Which Scores Winning Run for Yankees.

HOYT ENIGMA TO INDIANS

Pitches So Deceptively That He Holds Rivals to Five Hits—12,200 at Polo Grounds.

The poor old Indians couldn't climb over the barrier of a single run yesterday and lost their third straight to the Yankees. The game was one of those old-fashioned 1—0 pitching battles that went into the discard with the high-wheeled bicycle. It was very refreshing, coming so soon after the swollen games of Thursday—all the more refreshing because it was the Yanks and not the Indians who won.

Somebody invented a machine recently for throwing baseballs to the plate during batting practices, and the model must have been Waite Hoyt. The Child Wonder was five hits short of a no-hit game, and once or twice he stepped on the wrong pedal and threw four balls to a batsman. But aside from these departures, the youngster was as near perfect as he will ever be. He pitched with deceptive ease, threw strikes over whenever he wanted to and mowed the Indians down, inning after inning, until it began to get slightly monotonous.

Some idea of Hoyt's performance may be gleaned from the fact that not a Clevelander ventured as far as third base. To be more exact two of them ventured that far but were promptly killed off before they reached the McNally station. Only three got to second base, and only thirty-two batters toed the plate in the nine innings.

Morton Allows Only Five Hits.

Guy Morton, the tall right-hander, was just as good as Hoyt and a bit more spectacular. He struck out six of the Yanks, allowed them only five safe blows and whitewashed them after the first inning. Scott's triple in the second was wiped out when Everett was run down between third and the plate on Hofmann's tap to the box. Hoyt got to second in the fifth on his scratch single and Wambsganss's poor throw, but when Witt singled to short right Bob Shawkey, coaching at the far corner, seized the opportunity for a short nap and let Hoyt sprint in to sure death at the plate.

It was Ruth who won the game. He hit no homers with the bases full, but the Bambino is versatile and now and then he makes use of common, ordinary singles. Witt walked to start the game and McNally sacrificed. Now, if Ruth hadn't lined a single to centre and scored Witt, the teams might be fighting yet. But Ruth did that very thing. The ball sailed on a vicious line straight for Morton's head, and the pitcher showed rare judgment by bending to one side. With the way thus clear the Ruthian drive kept on going until it reached centre, and Witt scored with the big run.

The Babe was the only Yank who hit Morton with any degree of success. On his second trip to the plate he fanned after getting three straight balls, but in the sixth the Big Slugger lined safely past second base. He was up only three times, for only twenty-nine batters faced Morton in the eight innings. The Babe was on deck in the eighth when McNally made the third out by rolling into Morton's glove.

Excitement in the Ninth.

There was some little excitement in the ninth, and the 12,000 fans were on pins and needles until the Yanks extinguished the blaze. Hoyt got off to a hard-luck start when Wambsganss, who already had one hit, lifted a high fly in short left centre. Ruth and Witt lumbered in, Scott hastened out, but not one of the three could surround the ball. Scotty was the closest; he stabbed at it with two hands and then let it drop, while Wamby cantered to second for a scratch two-bagger.

Speaker was up and there was some trepidation among the talent. But Spoke merely grounded to Scott, and the Deacon tossed to McNally in time to erase Wamby at third. Wood then forced his manager at second, Ward to Scott, and the breathing was easier. But the big play was still to come. Joey Sewell jammed a hard single to right with the count three and two. Wood, already off with the pitch, sprinted along under the justifiable delusion that he would make third safely. But Meusel, out in right, gathered the ball in, and the greatest throwing arm in the American League got into action. McNally took the throw, touched Wood in a cloud of dust and that was that.

The Yanks might have had a run in the second. With Ward out on a fly Scott dropped a triple in right centre, being aided by Wood's slow fielding, but Hofmann hit to Morton and Everett wandered too far from the bag. He was compelled to make a break for it, and O'Neill and Gardner cut him down.

In the fifth Hoyt was thrown out at the plate, and in the sixth Ruth singled with one out. Outside of this Morton got them one-two-three. He struck out Pipp and Ward in the fourth and Ward and Hofmann in the seventh.

Jamieson Gets to Second.

For the Indians Jamieson got to second in the opening frame on his walk and Wamby's sacrifice. But Speaker and Wood retired on flies. Morton singled in the third without further incident, and Wood walked in the fourth, only to be doubled off first when Sewell slashed a liner at Pipp. Gardner's single with two out in the seventh was a total waste.

Scott played his usual good game at short, but the headliner was contributed by McNally in the fifth, when he cut back of third base and nailed McInnis's grounder, then stopped Stuffy at first.

The Yanks are able to report another gain on the raring Browns, whose ambitions to take a double-header at Boston shimmered down to an even break. The Hugmen gained a half game on the enemy, and are now only something like one game away from first place.

The score:

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Witt,cf	3	1	1	0	0
McNally,3b	3	0	0	2	4
Ruth,lf	3	0	2	4	0
Meusel,rf	3	0	0	0	1
Pipp,1b	3	0	0	16	0
Ward,2b	3	0	0	2	3
Scott,ss	3	0	1	1	3
Hofmann,c	3	0	0	2	0
Hoyt,p	2	0	1	0	4
Total	27	1	5	27	15

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jamieson,lf	3	0	0	1	0
Wam'sans,2b	3	0	2	3	1
Speaker,cf	4	0	0	3	0
Wood,rf	3	0	0	1	1
Sewell,ss	4	0	1	1	4
Gardner,3b	3	0	1	2	2
McInnis,1b	3	0	0	6	0
O'Neill,c	3	0	0	7	1
Morton,p	3	0	1	0	1
Total	29	0	5	24	12

Error—Wambsganss.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hit—Wambsganss. Three-base hit—Scott. Sacrifices—Wambsganss, McNally. Double play—Pipp (unassisted). Left on bases—Cleveland 5, New York 4. Bases on balls—Morton 1, Hoyt 2. Struck out—By Morton 6, Hoyt 1. Umpires—Connolly and Chill. Time of game—1:35.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.
AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York 1, Cleveland 0.
Philadelphia 6, Chicago 2.
Detroit 7, Washington 0.
(First game.)
Detroit 11, Washington 9.
(Second game.)
St. Louis 1, Boston 0.
(First game.)
Boston 5, St. Louis 4.
(Thirteen innings; second game.)

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York 9, Pittsburgh 8.
(Eighteen innings.)
St. Louis 6, Brooklyn 5.
Chicago 7, Boston 2.
Philadelphia 3, Cincinnati 1.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.
AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
St. Louis	46	31	.597
New York	47	33	.588
Chicago	38	34	.528
Detroit	40	37	.519
Washington	35	39	.473
Boston	33	42	.440
Cleveland	34	44	.436
Philadelphia	29	43	.403

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	46	24	.657
St. Louis	44	32	.579
Brooklyn	40	35	.533
Chicago	37	36	.507
Cincinnati	36	39	.480
Pittsburgh	34	40	.459
Philadelphia	27	40	.403
Boston	26	44	.371

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.
AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at New York.
(Game starts at 3 P. M.)
Chicago at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Boston (two games.)
Detroit at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.
Boston at Chicago.

BROWNS DIVIDE HONORS.

Win First Game From Boston, 1-0, But Lose Second in 13th, 5-4.

BOSTON, July 7.—The St. Louis Browns and the Boston Red Sox divided honors today. Shocker won the first game for the visitors, 1 to 0, and Burns's home run over the left field fence off Pruett in the thirteenth gave Boston the second, 5 to 4.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin,rf	3	0	1	2	0
Gerber,ss	3	0	1	1	5
Sisler,1b	3	0	2	10	0
McManus,2b	4	0	1	1	1
Jacobson,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Williams,lf	3	0	0	2	0
Shorten,lf	1	0	0	1	0
Severeid,c	4	0	0	3	0
Shocker,p	2	0	0	0	1
Total	31	1	5	27	11

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leibold,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Menosky,lf	3	0	1	0	0
Burns,1b	4	0	1	9	0
Dugan,3b	4	0	1	1	6
Ruel,c	3	0	1	5	0
Maynard,ss	3	0	0	2	2
Ellerbe,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Pennock,p	2	0	0	0	1
aHarris	1	0	1	0	0
bSmith	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	1	5	21	9

a Batted for Maynard in ninth.
b Batted for Pennock in ninth.
Error—Ellerbe.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits—Sisler, Jacobson, Ellerbe. Sacrifices—Shocker, Gerber. Double play—Shocker, Gerber and Sisler. Left on bases—St. Louis 7, Boston 9. Bases on balls—Off Pennock 2. Struck out—By Shocker 2, Pennock 2. Umpires—Evans and Hildebrand. Time of game—2:01.

SECOND GAME.

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leibold,cf	5	0	2	4	1
Menosky,lf	5	1	1	0	3
Burns,1b	5	1	2	12	1
Pratt,2b	5	0	2	2	4
Dugan,3b	5	1	1	0	2
J. Collins,rf	4	1	2	2	0
Ruel,c	3	0	1	5	0
Maynard,ss	2	0	0	0	2
Pittenger,ss	0	1	0	1	1
Foster,ss	2	0	1	1	3
Ferguson,p	2	0	0	0	4
Russell,p	1	0	0	0	4
aHarris	1	0	1	0	0
bSmith	1	0	1	0	0
cKarr	0	0	0	0	0
Total	42	5	12	69	24

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin,rf	6	1	2	0	0
Gerber,ss	6	0	1	4	6
Sisler,1b	6	1	2	16	1
McManus,2b	5	0	1	6	3
Jacobson,cf	6	0	1	2	0
Shorten,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Severeid,c	5	0	0	2	5
Ellerbe,3b	5	0	1	3	5
Wright,p	4	1	1	0	3
Pruett,p	1	0	1	1	2
Total	49	4	13	*37	25

a Batted for Maynard in seventh.
b Batted for Pittenger in ninth.
c Batted for Ferguson in ninth.
* One out when winning run was scored.
Errors—Sisler, Menosky, Ferguson.

Boston	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1—5
St. Louis	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0—4

Two-base hits—Shorten, Jacobson, Sisler, Dugan, Harris, Smith. Three-base hit—Sisler. Home run—Burns. Stolen bases—Dugan, Menosky. Sacrifices—Shorten, Ruel, Ferguson, Leibold. Double plays—Gerber and Sisler; Gerber, McManus and Sisler; Dugan, Pratt and Burns. Left on bases—St. Louis 8, Boston 8. Bases on balls—Off Wright 1, Ferguson 1. Struck out—By Wright 2, Pruett 2, Ferguson 2, Russell 1. Hits—Off Wright 10 in 8 1-3 innings, Pruett 2 in 4, Ferguson 10 in 9, Russell 3 in 4. Hit by pitcher—By Wright (Menosky), Pruett (J. Collins). Winning pitcher—Russell. Losing pitcher—Pruett. Umpires—Hildebrand and Evans. Time of game—2:21.

Curves and Bingles

Hoyt had Speaker eating from his lily-white hand. Tris got the ball out of the infield once, and that time Ruth galloped over and settled under his easy fly.

The Indians had no mean yesterday over the pitching. They couldn't hit Hoyt and never have been able to hit him, even when there was a pennant at stake, as there was in the gladsome days of yore.

According to Cleveland observers with the team, Tris has forgotten all about the desire to retire from baseball which he expressed last Winter. Spoke now has set his heart on building the Indians back to their former prowess. He is definitely convinced that the team is carrying too much old timber and that most of the veterans will never come back.

Stanley Coveleskie will shoot his spitball at the Yanks today, and it looks like Carl Mays or Sam Jones for the home boys.

Wamby's bad base running in the ninth hurt the Indians as much as anything else. If he had stayed at second when Speaker hit to Scott and then advanced to third on Wood's grounder, he could have scored when Sewell singled to right.

The Yanks had lots of ginger yesterday.

Meusel's throw in the ninth was as straight as it was fast. It was a low toss, skimming over the grass and landing in McNally's glove in one perfect bound. Bob didn't have much time at that, for Sewell punched the ball on a hit and run play.

McNally reproved Shawkey for letting Hoyt go in from third in the fifth.

In the absence of Stephenson, Speaker changed his batting order, sending Wood to the cleanup position, moving Gardner to sixth and McInnis down a notch to seventh. Stuffy's hitting has been a disappointment in Cleveland, where Elmer Smith is badly missed.

GIANTS WIN IN 18TH ON KELLY'S HOMER

Slugger's Second Circuit Drive Sends Young In and Beats Pirates, 9 to 8.

CORSAIRS MAKE GAME FIGHT

Score Twice In Ninth and Overtake New Yorkers—McGraw Uses Five Pitchers, Ryan Finishing.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, July 7.—A home run by George Kelly in the eighteenth inning gave the Giants a hard-earned victory in the second game of their series with the Pirates here this afternoon. The drive came after Young had opened the inning with a single to left field. Kelly's wallop went to the right field corner of the park. Rohwer played the ball poorly and this enabled Kelly to make the circuit on the hit. Long George also slammed a homer over the left field fence in the ninth inning. The Pirates scored once in the eighteenth, but lost by 9 to 8.

McGraw was forced to call upon the services of nineteen players to gain the victory. Even Cozy Dolan broke into the line-up. He was sent in to run for Kelnie Groh after the latter batted for Jonnard in the fourteenth inning and reached first base on an error. Five New York pitchers appeared on the mound during the course of the long struggle. They were Jess Barnes, Causey, Douglas, Jonnard and Ryan. The Pirates gathered a total of twenty-two hits off this array of pitching talent and the Giants collected eighteen off the offerings of Chief Yellowhorse and Johnny Morrison, who performed for the home club. Morrison took up the twirling burden in the ninth, after Yellowhorse had been removed in favor of a pinch hitter.

The veteran Max Carey, who made a home run, a triple and a double in yesterday's game, continued his sensational work at the bat today. He reached first base nine times, stole home in the third inning and made six hits in as many official times at bat.

Giants Off With a Rush.

The Giants bumped Yellowhorse for three hits in the first inning and jumped off to a two-run lead. Bancroft led off with a single over second base and Rawlings fanned. Frisch followed with a single to deep left centre, sending Bancroft to third. Meusel lifted a long fly to Bigbee in left field and Bancroft crossed the plate, after the catch. Young poked a single to right and when Rohwer fumbled the ball, Frisch scored all the way from first base.

Neither team threatened seriously again until the third, when the Pirates took the lead by jamming three runs across. Gooch led off with a single to centre and took second on Yellowhorse's sacrifice bunt to Frisch. Meusel muffed Maranville's easy fly, allowing the batter to reach second. Gooch took third on the error, and both runners completed the circuit on Carey's single to centre. Carey stole second and moved around to third on Bigbee's bounder to the box. Carey then stole home, with the help of a high pitch by Barnes. walked, but the uprising ended abruptly when Bancroft made a sensational stop of Ens's hard grounder.

The Giants broke through again in the fifth and tied the score. With none out, Barnes reached first base on a fumble by Ens. After Bancroft had flied out to Carey, Rawlings bounced a single off Barnhart's glove, sending Barnes to second. Frisch forced Rawlings at second on a grounder to Grimm, Barnes taking third. Meusel shot a single to left, scoring Barnes and putting Frisch on third.

The Pirates came right back in their half of the fifth and again took the lead. Carey walked, with none out. On the hit-and-run play Bigbee grounded out to Bancroft, but the fleet-footed Carey went all the way to third on the play. In attempting to catch Carey at third Kelly heaved the ball over Frisch's head and the Pittsburgh centre fielder crossed the plate.

Triple for Rawlings.

Yellowhorse was bumped for two more hits in the sixth and the Giants once more went out in front by scoring a pair of runs. Stengel was hit by a pitched ball to start the inning. Rohwer went all the way back to the right field fence to pull down Smith's hard drive. Barnes drove a single to right, sending Stengel to third. Casey came home while Bancroft was forcing Barnes at second on a grounder to Maranville. Rawlings smashed a three-bagger between Carey and Rohwer, scoring Bancroft, but Frisch died on a grounder to Ens.

In the seventh the Pirates chalked up another run and the score was tied once more. Maranville led off by beating out a roller to Bancroft. Carey poked a two-bagger to right centre, sending the Rabbit to third. Bigbee walked, filling the bases. Barnhart forced Maranville at the plate on a grounder to Bancroft. Frisch also cut down Carey at the plate on Ens's bounder. In trying to double up Ens at first base Smith threw the ball into right field and Bigbee scored.

The Giants picked up another run in the eighth and again took the lead. Smith got two bases when Rohwer dropped his high fly. Ralph Shinners was immediately nominated to run for Smith, and he sprinted to third when Gooch made a wild throw in attempting to pick him off second. Frank Snyder batted for Barnes and drove a double along the left field foul line, scoring Shinners.

With Morrison on the mound for the Pirates in the ninth, Kelly apparently clinched the game for the Giants by driving out his first home run—clear over the left field fence.

Cecil Algernon Causey, who was sent to the box for the Giants in the eighth after Barnes had been taken out to allow Snyder to bat for him, was forced to quit under fire in the ninth inning when the Pirates gathered two more runs and tied the score. Carey opened the inning with a single to right and Bigbee and Barnhart walked, filling the bases. Causey was hastily removed in favor of Phil Douglas. Ens then fanned, but Rohwer drove out a sacrifice fly to Meusel, scoring Carey and sending Bigbee to third. Grimm came through with a single to right which scored Bigbee with the tying run.

The score:

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bancroft,ss	9	2	4	3	0
Rawlings,2b	8	0	2	3	6
Frisch,3b	9	1	1	3	3
Meusel,lf	8	0	1	3	0
Young,rf	5	3	1	3	0
Kelly,1b	8	2	2	17	4
Stengel,cf	8	1	2	3	0
Smith,c	4	0	1	4	0
aShinners	0	1	0	0	0
Gaston,c	5	0	1	7	0
J. Barnes,p	3	1	1	1	1
bSnyder	1	0	1	0	0
cRobertson	0	0	0	0	0
Causey,p	0	0	0	0	0
Douglas,p	2	0	0	1	0
Jonnard,p	0	0	0	0	0
dGroh	1	0	0	0	0
eDolan	0	0	0	0	0
Ryan,p	1	0	0	1	1
Total	75	9	19	54	25

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Maranv'le,ss	9	1	2	3	0
Carey,cf	8	3	6	7	0
Bigbee,lf	7	2	2	7	0
Barnhart,3b	5	1	1	2	3
Ens,2b	7	0	0	1	4
Rohwer,rf	3	0	1	4	0
Grimm,1b	8	0	2	18	1
Gooch,c	8	1	6	13	0
Yellowhorse,p	2	0	1	0	1
fMattox	1	0	1	0	0
Morrison,p	4	0	0	0	3
Total	67	8	22	54	17

a Ran for Smith in eighth.
b Batted for J. Barnes in eighth.
c Ran for Snyder in eighth.
d Batted for Jonnard in fourteenth.
e Ran for Groh in fourteenth.
f Batted for Yellowhorse in eighth.
Errors—Meusel, Kelly, Smith, J. Maranville, Ens, Rohwer (2), Gooch (2), Morrison.

New York—										
	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	2—9
Pittsburgh—										
	0	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	1—8

Two-base hits—Carey, Snyder, Gooch. Three-base hit—Rawlings. Home runs—Kelly (2). Stolen bases—Cary (3), Meusel. Sacrifices—Meusel, Yellowhorse, Barnhart, Rohwer. Double plays—Frisch, Rawlings and Kelly; Bancroft, Rawlings and Kelly. Left on bases—New York 18, Pittsburgh 17. Bases on balls—Off J. Barnes 4, Yellowhorse 2, Causey 2, Douglas 1, Jonnard 1, Ryan 1, Morrison 3. Struck out—By J. Barnes 3, Yellowhorse 3, Douglas 1, Ryan 5, Morrison 5. Hits—Off J. Barnes 8 in 7 innings, Causey 5 in 1 (none out in ninth), Douglas 4 in 4, Jonnard none in 1, Ryan 8 in 5, Yellowhorse 10 in 8, Morrison 9 in 10. Hit by pitcher—By Yellowhorse (Rawlings, Stengel). Wild pitches—Morrison (2). Balk—Yellowhorse. Winning pitcher—Ryan. Losing pitcher—Morrison. Umpires—Moran and Quigley. Time of game—4:19.

Five Leading Batsmen In Each Major League

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player. Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Sisler, St. Louis	77	318	74	120	.437
Cobb, Detroit	64	248	46	99	.400
Heilmann, Detroit	71	278	54	99	.356
Speaker, Cleveland	67	248	45	89	.357
Miller, Philadelphia	67	257	48	91	.354

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player. Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Hornsby, St. Louis	76	297	67	117	.394
Miller, Chicago	54	197	25	71	.360
Bigbee, Pittsburgh	73	299	53	107	.358
Grimes, Chicago	73	288	52	94	.351
Johnston, Brooklyn	76	309	65	108	.350

BIG LEAGUE TEAMS MUST STAY IN U.S.

Landis Reported to Have Ruled That They Cannot Play Games Across Border.

MONTREAL, July 7.—Moist Montreal has seen its last American big league baseball team in action, it was learned today, when officials of the local club began negotiations with the religious sect of the House of David to send its long-haired team here for an exhibition game. Chinese and Japanese nines also are being sought.

The new move followed receipt of word that Commissioner Landis had quietly passed the word that henceforth the big leaguers should play only on their own side of the international fence. The order followed a recent visit to Montreal of a National League club.

Pirates' Secretary Surprised.

PITTSBURGH, July 7.—Sam Watters, Secretary of the Pittsburgh National League Baseball Club, expressed surprise today when informed that big league teams of the United States would not show in the "moist" city of Montreal again.

"The Pirates made the most recent trip to Montreal," Mr. Watters said. "I accompanied the team. We were to play an exhibition game. The players went to the ball park, but were unable to take the field because of rain. They returned to their hotel immediately and played cards until train time. The behavior of the players with one exception was of the best. This exception was not at all bad. So far as I know, Commissioner Landis passed no word for big league teams to stay on their own side of the international fence."

WIN BOTH IN NINTH.

Tigers Take Two Games From Senators by 7-6 and 11-9.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Detroit took both ends of a double header from Washington today by scores of 7 to 6 and 11 to 9, the visitors getting their winning margin in the ninth inning of each game. Doubles by Veach and Heilmann scored the winning run in the opening contest while Mogridge and Zachary were hammered for nine hits and as many runs in the final inning of the closing encounter when Woodall, a pinch hitter, appeared twice and hit safely each time.

Cobb got a total of seven hits, five of them in the second game.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Blue,lb	5	0	0	8	1
Jones,2b	4	0	0	2	2
Cobb,cf	4	2	2	3	0
Veach,lf	4	1	3	5	0
Heilmann,rf	5	0	1	3	0
Clark,2b	5	1	1	3	1
Rigney,ss	4	1	2	2	7
Bassler,c	2	1	2	1	1
aGagnon	0	0	0	0	0
Olsen,p	1	0	0	0	0
Cole,p	3	0	1	0	0
Holling,p	0	0	0	0	0
bManion,c	1	0	1	0	0
Oldham,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	38	7	13	27	13

WASHINGTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Smith,lf	4	0	0	5	0
P'paugh,ss	5	1	2	0	3
Rice,cf	4	0	0	1	0
Judge,1b	5	3	2	9	1
Goebel,rf	3	1	2	1	0
cBrower,rf	1	0	0	0	0
Shanks,3b	3	1	2	2	2
Harris,2b	4	1	1	4	1
Picinich,c	3	1	2	5	0
Johnson,p	4	0	0	0	5
Total	37	6	11	27	12

Errors—Jones, Rigney, Smith, Harris (2).
a Ran for Bassler in eighth.
b Batted for Holling in eighth.
c Batted for Goebel in seventh.

Detroit	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	1—7
Washington	0	0	0	1	0	4	1	0	0—6

Two-base hits—Cobb, Peckinpaugh, Shanks, Veach, Heilmann. Three-base hits—Judge (2), Cobb. Sacrifices—Jones, Veach, Bassler, Shanks. Double plays—Peckinpaugh, Harris and Judge; Rigney, Bassler, Jones and Clark; Blue Rigney and Blue. Left on bases—Detroit 10, Washington 7. Bases on balls—Off Johnson 5, Cole 1, Olsen 1. Struck out—By Cole 1, Johnson 3. Hits—Off Cole 11 in 6 innings (none out, one on base in seventh), Holling none in 1, Olsen none in 1 1-3, Oldham none in 2-3. Winning pitcher—Olsen. Umpires—Dineen and Walsh. Time of game—2:15.

SECOND GAME.

DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Blue,lb	4	1	3	14	0
Haney,3b	6	2	3	1	1
Cobb,cf	8	1	5	1	0
Veach,lf	4	0	3	1	0
Flagstead,lf	1	0	0	0	0
Heilmann,rf	5	1	0	1	0
Cutshaw,2b	5	1	1	3	2
Rigney,ss	5	1	2	1	2
Manion,c	5	1	2	5	1
Oldham,p	1	0	0	0	0
aGagnon	1	1	1	0	0
Holling,p	1	0	0	0	1
bWoodall	2	2	2	0	0
Dauss,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	46	11	20	27	11

WASHINGTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan,lf	5	1	2	3	0
P'paugh,ss	4	4	3	1	5
Rice,cf	5	2	2	3	0
Judge,1b	4	0	2	10	1
Brower,rf	2	0	1	0	0
Shanks,3b	4	0	1	1	7
Harris,2b	4	1	1	2	2
Gharrity,c	2	0	0	5	2
Mogridge,p	3	1	1	0	1
Zachary,p	0	0	0	0	0
Brillhart,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	55	9	14	27	19

a Batted for Oldham in fifth.
b Batted for Holling in ninth.
c Batted for Goebel in fifth.
Error—Peckinpaugh.

Detroit	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	9	0—11
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	0—9

Two-base hits—Peckinpaugh, Rice, Judge (2), Blue, Mogridge. Three-base hits—Harris, Rice. Stolen bases—Brower, Peckinpaugh. Sacrifices—Gharrity, Mogridge. Double plays—Gharrity and Harris; Rigney and Blue. Left on bases—Detroit 12, Washington 4. Bases on balls—Off Mogridge 4, Molling 2, Zachary 1. Struck out—By Oldham 1, Mogridge 1, Holling 2, Brillhart 1. Hits—Off Oldham 8 in 4 innings, Holling 6 in 4, Dauss none in 1, Mogridge 15 in 8 1-3, Zachary 5 in 1-3, Brillhart none in 1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Holling (Gharrity). Wild pitch—Oldham. Winning pitcher—Holling. Losing pitcher—Zachary. Umpires—Walsh and Dineen. Time of game—3:40.

PHILLIES WIN FROM REDS.

Meadows Pitches Well and Cincinnati Loses Series Opener, 3-1.

CINCINNATI, July 7. — Meadows pitched well today, and Philadelphia easily defeated the Cincinnati Reds in the first game of the series, 3 to 1. It was the first victory of the Phillies here this season. Luque was hit freely, especially in the first part of the game, and was saved in the latter innings by three fast double plays.

The score is as follows:

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rapp,3b	4	0	2	0	2
Pkinson,2b	4	1	2	1	5
Williams,cf	3	0	0	5	0
Walker,rf	2	0	1	0	0
Lee,lf	3	0	1	5	0
Fletcher,ss	4	1	2	1	5
Leslie,1b	4	0	1	12	0
Henline,c	4	0	0	3	1
Meadows,p	4	1	2	0	1
Total	38	3	11	27	14

CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,cf	4	0	1	4	0
Daubert,1b	4	0	0	9	0
Duncan,lf	4	0	2	1	1
Harper,rf	4	0	0	2	0
Wing,c	4	0	0	5	2
Bohne,2b	4	0	0	7	3
Pinelli,3b	3	0	1	2	1
Kimmick,ss	3	1	1	0	6
Luque,p	3	0	0	0	1
Total	37	1	5	27	14

Error—Penelli.

Philadelphia	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—3
Cincinnati	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hits—Fletcher, Duncan. Three-base hits—Rapp, Parkinson. Double plays—Kimmick, Bohne and Daubert (2); Wing and Bohne. Left on bases—Philadelphia 4, Cincinnati 6. Bases on balls—Off Meadows 2, Luque 4. Struck out—By Meadows 2, Luque 2. Umpires—O'Day and Hart. Time of game—1:34.

BASEBALL TODAY, 3:00 P. M. POLO Grounds. Yankees vs. Cleveland.—Advt.

HORNSBY'S HOMER WINS FOR CARDS

Second Baseman's Hit in Ninth Nets Two Runs and Defeats Robins, 6 to

PILGRIM CAPTURES THE SPECULATION

S. L. Burch's Gelding First in Featured Race of Getaway Day at Aqueduct.

DIMMESDALE ALSO A WINNER

Takes Domino Handicap—Jockey Ponce Fined $100 for Rough Riding.

A great crowd turned out at the Aqueduct course yesterday afternoon in honor of the getaway day card of the Queens County Jockey Club's Spring meeting and of the perfect racing weather which served as a setting for it. The third running of the Speculation Selling Handicap was the starred number of an enjoyable program and this was captured by S. L. Burch's useful gelding, Pilgrim, which closed smoothly and irresistibly in the stretch run and won by a good margin. Behind the son of Garry Herrmann the outsider, Brainstorm, fought it out for the place with the consistent Saddle and Boots, and the former got the verdict by a neck.

Although the Speculation has been the exclusive property of the racing establishment of H. T. Wilson Jr., who won it upon its inception two seasons ago with Thunderstorm and last year with Sedgefield. That sportsman essayed yesterday to keep his slate clean with the assistance of the Olambala gelding, Kirkwington, but the old gold and green was never in the front ranks at any stage of the race.

Pilgrim was the thoroughbred for which straps were pulled off of bankrolls. Those racing enthusiasts who like to back their judgment with money backed no further than the Burch candidate, which closed at 4 to 1 after opening at 6 to 5. The other four entrants all exceeded in the quotations.

The early pace in the one-mile set-to was set by Mrs. Louise Viau's Billy McGee, which had plenty of foot and showed the way well into the stretch. A effort of a mile out, however, the brown son of Wrack began to tire under his top weight package of 118 pounds and bore out for the rest of the trip, finishing a sad last. Meanwhile Pilgrim had been rating in Laverne Tator within a length or two of the leader. At the turn into the final straightaway he slipped through on the inside and took the foremost position. At the line he was going handily to beat Brainstorm a length and a half. The latter hung on well under the duress but barely saved sonny money from the fast closing Saddle and Boots.

Winner Earns $3,156.

Pilgrim, which covered the mile in the not startling time of 1:38 4-5, earned $3,150 for his owner by his victory.

Dimmesdale, F. J. Farrell's colt, had the speed of the field in the Domino Handicap, the secondary feature of the card, and went to the front of the field of four at the far turn just after the start of the six-furlong sprint. He opened up a commanding lead going into the stretch, but his 124-pound burden began to have its effect and he was under pressure at the end to beat J. E. Davis's lightly weighted Prodigious by something more than a length. Old Naturalist, the favorite, tumbled into third place, three lengths ahead of Miss Viau's Ten Low, which was making her first start of the year and tired as if short after showing early speed.

Callahan, who rode Prodigious, entered a claim of foul after the race on the ground that his mount had been checked at the start. He did not make no accusation against McAtee, who had the leg up on the winner, nor against any other specific toy, but just protested on general principles. The patrol judge reported that Naturalist had been at fault, and the stewards, after mature consideration, decided that there had been no deliberate foul riding and dismissed the complaint.

J. R. Widener's Sea Skipper took the Kings Highway Steeplechase handily with Yorkshire finishing in second place and the other two starters nowhere. Jones rated the five-year-old gelding behind the pace set by Yorkshire for a mile and a half of the journey of about two miles and then came on to win eased up by a length. Yorkshire showed improvement over his recent efforts and hung on well under a drive. Jacky, a notable companion of the winner, was a distant third. The other starters, Vox Populi 2d, lost his rider, McNeill, at the twelfth fence.

Ponce Is Fined.

Ponce, who had the mount on the Quincy Stable's Caveat Emptor, which finished second to J. E. Madden's Dunlin in the last race, was fined $100 by the stewards for rough riding, and his case was referred to the Jockey Club for action. This suspends him automatically until the next meeting of the club. Caveat Emptor was disqualified, which moved Pullon up to second position and gave the show money to High Chief.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-olds; selling; purse $1,034.09. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Three Square	107	L. Fator	8-2	1
Prince of Umbria	112	Legore	5-1	2½
Rest	118	C. Kummer	13-5	3*
Rockaby	109	Callahan	6-1	4
The Girl	115	Sande	8-1	5
Pud	110	Thomas	10-1	6
Amalia Rex	107	Lang	15-1	7
Poor Scout	118	Ponce	5-1	8

Time—1:01 2-5.

Start good; won handily; place driving. Three Square, ch. f., by Short Grass—Set Square, owned by J. Byer and trained by H. L. Byer.

SECOND RACE.

The Kings Highway Steeplechase; for four-year-olds and upward; conditions; purse $1,000; about two miles.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Sea Skipper	140	Jones	4-5	1
Yorkshire	131½	Mahoney	3-1	2nd
Jacky	139	Smoot	4-5	3rd
Vox Populi 2d	132	McNeil	11-5	†

J. E. Widener entry. †Lost rider.

Time—4:27.

Start good; won handily; place driving. Sea Skipper, ch. g., 6, by Sea Horse II.—Anecdote, owned by J. E. Widener and trained by J. H. Lovell.

THIRD RACE.

The Domino Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; $1,234.68 added. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Dimmesdale	124	McAtee	4-5	1½
Prodigious	95	Callahan	8-1	2
Naturalist	129	Keogh	6-5	3*
Ten Low	108	Lang	10-1	4

Time—1:14⅘.

Start good; won ridden out; place driving. Dimmesdale, ch. c., 4, by Olambala—Hester Fryane; owned by F. J. Farrell and trained by W. M. Walden.

FOURTH RACE.

The Speculation Selling Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; $2,000 added. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Pilgrim	109	L. Fator	6-1	1½
Brainstorm	107	Callahan	12-1	2nd
Saddle and Boots	104	Josiah	7-1	3*
Kirkwington	101	Ball	10-1	4
Billy McLaughlin	116	Lang	16-5	5

Time—1:38 4-5.

Start good; won handily; place driving. Pilgrim, b. g., 6, by Garry Herrmann—Snola; owned and trained by S. L. Burch.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward, non-winners at this meeting; claiming; purse $1,034.68. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Backus	116	Nolan	15-5	1
Kirtle	96	Callahan	8-1	2nd
Alcon	114	C. Kummer	13-5	3rd
Horeb	109	McAtee	16-5	4

Time—1:49.

Start good; won handily; place driving. Backus, br. g., by Troubadour—St. Nazaire, owned by J. D. Killen and trained by A. J. Fearling.

SIXTH RACE.

For maiden two-year-olds; purse $1,054.68. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Stealth	112	McDermott	7-2	1½
Caveat Emptor	115	Ponce	11-5	2d
Dullon	115	Wakoff	30-1	3½
Miss Chief	112	C. Kummer	6-1	4
Golden Rule	115	Sande	8-5	5
Dream Star	112	Kelsay	40-1	6
Sunset	115	Sullivan	40-1	7
Basic Magic	115	Keogh	30-1	8

Disqualified.

Time—1:02.

Start good; won ridden out; place same. Stealth, ch. c., by Fair Play—Dona Rosa; owned by J. E. Madden and trained by H. Guy.

Weather clear; track fast.

Horses and Probable Riders In the Empire City Handicap

Horse and Weight.	Jockey.
Grey Lag, 132	L. Fator
Captain Alcock, 118	Keogh
Bon Homme, 111	Schuttinger
Devastation, 102	Marinelli
Hephaistos, 95	Lang

RACING AT YONKERS WILL START TODAY

Empire City Handicap Has Five Entries, With Grey Lag Carrying Top Weight.

This afternoon the gates of the Yonkers course will be thrown open for the first of nineteen days of racing there, constituting the Summer meeting of the Empire City Racing Association. With the departure from the Long Island tracks of the thoroughbreds and their attendant train, a new vein of racegoers is tapped twice annually. These are the casual lovers of the sport, who come not only from all about Westchester and adjacent regions but also from points ranging pretty far up the Hudson River. They like the game and will go some distance for an afternoon of it now and again, but the pilgrimage into distant Long Island seems formidable to them.

With element weather it is certain that a great gathering of spectators will be on hand for the opening day's entertainment. They will find the park spruce and attractive in its renovated garb of 1922. Workmen have been busy for days getting the plant into prime order and everything that experienced hands can do to add to the comfort and pleasure of race-goers has been attended to.

The thirteenth running of the Empire City Handicap will be the piece de resistance of the program this afternoon. Five horses have been named for this fixture, with the mighty Grey Lag, star of the Rancocas Stable string, looking down upon the others from the isolation conferred upon him by the top weight package of 132 pounds. This is five pounds more than the foted son of Star Shoot carried to his victorious race in the Queens County Handicap a fortnight ago. He will have to give a furlong further today than upon that occasion, for the Queens County is only a one-mile test.

Captain Alcock, winner of the Suburban and Brookdale Handicaps on soft racing surfaces, holds the second position as regards weight. The Quincy Stable's five-year-old must pick up 113 pounds, four more than the allotment of Bon Homme, the Xalapa Farm's candidate for the prize. Stephen Pettit's Devastation gets in at 102 pounds, while F. E. Brown's Hephaistos is listed for the featherweight imposition of 95 pounds.

The Brevoort Selling Handicap is second in importance in the list of good things provided by Racing Secretary V. E. Schaumburg for the initial card of the meeting. Valor, Whisk, Little Chief, Routledge and St. Allan are among the candidates in this event, which is a dash over the six-furlong route.

The entries:

FIRST RACE—Selling; for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Scare Crow, 113 pounds; Wicked, Chimes 105, Flying Devil 108, Cork Elm 108, Daniel 113, Three Squire 102, Cermae 116, True Flier 108, *Peter Brown, 113, *Paisley 116, Lady Inez 108, Sumpsimus 106.

SECOND RACE—Conditions; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. Frigate 117 pounds, Thimble 102, Hephaistos 110, Tangerine 95, The Roll Call 95, Beslan 108.

THIRD RACE—The Brevoort Selling Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; about six furlongs. St. Allan 108 pounds, Elected 94, Valor 110, Virgula 105, Little Chief 114, Sling 93, Reparation 100, Whisk 115, Valor 120, Billy Watts 108, Crank 108, Muskallonge 104, Daydue 102, Nose Dive 98, Picnic 95, Routledge 113.

FOURTH RACE—The Empire City Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong. Bon Homme 111 pounds, Capt. Alcock 118, Grey Lag 132, Devastation 102, Hephaistos 95.

The weight on Capt. Alcock includes a penalty of five pounds.

FIFTH RACE—Selling; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. Canyon 102 pounds, Overtake 108, Cum Sah 108, Queen Blonde 112, Mystic 107, Cahalan 101, Episode 112, *Vendor 92, Tribune 108, Cromwell 101, Finality 103, *Knight of the Heather 111.

SIXTH RACE—Conditions; for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. William Tell 100 pounds, Sandy Hatch 108, Fifth Wheel 108, Texas Traveler 106, Pettifogger 106, Clarre 106, High Chief 106, Le Tigre 106, Mark Twain 106, Better Luck 112, New Hampshire 112, Blanc Seing 112.

*Five pounds allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

WRITERS TO PLAY BALL.

Newspaper Club and Sport Reporters Will Clash Tomorrow.

A baseball team of the Newspaper Club and a nine picked from among the sport writers of this city will clash at the Polo Grounds tomorrow morning. Mayor John F. Hylan and his blue-eyed grandson, Johnny Hylan Sinnott, will attend the game, and the Mayor said yesterday that he would "line out" the ball during the practice preliminary to the signal to play.

John H. Delaney, Commissioner of Docks, and Colonels Ruppert and Houston, owners of the Yankees, will be umpires.

Earl Adams Obtained by Cubs.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Earl Adams of the Wichita Falls Club, leading infielder of the Texas League, has been obtained by the Chicago Cubs for three players and a sum of money. He will report at the close of the Texas season. The players sent to Texas are Pitcher Alex Freeman, returned outright, and Pitcher Victor Keen, Toronto, and Outfielder Arthur Weiss, St. Paul, sent subject to recall.

LATONIA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $1,400; six furlongs. Bobbie Shea, 101 pounds (Penman), $23.80, $7.70, $4.80, first; Prince Welles, 101 (Heupel), $10.30, $5.80, second; First Consul, 109 (Kennedy), $9.30, third. Time—1:12 4-5. The Swimmer, Winding Through, Colonel Taylor, Mabel De Bonn, Margaret Aitkin, Miss Caltha, Mary Ross and Flip also ran.

SECOND RACE—For maiden colts and geldings, two years old; claiming; purse, $1,400; five and a half furlongs. Mayor Carrel, 115 pounds (E. Foel), $11.80, $6, $3.90, first; Glenitvet, 115 (Johnson), $6.10, $4.20, second; Taylor, Mabel De Bonn, $3.80, third. Time—1:08 4-5. Henceinaw, First Call, Stonesage and Raymond W. also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $1,400; one mile and three-sixteenths. Calhalie, Walsh, 97 pounds (Gwens), $70.80, $17.40, $10.40, first; Merchant, 113 (Kennedy), $4.40, $3.40, second; Locust Leaves, 97 (Schaefer), $6.80, third. Time—1:59 2-5. Carson, Fred Kinney, Hope, Charline, Yankee Boy, Damoris, Stockwell, Captain Tom and Wickford also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse, $1,400; six furlongs. Away, 98 pounds (Rails), $18.20, $7.80, $5.80, first; Sendita, 103 (Kennedy), $11.30, $5.30, second; Lakie Kay, 110 (Loftus), $2.60, third. Time—1:13. Full Spoon, Taylor Hay, Mary P. Gardner, Needy, Stump Jr. and Tip Top Inn also ran.

FIFTH RACE—The Dixie Highway Purse; for three-year-olds and upward; allowances; purse, $1,600; one mile and seventy yards. Dariomor, 103 pounds (Gray), $19.60, $7.60, $4.60, first; Aesop, 98 (Foel), $4.40, $2.10, second; Yoshimi, 98 (Owens), $4.30, third. Time—1:44. Cherry Tree, Jake Barger, Sir Thomas Kean, Lady Cheapo and Tulip also ran.

SIXTH RACE—The Light Brigade Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; purse, $1,800; six furlongs. Miss Jemima, 116 pounds (Johnson), $8.10, $2.40, first; Balmoral, 107 (Deuning), $13.50, $3.20, second; Harlem Gem, 105 (Owens), $6, third. Time—1:48 3-5. Sands of Pleasure, American Boy, John S. Reardon and Matinee Idol also ran.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

TAVERN STAKE WON BY THE GREAT ROSE

Lon McDonald Drives Trotter to Equal North Randall Record.

NORTH RANDALL, Ohio, July 7 (Associated Press).—Lon McDonald, the Indianapolis reinsman, drove his second stake winner in as many days when The Great Rose, owned by T. D. Taggart Jr. of French Lick, Ind., annexed the Tavern "Steak" purse of $5,000, the feature event of today's Grand Circuit racing program.

In negotiating the first mile in 2:06 3-4 the Peter the Great Trotter clipped one-half a second from the track record for the Tavern, which was held jointly by Jeanette Rankin and Grand Chimes. McDonald was behind Jeanette Rankin when she equaled the record and won the event last year. Princess Etawah, which finished second last year, again finished in that position and Peter Blaton was third.

Frederick K., driven and trained by B. G. Ferry, Oskaloosa, Iowa, made his début in a race an auspicious one by winning the 2:21 trot.

Jack Gratton, driven by Walter Cox, won the 2:06 class pace. He was the third favorite of the day to win.

The summaries:

2:21 CLASS TROTTING, FIRST DIVISION. Purse $1,200.

Frederick K., br. g., by Iowa Todd (B. G. Perry)	2	1	1
Toius Boy, bg., by Jennie Toius (Breitenfield)	5	3	7
Mary Kenna, bm., by San Francisco (H. Fleming)	6	2	2
BeMore, bg. (McDonald)	1	3	4
Noble Argot, blk. h. (H. Perry)	4	4	3

Bimelite, Victor Man and Minera also started.

Time—2:09¼, 2:10¼, 2:10.

THE TAVERN "STEAK," 2:14 CLASS TROTTING. Purse $5,000.

The Great Rose, bm., by Peter the Great (McDonald)	1	1	ro
Princess Etawah, bm., by Etawah (Murphy)	7	4	1
Peter Elation, ch. g., by Aladon (Loomis)	2	3	3
David Axworthy, ch. h. (McManus)	3	2	4
Lorena Watts, bm. (Edman)	4	5	5

Pelham Express, Teddy Jay and Our Mary also started.

Time—2:06¾, 2:06¼, 2:11¾.

2:06 CLASS PACING. Purse $1,200.

Jackson Grattan, b. h., by Solon Grattan (Cox)	1	1	ro
Luck L., blk. m., by Dallas M. Jr. (Morrison)	2	4	1
May Belle Direct, b. m., by Gordon Princes (Grear)	10	2	2
King Hedgewood, blk. h. (Lovell)	3	3	3
Edna Early, blk. m. (Thomas)	4	5	5

Trampsafe, Baby Ginter, Rifle Grenade, Wanda May and Symbol S. Forrest also started.

Time—2:06¾; 2:05¼; 2:06¼.

2:10 CLASS TROTTING. Purse $1,800.

Clyde the Great, blk. h., by Peter the Great (Cox)	1	1	ro
Montgomery (Lammle)	2	2	1
Signal Peter, b. h., by Peter the Great (Erskine)	2	2	1
Mariendale, blk. g., by Archdale (Childe)	4	3	2
Worthy Morgan, br. g. (Sturgeon)	5	4	3
Baka, blk. h. (Edman)	3	5	4

Easton, Utah, Lightsome Watts, and San Andreas also started.

Time—2:07¼; 2:06¼; 2:11¾.

TO TRY FOR TWO RECORDS.

Miss Bauer in Final Swim in East at Brighton Today.

Swimming competitions for men and women and the resumption of play in the open A. A. U. handball tournament are sports scheduled for this afternoon at the Brighton Beach Baths. In the open-air pool Miss Sybil Bauer, Illinois A. C. backstroke star, who has eclipsed nine records in three meets here, will strive for records at 100 and 150 yards in backstroke swimming. This will mark Miss Bauer's last competitive appearance in the East. The leading girl swimmers of Philadelphia and this city will compete against Miss Bauer. A 100-yard handicap swim for women and a fancy diving test for men are also scheduled.

In the handball tournament it is expected to complete the first round in singles and start competition in the doubles. The tournament is being conducted to select a team of New York players to oppose a Boston team here in an intercity match on July 29.

WOMEN'S NET FINAL TODAY.

Miss Bancroft Meets Mrs. Bickle for Clay Court Title.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 7.—The final match in the tennis tournament for the women's national clay court championship will be played here tomorrow afternoon on the Park Club courts. Miss Leslie Bancroft of Brookline and Mrs. Harry Bickle of Toronto, Ontario, are the finalists.

WOMEN IN A. A. U. MEET.

To Be Permitted to Compete in New England Association Event.

BOSTON, July 7.—For the first time in the history of the New England Association of the A. A. U., women will compete in the meet of that organization to be held on Franklin Field here Aug. 27. The New England Track and Field Championship Committee has decided to open the 60-yard dash, 60-yard hurdles and the high jump to women athletes.

Schmidt Insists on His Terms.

MOLESTO, Cal., July 7. — Walter Schmidt, who refused to report as a catcher to the Pittsburgh team of the National League at the opening of the season, today received a telegram from Manager McKechnie of the Pirates asking Schmidt to reconsider his decision. Schmidt replied he wanted the salary originally asked for, $10,000, adding that he would like to play under McKechnie.

Entry Blanks Now Obtainable.

Entry blanks for the July 13 and July 20 swimming meets to be held by the Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U. at Madison Square Garden have been issued and are obtainable at Amateur Athletic Union headquarters, 290 Broadway. Entries close on Monday.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. *Birdie Q. 94 pounds, *Inquisition 96, *Argon and Clintonville 100 each, *Ground Swell and Bright Leaf 102 each, Basil 103, Naughty Minks, Arawa 107 each, High Cost 114.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,500; for maiden two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Futurette, Sunny Buerow, Irish Rose, Princess Doulilly and Playful Miss 109 pounds each, Prince Tithi, Patrician and Donegal 113 each, Jupiter, Wida, Kinsman, Chittagong and Green Spring 112 each, Nylorac, Lily M., Prestolite 106 each, Lucky Sun 113.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and an eighth. *Cautious 99 pounds, Gentleman, Jouett, *Lady Pengelligar and Pretty Sue 97 each, *La Foudre, Grace Daugherty 102 each, Countess, *Virgo, Bristow and My Baltor 107 each, Nurture 109, *Pietor 110, Biddies 104, Cut Up and Sitepester 107 each, War Spirit and A. W. Aiken 106, Pyx 108.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $10,000; added; the Latonia Oaks; for three-year-olds, fillies; one mile and a quarter. Bonus, Margaret Wilner, Martha Fallon, Precious Lula 121 pounds each, Starlie, Prudella 118 each, Sue 97.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $10,000 added; the Daniel Boone Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and three sixteenths. Blarneystone 97 pounds, Neddam 98, Radio 103, Cherry Tree 93, Broomster 105, Parader 107, Lady Madeap 113, Firebrand 120, Cherry Tree and Broomster H. P. Whitney entry.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,600; claiming; for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Regent Queen 107 pounds, Victorette, Dust Flower, Gadfly, Fair Alice, Pleasure 103 each, Dathrop 104, In Memoriam, Lasita, Kent L., Kingsclere 108 each, Certain 111, Eileen 103, Vennie 108.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. *Inquiry 97 pounds, Escarpolette 103, *Paris Maid 106, Rufneuel 113, *Tharon 103, *Gem 97, Wayward Lady 104, Ashland 110, Ponger, *Miss Clark 103, *Kewpie O'Neil 103 each, Diana 110, *Blowing Bubbles 103, *Pilato 102, *May Bodine 103, Uncle Velo 113, Rib Grass 104.

*Apprentice allowance of five pounds claimed.

Weather cloudy; track fair.

BOATS. LAUNCHES. ACCESSORIES.

STEAM YACHT—127 foot; now in commission; for sale or charter; with triple expansion Seabury engine and equipment; hull, boiler and engine just passed Government inspection; excellent quarters; inspection, Morris Heights, N. Y. Call Robinson, Bingham 1800. Price attractive to immediate purchaser.

MOTOR BOAT MARJORIE FOR SALE—Summer cabin, seaworthy, A-1 condition; 27x8½, 12 h. p. 4-cycle Palmer, Bosch magnate; reed chairs, fittings and complete inventory; in commission and running, Sheepshead Bay Yacht Club, Emmons Av., Brooklyn.

RUNABOUT FOR SALE—25 foot, all mahogany, automobile control, 30 h. p. 4-cylinder motor, electric starter, 2 spark Berling magneto; speed 15 m. p. h. and better; price reasonable; will show and demonstrate by appointment. Lasser Bros., 168 Broadway, N. Y.

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MOTORBOAT, sacrifice; 22x6½ ft.; Summer cabin; 5½ h. p. Palmer engine. Hartinger, 2,749 E. 23d St., Sheepshead Bay. Phone Belle Harbor 1825.

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White Flannel Trousers

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All-wool; pre-shrunk; and non X-ray. The same good sort were great value at $10.50 last Summer.

Linen Golf Knickers

$5

White or natural linen shade; stylish, cool and comfortable.

Famous "Golftown" Shirts of White Oxford Cloth

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Your choice: Collar attached or neckband style. Nothing finer for Summer. Especially at this price which encourages you to buy plenty.

Mohair Suits tailored by Hart Schaffner & Marx

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Seemingly all New York is taking to cool Mohair since we began to feature the sort which actually fits and holds shape.

Others $22.50, $25, $30

Stylish Sport Coats

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Evenings in town, as well as at the beach, country club and seashore, it's quite the thing to wear a sport coat with white flannel trousers or linen golf knickers.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
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3d Ave., cor. 122d

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Machinists, Boilermakers, Blacksmiths, Sheet Metal Workers, Electricians and their Helpers

Also

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GOOD WAGES

Mechanics, 70c per hour; Helpers, 47c per hour; Car Repairmen and Inspectors, 63c per hour; Freight Handlers, 41½c per hour.

Continuous employment assured. Apply to

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Permanent positions assured. Apply to Superintendent's Office

Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Co.

Lackawanna Terminal, Hoboken, N. J.

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$7,500 EMPIRE CITY HANDICAP The Brevoort Handicap 6 furlongs. Purse.

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SPECIAL RACE TRAINS SATURDAYS leave Harlem Division, Grand Central Terminal, 1:30 and 1:45 P. M. Regular trains to Mt. Vernon on Saturdays at short intervals from 11:25 A. M. to 2:40 P. M. All trains stop at 125th St. Also via Lexington and Jerome Av. Subway or West Farms Subway to Mott Ave., transferring to Jerome Ave. Subway, or 6th and 9th Ave. "L" to Jerome Ave. Subway and thence by trolley from Woodlawn Station.

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PIERCE-ARROW 1921 Touring 7-passenger. 6 Mos. Guarantee. Trades; Deferred Pay'ts.
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1,866 Broadway (61st-62d). Columbus 8300.

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BUICK 1921 sedan and touring.
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PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE.
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1921 Touring, 1920 Coupe, 1923 Sedan. Knickerbocker Automobile Warehouse, 145 West 61st St. Time payments. Trades considered. Open evenings. Sunday 10-5.

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CADILLAC "61" Touring.
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CADILLAC Victoria, 1920, good condition. 136 West 52d St., 5th floor.

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1918 Touring, fair condition, bargain.
1919 Touring, with 1923 appearance.
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1919 CADILLAC Sedan, chance for dealer; FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y. Used Car Dept. E. G. Kuh, Mgr. 225 West 58th St., 3d Floor.

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 8, 1922.

THE REPUBLICAN GLEE CLUB.

In addressing at Columbus a local glee club that had helped to sing him into the Presidency, Mr. HARDING urged a political analogy. It would be such a fine thing if the Republican Party could exhibit the heavenly harmony of a glee club, each singer entering into the spirit of the performance as a whole and subordinating his own part to the ensemble. The trouble was, went on the President, that the political tenors and basses desired more to attract attention to their own wonderful voices than to sing in unison with the rest of the chorus.

Even while he was speaking, the President and the country had an illustration of his melancholy theme. At Washington the Republican songsters met at Senator LODGE'S house for practice, and proceeded to pour out profuse strains of unpremeditated dissonance. The clear tenor of Mr. LODGE himself sounded like a sweet bell jangled out of tune alongside the booming bass of Senator SMOOT. President HARDING said at Columbus that he did not wish to usurp power, but stated the unquestioned truth that "somebody must do the directing." But what is to be done if the singers disregard the director? Mr. HARDING raises his bâton to begin the rendering of the magnificent Subsidy Symphony, but the Glee Club protests that this noble composition is too difficult for it and refuses to undertake to sing it. Similarly with the inspired Tariff Chorale and all the bravuras of the Bonus. The Republican Glee Club declares that the score is beyond its powers, and the audience, eager for a concourse of sweet sounds, hears only cries of angry disagreement.

Under such unhappy circumstances, what is a harried conductor to do? He may threaten to deprive the club of cakes and ale. Unfortunately, however, its members have already got from him about all that they can expect in that line. As Mr. HARDING said at Columbus: "Even with the power of the Presidency, a man can make only a very scant return to those who have done so much for him." The director might endeavor to show the discordant songsters how the music should be sung, but the likelihood is that, in their present temper, the despairing Republican songbirds would be apt to reply with CALVERLEY:

I cannot sing the old songs,
'Tis not that I deem them low,
But that I can't remember
How they go.

TRUTH AND LABOR LEADERS.

If SAMUEL GOMPERS will read the recent "resolution" of the Railroad Labor Board, he will find that nowhere does it brand the striking shopmen as "outlaws." If BURT M. JEWELL will study the statistics of the annual earnings of Americans, as presented, for example, in the returns of the income tax, he will find that the wages of his striking shopmen are well above the average. If JOHN L. LEWIS will recall the history of the latest "national" agreement between the miners and the operators, he will find that it was first broken by the miners' unions. What, then, shall be said of Mr. GOMPERS'S charge that the Labor Board have set up as "Bolshevist" tyrants, of Mr. JEWELL'S charge that the board is seeking to impose an un-American and brutalizing standard of living, of Mr. LEWIS'S charge that the mine operators have flagrantly broken their word? These are but the latest examples of an old phenomenon. The mass of union men, who have not themselves access to the details of labor history and economic fact, are led by chiefs who habitually, and often quite consciously, distort the truth.

Organized labor has entered a new phase of development. From being the under dog, it has become the upper dog. Instead of being underpaid and oppressed, it commands wages which in their higher ranges are greater than the average income of trained professional men. The war once waged against employers to obtain mere justice can be continued only as a fight for privilege. If labor is really to earn more, it can do so only by increased productivity, by co-operating freely and intelligently for the general good. This new era demands new ideas; yet the Federation leaders still parrot the cry of "tyranny," of "wage slavery." Meanwhile, the strike, once a local and limited disturbance, has become a national menace. It was to meet this modern development that the Railroad Labor Board was established. The nation is stepping in between the ancient duelists, declaring that neither has any right that is not in general harmony with the national welfare.

That is the handwriting on the wall. Yet the Federation leaders persistently ignore it. They plant a garden of lies and cultivate it daily. Why they do so only themselves can say, but the result is not open to question. As strike after strike is begun in ignorance, only to end in loss and suffering, a bitter resentment is engendered among their followers. Mr. GOMPERS and his lieutenants are not radicals. What gain can they find in swelling the flood of discontent and destructive violence?

It is not thus that strong men remain in place and power. The one indispensable resource of successful leadership is grasp of the truth. Some day a leader will arise who sees the modern economic situation as it is and is thus able to lead organized labor forward into a world of realities. Then Mr. GOMPERS will realize that whom the gods destroy they first make—not so much mad as prophets of the things that are not.

DEBTS AND OTHER THINGS.

Mr. LEFFINGWELL was an Assistant Secretary of the Treasury when our war loans were floated and ten billions of the proceeds lent to foreign Governments. His official duties must have given him full information on all the mooted points, so that when he calls for an investigation of our foreign loans the implicit meaning is that he wishes others to have the knowledge which he possesses. Its outline, as given by himself, includes inquiry how the debts came to be created, what equities exist in favor of the debtors, which of them can pay, and what would be the effect on the United States of receiving payment. The object is to consider whether the conditions thus disclosed might not warrant the United States in making concessions to the debtors in return for definite advantages to the United States. The attitude throughout is that of a considerate creditor toward a deserving debtor.

These debts between Governments were incurred on joint account in an enterprise whose success would be thought sufficient by itself if it could not have been had on other terms. We must not forget how we felt when the German Big Berthas and submarines and poison gas were alarming Washington as well as Paris. Our foreign debtors fought our fight, and ran up a bill in blood and treasure which dwarfs ours. The foreign debts, too, were spent here. In short, these debts are not ordinary commercial debts, and should be adjusted on the basis of all the elements entering into them. They may yet be made to secure for us something which would further benefit us and which would be valuable to us above any precise appraisal in dollars. Whatever may be Mr. LEFFINGWELL'S private judgment concerning what should be done, he is certainly right in urging that the debts be thought of as only one part of a large financial and commercial problem for the United States.

MR. BORAH'S SPEECH.

Mr. BORAH interrupted the vain closure debate with a speech full of thought, moral energy, restrained power. He set forth the unpleasant truth. What was the hurry about the Tariff bill? The people are in no hurry to have their taxes increased. After the Tariff bill comes the Bonus bill. The people are in no hurry to have from four to six billions added to the debt. They are in no hurry for the Ship Subsidy bill, which would throw away fifty, a hundred, perhaps three hundred millions. Mr. BORAH reviewed other Republican schemes for tapping the Treasury. Is there any part of the Republican program that doesn't swell the already intolerable burden of taxation? He reviewed the finances of Great Britain and France. Like the United States, they have taken the wrong road since the war. They have been extravagant, increased their outlay and their taxes, have been drying up taxes at their sources and increasing the cost of living:

> We have already reached the era of subsidies and embargoes and bonuses and gratuities and that other peculiar and sinister invention of American politics, fifty-fifty—that is to say that the State will exploit the people for 50 per cent., thus dividing responsibility and aggravating extravagance, unmindful of the fact that, while the taxing powers are two, the taxpayer is one and the same.

Congress has sought to allay political discontent by appropriation; and when the taxpayers seemed about to protest, we have bravely passed the loan on to posterity. So, like economic cannibals, we are preying upon one another and going the cannibal one better. We are now preying upon our children and our children's children. On every stump the Republicans promised to lessen taxation. Have they kept their promises? To his Republican colleagues, the most disagreeable and ominous passage in the Senator's singularly frank and powerful speech is this:

> Is there any doubt, Mr. President, that there is a political revolution on in the country? We may not feel it in all its effects in Washington, but it has reached here. The people are resentful of the fact that the promises to lift the burden have not been kept.

Business men are borrowing money to pay their taxes. Thousands of farms are for sale for unpaid taxes. There is wide and general discontent. Yet the Republicans want to increase taxation with the Bonus bill and the Ship Subsidy bill. Mr. BORAH'S speech is unanswerable. It represents the public judgment on the work of this Congress. The majority Senators must see the truth in his forecast. They feel political disaster coming, yet there they sit helpless, like a cat hypnotized by the bright steel of the tracks and powerless to escape the express train thundering toward it. Has there ever been a more flagrant case of intellectual and political "breakdown" than this of the Republican Party in the Sixty-seventh Congress?

ELMS ON THE MALL.

The response to Mr. SAMUEL PARSONS'S plan for reconstructing the Mall in Central Park has been immediate and gratifying. Already an organization has been formed to receive contributions and administer the general fund. Especially fortunate is the fact that Mr. PARSONS has consented to head the new organization. Familiar with the park from its earliest days and a lifelong friend and business partner of one of the landscape architects who created it, he has for many years been associated with its administration. He has in unbounded measure the admiration and love for the Park, and the sense of its value as the heritage of all the people, which form the greatest of all qualifications for any one who has a hand in preserving it.

While restoring the Mall to the full beauty of its vanished prime, Mr. PARSONS'S plan will add to the Park a feature as novel and interesting as it is unobtrusive. With each of the forty great trees will be associated the name of its donor, or that of some friend or cause to which he dedicates it. Those who read the bronze tablets sunk into the turf will have a brief census of New Yorkers in 1922 who loved trees and sought to enlarge the pleasures of their fellow-citizens.

OXYGEN ON EVEREST.

Captain GEORGE FINCH of the Mount Everest expedition says in his narrative of the record ascent to 27,300 feet: "Next day with NOEL and the "Gurkha TEJBIR we went up the North "Col all oxygenated." That means breathing in oxygen to keep up vitality, as not enough can be taken in with the air at high Himalayan altitudes. Captain FINCH did not coin a new word, but it is natural to wonder how the white men and the yellow Tibetans behaved when oxygenated. There is no doubt that the gas was a great aid. It made exertion possible at heights previously never reached, but the effect does not seem to have been like that of yerba maté, which stimulates to unwonted energy and takes the place of nourishment as the hours pass. There is a feeling of exhilaration with the intake of oxygen, but it may be more imaginary than real—the climber is surprised that he can make any progress at all above 25,000 feet. Of the return down the mountain to the base camp Captain FINCH says:

> Tired, deplorably tired, not moving with our accustomed vigor, our knees did not seem under proper control, sometimes bending against our will and causing us to reel and stagger, and sometimes to sit down.

He adds that "an almost insatiable "craving for food and drink was al-"most all that animated us." That is noteworthy, because extreme fatigue usually dulls the edge of appetite, and sometimes renders men indifferent to food. However, as to the leg weariness and the sense of "goneness," it must be remembered that FINCH and BRUCE had each carried for five and a half hours a pack of oxygen cylinders weighing thirty-six pounds. It cannot, then, be held that the gas had no stimulating quality.

The oxygen has one use not expected. "At the high camp," says FINCH, "when thoroughly chilled by "the intense cold, a few minutes' lib-"eral breathing of the oxygen brought "about a pleasant tingling sensation "in the skin and a return of warmth." Sleep above 25,000 feet is probably impossible "unoxygenated": "Inhaling "gas at the rate of only half a liter "[somewhat less than a pint] a minute "was sufficient not only to insure "sound and comfortable sleep, but "also enormously increased appe-"tites."

The Tibetan porters, oxygenated and burdened, "sang encouraging snatches of native hill songs on the way up." How necessary the oxygen is below the top of Everest appears from FINCH'S statement that when he cut the supply off he was "soon noticing vaguely instead of showing decision" and "in the choice of hand and foot holds he was hesitating." Turning on the gas again, he became "normal." From this account the conclusion is that as FINCH and BRUCE, the latter almost a novice in mountain climbing, were not stopped by natural obstacles—in fact, the upward progress was sure if slow—familiarity with oxygen as a sustainer may yet make the conquest of Everest practicable.

IRELAND AND AMERICA.

It must be admitted that there is something magnificent about Mr. DE VALERA'S self-confidence. Amid the ruin of all his plans and vehement repudiation by his own people, he rises again to claim that he alone is right and everybody else in Ireland wrong. It is ATHANASIUS against the world once more. But the attitude of the discredited Irish leader becomes more ludicrous than tragic when he appeals to Irish-Americans to stand by him still. This is entirely to ignore the great revulsion of feeling which the Irish civil war has produced in this country. Mortification and shame have taken the place among Irish-Americans of the old enthusiasm and defiance. One has but to glance at the utterances of the organs of Irish opinion in this country to realize the enormous change. Here, for example, is a part of what The Gaelic American says in its issue of today:

> The darkest chapter in Ireland's sad history was enacted in Dublin during the last few days. All her past misfortunes have been inflicted on her by England, but this time the horrible work has been done by her own sons. There were only a few hundred of them, all, except a few fanatical men among the leaders, deluded, deceived and obsessed with the idea that they were fighting for a principle, when they were only engaged in an effort to advance the political fortunes of a charlatan whom the Irish people had emphatically repudiated.

If there is to be any salvation for Ireland, it must be wrought by her own sons on her own soil. The Irish Free State has set its hand to a necessary but painful work. It has undertaken to put down rebellion and to stamp out banditry and anarchy unhappily rife in many parts of Southern Ireland. Its call for volunteers shows that it realizes the widespread danger. In Dublin the revolt has been crushed, but in outlying counties irregular bands are still operating, and they have got to be rounded up and either shot down or forced to surrender. The rebels appealed to force, and force must be applied without letup until the country is pacified.

It is undeniably a sorrowful beginning of Irish self-government. Not only will a heavy debt be saddled upon the young State, but lingering animosities and persistent factions will embarrass the establishment of civil government. Apparently, however, there was no other way. Having put its hand to the plow, the Irish Free State cannot now look back. There is nothing for it but a policy of "Thorough," such as STRAFFORD himself might have approved.

MERRY RUSSIA.

Of all the statements that have come out of Russia in the last four years the most unassailable is that of SOKOLNIKOFF, present Finance Minister, who told correspondents at The Hague the other day that there was a growing demand for money in Russia, and that the Soviets would supply it. That is a promise they can keep, unless their printers strike, as has just happened in Berlin, and the Government printing press is delayed thereby. Fifty or eighty trillions a month is easy for these indefatigable printers; and when the volume of currency runs past the comprehension of the average citizen, it is simple enough to divide it all by 10,000 and start again.

Other problems are not so easy. The conferences of experts at The Hague seem to have dissipated the Russian hope of borrowing a few billion dollars from the capitalist Governments they set out to overthrow. There still seems a prospect that the resources of Russia will be put up at auction for sale to speculative concessionaires, with the result of total loss to former holders of foreign property in Russia, a possible further loss to the successful bidders, doubtful advantages to the Russian people, but real and immediate gains to the Bolshevist Government, which hopes to get a little hard money by the sale. What it will do when that money is gone is another matter.

Meanwhile, the trial of the Social Revolutionaries who rebelled against the Bolsheviki unsuccessfully, after the Bolsheviki had successfully rebelled against them, is still going on. In place of the formidable array of Socialists from Western Europe who appeared as counsel for the defense at the beginning of the trial, only to give up in despair of justice, there is only one girl lawyer, who seems to take innumerable notes but rarely says anything. MAXIM GORKY, according to a report coming by way of Berlin to The Jewish Daily Forward and republished in The Call, says that the trial is "cynical," and that if death sentences are imposed it will be "the most despicable murder." GORKY'S theory is that Russia needs to preserve what little intellect she still has; but to the true Bolshevik, non-Bolshevist intellect is worth no more than books—contradicting the Koran were worth to the Caliph OMAR. Moscow expects that five of the defendants will be sentenced to death.

That sentence has already been imposed on eleven priests, including several considerable dignitaries of the Church, for resistance to the Soviet seizure of church jewels for famine relief. Mr. ARTHUR RANSOME says that the Church is splitting on this question, the great ecclesiastics outraged by the plunder of the shrines being offset by a considerable element among the minor clergy and the devout laity which considers famine relief more important than bejeweled altars. On the not very good authority of VLADIMIR LVOFF, Mr. RANSOME cites instances of the carrying abroad of church jewels which were sold to buy food and lodging for the pillagers. At any rate, it seems that the Russian Church is no more harmonious than the rest of Russia.

Such are conditions in the new earthly paradise, and apparently the Communists think that they can be cured by a hair of the dog that bit them. For rumors of a reconstruction of the dominant oligarchy all indicate that the Left will gain in power, though as yet it seems to be only the moderate Left. TCHITCHERIN is on his way out, having failed at Genoa, though it is strange news that he may be replaced by LITVINOFF, who seems about to fall just as completely at The Hague. KRASSIN, too, is going, according to Moscow reports. The Bolsheviki have tried to straddle the fence, to be a little bit Bolshevist and a little bit capitalist; and they find that nobody will lend them money. The remedy, they seem to think, is to leave capitalism flat and turn back to the true faith of communism. It is pretty hard on Russia.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

This Sign Should Come Down.

To criticise adversely anything of advantage to the living policemen of New York City and which adds honor to the memory of policemen whose lives have been given in the performance of duty never can be a pleasant task. THE TIMES always has been cordial in appreciation of the force as a whole, of the courage of all its members, of the honesty, the efficiency, the helpfulness and courtesy of the great majority. It therefore has a right, and even is obliged, to express strong disapproval of the placing by police permission, and one is tempted to say by police connivance, just north of Forty-third Street, in the "flatiron" between Broadway and Seventh Avenue, of a billboard, large and tall, on which is advertised the coming presentation of a moving picture play.

The explanation—it is not an excuse—for misusing public property in this way lies in the announcement that "a generous portion" of the receipts will go to a fund for taking care of surviving dependents of "slain police heroes."

Of course, the raising of money for that purpose is, in itself, worthy and more than worthy. Objection to it is unthinkable. But the best of things can be done in bad ways, and this is one of the worst of all ways.

If the theatrical manager whose distinctly business enterprise thus is to be advertised in what almost unquestionably is the most conspicuous spot in all New York need pay for the privilege only by giving a part, decided by himself, of his box-office receipts to the police, then other business men should be able to get at a like price a like exemption from the ordinances which were designed to guard the city's property from diversion to private use.

A good many of them, one fears, would be eager to do it, and if the police, in their own interest, are allowed to sell exemption in this manner, the results can be imagined.

They Seem to Him Important.

With what minute care the wise Ambassador guards his words when he makes a public utterance abroad is illustrated by the anxiety shown by our representative in France that the reports of the speech delivered by him when he transmitted to the City of Verdun the medal awarded to it by Congress should be printed in the American papers exactly as he intended it to be spoken.

As it happened, the speech was transmitted by cable before Mr. HERRICK had a chance to revise the copy, and he now has made out a list of the changes he wanted to make in the first version. They include the addition of a single paragraph, naming in eulogistic terms the French officials who accompanied him to Verdun and took part in the presentation ceremonies. The other corrections are not many—they number only seven—and most of them seem curiously small.

"In the newspapers," for instance, is changed to "In some newspapers," and "It is not defeat" to "It is in no sense defeat." In Ambassador HERRICK'S oration at Verdun he said the right thing, as he always does.

The French were pleased by his tribute to the heroism of the soldiers who said "They shall not pass!" They didn't, as all the world knows, and the Germans best of all—and Americans were glad to have their friendship for a sister republic so well expressed.

Darkness Helped the Panic.

One of the terrifying features of the accident in the east side tunnel on Thursday was the immediate going out of all the lights in the train where so many passengers were suffering the agonies of asphyxiation. The darkness added, of course, to their terrors, and had not a little to do with the panic that started so soon after the fire broke out.

A really independent lighting system for these trains surely could be devised alone not drawing on the third rail for power. Its maintenance would be somewhat troublesome, and it would cost something, but at any moment, in any subway train, such lights might become of enormous importance. Therefore they should be provided.

Thunderstorm and Tornado.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The movement of the barometer recorded as a continuous graph during the storm of Sunday, June 11, indicates that Colonel Finley's opinion concerning the character of the storm is correct. The difference between a thunderstorm and a tornado is one of degree of intensity rather than of character. All that laboratory the change in pressure, amounting to two-tenths of an inch, practically was instantaneous.

JACQUES W. REDWAY, F. R. G. S.,
Geographer, Meteorological Laboratory.
Mount Vernon, N. Y., July 1, 1922.

RUDE AMERICANS.

Their Criticisms of Europe Offset Visiting Lecturers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The editorial page of The Saturday Evening Post for July 1 contains a vigorous poke at the European lecturers who come over here, tell us what is wrong with us, and collect a handsome fee for doing so before returning to their native shores. The editor suggests that we could return the courtesy and with interest.

We do. The opportunity missed by our lecturers is more than made up by the individual American tourist, whose conversation is one loud and continuous complaint. And as he is paying for the privilege, instead of being paid, like the European lecturer, his advice to the Europeans is not couched in such diplomatic language.

If the editor of The Saturday Evening Post believes that Europe doesn't know what we think of it, then he should stand within earshot of any conversation in street car, subway, railroad station, cafe, hotel, restaurant, church, art gallery, museum, or any other place, public or private, where Americans foregather, in any part of Europe. I listened to such conversations for three years (when I wasn't actually doing my share) and I know.

The avoidance of Americans by Americans in Europe, for this very reason, is proverbial. An American woman traveling on a Paris subway was compelled to listen to the conversation of two American men who were airing their opinions of France and the French in no uncertain terms, with embellishments of profanity and obscenity which they probably would not use in public in their native land. This woman finally turned to them and said, "These people may not understand you, but I do, and I do not wish to listen to your conversation any longer." Upon which, realizing that other people besides themselves spoke and understood English, they let up.

As between listening to intelligent individualists, such as Philip Gibbs or Mrs. Asquith, and enduring the unceasing knocks of the American in Europe, I think I prefer the former, even if I must pay for the privilege.

DAN M. WALKER.
New York, July 1, 1922.

More Superwomen.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the open discussion appearing in your paper I notice that the printed lists of distinguished women now living in this country omit some names which for valuable constructive work done deserve mention.

Mrs. Mary K. Simkhovitch, who is accomplishing constructive work in Americanization for the west side.?

And Mrs. John Macy, who as Miss Sullivan took a small, deaf, dumb and blind child, and, although herself barely 17 years old, without any previous training, brought out Helen Keller, who is today known on both continents.

It is interesting to read in Mrs. Macy's own letters of the system which she progressively developed as conditions arose in her pupil, a system of education which Dr. Montessori told the writer was equal to her own. Surely she is worthy of some recognition by the public of her accomplishment as an educator.

FRANCIS EDWARDS.
Everett, Mass., July 2, 1922.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Among the many names given in lists sent in as deserving of a place in the Hall of Fame two are conspicuous by their absence. Surely, no one forgets the heroic work done during the World War by Miss Mabel Boardman of the Red Cross.

And to quote from yesterday's TIMES: "Mrs. Mary Adelaide Nutting, professor at the Teachers College, Columbia University, is a pioneer in nursing and social science service, upon whom was conferred the honorary degree of Master of Arts."

MARGUERITE MARSHALL.
Hollis, L. I., July 3, 1922.

Fireworks Imported from Suburbs.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A "safe and sane Fourth" is impossible as long as fireworks are freely permitted to enter New York City. In the past week children and adults by the hundreds have purchased their fireworks in Mount Vernon and, without hindrance, have carried them into New York City.

Fireworks stores cropped up like mushrooms in the lower part of Mount Vernon and competition was so keen that a fleet of automobiles trailed each approaching New York trolley car offering "free rides" to prospective customers.

A guard stationed at New York's northerly border with instructions to confiscate all fireworks entering the city would greatly improve the situation. A lasting remedy would be to educate adjoining cities to follow New York's example and prohibit the sale of fireworks.

SAFETY.
Mount Vernon, July 5, 1922.

Costly Princeton Battle Monument.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the daily press of New York it has been repeatedly stated that the Princeton Battle Monument cost $300,000. This has been a source of embarrassment to the sculptor, Frederick MacMonnies, and is quite at variance with the facts. The amount devoted to the monument itself was $60,000, of which the United States Government contributed $30,000 and the State of New Jersey $20,000. The site for the monument included several places of property and cost the citizens of Princeton about $125,000.

ALLAN MARQUAND,
Secretary of the Princeton Battle Monument Commission.
Princeton, N. J., July 4, 1922.

Try City Employment Bureau.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I often have small jobs which I could give to some soldier boy, but would not know where to find him. I could not offer steady work, but every little bit helps.

A SUBSCRIBER.
New York, June 30, 1922.

SHELLEY AND VERS LIBRE.

An Anniversary Ode.

Alastor, if you could return to us—
And would,
This side the glittering Caucasus,
This side the "lone Chorasmian shore,"
Your solitude,
I deem, were never less—but more!

Alastor, since earth knew your lovely face
What change!
The Muse is fled—she fled a race
Who fill the air with raucous chants,
Yet can estrange
All ears to love of Dissonance!

Alastor, none in all this fellowship
Avowed,
Hath lyric word upon the lip
Or Beauty's Name within his heart,
But he hath bowed
His soul before a new harsh Art.

Alastor, these apostate ones are bold:
Each height,
Each citadel, they strongly hold.
Yet you with guest-rite they would claim,
And your great light,
Though it should put their deeds to shame!

Alastor, would your greeting mood be grief—
Or wrath?
Or, would you—since their term is brief
Who war on Beauty—hold your way,
Your singing path,
Soon veiled mid amaranth and bay?

EDITH M. THOMAS.

DENBY PARTY SEES JAPAN.

Last Day of Their Official Visit is Spent on Motor Tour.

TOKIO, July 7 (Associated Press).—From the brilliant formality and cosmopolitan flavor of high diplomatic functions, Secretary of the Navy Denby and his party of the United States Naval Academy, class of 1881, went today, the last day of their official visit, on a motor tour of the tranquil villages and quiet countryside. They saw the real Japan.

The visitors pronounced it the most interesting day of their stay. They left Tokio in the morning for Kamakura. From there they motored around the Miura Peninsula to Kurihama, returning by another route. In the villages the children assembled to wave flags of welcome.

At Kurihama, Senator O. E. Weller of Maryland planted near the monument to Commodore Perry a tree brought from America. The tree was dedicated in speeches by Secretary Denby and Charles West Stewart, Annapolis, '81, a Washington historian. Viscount Kaneko, replying, pointed out that 1881 had been memorable in Japan, for that was the year the Emperor decreed the constitution.

"As long as this tree stands we will respect and love America," he declared.

The party met the oldest inhabitant, who remembered the landing of Perry in 1853, when he helped draw in a fish net for the famous American naval officer.

The party will separate tomorrow, Secretary Denby and some of the tourists going to Nikko, others leaving for different resorts.

TO REOPEN ART SCHOOL.

Society of Illustrators and Veterans' Bureau Settle Dispute.

A peace by compromise was achieved between the Society of Illustrators and the United States Veterans' Bureau, at a joint meeting here yesterday, and the art school for disabled ex-soldiers, which the former disbanded last week after a dispute with the Veterans' Bureau, will be re-opened.

"It was a very peaceful meeting," said Colonel George E. Ijams, District Manager of the Veterans' Bureau in New York City. "After each side had presented its demands as regarded the operation of the art school, a compromise agreement was reached. I have just telegraphed to the Acting Director of the Veterans' Bureau at Washington, Dr. L. R. Rogers, recommending that a new contract along these lines be signed, and when his authorization has been received we shall go ahead with it. The art school will positively be re-opened."

The exact terms of the compromise Colonel Ijams would not reveal. Colonel Ijams will notify the society by noon next Monday of Dr. Rogers's decision, when the details of the new plan will be made public.

The original dispute was over the presence of volunteer teachers in the art school, to which the Veterans' Bureau objected, and over the measure of control which the latter was to have in the school's operation.

LLOYD GEORGE AS POET.

Welsh Verses He Wrote Years Ago Are Sung at Anglesey Festival.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 7.—Verses written in Welsh by Premier Lloyd George many years ago were sung at the Anglesey musical festival yesterday to an arrangement of music of an old Welsh battle chorus, "Captain Morgan's March." The Premier's verses are entitled "Wales Is One."

The first verse and chorus in the original Welsh follows:

Trat teiff y brynian gyssod dros y ddol,
Llawion a fegir yn eu sedd;
Tra safant fel gwylwyr dros y cymoedd clyd,
Bigir gwladgarwch yn eu cryd.
Blant y brynian hedwn dwyll a brad,
Creiglau cymru wen syn castellan gwlad.

CHORUS:

Blant y brynian, hertwn dwyll a brad
Creiglau cymru wen syn castellan gwlad.

The translation follows:

While hills their shadows fling athwart the dale,
Stalwarts will ever rise within their pale;
While they as watchers guard the placid land
No lack shall be of patriots to command.

CHORUS.

Cambria's children dare deceit and spite,
Rocks of our nation constitute our might.

BECK GOES TO SWITZERLAND

Warmly Entertained During a Week's Stay in Paris.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 7.—James M. Beck, Solicitor General of the United States, who has spent the past week in Paris, is leaving tonight for Switzerland.

During his stay in Paris Mr. Beck has been the recipient of many signal honors from the French legal world and has been received by President Millerand, with whom he had a long conversation. The Minister of Justice, Louis Barthou, also gave a luncheon for Mr. Beck, and yesterday he was entertained by the society Les Amis de la France.

The warmness of his reception, Mr. Beck says, has convinced him more than ever of the deep attachment of the French people and their leaders for America and their consciousness that behind all the transitory differences between the two countries their ideals and interests are the same.

TO APPEAL MARKET CASE.

Mayor Orders O'Brien to Contest Decision on Stands.

Mayor Hylan ordered Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien yesterday to appeal from the decision of Justice Wasservogel requiring Commissioner of Public Markets O'Malley to consent to the assignment of certain stands in West Washington Market to the Dorato-Corrutti Corporation.

"It seems to me," wrote the Mayor, "that the Commissioner's contention has much merit, and that if the rule as laid down by Justice Wasservogel were finally established, the provision of law against assignment without the consent of the Commissioner of Public Markets is a mere idle set of words and that one market standholder by compelling the Commissioner of Public Markets to give written approval, could absorb the entire market space, destroy competition and thus defeat the whole purpose of public and terminal markets."

NEW MISSION COUNCIL.

All Nations Represented in Organization Formed in Rome.

ROME, July 7.—A new "Council for the General Work of the Propagation of the Faith" has been formed, being a development of the century-old French Catholic mission centre at Lyons, which was transferred to Rome by the present Pope.

All the nations are represented in the new council, the President of which is Mgr. Fumasoni Biondi. The representative of the United States is Mgr. O'Hern, rector of the American College in Rome; of South America, Mgr. Riera; England, Mgr. Prior, and Canada, Mgr. Lajoie.

HARDING UPHOLDS OUR SOCIAL ORDER

Again Urges Obedience to Law in Receiving Degree From Muskingum College.

PRAISES SMALL COLLEGES

He Predicts Continued Chaos in Russia So Long as Soviet Principles Are Supreme.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW CONCORD, Ohio, July 7.—Bits of Harding philosophy were revealed today when the President responded to the award of an honorary degree by Muskingum College, the institution with which Ohio Central College, whose Mr. Harding studied forty years ago, is now merged.

In the course of an extemporaneous speech, President Harding said he would rather have an America made up of graduates of smaller colleges than of "larger and more conspicuous institutions." "The smaller college," he said, "through more intimate contact, developed character and the will to force ahead."

The President re-emphasized the theme of obedience to law that has marked virtually all of his speeches during his trip to Marion. The present social order, he asserted, was the result of the experience of sixty centuries, and had survived riot, revolution and anarchist doctrines. It rested upon the opportunity for service, and was inspired by the chances for "material gain."

Predicts Continued Chaos in Russia.

Because the incentive for reward was lacking under communistic rule, chaos would continue in Russia so long as Soviet principles were supreme. He had received reports from Russia that the country would be ravaged by famine so long as the peasants remained unspurred by the desire to plant beyond their own needs.

Few incidents connected with his Ohio trip gave to the President as much pleasure as the receipt of the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from this little college, nestled among the hills of Southeastern Ohio. In effect, it is a degree from his "stop alma mater," for a few years after he attended Ohio Central College at Iberia, it was merged with Muskingum.

Motoring to Washington on his return trip, the President arrived here at noon, and donning cap and gown, marched at the head of an academic procession to the college spring where the convocation ceremonies were held. On the slopes of the hillside were several hundred students of the Summer school and residents of near-by towns.

Mr. Harding was presented for his degree Monday by Ellis Ewing, a member of the college Board of Trustees, and the degree was conferred by President J. Knox Montgomery. In acknowledging the honor the President said in part:

"I do not know when I have looked upon a more attractive picture than this. It strengthens the hope of one in responsibility to see such a reflex of the citizenship of our Republic.

"I very much appreciate this degree of Muskingum. I appreciate it, first, because of the relationship of Ohio Central to this institution. Most notable thing ever happened to me in my college days that gave me so much grief as the discontinuance of the college where my father had gone before me. It was one of those institutions where every student knew every other student and, of course, every student knew every member of the Faculty. Sometimes I thought we saw rather too much of them.

"I like your institution also because it is very close to my ideal of the American educational institution. I have full pride, I have every reverence for the great universities of our country. I suppose I should be as unhappy as you if we did not have them, but if I were to choose, I would rather have an America made up of those who are educated at your less conspicuous and less largely attended universities.

Prefers Smaller Colleges.

"Perhaps I ought to explain why I feel that way. Personality is the greatest quality in life, and in the institutions where the student bodies number from seven or eight to ten thousand there is little opportunity for the students to be impressed by the personality of those responsible for their training. Ever since civilization began there have been institutions of learning available to those who are fortunate in material possessions of life, but in our modern America we have added every where throughout the land like institutions which are available to the rank and file of the youth of America.

"Service is the greatest thing in the human calendar, and the better we equip ourselves the better we serve, because in the expansion of the mind comes the better understanding of how best to serve. Let me tell you, young men and young women, no matter what your fortunes in life, the greatest compensation that will come to you tomorrow or next year or the closing year of your life will be the consciousness that you have somehow been of service, either to your friends, your State or your common country. That is the greatest thing that can happen.

"In a larger sense, modern invention has put us in touch with all the world and here in America has come to us a very unusual responsibility. Whether it was the design of the infinite, whether it was the hand of destiny pointing the way, somehow in this republic we have made more of freedom, we have made more of opportunity, and we have contributed more to human advancement in a century and a half than all the people of the world in all the story of the world.

Up to America to Stabilize.

"After the upheaval of the World War we found ourselves more powerful, and because of this responsibility it is up to America to stabilize ourselves and get on the right track again. It is our responsibility to help the world get on its feet again. We cannot do that unless we look first to see that our own house in America is in order. I think the highest duty of America today is to call the attention of all its citizenship to the heritage of 1922. Here we have the utmost of freedom and fullness of opportunity, and can only have security in the maintenance of the

FINE OLD ELM TREES AGAIN TO LINE MALL

Forty Full-Grown Trees Donated by Citizens to Be Planted in Central Park.

BRING BACK FORMER BEAUTY

Organization of Public-Spirited Men Wants It to Be Best Promenade in World.

Central Park Mall is to be transformed within a comparatively few months into a shady promenade, bordered with elms half a century old. Plans for the replanting project were started upon yesterday by persons interested in the restoration of the city's beauty spots to their original charm.

An organization was formed to carry out the rehabilitation of the Mall, with Samuel Parsons, landscape architect, as Chairman. Mr. Parsons, who has long been identified with park affairs, both as a private citizen and as an official of the Park Department, suggested the plan in a letter to THE NEW YORK TIMES on June 16. He describes the plan as "one of the most ambitious planting projects that has ever been attempted in a public park."

The financing of the Mall's reforestation will be accomplished by subscriptions of $1,000 each from forty public-spirited citizens. The $1,000 will provide for transplanting a big elm and maintaining it for three years to insure its growth.

The Elms on the Mall" is the name chosen for the organization. Besides Mr. Parsons, its members are Francis D. Gallatin, Park Commissioner; Seward Prosser, President of the Bankers' Trust Company; William Adams Delano, architect; Samuel P. Goldman, former Vice President of the American Bar Association; John Cortlandt Van Rensselaer, and Wilson B. Van Ingen, mural painter. Mr. Prosser is Treasurer and the Bankers' Trust Company Trustee. Mr. Goldman is Secretary.

Tree to Be a Memorial.

Among those who have subscribed for trees are Messmore Kendall of Kendall & Herzog, lawyers; Mr. Goldman; Mr. Delano for his firm, Delano & Aldrich, architects, and Adolph S. Ochs. Several others whose names Mr. Parsons was not yet prepared to give have announced their intention of subscribing. The elm subscribed for by Mr. Ochs will be a memorial for those of THE NEW YORK TIMES forces who gave their lives in the World War. The memorial feature was suggested by Mr. Parsons in his original plan for those subscribers who wished it. It is planned to fix in the pavement of the walk or in the lawn bronze tablets lettered with the names of the donors and those whom they wish to honor.

Thirty elms will take the places of a number of smaller trees recently planted by the Park Department. Park Commissioner Gallatin has said that the department "would, of course, be pleased to see the largest trees it is possible to secure planted on the Mall," and would "gladly issue a permit for planting them when it is assured that money for the work will be forthcoming and that suitable trees have been located."

Mr. Parsons said that in view of the response of Park lovers to his suggestion, there was no doubt of its early consummation.

"The work will be done according to the latest scientific methods," he said. "Trees as old as fifty or sixty years thrive quite as well as smaller trees if they are planted with skill and care. There are many fine trees in Central Park today, showing that they may be grown there under proper conditions.

"The trees should be about fifty feet high and from fifteen to eighteen inches in diameter one foot from the ground. They will be placed in holes from twenty-five to thirty feet in diameter and the roots surrounded by rich soil, tested by analysis. The elms will have to be cultivated systematically in accordance with the character of the weather, and they must be watched carefully for the appearance of insects and pests."

Transplanting of large trees is accomplished at present without much difficulty, Mr. Parsons said, provided the work is done by experts. The roots have to be wrapped in burlap so as to keep out the air. Trees of the size called for weigh about ten tons each and specially constructed motor trucks have to be used in hauling.

Five trees of the same size were recently placed under Mr. Parsons's supervision near the East Drive in Central Park, about opposite 106th Street, as a memorial to Andrew H. Green.

Had Plan Long in Mind.

"I have had this plan in mind for years and years," said Mr. Parsons. "The response to THE TIMES editorials and articles about the replanting of the Mall has been very gratifying to those interested in the restoration of Central Park. I have received letters from many persons asking for additional details, and many have indicated that they were ready to become the forty donors. The Mall can be made the most beautiful promenade in the world—as it was thirty years ago."

Mr. Parsons made public excerpts from many that he had received following the publication of his suggestion. Messmore Kendall of Kendall & Herzog, lawyers, wrote: "Here is one tree lover whom you can count on, if you desire, to contribute a tree."

William Adams Delano of Delano & Aldrich, wrote: "The destruction of the trees in the Mall has always seemed to me a calamity, and if you can find the necessary number of people ready to give one thousand dollars apiece for a tree we hope you will count us among the number of donors. At this time, when so many attempts are being made to invade Central Park, it is very encouraging to have some one come forward as you have with the suggestion of maintaining and preserving what we already possess."

"Your splendid plan, as I understand it, contemplates the return of the former dignity by the planting of memorial trees wide spreading and fifty feet high," said a letter from Charles N. Lowrie. "It will serve a valuable purpose. First, as a constructive idea in restoration which, when carried out, will be a most impressive object lesson as to what great possibilities lie in this direction elsewhere in the Park. Second, it will again afford shaded avenues in that portion of the Park which I presume is most used by the greatest range of people, from little children to people of elderly years. Third, it is practical because of the necessity of shade trees during those seasons of the year when the Park is most sought after by the multitude. The appeal of such a project should meet with instant response, affording as it does a wonderful type of memorial in the form of fine living things."

The address of Mr. Parsons, chairman of the committee, is the Architects' Building, 101 Park Avenue, and that of Mr. Goldman, secretary, is 120 Broadway, the Equitable Building.

TRACTION BIDS TO BE ASKED

Changes to Be Made at Queensboro Plaza Approach.

The Transit Commission yesterday authorized an advertisement for bids, to be received on July 25, for changes in the steel work at the easterly approach to the Queensboro Plaza Station, Long Island City, to permit the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company to share with the Interborough in the operation of the Astoria and Corona branches of the Queensboro subway.

The commission also authorized the advertisement of bids, to be received on the same day, for the installation of tracks of the Jerome Avenue and Lenox yards of the Interborough.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Russell Jones of 35 East Thirtieth Street have gone to Red Bank, N. J., where they are spending July with Mr. and Mrs. W. Strother Jones at Vancluse.

Mrs. John Clinton Gray has left Newport for Bar Harbor, where she will pass the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Kingdon Gould entertained a small party of friends last evening at Sherry's.

Senator and Mrs. Peter G. Gerry have come from Washington, D. C., and are at the Ritz-Carlton, where Mr. and Mrs. Amory S. Carhart of Tuxedo Park are also staying.

Sir Alexander Maguire of London, who arrived on the Berengaria, is at the Plaza.

Mrs. W. B. Dinsmore is here from Boston and is staying at the Belmont for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Alexander are leaving today for San Francisco.

Sir Paul and Lady Chater of Hongkong, China, gave a small dinner party last evening in the roof garden of the Waldorf-Astoria.

Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Mathewson of Buffalo are at the Westchester Biltmore Country Club at Rye, N. Y., for a month's visit.

G. Louis Boissevain has left the Vanderbilt and has gone to Hill Top Inn at Newport to spend the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Percival S. Hill of Greenwich, Conn., are at the Ambassador; also Charles E. Gautier, who has come from Southampton.

Mrs. William V. B. Kip and Miss Cornelie B. Kip are at the Garden City Hotel, Garden City, L. I., for a visit.

Mrs. William Disston entertained yesterday at luncheon in the Japanese Garden at the Ritz; also Mrs. Thomas Emery, who gave a party for Miss Audrey Hoffman.

Governor Cameron Morrison, with his young daughter, has come from Raleigh, N. C., and is at the Vanderbilt for a week's stay.

Mrs. George L. Carnegie is here from Manchester, Mass., and is at the Plaza.

Mrs. G. Hunter Brown gave a luncheon at Pierre's yesterday for Mrs. Edmund S. Twining Jr., Mrs. Charles D. Halsey, Miss Lily Halsey and Van Rensselaer Halsey. Mrs. Henry Dearborn gave a dinner there for twelve guests last night.

The Princess Ghika has returned to New York from Southampton to meet her sister, Mrs. Rafael Zaldivar, who has arrived from Central America.

George Hall Waterman is here from Boston and is staying at the Lorraine.

Newport.

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt 2d, who has taken Gravel Court on Clay Street and Narragansett Avenue for the Summer, arrived from New York yesterday, coming on the steam yacht Adelphia, belonging to Mortimer D. Schiff. She was met in Newport by her son, William K. Vanderbilt Jr., who, accompanied by her daughters, the Misses Muriel and Consuelo Vanderbilt, and her son, visited the Casino and registered for the season.

Mrs. R. S. Field of Boston arrived at Hill Top Inn late yesterday for a short stay.

John Peleny and A. De Hertelendy, two of the attaches of the Hungarian Legation, were registered at the Casino yesterday, as were Miss Pauline Robinson and Mrs. Morton Schwartz of New York, both of whom are at their Summer homes.

Mrs. Bradford Norman entertained at her Portsmouth residence yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Suffern Taller are arranging for a party at Honeysuckle Lodge on the afternoon of July 14 in honor of the birthday of their daughter Miss Betty Taller.

Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss will arrive at Hammersmith Farm today.

Commander W. O. Spears, U. S. N., a member of the Naval War College class, has leased the Hone cottage on Old Beach Road and Greenough Place.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Fitz Simons have concluded their Newport visit and have gone to New York. They are sailing today for Equador, returning for the Fall season to open their home, Harbourview.

George L. Wheelock of New York is spending the Summer in Newport at 11 Redwood Street.

Mr. and Mrs. James W. Gerard, who are to occupy Fairlawn this Summer, are expected early next week.

J. W. Gannon and W. G. Osborn of New York are at the Muenchinger-King.

Mrs. Robert Ogden Bacon of New York returned last evening and is at Laforge cottage for an extended stay.

The Misses Laimbeer of New York are the guests of Mrs. Brady Harriman.

Mrs. Alexander Hamilton Rice will give a luncheon at Miramar on Sunday.

Three striped bass weighing 10, 12 and 14 pounds in an hour's fishing was the record of T. Suffern Taller at his Ocean Avenue Fishing Club pier Thursday evening.

C. E. Parish of New York has arrived at the New Cliffs.

Mrs. John Clinton Gray left for Bar Harbor yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Garrett B. Kipp, who have been at Southampton, are the guests of Mrs. Johnston L. de Peyster, where their daughter, Miss Carola de Peyster, was also a guest.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Frelinghuysen will arrive at the Winthrop estate on Bellevue Avenue today.

Mrs. A. J. Meigs of Philadelphia is at Laforge cottage.

Commodore John Rodgers is visiting his cousin, Stephen E. Linz, and General and Mrs. Montgomery M. Macomb at their home on Cliff Avenue.

Mrs. Walker Breese Smith and Mrs. Charles F. P. Richardson were luncheon hostesses yesterday, the latter for Mrs. Alexander S. Clark.

W. F. Cochran Jr., John W. Stimson, Reginald Bragoner, William Roe, Randall Jones and Richard Hoebrouck, who are making a cruise on the Vesha, were the guests of Kenneth Shaw Safe at the Casino yesterday.

Southampton.

A meeting of the committees for the street fair was held yesterday morning in Colonial Hall in the Rogers Memorial Library, Mrs. Arthur B. Claflin presiding. Reports from many of the Chairmen of the committees were given. Frank V. Dorrance of New York has volunteered to do the printing of handbills, dodgers and other literature for the fair. This will mean a great saving.

Mrs. George Barton French, Chairman of the Committee for the Midway Plaisance, reported that she had received many donations of live stock, including a goat, as well as fruits and vegetables.

Among the many entertaining at dinner last night at the Shinnecock Hills Golf Club prior to the first regular dance of the season were Mr. and Mrs. Robert Potter Breese, Mr. and Mrs. Esmond O'Brien, Mr. and Mrs. Channing E. Wiley, and Mr. and Mrs. Lyttleton Fox.

At the bathing beach yesterday morning were Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Chambers, Mr. and Mrs. William M. Fleitman Jr., A. B. Duke and his two children, Henry Sloane and his grandchildren, Mr. and Mrs. James L. Breese, Vincent S. Mulford, Mrs. Robert Breese, Esmond and Miss Helen, Mr. and Mrs. Walter A. Tuckerman, Pauline Dodge, Priscilla Dodge, Miss Ethel Wigham, W. B. Duncan, Mrs. Lyttleton Fox and her children, Mrs. Groevenor Nicholas, Miss Beatrice Breese, Ernest A. Thompson and Signor Guido Sabetta, acting Charge d'Affaires of the Italian Embassy at Washington.

Mrs. Henry H. Post will entertain at five tables of bridge at her home in South Main Street this afternoon. Following the games other guests will come in for tea.

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WEDS CAPT. VANDEWATER.

Miss Ruth G. Lyon Married at Her Brother's Home at Oyster Bay.

William Collins Vandewater of Princeton, N. J., and Miss Ruth Greenoak Lyon, daughter of Mrs. Amos Lyon of this city, were married on Thursday at Oyster Bay, L. I., at the Summer home of the bride's brother, F. G. C. Lyon. The Rev. Dr. Talmadge, rector of Christ Church at Oyster Bay, officiated.

The bride, who was unattended, walked with her brother. Donald G. Herring, a classmate of the bridegroom at Princeton, class of 1907, was best man. The wedding was quiet and only the immediate families were present.

Mr. Vandewater served as a Captain with the Eightieth Division of Infantry overseas. He is of the fourth generation of the family in lineal descent who have been officers in the United States Army in every foreign war the country has had. The couple will spend their honeymoon in Maine, returning to live in Princeton after Aug. 1.

Gardner—Clark.

Mrs. William Henry Clark of Los Angeles, Cal., has announced the marriage of her daughter, Miss Emma Catherine Clark, and Edward Everett Gardner, son of Dr. and Mrs. Edward E. Gardner of 835 Riverside Drive, which took place June 24 in Los Angeles. Mr. Gardner is a graduate of Brown University, class of 1919, is a members of the Psi Upsilon fraternity, and served overseas with the navy during the war. He is now in business in San Francisco, where they will make their home.

Ray—Hand.

Special to The New York Times.

CAPE MAY, N. J., July 7.—The wedding of Miss Jean Reaves Hand to John Stites Ray, graduate of Annapolis and resident of New York City, occurred here today at the home of Miss Hand's parents on Perry Street. Miss Hand is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Aaron W. Hand. Her father was County Superintendent of Public Schools and retired after nearly twenty-five years of service on July 1. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Curtis O. Nesserman, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of this city.

DAWES IS THROUGH TALKING

To Be Silent in Private Life, Having "Talked Plenty" in Office.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Brig. Gen. Charles G. Dawes is back in Chicago "to stay—but not to talk."

This, he said today following his return to the city, he has resolved. As a public official at Washington, General Dawes asserted, he "talked and talked plenty." Now, he says, he's through and glad of it. He isn't going to be a public official any more, and as a private citizen he says he doesn't want to talk of his past.

MISS DIERKS ENGAGED.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Dierks to Wed James N. Wallace.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Dierks of this city, formerly of Kansas City, Mo., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Rachel Dierks, to James N. Wallace of New York.

Miss Dierks and her mother make their home at the Plaza, and usually go to Palm Beach during the season.

Mr. Wallace is a son of the late James N. Wallace, who was President of the Central Union Trust Company, and is a stock broker. He is a member of the Union, Racquet and Tennis and Metropolitan Clubs, residing at the latter club.

The wedding is to take place in the early Autumn.

LeCocq—Herold.

Mrs. George L. LeCocq of 379 Grove Street, Montclair, N. J., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Matilda LeCocq, to Walter F. Herold, son of Mrs. Herman C. H. Herold of Newark, N. J.

Winfield—Ten Brook.

Mrs. George W. Winfield of Highland Falls, N. Y. announces the engagement of her eldest daughter, Miss Yvette Marie Winfield, to John Abram Ten Brook, son of Mr. and Mrs. Abram Robert Ten Brook of Chiloquin, Oregon. Mr. Ten Brook graduated from West Point, class of '22.

MARCONI MAY SAIL TODAY.

Inventor Much Pleased With His Visit and Gifts He Has Received.

Senator Marconi and his staff of the yacht Elettra were busy yesterday preparing for the trip to England, and it is probable that they will get away early this morning, if conditions are favorable. It is not expected that the yacht will reach England before the end of the month, because she makes only about twelve or thirteen knots. On the trip across she stopped for coal, but it is believed that the yacht can go straight across this time by the Southern route.

The inventor of the first system of wireless transmission is greatly pleased with his eighty-fifth visit to this country, and carries away with him two medals, several diplomas, scores of books, much wireless apparatus and other gifts. His last gift will be the broadcast programs from the radio stations, which he expects to hear several hundred miles at sea. He will also be in touch with stations in this country by his own wireless for several days.

SIX LINERS TO SAIL WITH 7,000 TODAY

Senator David I. Walsh and James Speyer Among Voyagers on the Majestic.

C. P. ANDERSON ON ZEELAND

Lady Fenner on List of the Baltic and Netherlands Diplomats on the Nieuw Amsterdam.

Six liners sail today for European ports with 7,000 passengers in all classes, led by the White Star liner Majestic for Southampton, which has more than 800 in her first cabin.

Among the notables on her list are Professor Andrew Fleming West, Dean of the Graduate School, Princeton; Colonel Allerton Seward Cushman, founder and director of the Institute of Industrial Research, Washington; Frederic Collon, Secretary to the Belgian Ambassador; Hipolit Gilwic, commercial counselor of the Polish Legation; Congressman E. R. Ackerman of New Jersey; Sir Paul Chater, member of the Executive Council, Hongkong, and Lady Chater; Edward Prince Bell, Riccardo Martin of the Chicago Opera Company; Senator David I. Walsh of Massachusetts, Phra Sanpakitch, counselor of the Siamese Legation, and Dr. Stuart L. Craig of New York.

Among the prominent business men sailing are Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad; Sir W. E. Priestley of Priestley's, Ltd., London; James Speyer, New York banker; Colonel John H. Hayes, counsel for the Standard Oil Company; Frederick W. Scott, director of the International Mercantile Marine Company; C. A. Spreckels, President of the Federal Sugar Refining Company; A. L. Aldred, head of Gladings, Providence; H. C. McElroy, Pittsburgh banker; Colonel Charge d'Affaires of the Italian Embassy at Washington.

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Bruno Huhn came yesterday from New York and will be at the Huntting Inn in East Hampton for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. George Etheridge entertained a bridge party at their Summer home in East Hampton on Wednesday evening for sixty-five guests.

Frederick Martin Davis Jr. left yesterday to pass several weeks with John W. Mckay, son of Clarence H. Mackay at their Summer camp on Loon Lake, in the Adirondacks.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Dana, who have leased for the season the Harris cottage, are now here.

W. van Limburg Stirum, of The Hague, Holland, who have been spending three months in the United States; also Count A. E. van Rechteren Limburg, Hon. S. Sorget Consul General of the Netherlands at Singapore; Hon. G. S. D. Hamel, Consul General of the Netherlands at Hongkong; Hon. C. A. Boss, Consul of the Netherlands at Trinidad, B. W. I., and Raymond Havens, pianist.

Also Nelson Clark of W. & J. Sloane; Mrs. Nelson G. Clark and Miss Dorothy Kidd, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund L. Mooney, Mrs. Mildred Reynolds, Mrs. C. H. Venner and Miss Gertrude Venner, Miss Iva B. Kempshall, Ralph Kirkman, Vice President of Kirkman & Son; Mrs. Ralph Kirkman, Alexander S. Kirkman and Miss Miss Lucile Kirkman, Mrs. Stuart Close; also Mrs. R. T. Ford and Miss J. T. Ford of Park Avenue, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Benedict, J. G. Benedict and Miss H. E. Benedict; J. W. Hodson and daughter, Miss Lucy Hodson; Mr. and Mrs. Otto E. Ratmey, Mrs. William McLean and Dr. Loren Weir, the Rev. Dr. Nathan Stern of the West End Synagogue of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Benson; also Mrs. Jennie M. Benson and Mrs. William Rogers, Mrs. R. F. Archbald and Miss Virginia Archibald of New York.

Also Dr. and Mrs. C. Hoenig of Hoboken, N. J.; C. M. Thomas, foreign representative of the American Radiator Company, and Mrs. C. M. Thomas; also Mrs. H. W. Estey, Mrs. W. R. Hayden, Mrs. T. W. Wyman, G. Crawford, Chauncey L. Parsons, R. I. Murray, Miss Katherine Thomas, Miss Alice Thomas and Miss Elizabeth Thomas of Boston; W. Atlee Burpee Jr., Harry Emmons and Miss Lorena B. Emmons of Philadelphia; Miss Ida M. McCaffrey of Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Shaw, Miss Betty N. Shaw, Miss Alice Rose Sincere, Mrs. Ambrose Tighe and Miss Caroline Tighe of Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rumrill of Buffalo, and Mr. and Mrs. Felix Capote of Havana, Cuba.

The list of the Royal Mail liner Orduna for Hamburg, via Cherbourg and Southampton includes a party of sixty Lithuanians, who are going to visit their home land. Others on board are A. T. Rachunas, Miss Hilda Lankering, Sir George and Lady Foster, S. Strunsky, the Rev. George A. Starr, J. B. Potter, Boston; Dr. W. P. Eagleton, Miss M. Mallet Prevost, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Vandyke, Harold Bryant, G. A. Beardsley, Mr. and Mrs. George Chisholm, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Gummere, Mr. and Mrs. J. McCouch, H. L. Adler, Dr. T. E. Givan, Mr. and Mrs. C. Hartwig, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Rabe and Mrs. A. H. Winterstein.

Among those sailing on the Consulich liner Presidente Wilson today for Trieste via Naples are: Judge John and Mrs. Palmieri and Master E. Palmieri of New York; August Valeri, opera impresario, and Mrs. Valeri; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stockinger, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Dr. Carlo Nicolesi, Chairman War Tubercular Committee; Miss A. Taggart and twelve college professors touring Europe for historical purposes (from Pennsylvania colleges); O. G. and Mrs. Bright; Dr. and Mrs. Horatio Pollock, New York State Hospital Commissioner.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday from Hamburg on the American liner St. Paul were Elmer J. Baker, Rollin Cragg, Mrs. Mary C. Chaffee, Miss Jane Chaffee, Louis Bouey, Mrs. H. Trent, Dr. and Mrs. S. E. Moore, Mrs. Katherine Whitney, Mrs. Therese Lynch and Mrs. Mc Mills.

MAYOR'S FREE HOME ONLY A 'SUGGESTION'

Corporation Purchaser of Potter Property to Erect Sixteen-Story Apartment.

The former home of the late Bishop Potter, Eighty-ninth Street and Riverside Drive, was not bought by an anonymous benefactor who desired to give it to the city to use as an official residence for the Mayor, according to a statement issued yesterday from the offices of William A. White & Sons, real estate agents of 46 Cedar Street, who negotiated the sale for William H. Barnard, President of the International Salt Company, owner of the property. A sixteen-story apartment house is to replace the Potter residence.

The property was sold to the Masmat Company, Inc.

The statement indicating that the property was to be given to the city of New York by its purchaser was authorized by Mr. Clark, secretary and a director of William A. White & Sons. He explained yesterday that he was in error in approving the statement with its suggestion that the Potter house was to be converted into an official residence for the Mayors of New York.

"In the past few years," explained Mr. Clark, "proposals have been made to convert this property into an official residence for the Mayor of New York City. At intervals it had been suggested that some munificent donor might make that gift or that the city might purchase the house. The references of these suggestions embodied in the statement authorized by me were intended merely to further identify the property."

The purchasers of the property, which is said to have been held by Mr. Barnard at $1,250,000, were E. J. Lehmond, A. Lawson and S. F. Thomson. The Masmat Company, Inc., formed by these individuals, gives its address as 600 West 178th Street.

The story established one fact very clearly—the preference of Mayor Hylan for Bushwick.

"Riverside Drive is very nice, but it happens that Bushwick is quite good enough for me," he said when he arrived at City Hall yesterday morning and learned of his proposed change of residence. "This is the first I ever heard of it and, of course, I do not take it seriously. So far as I am aware, the story is a dream and a joke."

BABY BULLET VICTIM WORSE

Victim of Bullet Fired by Celebrator of Fourth Likely to Die.

BAY SHORE, L. I., July 7.—Virginia Brown, the two-year-old daughter of David Brown, who has been in Dr. George S. King's Hospital since Tuesday with a bullet in her brain, was reported in a critical condition today.

Although the child is conscious, can ask for what she wants, and seems to be suffering no pain, it was said at the hospital that she was developing symptoms of meningitis, and that her recovery was doubtful. No efforts will be made to remove the bullet, as the operation would certainly cause the child's death. It is supposed that the bullet was fired by a Fourth of July celebrator.

Tomorrow

Bucket Shop Secrets—How patrons are swindled shown from inside of a crooked house.

Magnificent Benefactions—List of outstanding gifts of $1,000,000 or more since 1920, emphasizing the philanthropic side of Americans.

Radio's Great Tomorrow—Marconi's predictions on eve of his departure—New York to talk to London.

A Dream Come True—How the dream of the late David H. Moffat, Denver banker and capitalist, is being fulfilled in the proposed building of a Rocky Mountain tunnel.

Ray Stannard Baker's instalment of "America and the World Peace" treats of Wilson's ultimatum at Paris and how the threatened failure of American program led to ordering the George Washington.

The New York Times

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RULES AGAINST MORSE.

Portland Official Upholds Action Concerning New York Indictment.

PORTLAND, Me., July 7.—United States Commissioner Chapman today refused to reverse his previous ruling that the certified copy of the New York indictment charging Charles W. Morse and Rupert M. Much with fraud in relation to wartime shipbuilding contracts, was admissible in the hearing on the question of their removal to New York to answer to the indictment. Defense counsel sought to show that this copy constituted an affidavit and introduced testimony that the Maine statutes did not permit the presentation of affidavits at such a hearing.

Arthur F. Norris, a New York accountant employed by the United States Transport Company from September, 1918, until this year, testified that Much was President of this corporation and also of the United States Steamship Company. He said that the transport company never paid a dividend and that a large part of the net earnings of its fourteen vessels had been advanced to the Virginia Shipbuilding Corporation on account of purchases.

On July 1, he said, its indebtedness was approximately $2,500,000, and cash on hand was $1,642.

J. D. ROCKEFELLER 83 TODAY

Quiet Celebration of the Anniversary at Pocantico Hills Planned.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, July 7.—John D. Rockefeller will be 83 years old tomorrow, Mr. Rockefeller is at his Pocantico Hills estate. There will probably be the usual quiet celebration of the anniversary there, though naturally there will be little in the way of festivities because of the recent death of his brother, William.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and his family have gone to Seal Harbor, Me., for the Summer, so they will not be able to join in the celebration. Some of the elder Rockefeller's friends in the village probably will have an opportunity to congratulate him on Sunday, as he is expected at the morning service at the new Community Church.

Mr. Rockefeller has been seen several times recently playing golf on his own fairway, sometimes with a woman visitor as his opponent. He wears goggles and covers the course with slow and deliberate steps.

NATHAN LOCKED IN TOMBS.

Is Brought Here to Face Charge of $50,000 Stock Fraud.

Detective Sergeant John Cunniff arrived in this city from Albany last night with Isadore Nathan, 68 years old, of 122 West Sixty-second Street, for whom the police began a search two weeks ago after complaints that he had defrauded men and women of about $50,000 through stock investments and fled with about $7,000 worth of jewelry obtained on memorandum.

A satchel which Detective Cunniff had attached to his wrist with handcuffs was said to contain about $10,000 in money and gems. Nathan was alleged to have admitted that he invested the money received in the stock transactions with a brokerage firm on his own name. On his arrival at the Tombs he said:

"All my tips went wrong, and I was flim-flammed myself. I don't see how they can charge me with grand larceny. The people who gave me the money handed it over to me to speculate with, and I missed my guesses, that's all."

RETAIL FOOD PRICES RISE.

Increase Is Noted in 18 of 22 Cities for 30-Day Period.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—A slight increase in the retail cost price of food products in eighteen out of twenty-two representative cities of the country occurred from May 15 to June 15, according to a statement issued today by the Department of Labor.

Newark, New York and Pittsburgh noted an increase of 3 per cent.; Bridgeport, Chicago, Cincinnati, Kansas City, Milwaukee and Rochester, 2 per cent.; Baltimore, Dallas, Fall River, New Haven, Philadelphia, Richmond and Scranton, 1 per cent.; Portland, Me.; Washington, D. C.; Manchester, N. H.; Norfolk and Providence, less than five-tenths of 1 per cent.

For the period June 15, 1921, to June 15, 1922, nineteen of the twenty-two cities showed a decrease.

VETERAN ENDS HIS LIFE.

Despondent Over Tuberculosis, Gassed Soldier Shoots Himself.

Despondent because he was suffering from tuberculosis, Arthur Hart, 32, who was gassed while serving in France with the 302d Signal Battalion, committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself in the mouth in a room in the Clarendon Hotel, at Washington and Johnson Streets, Brooklyn. Hart registered at the hotel on Thursday evening. He was found yesterday morning by a maid lying across the bed and died shortly after the arrival of a physician.

Hart's mother, Mrs. J. Hart, is housekeeper at the Player's Club, 15 Gramercy Park, Manhattan. She said that her son had been a patient in the Brooklyn Home for Consumptives, 240 Kingston Avenue, since April.

WAR AVIATOR ENDS LIFE.

Jack Lewis d'Arcy Takes Poison in Birmingham Hotel.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 7.—Jack Lewis d'Arcy, said to be the son of a banker, committed suicide at a hotel here last night by taking poison.

D'Arcy had been in Birmingham about four weeks working for a real estate firm. Discharge papers found in his clothing indicate he was an aviator in the French army and was credited with bringing down five airplanes.

In order that d'Arc

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25 U. S. Trust

We Will Sell

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50 Corn Exchange
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50 Equitable Trust
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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION OF BONDS OF SPERRY FLOUR COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 1st day of August, 1922, all of the outstanding First Mortgage 5½ Per Cent. Fifteen Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Sperry Flour Company, dated February 1, 1913, and secured by a mortgage of the same date executed by said Sperry Flour Company to Anglo-California Trust Company, Trustee, will be redeemed, and there will be then due and payable on each of said bonds, at the office of said Anglo-California Trust Company, situate at the corner of Market and Sansome Streets in San Francisco, California, one hundred and two and one-half (102½) per cent. of the face value thereof with accrued interest thereon to said 1st day of August, 1922. The holders of said bonds are required to present the same for redemption at said office of said Anglo-California Trust Company on said 1st day of August, 1922, at said redemption price, to wit, one hundred and two and one-half per cent. of the principal amount thereof with accrued interest thereon. Interest on said bonds will cease to accrue on said 1st day of August, 1922.

Dated, June 21, 1922.

ANGLO-CALIFORNIA TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
CHAS. F. LEEDE, Vice President.
GRANT CORDREY, Asst. Secty.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, NEWBURYPORT, MASS.

The First National Bank of Newburyport, located at Newburyport, in the State of Massachusetts, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

W. F. HOUSTON, Cashier.
Newburyport, Mass., June 30, 1922.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Decline in Marks a Feature of Exchange Market—General Advance in Stocks.

Of outstanding importance in yesterday's developments was a further decline in German marks which carried them to a new low level at 1⅝-hundredths of a cent. At the same time French francs broke to 7.37 cents, which is a new low for the year and the lowest price which has ruled for exchange on Paris since the week of Dec. 24, last year. Weakness in both of these exchanges appears to be bound up in the chaotic state of German finances which may lead to the request for an extension on the next instalment of reparations. There can be little doubt that Germany's position is fast reaching a crisis and it may pass the point of where an international loan can be of benefit. The story of Germany's financial debacle was told in the stupendous increase in note circulation last week, which has brought the outstanding paper currency up to a total of 169,211,768,000 marks. At the present rate of increase Germany is fast approaching the position of Russia. Naturally, if there is to be an extension, or default, on reparations, France is vitally concerned in the matter and this together with the complexion of political events abroad has undoubtedly worked to the depreciation of the franc. The low price of yesterday compares with a high for the year of 9.37 cents last April.

The decline in lire and Belgian francs halted yesterday and each quotation ended the day at a slight advance but without any of the buoyancy that under normal circumstances would accompany a recovery after such a sharp decline as had taken place. Sterling as has been the case throughout the week ruled firm and within narrow limits. At the close there was a recession of one-half cent but this was without particular significance.

In the stock market strength was apparent throughout the entire list. Certain of the rail issues which participated in the big advance of Thursday were slightly reactionary mainly as a result of profit taking such as was to have been expected after such a violent upturn. The stock market of the last several days has indicated clearly that there is a firm undertone in securities, brought about largely by the fact that stocks of the higher class have been under accumulation for investment purposes. This has led to a depletion of the floating supply and the market temporarily, at least, is in a position where those who desire to make purchases have to bid for the shares. The Mexican issues were reactionary as further details came to hand showing the situation with relation to the encroachment of salt water in the producing areas. Probably the discussion as to potential supply of oil in Mexico in present proven areas will continue until something definite develops one way or the other regarding the endeavors of American oil men to find a satisfactory basis on which they can take up exploration work in new Mexican fields.

The action of the bond market indicated the continuation of a heavy investment demand in Liberty and corporation issues. While Liberty issues except in one instance, the First 4s, failed to record further advances, prices held close to Thursday's levels and transactions were on a scale that far exceeded recent trading. The total turnover in the Liberty bonds was about $12,000,000 and total bond sales for the day reached approximately $22,000,000. Strength was particularly noticeable in railroad bonds and buying in this quarter of the list brought about advances to the point that the bond averages reached a new high level for the year at 80.56, which compares with the previous high of 80.50 made on May 3. Industrial bonds were slightly easier as were the fractions.

Wall Street has quite lost sight of the rail strike as an adverse factor and is now interested mainly as to the course of railroad earnings during the balance of the year. Complete returns on railroad earnings for May were announced yesterday and showed a net operating income for the transportation system of the country of $61,980,600 which is at the rate of 4.36 per cent. on property valuation. In April net operating income was $50,271,865 or 3.92 per cent. on property value. The improvement which has come to the railroads in the way of earnings is indicated by a comparison of May of this year with May, 1921. In the latter month net operating income was $36,948,248, or 2.60 per cent. as related to property valuation.

MONEY.

FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1922.

Stock Exchange call loans continued firm, and although opening and renewal rate at 4½ per cent. was a fraction under Thursday's final, rate later advanced to 4¾ and 5 at the close. Time money was moderately active with the rates for short and long maturities ruling unchanged at 4 for the former and 4½ for the latter. Commercial paper and prime eligible acceptances were steady at previously prevailing discounts.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Thursday's Last.
4½	5	4½	5	5

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	4
4, 5 and six months	4@4¼
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	4
4, 5 and 6 months	4@4¼

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	3¾@4¼
Other names, 4 to 6 months	4½

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 4; 16 to 90 days 4
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4; 16 to 90 days 4

Bankers' Acceptances.

	Bid.	Asked.
Call loans against acceptances	4	
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:		
30 days	3⅛	3
60 days	3⅛	3
90 days	3⅛	3
4 months	3⅛	3
5 months	3⅛	3⅛
Non-member and private bankers, 60-90 days	3⅝	3⅝

London Market.

Money on London market unchanged at 4¼ per cent., short bills unchanged at 3 29/32 per cent., and three months unchanged at 2¾ per cent.

Gold bullion 7d higher at 93s. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation for gold would represent a price of 109⅝ at London. On this same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 110⅝ on Jan. 5. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 119¾, on Feb. 8, 1920; the lowest 107⅜, on June 7, 1922.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of clearing house banks at the New York Clearing House, $310,700,000; balances, $67,500,000. Federal Reserve Bank credit balances, $35,200,000; clearings a year ago, $303,800,000.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

London Market Irregular, Paris Market Firm.

LONDON, July 7.—Trading was dull and prices moved irregularly on the Stock Exchange today. Consols at 57¾ showed a decline of ⅛ point. British 5 per cent. war loan was quoted at 90¼, as compared with 100 the preceding day, and the 4½ per cent. loan at 94¾, was down ⅛.

De Beers closed at 11⅜, a decline of ⅛, and Rand Mines closed at 2⅞, unchanged.

PARIS, July 7.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes at 57 francs 30 centimes were unchanged from the preceding day, and the same was true of the 5 per cent. war loan at 72 francs 40 centimes.

Exchange on London at 25 francs 65 centimes compared with 54 francs 36 centimes on the preceding day. The dollar was quoted at 12 francs 80¼ centimes, an advance of 63½ centimes as compared with the preceding day.

PLANS EDISON CO. SAVING.

President of Southern California Concern Suggests Cheaper Financing.

John R. Miller, President of the Southern California Edison Company, issued notice yesterday to the stockholders announcing a plan of rearrangement of capitalization, making possible cheaper junior financing, which will mean a saving of 1 per cent. or more in the cost of money raised by the company. A meeting of stockholders will be held on Aug. 1 to consider the plan.

"The company's general policy," the statement says, "is to provide the major part of its new construction needs through the sale of bonds and the remainder by capital stock. Heretofore common stock paying 8 per cent. dividends has been sold. It is now proposed to substitute a stock limited to 7 per cent. dividends for future sales, thus resulting in the company securing funds at 1 per cent. less than formerly, with the resultant benefit to present stockholders."

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Trading More Active; Prices Advance.

With trading on the Stock Exchange yesterday again approaching the million-share mark, the movement of prices was toward higher levels. That the advance in the railroad stocks on Thursday was considered too rapid was demonstrated by the action of this group yesterday. With the exception of a few issues, rail shares ended the day with net losses. The theory for the decline, in the face of more favorable news regarding the strike outlook, was that the rise of the previous day invited profit-taking on the part of traders who had bought stocks on the assumption that the strike would be lost by the shoppers. In the oil stocks the Mexican issues again displayed weakness, there having been virtually no abatement in liquidation which started with the news of salt-water encroachment in the Mexican fields. Domestic oil shares, however, continued their upward movement, as these stocks are expected to benefit as a result of waning production in Mexico. Copper and steel issues continued to show strength, while numerous of the miscellaneous industrials forged ahead. Despite the decline in the rails, the average price of fifty stocks recorded a new high record for the year, as a result of the gains in the industrial group. The bond average also made a new high record for the year to date.

***

Big Volume in Liberty Trading.

About the hardest worked people in Wall Street yesterday were the specialists in Government bonds. The turnover of these securities continues in tremendous volume, and again they outran the corporate bonds. The total was $12,100,305, and most of the high prices established on the previous day were maintained. One issue—the first 4s—made a new high record for all time at 100.50. It was reported yesterday that one large industrial institution, whose cash resources are tremendous, has been quietly investing in Liberty Bonds since the first of July, and has to date acquired something like $18,000,000 of a selected list of the various issues. The bonds are assigned to replace in the Treasury some of Liberty issues which were sold during the early part of the year, when the corporation needed a big sum of money quickly.

***

The Rise in Studebaker.

Studebaker regained its old time leadership yesterday and with a gain of 4¾ points established a new high record for 1922 at 134¾. Strength in this stock had much to do with imparting renewed speculation to the entire industrial group. In connection with the advance, rumors asserting that the corporation at the close of this month would declare a large extra dividend were revived. The size of the dividend, however, was increased in yesterday's reports, the Street having it that the extra would be either $5 or $7 a share, whereas earlier reports predicted payment of either $3.50 or $5 a share. The meeting, it is expected, will be held on July 21 at South Bend, Ind. In addition to the dividend rumors, talk was heard of the wonderful earnings record of the company for the year to date. Based upon the showing for the first half of the current year, it was reported that the company will report record earnings for 1922.

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Advance Information.

There is an old saying in Wall Street that one can get his information too soon. The story is going the rounds that the squeeze, of very recent memory, in Mexican Petroleum, was directed straight at gentlemen who were familiar with the more recent developments, and who knew that announcement of salt water in some of the wells was coming. The story may or may not be true, but if it is, it demonstrates again the theory that there is such a thing as being too far ahead of the news to have it do one any good.

***

Railway Earnings for May.

The complete report of railway earnings for May, showing a net operating income of $61,980,600, or 4.36 per cent., earned on property valuation, is generally in line with what Wall Street estimated at the beginning of the month. Had it not been for the coal strike, however, it is generally conceded that May earnings would have formed up in much more substantial fashion and would probably have come close to the 6 per cent. return on valuation. In May, 1921, the net operating income stood at $36,943,248, or at the annual rate of return of 2.60 per cent. The effect of the loss in revenues from the passenger and freight traffic was shown particularly in the detailed report of the roads which reported deficits. Of fifty-six carriers which showed deficits in May twenty-seven were in the East, two in the South and twenty-seven in the West, or divided half and half among those regions which contain the largest number of union coal mines. Net earnings for the first five months this year were also at the annual rate of return of 4.36 per cent., the same as the May figure.

***

Doubt Big Canadian Loan Here.

Considerable doubt is expressed in banking circles by those in touch with the Canadian situation that a big national loan will be attempted in the New York market. Dispatches from Ottawa last night were to the effect that Premier King is going to confer with New York bankers about a $300,000,000 loan. A loan of this size has been authorized, and it is designed as a refunding operation for the war obligations of the Dominion, but bankers here say that it probably will be sold at home and that attempts to sell it outside of the Dominion would meet with strenuous objections from Canadian bankers. The only Dominion business that is expected to come to New York in the near future is a provincial loan of some $10,000,000, now under discussion.

***

Steel Merger Rumors Revived.

The rank and file in the financial district are now anxiously awaiting the report of Attorney General Daugherty to the Senate on Monday in connection with the proposed merger of the Republic Iron and Steel, Midvale Steel and Ordnance and the Inland Steel Company, as well as a report on the Bethlehem-Lackawanna Steel merger. These mergers have been investigated at the instance of Congress. The general belief in financial circles is that the report will give the various companies a clean bill, just as Samuel Untermyer did just prior to sailing for Europe. If this is the case, resumption in trading in the stock of the new North American Steel Company, which will take over the first three named concerns, is expected shortly. Stocks of all the merger companies are now selling far below the levels prevailing at the time when Mr. Untermyer started his investigation into the contemplated consolidations.

***

Denver & Rio Grande Western.

Speculation as to the eventual ownership and operation of the Denver & Rio Grande Western Railroad was revived yesterday in railway circles when dispatches from Denver stated that an application for a receiver for the company had been filed by the trustees for the adjustment mortgage bondholders. Ever since the announcement of the reorganization plan for this property the situation has been a tangled one, with various protective committees for the different securities indulging in a crossfire of accusation and suggestion as to how the road should be managed. The company did not pay the interest on its adjustment mortgage bonds for the last two periods—in October, 1921, and April, 1922—because it did not earn it, according to interests affiliated with the management. In certain banking circles the opinion prevails that the road will be permitted to go into receivership as the best solution of the problem. July 21 has been set as the date for the hearing in Denver.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1922.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
912,802	838,200	601,975	634,258	899,586

Year to Date.	Same Period 1921.	1920.	1919.	1918.
140,510,441	94,677,582	126,689,453	148,896,408	78,436,052

1922 High.	1922 Low.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	Sales.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
69	48	Adams Express	300	65¾	65¾	65½	65¾		63	63¼
50¾	31¾	Adv. Rumely pf. (8)	400	49¾	49¾	48¾	49¾	+ 1⅛	45¾	50
57½	45¾	Air Reduction (4)	100	53	53	53	53	+ ⅝	53	53¼
15⅝	13⅜	Ajax Rubber	100	16	16	16	16	+ ⅛	15⅝	16
7	5	Alaska Gold Mines	700	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝		⅝	¾
126	89	Allied Chem. & D. (4)	1,400	95	98	95	97	+ 1⅝	95½	96½
110	100	Allis-Ch. & E. pf. (7)	200	104½	104½	104½	104½	+ 1⅛	103	110
52	37⅝	Allis-Ch. Mfg. (4)	4,900	48	50¼	48	50¼	+ 2⅛	50	50¼
100	86½	Allis-Ch. Mfg. pf. (7)	100	96	96	96	96	+ 1⅛	95½	97
43⅞	25¾	Amer. Agri. Chem.	700	39½	40	38¼	39¾	+ ⅝	39¼	40
70½	52¾	Amer. Ag. Ch. pf.	100	64½	64½	64½	64½	+ 1	61	65
49	31½	Amer. Beet Sugar	500	47	47	47	47		45½	47
49	33¾	Amer. Bank Note (4)	200	43¼	43¼	41	41½	+ ⅜	40	43
108	98½	Am. B.S. & F. pf. (7)	100	107½	107½	107¼	107½	+ ⅛	106½	108
53⅜	33½	American Can	11,500	48¾	50¼	48	49¾	+ 1⅝	49¾	50
106	93¾	Amer. Can pf. (7)	200	106	106	106¼	106		105½	106
162	141	Am. Car & F. (12)	500	165	165	164½	165¼	+ 2½	165	166
14	7	American Chicle	1,100	11¾	11¾	10¾	11⅜	+ 1⅛	11	11¾
6¼	4⅛	Amer. Druggist Syn.	300	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝		5	5½
17⅜	12	Am. Hide & Leather	200	14½	14½	14½	14½		14½	15
114⅞	78	Amer. Ice (7) a d.	700	104½	105¾	104½	105¾	+ 1½	104	105¾
82½	72	Amer. Ice pf. (6)	100	85¼	86¼	85¼	85¾	+ ⅝	85	87
50¾	35¼	Amer. International	1,700	43	43¾	42¾	42¾	+ ⅛	42¾	43¼
13⅞	9¼	Am. La.F. F. E. (2)	200	13¼	13¾	13¼	13¾	+ ⅝	13	13½
40⅜	29⅝	American Linseed	1,100	34¾	35¼	34¾	34¾	+ ⅛	34	34⅝
90½	83	Amer. Linseed pf.	100	85	85	85	85		84	87
117⅝	102	Amer. Loco. (6)	1,200	114½	114½	113¾	113¾	— ⅛	113¾	114½
		Amer. Safety Razor	800	6	6	6	6		6	6¼
		Amer. Ship & Com.	600	19¾	19¾	19¼	19½	— ⅛	19	19½
		Amer. Sm. & Refin.	6,500	61¾	62¾	61¾	62¾	+ 1⅛	62¾	62¾
		Am. Sm. & R.pf.(7)	1,100	97¾	98¼	97¾	98	+ ¼	97½	98
		Am. Sm. & R.pf.(7)	200	97¾	98	97¾	98	+ ¼	97½	98
		Amer. Snuff (12)	100	134	134	134	134	+ ½	132¾	134¾
		Am. St. Found. (4)	700	36¾	37	36¾	36¾	+ ⅛	36½	37
		Am. St. F. pf. (7)	100	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾	+ ⅛	89½	89¾
		Amer. Sugar Refin.	800	80	80	80	80		80½	80¾
		Am. Sug.R. pf. (7)	500	105	105	105	105		105	106
		Am. Tel. & Tel. (9)	3,000	120¾	120¾	120¾	120¾		120½	120¾
		Am. Tobacco (12)	300	142¾	143	142¾	143	+ ½	142½	143
		Am. Tob. Cl. B (12)	200	139¾	139¾	139¾	139¾		138½	140
		Amer. Tob. pf. (6)	100	102	102¼	102	102¼		101½	103
		Am. W. W. & Elec.	1,200	17¾	18⅛	17¾	17¾	+ ⅛	17	17¾
		Do 1st pf. (7)	300	67	67	67	67		65	68
		Do particpat. pf.	5,100	41	43¾	41	41¾	+ ⅝	41	41¾
		Amer. Woolen (7)	2,700	60	61¾	60	60¾	+ ⅛	60	60¾
		Amer. Wr. Paper pf.	100	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾		29	30
		Amer. Zinc L. & S.	500	18	18	17½	18	+ ⅛	17½	18
		Anaconda Copper	7,400	53¾	55¾	53¾	55¼	+ 1⅝	55	55¼
		Anac. C.O.C.Ist. pf. (4)	100	75	75	75	75	+ 2½	74	75
102	91¾	Atchison	2,500	102	102	101¾	101¾		101	101⅝
91¾	85	Do pf. (5)	900	90	90	89½	90	+ ⅛	89½	90
5½	— ⅝	Atlanta, Birm. & A.	700	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾		3¾	4
113¼	85	Atl. Coast Line (7)	400	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	— ¼	108	109
3¼	2¼	Atlantic Fruit	600	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾		2¾	2¾
1,400	1,100	A., G. & W. I. pf.	200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200		1,200	1,250
3¼	1½	A., G. & W. I. pf.	100	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾	+ ⅛	2¾	3
22½	13½	Atlas Tack	100	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾		17	18½
33¾	9¼	Austin Nichols	400	29¼	29¼	28¾	28¾	— ¾	28	29
120¾	92¾	Baldwin Loco. (t)	1,600	115¾	115¾	114¾	115¼	+ ⅜	115¼	115¾
81½	57¾	Balt. & Ohio	15,500	61¾	62¾	60¾	62¾	+ 1⅝	60½	61⅜
62¾	46¾	Balt. & Ohio pf. (4)	600	52¾	53	52¾	53	+ ⅛	51½	53
14⅜	8¾	Barnsdall Class A	1,300	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾		9¾	10
		Barnsdall Class B	200	25	25	25	25		25	30
		Batopilas Mining	100	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾		1¾	1¾
		Bayuk Bros.	100	46½	46½	46½	46½		46½	48
		Bethlehem Steel (5)	700	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾		74	75
		Beth. Steel, Cl. B (5)	1,900	76¾	77	76¾	77	+ ⅛	76¾	77
		Beth. Steel pf. (7)	100	97	97	97	97		96½	97
		Beth. Steel pf. (8)	300	114	114	114	114	+ ¼	113½	114½
		Booth Fisheries	100	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾		7	8
		Br. R. R. & S. 1st pf.(7)	100	73½	73½	73½	73½		73	74
		Do 2d pf. (5)	100	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾		31	32
110	100	B'klyn Ed. Co. (6)	100	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾		107½	108
		Brooklyn Rapid Tr.	3,900	28¾	29¾	28¾	28¾		28	28¾
		B. R. T. ctfs. of dep.	1,900	24¾	24¾	24	24		23¾	24
		Brooklyn Union Gas	100	110½	110½	110½	110½		110	111½
		Brown Shoe	200	49	49½	49	49½		49	50
		Brown Shoe pf. (7)	100	93	93	93	93		91½	93
		Burns Bros. (110)	1,000	132¾	132¾	131	131½		131½	132
		Burns Br. Cl. B (2)	11,700	44¾	44¾	44¼	44¼		43¾	44
		Butte Con. & Zinc	600	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾		7¾	8
		Butte & Superior	4,000	29¾	30¾	29¾	29¾		29	29¾
		Caddo Cen. Oil & R.	700	12	12	11¾	12		11½	12
		Cal. Packing (6)	100	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾		76½	78¾
		Cal. Petroleum	4,800	65¾	65¾	65¾	65¾		64½	64¾
		Callahan Zinc Lead	1,800	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾		8½	8¾
		Can. Pacific (10)	2,600	142¾	143¾	140¾	140¾	— 2¾	140¼	140¾
		Cent. Leather Co.	1,300	38¾	38¾	38¼	38¼		38	38½
		Cent. Leather pf.	100	71	71	71	71		70	72
		Cerro de Pasco Copper	1,500	36¾	36¾	36¼	36¼		36	36½
		Chandler Motor (6)	2,600	71¾	72¾	69¾	71		71	71¾
		Ches. & Ohio (4)	2,700	69	69	68¾	68¾	— ¼	68½	69
		Chi. & Alton	2,900	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾		10½	10¾
		Chi. & Alton pf.	800	19	19	19	19		18	19¾
		Chi. & E. Ill.	1,400	37	37¾	37	37¼		37	37½
		Chi. & E. Ill. pf.	700	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼	— ¼	53½	56½
		Chi. Gt. Western	1,100	9	9	8¾	9		8¾	9
		Chi. Gt. West. pf.	1,000	22¾	23¾	21¾	23		21¾	21¾
		Chi., M. & St. Paul.	11,000	28¾	28¾	27	27¾		27	28
		C., M. & St. P. pf.	6,900	45	45	43¾	44¾		43	44
		Chi. R. I. & Pac. (6)	1,900	23¾	24	23¾	23¾	— ⅛	23¾	24
		Chi. & N. W. pf. (7)	100	115	115	115	115		113	115
		Chi. R. I. & Pacific	8,300	45¾	45¾	44¼	44¼		44¼	44½
		C. R. I. & P. pf. (7)	200	95¾	95¾	95	95		95	96
		C. R. I. & P. pf. (8)	300	80¾	81¾	80¾	81¼	+ ½	81	82
		C. St. P. M. & O. (6)	300	66	66	66	66		64	67
		Chile Copper	8,800	22¾	23¾	22¼	22¾		22½	23
		China Copper	700	30¾	30¾	29¾	30		29¾	30
		C. C. C. & St. L. (2)	200	74	74	74	74		73¾	74
		Do pf. (5)	200	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾		91	96½
		Cluett-Peabody	200	57	57	57	57		54½	57
		Coca-Cola (2)	4,000	73¾	73¾	72¼	72¾	+ ¼	72¾	73¼
		Col. Fuel & Iron	200	31	31	31	31		30	31
		Col. & Southern (3)	400	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾	+ ¾	47¾	48¾
		Col. & S. 2d pf. (4)	100	55	55	55	55		52	55
		Col. Gas & Elec. (6)	700	88¾	89	88¾	88¾		88¼	88¾
		Columbia Graph.	2,000	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾		4¾	4¾
		Comp. Tabulating	400	65½	66¾	65½	65½		65½	65¾
		Consol. Cigar	100	¾	¾	¾	¾		¾	1
		Consol. Gas (7)	5,700	120¾	121¼	119¾	119¾	— ¼	119½	120
		Consol. Textile	8,500	11¾	11¾	11¼	11¼		11	11¾
		Continental Can	1,300	68¾	68¾	67¾	68¼		67	68
		Corn Prod. R. (10)	4,300	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾		104	104¾
		Cosden & Co. (2½)	25,300	49¾	49¾	48¾	49¼		48½	49¾
		Crucible Steel (4)	4,700	75¾	76¾	74¾	75¾	+ ¾	74¾	75
		Cuban-Am. Sugar	4,400	24¾	25	24¾	24¾		24¼	24¾
		Cuba Cane Sugar	2,400	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾		16¼	16¾
		Cuba Cane Sug. pf.	1,600	85	85	85	85		85	85¾
		Davison Chemical	700	46¾	47	46¾	46¾		46¾	47
		De Beers Mines	100	21¾	21¾	21¼	21¼	— ¼	21¼	21¾
		Del. & Hudson (6)	500	124	125	124	125		122	124½
		D., L. & W. rts d. (95½)	1,400	127¼	127¼	127¼	127¼		127	127½
		Dome Mines (2)	200	30	30	30	30		30	30½
		D., S. S. & Atlantic	100	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾		4¾	4¾
		Du Pont de N. (8)	600	144	144	142¾	142¾	— ¾	141	143¾
		Do deb. (6)	500	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾		82	83
		Eastman Kodak (5)	800	72¾	73	72¾	72¾	— ¼	72½	73
		Elec. Stor. Batt. (3)	1,600	47¾	48¾	47¾	48¾	+ ¾	48	48¼
		Elk Horn Coal	200	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾		21¾	22
		End.-Johnson (5)	1,200	79¾	81¼	79¾	80¾		80	80¾
		End.-Johnson pf. (7)	100	111	111	111	111		110	114
		Erie	8,800	17	17¾	16¾	17		16¾	17
		Erie 1st pf.	1,200	25	25¾	24¾	24¾		24¾	24¾
		Erie 2d pf.	1,000	18¾	18¾	18¼	18¼		18	18¾
		Fam. P.-Lasky (8)	2,300	82¾	85	82¾	82¾		82¾	82¾
		Fam. P.-L. pf. (8)	100	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾		94½	95
		Fed. M. & S. pf. (5)	800	51	51	50	51	+ 1	49½	50
		Fisher Body pf. (7)	100	111	111	111

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$86,218,000 BONDS OFFERED THIS WEEK

Bankers Report That the Demand Is Shifting From Speculative Issues.

$47,250,000 OF INDUSTRIALS

Public Utilities Marketed Total $18,500,000—Investors Still Seek Tax-Exempt Securities.

The reinvestment of funds received since July 1 has formed the background for new bond offerings in good volume and a sharp upturn in old issues, led by the Liberties, carrying all of them to new highs for the year, and the majority to the best prices at which they have ever sold. There has been a considerable shift, bankers report, from the speculative issues and the present demand appears to be for the securities, old and new, of well-known corporations, amply secured and of long maturity.

New bonds issued this week aggregated $86,218,000 par value. Industrial bonds formed the largest group. The totals, by groups, were as follows:

State and municipal	$3,708,000
Public utility	18,500,000
Industrial	47,250,000
Land bank bonds	1,000,000
Railroad	10,760,000
Total	$86,218,000

There were two good sized industrial bond offerings in the New York market during the week. The largest was $25,000,000 ten-year 5½s of the Humble Oil & Refining Co., a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey. The issue is another reflection of the manner in which the money market has eased, as its purpose is to provide funds with which to call a similar amount of two-year 7 per cent. notes prior to maturity. The bonds were sold within a few minutes after the books had been opened.

The other large industrial issue was $20,000,000 6½ per cent. twenty-five-year mortgage bonds of the B. F. Goodrich Company. They were offered on a 6% per cent. basis, and were readily taken.

Of the public utilities one was of $13,500,000 Detroit City Gas Company 6 per cent. first mortgage bonds which sold to yield 6.20 per cent. The other issue, $5,000,000 5½s of the Los Angeles Gas & Elec. Corp., was offered at 96½.

New railroad bonds were confined to additional issues of equipment trust certificates, one for the Seaboard Air Line Railway, the other for the Reading Company.

A strong demand for tax exempt securities continues and new State and municipal issues offered during the week were readily taken. The largest of these were $3,000,000 4s of the Chicago Sanitary District, offered on a 4.30 to a 4.15 per cent. basis, and $2,000,000 Cleveland, Ohio, school bonds offered at prices to yield from 4 to 4.35 per cent.

MUNICIPAL FINANCING.

Peak Reached in June, With Bond Issues Totaling $154,273,633.

Municipal financing reached what probably will be the peak for 1922 in June, when an aggregate par value of $154,273,633 permanent State and municipal bonds were successfully marketed. This brings the total for the year up to $713,070,097, according to a table compiled by The Daily Bond Buyer. Should the remainder of the year see as much additional borrowing on the part of the States and their political subdivisions, the record total of 1921 will be exceeded. Advance reports, however, do not indicate that borrowing will be maintained in the same volume during the Summer, or even following the elections next Fall.

The record for June and the six months' period from 1913 to date is as follows:

	June.	Six Months.
1922	$154,273,633	$713,070,097
1921	125,976,321	509,072,311
1920	45,031,274	348,981,901
1919	92,338,475	308,888,442
1918	21,366,792	134,133,084
1917	30,411,050	215,151,877
1916	47,451,102	285,408,620
1915	104,687,010	317,176,056
1914	40,250,140	318,281,621
1913	26,112,518	221,787,945

J. P. Morgan & Co. announced yesterday that allotments of between 40 and 50 per cent. of the Humble Oil and Refining Company 5½ per cent. bonds sold by them would be necessary.

The syndicate consisting of Freeman & Co.; Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co.; Redmond & Co., and Kissell, Kinnicut & Co., which offered a new issue of $2,450,000 Seaboard Air Line Railway Company 6 per cent. equipment trust certificates, announced that the issue had been oversubscribed and the books closed.

K. & M. Railway Income Drops.

The Kanawha & Michigan Railway Company, in its report for the year ended Dec. 31, 1921, shows net income of $225,478, as compared with $920,414 for 1920. After allowing for dividends of $225,000, the report showed a surplus for the year carried to profit and loss of $478, as compared with a surplus of $470,414 for 1920. Gross income was $4,785,161 last year, while railway operating expenses stood at $4,349,627. "Freight revenue was $3,907,653, a decrease of $593,612," said A. H. Smith, President, in his remarks to the stockholders.

Dividend on New Motor Stock.

It was announced yesterday by the Reo Motor Car Company that the present regular cash dividend of $1 per share on the old stock will also be paid on the new stock recently issued by the corporation, when a stock dividend of 100 per cent. was declared.

H. A. Sudkin on Hayes Wheel Board

Henry A. Sudkin of the New York Stock Exchange firm of McClure, Jones & Reed has been elected a Director of the Hayes Wheel Company. The statement of earnings of the Hayes Company for the half year is to be made public July 15.

Short-Term Government Obligations

Following are the prices bid in the open market for United States Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness and Notes of the different issues:

Month.	Year.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.	Approx. Yield.
August	1922	5½	100⅛	100⅜	5.00
†September	1922	4½	100⅛	100⅜	3.07
†September	1922	5¼	100⅛	100⅜	3.07
October	1922	5½	100⅛	100⅜	3.12
†December	1922	3½	100	100⅛	3.26
†December	1922	6¼	100⅛	100⅜	2.23
†March	1923	4¼	100⅛	100⅛	3.44
May	1922	5½	100.30	100.54	3.48
June	1924	5½	102¼	103¼	4.09
†June	1923	3¾	100⅛	100⅜	3.61
†September	1924	5½	102⅛	103	4.07
†December	1923	4¼	100⅝	100⅞	4.15
†March	1923	6¼	101⅝	101⅞	4.12
†March	1924	4¼	101¼	101⅝	4.14

*Approximate yield if called on Dec. 15, 1922.

†Acceptable in payment of Federal taxes on the dates of maturity.

CLEVELAND STOCKS.

Stocks.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
Glidden	15	15	15	15
Goodyear pf.	24	24½	24	24½
Firestone	73	76	73	76
Sherwin Williams	26	26	26	26
Stearns	24½	24½	24½	24½
Standard Parts	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
Peerless	50¾	50¾	50	50
Brierhill			17	15½

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	2⅞	3	M. M'Kin'y	3	8
Elkton	1¼	1⅝	Portland	10	20
El Paso	7	10	U. Gold M.	15	16½
Golden C.	85	95	Vindicator	8	9
Isabella	8	..	Rose Nicol	3	..

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
25 railroads	85.25	84.10	84.26	—.28
25 industrials	90.10	87.73	89.81	—.16
50 stocks	87.67	85.97	87.03	—.16

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
July 6	87.51	86.71	87.32	+.70
July 5	86.10	79.30	79.62	—.01
July 4	Holiday			
July 3	79.83	79.49	79.63	—.10
July 1	79.89	78.60	79.73	..
June 30	79.97	79.05	79.77	+.37

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1922	87.17	July 7	79.30	July 5	81.45
1921	85.60	July 7	61.54	July 13	63.76
1920	88.06	July 9	78.27	July 27	79.94
1919	93.56	July 17	86.10	July 1	88.32
1918	72.75	July 6	70.46	July 9	71.97
1917	82.44	July 2	79.05	July 10	80.50

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1922	87.17	July 7	70.30	July 5	81.45
†1921	78.13	May 6	58.35	June 21	62.43

Full Years.

1921	78.13	May 6	58.35	June 21	68.50
1920	94.07	Apr. 8	67.60	Dec. 24	67.60
1919	99.50	Nov. 5	69.23	Jan. 21	93.56
1918	80.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.30
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	67.47	Dec. 20	69.88

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	%	Day.	Month.	Net Change. Year.
40 issues	90.55	+.11	+.88	+11.20

DAILY RANGE OF SECURITIES.

July 6	90.46	—.52	June 27	79.93	—.02
July 5	90.13	+.17	June 26	79.93	—.02
July 4	Holiday.		June 24	79.65	+.14
July 3	79.94	+.01	June 23	79.51	+.15
July 1	79.95	+.04	June 21	79.75	+.25
June 30	79.91	+.07	June 20	79.67	—.01
June 29	79.84	+.04	June 19	79.48	—.05
June 28	79.80	—.13	June 17	79.53	—.05

YEARLY RANGE OF BONDS.

*1922	90.56	July 7	75.01	Jan. 1	90.56
†1921	71.60	Jan. 20	67.56	June 20	69.36

Full Years.

1921	76.31	Nov. 23	67.56	June 20	75.27
1920	73.14	Oct. 21	62.57	May 21	62.66
1919	79.03	June 2	71.00	Dec. 18	72.00
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.63	Sept. 27	78.78
1917	89.47	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.96

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

JUNE BANK CLEARINGS 4.2 PER CENT. OVER MAY

Total of $33,735,024,156, Highest Since December, 1920.

Total exchange of checks at the principal clearing houses of the country for the month of June, as compiled by The Financial Chronicle, totaled $33,735,024,156, an increase of 4.2 per cent. over the previous month, and of 15.9 per cent. compared with the same month a year ago. This is the largest month's total since December, 1920, when the clearings reached a total of $37,754,094,744.

Clearings for New York City for June were $20,110,896,750, an increase of 4.6 per cent. over the preceding month, and of 19.3 for the month of June, 1921. The drawn checks outside of New York City were $13,624,127,406, a gain of 3.6 per cent. over the preceding month and of 11.3 over the same month in 1921.

Clearings in June for the entire country compare as follows with those of previous months and years:

Jun.	'22	$33,735,024,156	
May		32,562,504,474	
April		33,230,040,481	
March		31,773,115,775	
Feb.		29,040,338,098	
Jan.		27,607,342,604	
Dec.	'21	32,963,955,344	
Nov.		30,462,158,369	
Oct.		30,213,010,480	
Sept.		25,287,035,000	
Aug.		27,356,518,075	
July		28,148,463,737	
Jun.	'21	$29,083,700,622	
May		27,318,479,871	
April		28,534,458,901	
March		27,318,479,871	
Feb.		26,734,265,040	
Jan.		26,845,067,486	
Dec.	'20	28,117,408,790	
Nov.		25,948,023,683	
Oct.		25,697,960,968	
Sept.		23,287,035,000	
Aug.		27,356,518,075	
July		28,148,463,737	
Jun.	'20	37,754,094,744	
May		32,238,475,368	
April		34,230,458,901	
March		27,318,479,871	
Feb.		26,734,265,040	
Jan.		26,845,067,486	
Dec.	'19	28,117,408,790	
Nov.		25,948,023,683	
Oct.		25,697,960,968	
Sept.		23,287,035,000	
Aug.		27,356,518,075	
July		28,148,463,737	

Summarizing the clearings for last month with the preceding month, by Federal Reserve districts, increases were shown in all but seven, the most significant declines in Atlanta, St. Louis and Dallas. By Federal Reserve districts, the comparison for last month with the same month a year ago follows:

	June, 1922.	June, 1921.	Ch'ge.
Boston	$1,907,822,395	$1,324,961,752	+30.4
New York	20,358,107,250	17,090,364,747	+19.2
Philadelphia	2,071,020,641	1,881,615,786	+10.0
Cleveland	1,375,344,539	1,249,089,308	+1.9
Richmond	684,905,583	608,512,770	+12.5
Atlanta	600,758,276	542,403,207	+10.9
Chicago	3,428,606,408	2,900,916,227	+18.5
St. Louis	231,879,081	226,510,833	+12.6
Minneapolis	489,525,453	502,601,016	—2.6
Kansas City	1,061,927,445	1,069,666,744	—5.3
Dallas	226,502,464	228,837,379	—1.0
San Francisco	1,541,693,379	1,341,690,202	+14.9
Total	$33,735,024,156	$29,083,700,622	+15.9
New York	20,110,896,750	16,840,379,002	+19.3
Outside New York	$13,624,127,406	$12,224,321,620	+11.3

Penn Seaboard Meetings Postponed.

The three meetings of stockholders of the Penn Seaboard Steel Corporation scheduled for yesterday have been postponed until next Wednesday. The meetings were called to increase the capital stock, approve the purchase of the Carpenter Steel Company, approve a bond issue and change the name of the corporation to the Carpenter Steel Corporation.

TOLEDO & OHIO EARNS LESS.

Shows Surplus of $658,689 for 1921 Against $1,240,993 for 1920.

The Toledo & Ohio Central Railway, a subsidiary of the New York Central, in its annual report for 1921 shows a surplus, after all deductions, of $658,689, compared with $1,240,993 for 1920. Total operating revenues last year were $19,711,968, while operating expenses were $9,435,206. The principal items of the year's operations, compared with 1920, are given in the following table:

	1921.	1920.
Railway operating revenues	$19,711,968	
Railway operating expenses	9,435,206	
Total other income	271,111	363,041
Gross income	2,250,194	2,856,382
Total deductions from gross income	1,471,233	1,615,389
Surplus for the year carried to profit and loss	658,689	1,240,993
Balance to credit of profit and loss, Dec. 31, 1921	7,946,304	*7,905,673

*Dec. 31, 1920.

In his remarks to the stockholders President E. H. Smith said, in part:

"The year 1921 was one of business depression, reflected in the decreased freight and passenger traffic of the company. The tonnage fell off 32.7 per cent. in volume and the passenger traffic 18.5 per cent., compared with 1920. Express revenue decreased $33,913, due to business depression and to the operation of the new contract with the American Railway Express Company, effective Sept. 1, 1920."

PACIFIC OIL NETS $16,261,292

Reports Gross Income for 1921 as $30,853,257.

The Pacific Oil Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1921, reports a gross income of $30,853,257 and net income of $16,261,292, after providing for all expenses, taxes and reserves for depreciation and depletion. The net was equal to $4.04 a share earned on the 3,500,000 shares of capital stock of no par value outstanding.

The detailed annual income account, the first to be issued by the company, follows:

	1921.
Gross	$30,853,257
Operating expenses	11,204,606
Ordinary taxes	532,807
Net profit	$18,526,148
Other income	1,388,257
Gross income	$20,214,403
Reserve for depreciation and depletion	3,153,111
Reserve 1921 Federal taxes	800,000
Balance	$16,261,292
Dividends	16,500,000
Surplus	$5,787,292
Profit and loss surplus	5,384,534

*Included $5,250,000 payable Jan. 20, 1922.

The general balance sheet on Dec. 31, 1921, shows net current assets of $19,143,199 and net current liabilities of $5,388,360. The profit and loss surplus totaled $5,384,534, while reserves for depletion and depreciation totaled $12,963,768.

TO REBUILD 6,000 CARS.

New Haven Lets Out Repairs Without Affecting Own Shops.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford has just closed a contract with the Kieth Car and Manufacturing Company of Sagamore, Mass., to rebuild 6,000 badorder freight cars. The road in connection with the order says that its program is "to give preference to its own shops in currently performing the normal amount of this work."

It is further stated that the above action "will help to provide equipment to meet the requirements of traffic. At various times in past years when badorder cars have increased beyond normal the excess has been sent to the Sagamore plant. Many additional cars await repairs. Hence this arrangement will not affect running in the company's shops on a normal basis and giving continuous employment to those now in or who may be taken into the employ of the company."

To Exchange Hocking Valley Bonds.

The Guaranty Trust Company of New York announces that on and after July 10 the Hocking Valley Railway Company 6 per cent. equipment gold notes, Series 32 and 32A, in definitive form, with coupons due July 15, 1922, and subsequent attached, will be delivered in exchange for trust receipts now outstanding upon presentation of the latter at its trust department, 140 Broadway, New York City.

Punta Alegre Now Owns Baragua.

Official announcement was made yesterday that the Punta Alegre Sugar Company had acquired the property of the Baragua Sugar Company. The consolidation makes the Punta Alegre Company the third largest producer of sugar in Cuba, with an annual production of about 1,250,000 bags of raw sugar. The Baragua Sugar Company owns its own transportation system and ocean terminal.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Gas & Electric	144	147
Am. Gas & Electric pf.	42¾	43¾
Am. Light & Traction	126	140
Am. Light & Traction pf.	97	99
Am. Power & Light	116½	118
Am. Power & Light pf.	84	87
Appalachian Power	18	21
Appalachian Power pf.	110	120
Appalachian Power pf. 1st 5s	70	75
Art. Light & Power	20	22
Carolina Power & Light	44	47
Cities Service	227	234
Cities Service pf.	67¾	68¾
Cities Service bankers' shares	22	23¼
Colorado Power	15	17
Colorado Power pf.	88	91
Columbia Gas & Elec.	63	64
Columbia Gas & Elec. pf.	87	88
Com. Power, Ry. & Light	28	30
Com. Power, Ry. & Light pf.	60	69
Continental Gas & Electric pf.	75	77
Consumers' Power pf.	87	91
East. Texas Electric	95	97
East. Texas Electric pf.	80	83
El Paso Electric	121	123
Electric Bond & Share	84	86
Federal Light & Traction	26	27½
Federal Light & Traction pf.	70	73
Galveston-Houston Electric	25	30
Galveston-Houston Electric pf.	74	77
Mid. States Power	73	75
Miss. River Power	23½	25½
Miss. River Power pf.	79	81
Metropolitan Edison pf.	83	89
New Jersey & H. Ry. Gas & E. pf.	91	94
Northern States Power	88	91
Northern States Power pf.	90	93
North. Ont. Light & Power	80	83
Northern Texas Electric pf.	82	85
Northern Texas Electric pf.	83	87
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	87	88
Penn. Edison pf.	98	102
Puget Sound Power & Light	43	45
Puget Sound Power & Light pf.	88	90
Republic Ry. & Light	14	17
Republic Ry. & Light pf.	43½	49
So. Cal. Edison	100	107
So. Cal. Edison pf.	116	120
Standard Gas & Electric	19	20
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	48½	49½
Tampa Electric	134	138½
Tenn. Ry., Light & Power	50	53
United Light & Railways	69	69
Western Power	28	30
Western Power pf.	76	78½

INDUSTRIAL.

Adirondack P. & L. 5s, '50	93¾	93¾
Am. Gas & Elec. 4s, '59	94	95½
Am. Power & Light 4s, 2016	89	91
Cities Service 4sb B	139	..
Cities Service 4sb C	99	..
Cities Service pf D	91½	94½
City Light & T. 5s, '52	87½	92
Cons. Cities L., P. & T. 5s, '62	69¾	72¾
Col. Power 1st 5s, '53	87	89
Com. Power 5s, '49	87	90
East Texas Electric 5s, '42	88	91
El Paso Electric 5s, '32	90	93
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s, '24	101	..
Galveston Elec. 1st 5s, '40	83	86
Gulf States 5s, '54	83	86
Houston Electric 1st 5s, '33	94	96
Lehigh Power Sec. 6s, '27	89½	90½
Louisville Gas & Elec. 1st 7s, '23	100	101
Miss. River Power 5s, '51	92½	93¾
Miss. River Power 1st 5s, '30	100	100
Northern States Power 5s, '34	95½	97
Northern States Power 5s, '41	91½	93¾
Nebraska Power 1st 6s, '47	90	92
Nevada Con. Copper 5s, '51	85	87
N. News & H. R. G. & E. 5s, '44	80	85
Penn. Power & Light 5s, '51	103½	104½
Puget Sound P. & L. 5s, '49	103½	104½
Seattle Elec. 5s, 1929	92	94
Standard Gas 6s, '26	95	..
Standard Gas & Electric 6s, '57	84	89
Tampa Electric 5s, '52	92	..
Utah Light & Traction 5s, '44	105	107¼
W. States G. & E. 1st 5s, '41	89½	..

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.
Atlantic Lobos Oil Co.	9¼	9⅝	9¼
Atlantic Lobos Oil Co. pf.	35	45	35
Anglo-Am. Oil Co., Ltd.	29½	29¾	29½
Atlantic Refining Co.	1040	1030	1000
Atlantic Refining Co. pf.	116	118	116
Borne-Scrymser Co.	400	415	400
Buckeye Pipe Line Co.	94	96	94
Chesebrough Mfg. Co.	190	200	190
Chesebrough Mfg. Co. pf.	108	111	108
Continental Oil Co.	138	142	138
Crescent Pipe Line Co.	34	36	34
Cumberland Pipe Line Co.	140	145	140
Eureka Pipe Line Co.	90	92	90
Galena-Signal Oil pf. new	101	105	101
Galena-Signal Oil pf. old	114	118	114
Galena-Signal Oil Co.	56	58	56
Illinois Pipe Line Co.	170	173	170
Indiana Pipe Line Co.	90	92	90
Int. Petroleum Co., Ltd.	23¾	24	23¾
Imperial Oil, Ltd.	115	116	114
Humble Oil & Refg.	237	242	235
Magnolia Petroleum	170	180	170
National Transit Co.	17	18	17
New York Transit Co.	170	174	170
Northern Pipe Line Co.	98	100	98
Ohio Oil Co.	303	307	295
Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	43	45	43
Prairie Oil & Gas Co.	605	615	600
Prairie Pipe Line Co.	246	250	248
Solar Refining Co.	345	365	345
Southern Pipe Line Co.	94	98	94
South Penn Oil Co.	139	142	138
S. W. Penn. Pipe Lines	80	84	80
Stand. Oil of Cal., $25 par	109	110	109
Stand. Oil of Ind., $25 par	114¾	114¾	112¾
Stand. Oil Co. of Kansas	545	555	540
Stand. Oil of Ky., $25 par	96½	97½	95¾
Stand. Oil of Nebraska	180	185	180
Stand. Oil of N. J., $25 par	186	188	185
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	439	441	434
Stand. Oil Co. of Ohio	450	460	455
Stand Oil Co. of Ohio pf.	117	119	117
Swan & Finch Co.	90	95	90
Union Tank Car Co.	98	100	96
Union Tank Car Co. pf.	106	107	106
Vacuum Oil Co.	430	434	428
Washington Oil Co.	28	30	22

SUGAR STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.
Caracas Sugar	11	13	11
Central Aguirre	7¾	7¾	7¾
Fajardo	72½	75	72
Federal Sugar	101	104	101
Great Western	215	220	215
Great Western pf.	105	110	105
Godchaux	14	17	14
Godchaux pf.	75	78	75
Holly	13	16	13
Holly pf.	51	54	47
National	145	148	144
Santa Cecilia pf.	12	15	12
Savannah	42	46	41
Savannah pf.	90	92	90
West Indies pf.	47	51	47

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1922.

	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales:					
Liberty bonds	$12,190,900	$5,612,100	$5,529,650	$10,349,500	$5,490,500
Other domestic bonds	8,102,000	3,531,000	2,024,500	1,975,500	712,000
Foreign bonds	1,848,000	1,045,500	1,021,500	415,000	667,000
Total all bonds	$22,140,300	$10,188,600	$8,575,650	$12,740,000	$4,690,500
Year to date.					
Liberty bonds	$1,029,593,505	$1,000,253,085	$1,616,802,400	$1,224,652,300	$582,432,500
Other domestic bonds	1,026,818,450	437,855,700	801,383,580	292,806,985	154,892,500
Foreign bonds	339,415,890	157,978,200	158,329,300	126,699,000	123,248,500
Total all bonds	$2,395,827,755	$1,596,186,985	$2,076,515,280	$1,654,158,285	$860,573,500

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range for '22. High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
102.80	May 23,'18	98.00	June 2,'20	100.61	99.84	850	Liberty 2½, 1932-47	100.50	100.50	100.28	100.38	—.08	100.30	100.38	2.49
100.20	July 6,'22	96.14	July 21,'22	100.20	94.82	..	Liberty 2½s, registered	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
100.50	July 7,'22	93.00	May 19,'20	100.50	95.70	..	Lib. 1st conv. 4s, 1932-47	100.50	100.60	100.30	100.50	—.06	100.50	100.60	3.98
100.00	June 20,'22	93.50	May 10,'22	100.00	97.00	..	Liberty 1st convs., reg.	..	..	..	..	..	100.00	101.50	..
100.00	June 22,'22	97.40	May 20,'20	100.00	96.60	3	Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42	100.06	100.08	100.06	100.06	—.10	100.04	100.10	3.99
99.70	July 7,'22	91.56	May 21,'20	99.70	95.50	1	Liberty 2d 4s, reg.	99.70	99.70	99.70	99.70	..	..	..	..
101.50	June 22,'22	94.46	June 4,'20	101.50	96.00	..	Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4½s, 1932-47	..	..	..	..	..	100.60	101.50	..
100.24	July 6,'22	94.00	May 21,'20	100.54	96.70	1,072	Lib. 1st cv. 4½s, 1932-47	100.54	100.58	100.38	100.38	—.14	100.38	100.40	4.31
100.22	June 26,'22	84.00	July 30,'20	100.22	95.80	..	1st conv. 4½s, reg.	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	—.02	..	..	..
102.06	Oct. 4,'19	81.40	May 20,'20	100.54	94.18	2,785	Lib. 2d cv. 4½s, 1927-42	100.14	100.20	100.14	100.14	—.04	100.14	100.16	4.32
100.16	July 6,'22	88.80	Dec. 23,'20	100.16	95.68	11	Lib. 2d conv. 4½s, reg.	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	—.16	..	..	..
100.30	July 6,'22	85.00	Dec. 20,'20	100.30	96.74	4,487	Lib. 3d 4½s, 1928	100.26	100.30	100.18	100.18	—.08	100.18	100.20	4.36
100.16	July 7,'22	92.44	May 19,'20	100.16	94.72	5	Lib. 3d 4½s, reg.	100.16	100.16	100.06	100.06	—.10	..	..	..
100.50	July 6,'22	92.00	May 20,'20	100.50	96.38	2,897	Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	100.38	100.44	100.32	100.32	—.08	100.32	100.34	4.21
100.38	July 6,'22	93.44	May 20,'20	100.38	96.70	4	Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg.	100.24	100.24	100.20	100.24	—.06	..	..	..
100.08	Mar. 20,'22	94.70	May 20,'20	100.08	100.02	325	Victory 4¾s, 1922-23	100.50	100.50	100.50	100.50	—.02	100.50	100.52	4.16
100.30	Apr. 3,'22	94.88	May 21,'20	100.30	94.84	154	Victory 4¾s, reg.	100.28	100.30	100.28	100.30	..	..	..	..

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine temp 5s	100¾	Janeiro temp 8s	102	1st 5s	91½	1962/3r rcts	87	90	12	102⅝	1st 5s	100¾	way 8s	110¾	108¾
2d 5s	100¾	2d 5s	102	2d 5s	91¾	7½s	71½	..	11	101	2d 5s	100¾	5s	110¾	109¾
3d 5s	100¾	3d 5s	102¼	3d 5s	91¾	4s	37	..	1	101	3d 5s	100¾	5s	110¾	109¾
4th 5s	100¾	4th 5s	102¼	4th 5s	91¾	4s, 1963	37	..	1	101	4th 5s	100¾	5s	110¾	109¾
5th 5s	100¾	5th 5s	102¼	5th 5s	91¾	4s, 1964	37	..	1	101	5th 5s	100¾	5s

MEXICAN OIL DEAL NOW UP TO OBREGON

Conferences of de la Huerta and American Interests End With Framing of Proposals.

WILL GO TO MEXICO AT ONCE

President of That Republic Has Power to Act on Projects Without Waiting for Congress.

The conferences which have been going on between Señor de la Huerta, Mexican Minister of Finance, and representatives of the American oil companies interested in Mexico came to an end yesterday. Walter C. Teagle, President of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey and Chairman of the committee of oil company officials which took part in the negotiations, issued a statement yesterday in which he said that, while no definite agreement had been reached, the conferences had resulted in the exchange of memoranda embodying important principles for the future of the oil industry in Mexico. Mr. de la Huerta, who also gave out a statement, pointed out that his mission to this country was mainly for the purpose of hearing the propositions made by the officials of the American companies and that he will submit these proposals to President Obregon for approval.

Señor de la Huerta said he intended to return to Mexico City early next week. He said that every plan he had when he started for this country had been settled, subject to the approval of the Mexican Government. President Obregon, it was pointed out, has authority to take immediate action on the oil men's proposals, since they do not have to be submitted to the Mexican Congress, as was the case in the settlement of the debt.

Plans for Mexican Central Bank.

In connection with the recent announcement that Mexico proposed to establish a central bank of issue, Mr. de la Huerta said that this bank will be established before the close of the year, and that 51 per cent. of the capital stock will be subscribed and held by the Mexican Government. The balance will be subscribed by European and American bankers, but the portion which each would subscribe has not as yet been decided upon. He also pointed out that there is no paper currency in circulation in Mexico and that the proposed institution will have the sole power to issue such currency.

The official statement issued by Mr. de la Huerta in regard to the recent oil conferences follows:

"The conferences which I have held with Messrs. W. C. Teagle, E. L. Doheny, H. C. Lufkin, H. F. Sinclair and J. W. Van Dyke, representing respectively the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, the Mexican Petroleum Company, Texas Company, Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation and the Atlantic Refining Company, were concluded today.

"As pointed out in my previous statements, my mission consisted only in hearing the propositions made by the companies through their representatives, regarding future exploration and exploitation work in Mexico.

"I am taking with me requests made by the above mentioned companies, comprising matters not only pertaining to the Department of Finance, which is under my charge, but related in some points to the Department of Industry and Commerce, as both departments are intimately connected so far as the oil industry is concerned. As soon as I return to Mexico City I will present to Lic. Miguel Alessio-Robles, Minister of Industry and Commerce, all matter pertaining to his department. In any event, any definite action on the propositions presented by the oil executives will be that taken by President of the Republic, General Alvaro Obregon."

Statement of Oil Group.

The statement issued by Walter C. Teagle, President of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey and Chairman of the committee of oil men who took part in the conferences, follows:

"The conferences being held between Mexican Minister of Finance Adolfo de la Huerta and the committee of oil executives composed of Messrs. W. C. Teagle, E. L. Doheny, H. F. Sinclair and J. W. Van Dyke, representing respectively the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, the Mexican Petroleum Company, the Texas Company, the Sinclair Consolidated Corporation and Atlantic Refining Company, were concluded today. While no definite agreement was reached, the conferences have resulted in the preparation and exchange of memoranda embodying the more important general principles relative to future exploration and exploitation work in Mexico. Minister de la Huerta is taking these memoranda back to Mexico to be submitted to President Obregon. The principles outlined in the memoranda are intended to apply not only to operations by the companies participating in the conferences but to all other companies operating in Mexico who may elect to enter into similar arrangements."

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 34,577 packages. Prices eased off another 4c and market unsettled. Creamery, higher than extras, lb., 37½@38c; extras, 92 score, 37c; firsts, 33½@36½c; seconds, 32@33c; lower grades, 30@31½c; centralized cars, 90 score, 36c; 89 score, 34½c; 88 score, 33½@34c; 86 to 87 score, 32½@33c; unsalted, higher than extras, 92 score, 36½@37c; extras, 92 score, 36½@37½c; firsts, 35@37½c; seconds, 33@34c; lower grades, 31½@32½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 34@35½c; good to prime, 34½@35½c; common to fair, 30@33c; ladles, current make, extras, 31@32c; firsts, 28@30½c; seconds, 26½@27c; lower grades, 25@26c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 27c; No. 2, 25½@26c; lower grades, 24@25c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 26,970 cases. Market about steady on top grades; easier on lower. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 29@31½c; regular packed, extra firsts, 27½@28½c; regular packed, firsts, 24½@26½c; seconds and pewee, 20@24c; trade, 22@23c; dirties, regular packed, No. 1, 21@22c; No. 2 and pewee, 17@20½c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 19½@20½c; New Jersey, nearby white, candled, extras, 40c; uncandled, extras, 41@43c; nearby hennery whites, extras, local candled, 44c; nearby and nearby Western hennery whites, average extras, 40@42c; extra firsts, 38@39c; nearby gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 36@38c; under grades, 32@36c; Pacific Coast, whites, extras, 40@41c; extra firsts, 36@39½c; firsts, 31@35c; under grades, 30@32c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 31@31c; nearby and nearby Western hennery browns, extras, 35@36c; nearby brown and mixed colors, gathered extras, 30@31½c; firsts to extra firsts, 28@29c.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	5.00	5.25	5.00	5.25
Quicksilver	...	65.00	...	65.00
Aluminum	37½	38	37½	38
Spot Sts. 2X sht.	27.70	28.75	27.70	28.75

Electrolytic copper was quoted at 13½c on the New York Metal Exchange.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	63	7	6	63	7	6
Copper, futures	63	7	6	63	17	6
Tin, spot	142	15	0	142	17	6
Tin, futures	135			134	10	0
Lead, spot	23	2	6	23		
Lead, futures	22	17	6	22	15	
Zinc, spot	24	7	6	24	7	6
Zinc, futures	24	2	6	24	2	6

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Payable.	Stock of Record.
Am. Util. Corp. pf.	1¾ Q	July 15	July 8
Bayonne Nat. Bk.	5 SA	July 7	June 30
Do	5 EX		
C. E. Hatcher Co.	$2.00 Q	July 15	July 15
Home Rfg. Co.	1½ Q		
Do pf.	1¾ Q		

ENGLISH LIVING COSTS MORE

Economist Sees Sign of End of Long Drop in Prices.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 7.—There was a slight increase in June, says The Economist, in wholesale prices of commodities, its index number rising by 17 points, to 4989.

"This," The Economist says, "is 130 points above the lowest point this year, which was at the end of February. It looks as if the first half of 1922 has witnessed the end of the long and severe price fall which began about two years ago.

"It is too soon yet to say that any degree of stabilization has been reached, but it is certainly true that the movements of the last six months have been never much less violent than those of the three previous years, and the half year closes in slight increase in the balance, as compared with the end of 1921."

The Economist index numbers are:

Cereals and meat	1000
Other food products (tea, sugar, &c.)	676
Textiles	1135
Minerals	800
Miscellaneous (rubber, timber, oils, &c.)	887
Total	4389
Percentage of change	199

The following table shows The Economist's index number for the last ten months and for July 1 by years back to 1911:

July 1, 1922	4,389	July 1, 1921	4,810
June 1, 1922	4,372	July 1, 1920	7,847
May 1, 1922	4,283	July 1, 1919	6,188
Apr. 1, 1922	4,297	July 1, 1918	6,403
Mar. 1, 1922	4,239	July 1, 1917	5,646
Feb. 1, 1922	4,284	July 1, 1916	4,238
Jan. 1, 1922	4,357	July 1, 1915	3,220
Dec. 1, 1921	4,456	July 1, 1914	2,860
Nov. 1, 1921	4,588	July 1, 1913	2,669
Oct. 1, 1921	4,924	July 1, 1912	2,709
Apr. 1, 1920*	9,882	July 1, 1911	2,517

*Highest for the period. †Lowest for the period.

Comparison of averages for the different groups are as follows:

	July 1, 1922.	June 1, 1922.	July 1, 1921.
Cereals and meat	1,000.5	1,040.8	1,174.5
Other food products	676.5	657	955.5
Textiles	1,135	1,070	973.5
Minerals	650	710.5	973.0
Miscellaneous	887	885	1,023.5
	4,389	4,372	4,810

SEE BUSINESS LESS ACTIVE.

Fading Menace of Larger Rail Strike Cheers, Say Trade Reviews.

Business in general during the past week was less active than in the previous week, according to the leading trade agencies. The holidays and irregularities of the weather, it is said, tended in part to curtail operations in both trade and industry. It is added, however, that the fading menace of a general strike of auxiliary railroad workers has made for a quite cheerful tone.

Bradstreet's comment on the situation follows in part:

"The transportation industry has continued to function with strikingly little friction despite the walkout of the railroad shopmen or mechanics and the holiday rush.

"The deadlock in the coal trade has continued with little apparent effect of the talked of Government interference in that trouble, but the effect of the mid-year holidays and of the unsettled railroad labor situation has been to lower coal production and advance coal and coke prices.

"The general commodity price movement is upward, but the Weekly Food Index is a shade lower. Bank clearings show a good gain over last year, and failures have decreased in a holiday week."

Dun's Review says:

"That the commercial death rate is falling steadily is evidenced by the latest statistics of failures. Returns for the second quarter of the current year reflect the improvement in general business and the previous elimination of many of the weak spots from the situation, 5,567 insolvencies for $155,700,000 of indebtedness comparing with 7,517 for $218,000,000 in the first quarter of this year. While the commercial mortality is still considerably above the average, there is reason for encouragement in the fact that recent months have brought a decided lessening in both number and liabilities of failures."

Coast Reserve Cuts Discount Rate.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Reduction of the rediscount rate of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco from 4½ to 4 per cent. effective tomorrow was announced today by the Federal Reserve Board. The San Francisco bank is the third institution of the Federal Reserve system to cut its rate to the 4 per cent. level, New York and Boston having previously announced similar reductions. Reduction in the San Francisco rate was forecast several weeks ago at the Treasury and was regarded here as part of a general reduction of Federal Reserve rediscount rates.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Hornblower & Weeks have issued a special July investment circular in which they list more than fifty different bonds covering industrial, public utility, railroad and equipment, government and municipal bonds.

Newburger, Henderson & Loeb, members of the New York Stock Exchange, have prepared a circular on the stock market outlook, with special reference to railroad issues, steels, tire stocks, oils, motors and copper.

Murray Cohen of Frank T. Stanton & Co., who has been in London for the past six months looking after the firm's interest in the wireless issues, arrived in New York last week. He expects to return to London early in August to open a branch office for his firm.

ANOTHER SHARP RISE IN COMMODITY PRICES

Dun's Index Number Records Largest Gain of Any Month Since February.

Dun's index number of average commodity prices on July 1 shows another sharp gain, the average being $173,743, against $169,897 on June 1, and $159,853 on July 1, 1921. The index number of July 1 last year was the low point of the postwar deflation movement. Last month's gain was the largest reported for any month since February. Every group of commodities scored a gain for the month.

The total index number for a series of months and years compares as follows:

July 1, 1922	$173,743	July 1, 1921	$159,853
June 1, 1922	169,897	July 1, 1920	200,416
May 1, 1922	168,096	July 1, 1919	223,707
Apr. 1, 1922	166,268	July 1, 1918	232,575
Mar. 1, 1922	169,731	July 1, 1917	211,211
Feb. 1, 1922	164,478	July 1, 1916	145,143
Jan. 1, 1922	161,444	July 1, 1915	124,959
Dec. 1, 1921	164,531	July 1, 1914	119,708
Nov. 1, 1921	163,655	July 1, 1913	119,149
Oct. 1, 1921	161,830	July 1, 1912	122,277
Sep. 1, 1921	162,819	July 1, 1911	118,190
May 1, 1920*	263,332	July 1, 1910	119,168

*Highest for the period. †Lowest for the period.

The present index number by groups of articles compares as follows with the preceding month and with July 1, 1921:

	July 1, 1922.	June 1, 1922.	July 1, 1921.
Breadstuffs	$27,022	$26,771	$26,573
Meat	17,469	16,876	13,114
Dairy and garden	20,061	19,539	18,012
Other food	24,671	23,232	17,358
Clothing	39,459	33,402	26,034
Metals	21,459	21,379	23,037
Miscellaneous	21,855	28,771	36,573
Total	$173,743	$169,897	$159,853

Equitable Enlarges Paris Office.

The Paris office of the Equitable Trust Company of New York, which was established in 1910, has outgrown its original quarters. Additional space has been taken on two floors of the office building at 23 Rue de la Paix.

Loan Totals Drop, Investments Grow In Weekly Reports of Member Banks

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Substantial reductions, totaling $102,000,000 in all classes of loans, as against increases by $29,000,000 of investments in Government securities and by $6,000,000 in other securities, are shown in the Federal Reserve Board's weekly statement of condition on June 28, of 799 member banks in leading cities.

Under the general head of Government securities, United States bonds show an increase for the week of $16,000,000 and Treasury notes, the issue of which in exchange for Victory notes terminated on June 22, an increase of $29,000,000. On the other hand, Victory notes show a further decline of $14,000,000 and Treasury certificates of $11,000,000.

Holdings of corporate securities show an increase of $6,000,000, while loans against such securities fell off about $67,000,000. Other loans and discounts, largely commercial loans, show a decrease for the week of $51,000,000.

For member banks in New York, increases of $13,000,000 in Government securities and of $5,000,000 in corporate securities, as against net liquidation of $118,000,000 in total loans, largely against corporate securities, are noted.

Of the total of $15,188,000,000 of loans and investments of all reporting banks reported as of June 28 of the present year, the share of other, largely commercial, loans was 46.5 per cent., as against 53.5 per cent. on June 29 of last year. On the other hand, the share of investments in Government securities and loans thereon shows an increase for the same period from 13.2 to 15.7 per cent., and the share of corporate securities and loans thereon an increase from 33.1 to 35 per cent.

Government deposits show a decline, for the week, of $65,000,000, and other demand deposits (net), due in part to withdrawals of bank balances, a decline of $93,000,000, while time deposits show a further gain of $32,000,000. For member banks in New York City, reductions of $19,000,000 in Government deposits and of $77,000,000 in other demand deposits, as against an increase of $45,000,000 in time deposits, are shown.

Borrowings from the Federal Reserve Banks increased from $122,000,000 to $164,000,000, or from 0.8 to 1.1 per cent., from the reporting banks aggregate loans and investments.

For the New York City banks, an increase in total accommodations at the local Reserve bank from $7,000,000 to $53,000,000 and from 0.1 to 1 per cent. in the ratio of accommodation is shown.

Reserve balances of the reporting banks increased by $34,000,000 and their cash in vault by $2,000,000. Member banks in New York City report increase of $80,000,000 in reserve balance and of over $1,000,000 in cash.

A statement of changes in the principal asset and liability items, as compared with a week and a year ago is given in this table:

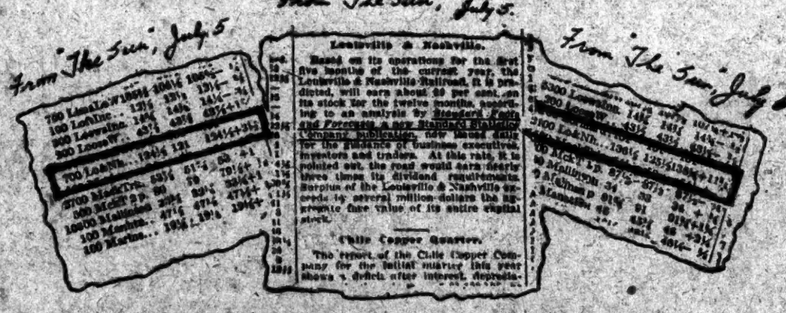
	June 21, 1922.	June 29, 1921.
Loans and discounts, total	—$102,000,000	—$1,101,000,000
Secured by U. S. Government obligations	— 4,000,000	— 267,000,000
Secured by stocks and bonds	— 67,000,000	— 462,000,000
All other	— 31,000,000	— 1,178,000,000
Investments, total	+ 29,000,000	+ 553,000,000
U. S. bonds	+ 16,000,000	+ 320,000,000
Victory notes	— 14,000,000	— 121,000,000
U. S. Treasury notes	+ 29,000,000	+ 250,000,000
Treasury certificates	— 11,000,000	+ 40,000,000
Other stocks and bonds	+ 6,000,000	+ 220,000,000
Reserve balances with F. R. B.	+ 34,000,000	+ 199,000,000
Cash in vault	+ 2,000,000	+ 40,000,000
Government deposits	— 65,000,000	+ 256,000,000
Net demand deposits	— 93,000,000	+ 1,077,000,000
Time deposits	+ 32,000,000	+ 447,000,000
Total accommodation at F. R. B.	+ 41,000,000	+ 1,001,000,000

+ Increase. — Decrease.

Data for Federal Reserve cities and in branch cities.

	All Fed. Res. Bank Cities.	Fed. Res. Branch Cities.	Other Selected Cities.	New York.	Chicago.
Number reporting banks	274	211	314	67	59
Loans and discounts, inclusive of bills rediscounted with F. R. Banks; loans secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	$100,542,000	$50,321,000	$44,510,000	$19,590,000	$40,592,000
Loans secured by stocks and bonds	2,552,291,000	482,469,000	436,337,000	1,471,021,000	360,494,000
All other loans and discounts	4,305,854,000	1,389,975,000	1,280,631,000	1,051,444,000	647,924,000
Total loans and discounts	7,158,675,000	1,922,765,000	1,761,478,000	1,542,055,000	1,049,009,000
U. S. bonds	722,226,000	276,414,000	280,837,000	462,357,000	51,465,000
U. S. Victory notes	29,232,000	8,192,000	6,102,000	7,999,000	3,279,000
U. S. Treasury notes	454,810,000	66,305,000	53,783,000	332,145,000	41,040,000
U. S. certif. of indebt.	189,953,000	51,048,000	20,095,000	120,068,000	16,241,000
Other bonds, stocks and securities	1,280,684,000	611,224,000	412,859,000	847,033,000	181,261,000
Total loans and discounts and inc. including bills rediscounted with F. R. banks	9,790,289,000	2,914,038,000	2,475,114,000	5,073,118,000	1,942,995,000
Reserve balance with F. R. banks	1,079,950,000	299,138,000	151,202,000	696,823,000	123,684,000
Cash in vault	150,506,000	54,908,000	72,982,000	76,012,000	28,236,000
Net demand deposits	7,542,532,000	1,739,109,000	1,542,235,000	4,623,894,000	950,619,000
Time deposits	1,624,965,000	1,096,773,000	748,096,000	695,108,000	334,492,000
Government deposits	89,161,000	24,357,000	10,158,000	58,605,000	9,854,000
Bills payable with F. R. Bank, secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	67,238,000	15,707,000	13,793,000	48,720,000	7,910,000
Bills rediscounted, &c.	38,062,000	19,609,000	20,564,000	3,859,000	3,069,000

Are You Missing Something of Vital Importance —Like the Big Jump in Louisville & Nashville?



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INCREASE IN RETAIL SALES.

Two Firms Operating Strings of Stores Report Marked Sales.

F. W. Woolworth & Co. report gross sales of $12,432,066 for June, against $10,742,266 last year, the increase amounting to $1,689,820. For the first six months of 1922 gross sales totaled $70,213,549, against $62,229,280 in 1921.

The S. S. Kresge Company for June reports gross sales of $4,945,068, against $4,348,317 in 1921. For the first half of the current year this company reports sales of $26,986,361, against $24,179,027 for the same period last year.

ASK RECEIVER FOR ROAD.

Bondholders of Denver & Rio Grande Appeal to Colorado Court.

DENVER, July 7.—The New York Trust Company as trustee for adjustment mortgage bondholders filed a request for a receivership for the Denver & Rio Grande Western Railroad in the Federal District Court here today. Federal Judge J. Foster Symes set July 21 as the date for a hearing on the application.

At the same time suit to foreclose on $10,000,000 of adjustment mortgage bonds issued in May, 1912, was filed in the District Court. Permission to file the foreclosure suit was received from Circuit Judge Robert E. Lewis earlier today. This was necessary on account of an injunction issued in connection with previous litigation over the affairs of the road.

Several defaults on the adjustment mortgage bonds, which were issued by the old Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Company, but which were not affected by the purchase of the road by the Denver & Rio Grande Western, are alleged by minority bondholders. It is claimed that interest was defaulted Oct. 1, 1921, and April 1, 1922.

Coffee Exchange Seat Brings $5,500

The New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange membership of Jerome Lewine Jr. was sold yesterday to Henri Bodenheimer for $5,500, an increase of $500 over the last previous sale.

FEWER IDLE FREIGHT CARS.

Report on Week of June 23 Shows Decrease of 13,178.

Freight cars idle for the week ended June 23 because of business conditions totaled 429,074, as compared with 442,252 on June 15, according to reports from the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association. This represented a decrease of 13,178 cars.

Of the total 256,995 were surplus freight cars, that is, cars in good repair in excess of current freight requirements, while the remaining 172,079 were freight cars in bad order in excess of the normal number unfit for service. Surplus coal cars totaled 160,735, a decrease since June 15 of 11,068, while surplus box cars amounted to 62,977, an increase of 717 within the same period. There was a decrease in the number of surplus stock cars amounting to 321 during the week, the total as of June 15 standing at 12,818.

Refined Sugar Up to 6.60.

The Federal Sugar Refining Company yesterday announced another advance of 10 points in the price of refined sugar, to 6.60 cents a pound. Cuban raw sugar sold at 3½ cents for August shipment, an advance of ¼ cent a pound over Thursday and a new high record for the year to date.

CURB FIRM SUSPENDS.

Wilander & Kane Expect to Liquidate Promptly and in Full.

Suspension of the brokerage firm of Wilander & Kane of 30 Broad Street for inability to meet its commitments was announced from the rostrum of the New York Curb Market yesterday afternoon. The firm was automatically suspended from regular membership.

E. A. Wilander, head of the suspended concern, issued the following statement:

"The action was taken by us voluntarily and merely represents a step in the liquidation of the firm. It has more assets than liabilities. We have no customers or marginal business and all our open contracts will be liquidated promptly."

It was added that the firm did most of its business for other brokers. E. H. Kane is the other member of the firm.

Remington Typewriter on Full Time

The Remington Typewriter Company, which has been operating on a five-day-a-week schedule for some time, will go on full time, starting Monday, according to a statement issued by the company yesterday. The plants, as usual, will close for two weeks during August.

James Speyer on Annual Trip.

James Speyer of Speyer & Co. is sailing today on the Majestic on his annual trip abroad. He will visit Paris, London, Berlin and Switzerland. Upon his return in September he will be accompanied by Herbert James Heit von Speyer of Frankfort-on-the-Main, Mr. Speyer's nephew, who will become associated with the firm of Speyer & Co. with a view to mastering American banking methods.

Pacific Gas & Electric Gains.

The Pacific Gas and Electric Company, in its report for the first nine months of the year, shows gross receipts of $16,620,289, an increase of $281,117, compared with the same period of 1921. The surplus, after all charges including dividends for the period, amounted to $303,221, an increase of $236,717.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 6s, 1909	M. & S.	85¼
Argentine 6s, 1923	M. & S.	94
Argentine 7s, 1927	J. & D.	99½
Belgium 6s, 1925	J. & J.	100
Belgium 8s, 1945	J. & J.	101
Belgium 7½, 1945	J. & D.	100½
Belgium 8s, 1941	F. & A.	107
Brazil Mex. 5s, '27	M. & S.	103¾
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	M. & N.	110
City of Berne 5s, 1945	M. & N.	110¼
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934	J. & N.	83½
City of Gr. Prague 8s, '42	M. & S.	80
City of Lyons 6s, 1934	J. & D.	100½
U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941	J. & D.	102¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	A. & O.	99¾
Dom. of Canada 5½, 1926	A. & O.	101¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	A. & O.	97¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952	M. & N.	96¾
Holland-Am. Line 5s	M. & N.	89½
Kingdom of Belgium 8s	M. & N.	107½
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941	J. & D.	95
Rep. of Chile 6s	A. & O.	101¾
Republic of Chile 8s, 1942	M. & N.	104
Chinese Gov. 5s, 1911	J. & D.	85
City of Christiania 8s	A. & O.	110
City of Cracow 8s, 1940	M. & S.	81½
Czechoslovakia Rep. 8s, '51	A. & O.	90½
Rep. of Bol. S. F. 8s, '47	M. & N.	101½
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	M. & S.	87
Rep. Cuba 5s, 1949	F. & A.	91
Denmark 8s, 1945	F. & A.	110½
Denmark 8s, 1942	F. & A.	98½
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. A '46	F. & A.	100
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B '46	F. & A.	100
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947	M. & S.	95
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962	M. & S.	95
Franc. Ind. & Dev. 7½s, '42	J. & J.	93½
French Gov. 5½s, 1937	J. & D.	100½
French Gov. 8s, 1945	M. & S.	103
Italy 6½s, 1925	J. & J.	94½
Japanese 4s, 1931	J. & J.	77½
Japanese 6½s, 1925	F. & A.	90½
Japanese 6s, 1924	M. & S.	90½
Jugoslavia 8s, 1952	A. & O.	80
Jugoslavia U. M. W. 4s, '47	J. & J.	60½
City of Lyons 6s, 1934	M. & S.	83½
City of Marseilles 6s, 1934	J. & D.	83½
City of Marseilles 6s, 1935	M. & N.	83½
City of Belgrade 8s, 1878	M. & N.	82½
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1954	J. & J.	47
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1945	Q. Jan.	57½
Mex. Irrigation 4½s, 1943	J. & J.	47
Kingdom of Norway 6s, 1940	M. & S.	110¾
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946	F. & A.	104½
Rep. of Peru 8s, 1944	M. & S.	103
City of Paris 6½s, 1936	F. & A.	100½
City of Paris 6½s, 1939	F. & A.	100½
Un. R. Prov. 7s, 1927	F. & A.	95½
U. R. of Copen. 6s, 1927	M. & N.	98¼

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PREWAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, reg.	100½	100¾	Fan 2s, c	...	...
2s, c 1930	102¾	103¼	1938	103¼	...
2s, reg.	102¾	...	Fan 2s, r	...	...
2s, c 1936	99	...	1941	76	...
2s, reg.	99	...	Fan 2s, r	...	...
2s, c 1925	105	...	1961	76	...
2s, reg.	102¾	103	Fan 2s, c	...	...
2s, c 1930	102¾	103¼	1961	76	...
Fan 2s, r 1936	102¾	103¼	Fan 2s, r	...	...
Fan 2s, c 1936	102¾	103¼	1961	76	...
Fan 2s, r 1938	102¾	103¼	Fan 2s, r	...	...
Fan 2s, c 1938

ADVANCE IN COTTON ON WEEVIL REPORTS

Post Active in Eastern and Western Sections—Prices Up 32 to 36 Points.

While weather could hardly have been better, the cotton market responded to reports of boll weevil damage yesterday and prices recovered 32 to 36 points. With a visible supply of less than 2,500,000 bales, or nearly 2,000,000 under a year ago, and spinners' takings running ahead of all earlier estimates, there is little disposition to sell cotton for a decline. Local professionals who sold on Thursday were buyers when Liverpool showed the first sign of steadying. Volume of business fell off somewhat, few large orders being executed during the day.

Evidence of the limited supply of contracts available at the present time was again furnished during morning trading. After a steady decline of half a cent the previous day, prices opened up 10 points and in an hour had recovered $2 a bale on a moderate volume of business. The moment certain operators decided to replace cotton previously sold few contracts were forthcoming. Liverpool steadied materially under very similar technical conditions. After opening off 20 American points in response to the local reaction, a steady improvement set in. Before closing, quotations abroad were 45 American points above low figures of the day.

Weevil reports supplied the stimulating factor for morning operations, advices apparently taking color from a statement in Thursday's weekly summary that weather had been conducive to insect activity. Reports came from both Eastern and Western sections concerning infested fields. Some telegrams stated that 60 per cent. of forms were falling off as a result of weevil. A recent Government treatise on cotton culture stated that, under normal conditions, the plant sheds about 60 per cent. of its forms. Under present conditions boll weevil constitutes the most serious menace to a good crop, and it required very little unfavorable news to stimulate buying.

After selling below 22.45 early, October rose over 22.75 around midday. Rumors of large spinners' takings again this week, with indications of generally unsettled weather throughout the belt, presented a repetition of Thursday's selling. Steady trade absorption of contracts for future delivery as well as removal of hedges against actual cotton passing into consumption, made a sharp recovery possible. Room traders assisted the advance, and it was not until October reached 22¾ cents that irregularity developed.

Outside business proved less than earlier in the week, weather conditions being still too favorable to attract new speculative buying. Southern houses had bottom to sell on a rising scale. During the afternoon trading was highly professional, with nervous fluctuations. Closing buying orders led traders to work for higher prices, and October touched 22.79, high figures of the day. Sale of a few thousand bales brought a quick check of 10 points in final dealings, but the closing level showed a gain of about 25 points.

Feature of week-end statistics was spinners' takings of 248,000 bales against 194,000 last year, bringing total takings for the season to 12,138,000 bales compared with 9,662,000 last season. Of this, American mills took 117,000 this week against 69,000 last year, and for the season 5,999,000 as against only 4,700,000 last season. As there are still three weeks remaining before final figures are compiled on Aug. 1, it is evident world takings will prove larger than was believed probable a few months ago. The visible supply decreased 126,000 against 88,000 last year, leaving a supply of 2,441,000 bales against 4,353,000 a year ago. With needs to be supplied the balance of this month, it is now estimated the quantity of American cotton on Aug. 1 will not exceed 5,000,000 bales, and may fall below that figure.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
July	22.27	22.74	22.27	22.67N	22.54
Oct.	22.17	22.79	22.17	22.68@22.70	22.53
Dec.	22.20	22.75	22.20	22.69@22.71	22.53
Jan.	21.87	22.20	21.87	22.16	21.61
March	21.73	22.07	21.73	22.02@22.05	21.70
May	21.56	21.71	21.71	21.79N	21.45

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 20 points advance, 22.90c for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 23.45c, 30 points advance; New Orleans, 22.50c, unchanged; Savannah, 22.85c, 35 points advance; Augusta, 22.75c, 25 points advance; Memphis, 23.00c, unchanged; Houston, 23.30c, 30 points advance; Little Rock, 22.50c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	6,251	11,030	19,789
Exports	5,188	8,825	21,768
Exports, season	5,837,502	5,668,705	5,172,946
U. S. stocks	184,411	197,394	157,831
Port stocks	622,702	747,127	1,515,441
U. S. arrivals	56	2,436	190

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, more demand, 12 points decline, 13.50d for middling; sales 12,000 bales, American 9,000. Futures opened steady, 14 to 17 points decline; closed steady, 12 to 16 points advance. Prices: July, 13.28d; October, 12.84d; December, 12.56d; January, 12.43d; March, 12.27d.

Manchester: Yarns irregular; cloths quiet.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Refiners Advance Price of Sugar to 6.5 Cents, Record High for Year.

Sugar refiners generally advanced their prices for the refined article in yesterday cash market to 6.5 cents the pound, an advance of 30 points over the previous price and the highest for the staple for the year to date. Other changes included a fractional decline in butter, and an advance of 20 points in cotton, to 22.90 cents. The grains, provisions and metals were firm.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Friday, a week before and a year ago:

	July 7, 1922.	June 30, 1922.	July 7 1921.
FOODSTUFF—			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.32¾	$1.31	$1.24½
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.82½	.78¾	.77
Oats, No. 2 white	.48	.47¼	.47¼
Flour, Minn. patent	8.25	7.75	9.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.19¾	.19¾	.06½
Sugar, granulated	.063	.062	.052
Butter, cream, 92 score	.37	.38	.35
Eggs, fresh-gathered, firsts, per dozen	.26½	.25½	.35
Lard, Mid. W.	11.75	11.90	11.50
Pork, mess	30.00	29.50	24.50
Beef, family	17.00	17.00	17.00
METALS—			
Iron, 2X, Philadelphia	28.25	28.25	28.50
Steel billets, Pitts.	35.00	35.00	37.00
Lead	6.75	5.75	4.45
Copper	13.75	13.62½	12.50
Tin	31.37½	30.62½	28.50
TEXTILES—			
Cotton mid. upland	22.90	22.10	12.20
Print cloths	.06¼	.06¼	.04½

Range of prices for year to date:

	Highest		Lowest	
Wheat	$1.61¾	Apr. 22	$1.19	Jan. 3
Corn	.81½	May 19	.61⅝	Jan. 3
Oats	.50⅝	May 18	.45	June 15
Pork	9.00	Feb. 27	7.25	Jan. 3
Coffee	.11¾	Apr. 21	.08¾	Jan. 24
Sugar	.065	July 7	.046	Jan. 3
Butter	.40	Jan. 7	.34½	Jan. 10
Eggs	.54	Jan. 25	.25½	May 17
Lard	12.85	Feb. 28	9.40	Jan. 3
Pork	30.00	July 5	22.50	Jan. 24
Beef	17.00	Mar. 27	14.00	Feb. 9
Iron	28.50	June 30	21.76	Mar. 17
Steel	35.00	May 18	25.00	Jan. 10
Lead	5.85	June 27	4.67½	Feb. 3
Tin	33.37	Jan. 12	28.50	Mar. 14
Copper	13.87½	June 8	12.50	Feb. 10
Cotton	23.75	July 3	18.25	Jan. 30
Print cloths	.06¼	June 8	.05⅝	Feb. 8

WEATHER TOO GOOD FOR WHEAT MARKET

And, Too, the Drop in Continental Exchange Discourages Buying for Export.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Excellent weather and crop reports from the Spring wheat territory, with local pressure, more than offset heavy rains that are delaying thrashing in parts of the Southwest, light country offerings and a marked improvement in the demand for cash grain from the seaboard.

The bullish factors were reflected to a great extent in the July, which closed at ⅝ cent over the September, against even the previous day. Final sales were at net losses of ¾ to 1¾ cents.

Houses with Southwestern connections sold September at Minneapolis, which had a depressing effect there, while the Northwest sold here.

News developments were of a most conflicting character. The collapse in Continental exchange was not reflected to any extent in the stock or cotton market, but it was a big factor in grains in the early trading, and no export business of consequence was reported at the seaboard.

The latter took 325,000 bushels here to fill old sales abroad, and, at the same time, claimed millions of bushels of new crop winters had been cancelled with Europe recently. Early reports that Chicago had sold 650,000 bushels wheat to exporters were found untrue, as one lot of 340,000 bushels rumored sold was not disposed of.

The delay in thrashing in the Southwest is not regarded as serious as yet. Bids to the country for No. 1 hard Winter, thirty-day shipment, were advanced 1 cent over what was paid recently to 12 cents over Chicago September, track New Orleans or Galveston. In parts of Kansas the movement is fairly liberal, with Wichita receiving 102 cars. Local purchases to arrive were 176,000 bushels, with the country ceasing to offer on the break.

Black rust was rumored to have been found at several points in the Canadian Northwest, but like the American Northwest, no damage was claimed, and, unless there is a marked change in weather conditions, no material loss is expected this season. An early harvest will probably be witnessed in some sections. Thrashing returns are mixed, with some very big yields now being reported in parts of Illinois and Western Kansas. In Nebraska thrashings are poor, with samples received at Omaha showing a test weight of 48 to 49 pounds per bushel.

Temperatures as low as 30 prevailed in North Dakota Thursday night, and frost was reported to have hurt corn from Aberdeen, S. D., northward; but, while there was a rally to about even with the previous close on buying by local professionals, the breaking of the drought in Iowa, with all of the twenty-three stations reporting to the Government showing more or less moisture, combined with rains in Illinois, made an easy undertone; the close being ⅝@1 cent lower, with December leading. The trade was not inclined to take the frost talk seriously.

Export demand was good, with sales of 100,000 bushels here and 350,000 bushels were sold to domestic distributers. Iowa and Nebraska sold corn to arrive freely, with purchases of 425,000 bushels.

Oats closed ¼@⅜ cent lower, with a slow trade.

After the close, offers were received here from the seaboard to cancel wheat and a decidedly uneasy undertone prevailed on the Curb. Local sentiment is extremely bearish, the foreign developments being the depressing influence.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were 739,000 bushels; week ago, 654,000; last year, 1,214,000. Shipments were 532,000 bushels; week ago, 1,205,000; last year, 748,000.

Corn receipts were 1,016,000 bushels; week ago, 1,053,000; last year, 582,000, and shipments, 378,000 bushels; week ago, 548,000; last year, 198,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year.
July	$1.14¾	$1.13¾	$1.13⅝	$1.14⅜	$1.22¼
Sept.	1.14⅝	1.12⅝	1.12⅝	1.14¼	1.21⅜
Dec.	1.17	1.15⅝	1.15¾	1.17¼	1.24⅝

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year.
July	.83¾	.83⅛	.83⅜	.83⅝	.81⅝
Sept.	.84⅝	.83¾	.83⅞	.84⅜	.80⅝
Dec.	.81⅞	.81¼	.81⅜	.81⅝	.80⅝

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.36⅝	.33⅞	.35⅞	.36⅜	.36
Sept.	.38¾	.38¼	.38⅜	.38⅝	.39⅜
Dec.	.41⅞	.41¼	.41⅜	.41⅝	.40⅝

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year.
July	.85¾	.84⅜	.84⅝	.85⅜	1.18¼
Sept.	.85	.84¼	.84¼	.85	1.08
Dec.	.87¼	.86⅛	.86⅜	.87⅝	.99

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	11.10	10.95	11.07	11.07	10.77
Sept.	11.35	11.20	11.27	11.30	11.07
Jan.	10.02	9.95	10.02	9.92	....
Oct.	11.45	11.32	11.40	....	....
Ribs—					
July	11.40	11.15	11.15	....	10.45
Sept.	11.32	11.07	11.07	....	10.67

BANKERS OFF TODAY.

Will Start for Portland (Ore.) Convention.

A special Baltimore & Ohio train carrying bankers from New England and New York points will leave the Pennsylvania Station at 8:50 o'clock this morning for Portland, Ore., where the American Institute of Banking convention is to be held, July 17 to 20. The bankers' special will consist of fourteen Pullman cars and will make stops at Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburgh, Chicago, St. Paul, Glacier National Park, Spokane and Tacoma.

The Mayor of Portland will welcome the visiting delegates upon their arrival. At the afternoon session, July 19, Governor Mabey of Utah, a former member of the institute, will address the convention.

On the same day the subject, "Resolved, That the United States enter into an agreement for the mutual cancellation of the interallied war debt," will be debated. Teams representing New York Chapter and Seattle Chapter will participate, New York holding the affirmative and Seattle the negative.

DR. ETHEL WATTERS NAMED.

Appointed as Consultant in Child Welfare Administration.

The appointment of Dr. Ethel M. Watters of San Francisco, as consultant in the administration of the Sheppard-Towner maternity act, was recently announced by the United States Department of Labor through the children's Bureau. Dr. Watters has been since 1919 Director of the Bureau of Child Hygiene in the California State Board of Health, and is a well-known specialist in diseases of children. She becomes a member of the staff of the Federal Children's Bureau, which is charged with the duty of administering in co-operation with the States the Federal funds appropriated for promoting the welfare and hygiene of maternity and infancy. All but six of the States have to date accepted the provisions of the act. In most States the administration will be in charge of the child hygiene divisions of the State Boards of Health. Plans under which the individual States will administer the funds locally vary with local needs and resources.

Dr. Watters studied medicine at Leland Stanford Jr., and Johns Hopkins Universities, receiving her degree from the latter. In addition to her sevices as Director of the Bureau of Child Hygiene she has been sanitarian of the Bureau of Social Hygiene in the California State Board of Health, and physician to various children's homes and institutions in San Francisco.

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1922.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,800	Acme Coal	1½	1	1
1,000	Acme Pack	43c	43c	43c
800	Am Metal Co			
	Ltd w i	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞
100	Am Rond M C	6	6	6
400	Am Tread pf	87½	86¾	87
100	Atl Fruit w i	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
300	Beechnut			
	Pack w i	31½	31	31
200	Bklyn C R rt	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛
1,200	B Rubb Inc	1¾	1¾	1¾
300	Car L & P	72c	70c	72c
1,400	Chi Nipple	6¼	5¾	6
300	Do B	3¾	3½	3¾
200	Com Solvents			
	Corp Ctf	44¾	44¾	44¾
200	Do Cl B	40¾	40	40⅞
700	Cont Mot	8¼	8⅛	8⅛
100	Duban Dem			
	Sugar Co	8⅜	8¼	8⅜
200	Daniels Mot	11⅝	11⅜	11⅝
3,900	Dubilier Con			
	& Rad w i	9¼	8⅞	9
700	Durant Mot	30¾	30¼	30¾
100	Do of Ind	14	14	14
300	Glb Howell	17¾	17¼	17½
160	Gill Safe R	220	218	218½
200	G Alden Coal	53	53	53½
4,500	Goldwyn Pic	6⅝	6⅜	6⅜
200	Good T & R	11¾	11¾	11¾
100	Grant M Car	1¼	1¼	1¼
300	Hall S&S pf	8	8	8
1,100	Hayes Wheel			
	Co w i	31	30¾	30¾
100	Durant Mot	30¾	30¼	30¾
100	Do of Ind	14	14	14
300	Glb Howell	17¾	17¼	17½
160	Gill Safe R	220	218	218½
200	G Alden Coal	53	53	53½
4,500	Goldwyn Pic	6⅝	6⅜	6⅜
200	Good T & R	11¾	11¾	11¾
100	Grant M Car	1¼	1¼	1¼
300	Hall S&S pf	8	8	8
1,100	Hayes Wheel			
	Co w i	31	30¾	30¾
46,600	Do cfs, wi	87¾	27	28¼
6,500	Mexico Oil	1¾	1⅝	1⅝
100	Heyden Ch	1	1	1
300	Hudson pf	16¼	16	16¼
5,300	Int Carbon	13⅜	12⅝	13⅜
100	Int Cont Rub	7¼	7¼	7¼
100	Lincoln Mot	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
200	Mercer Mot	3¾	3¾	3¾
1,000	Do Vt T ct	3½	3½	3½
200	Moon M Car	11¾	11¼	11¾
200	Nat Leather	8	8	8
100	Nat Motors	2¾	2¾	2¾
300	Packard Mot	14¼	14	14¼
10	Do pf	85½	85½	85½
200	Phil Morris	20¾	20¾	20¾
200	Pub Serv C			
	N J 8% pf	103⅝	103½	103½
200	Prens Mfg	10	9¾	9¾
3,900	Radio Corp	4¾	4½	4½
1,000	Do pf	2¾	2½	2½
700	Reo Motors	27½	27¼	27½
5,400	Ro Coal & I	54c	50c	54c
200	Stand Mot	4¾	4¾	4¾
500	Swift Int	20	19½	20
200	Tenn Elec P			
	Co w i	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜
200	Do 2d pf	30	30	30
200	Tob Prod Ex	8¾	8¾	8¾
900	Do Corp wi	58½	58¾	57½
400	Do El A wi	78¾	78¾	78¾
1,800	U S Ind Alc	67	66	66½
1,400	Und Ref C	9¾	9¾	9¾
700	Wayne Coal	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,000	W End Ch	80c	66c	80c
400	Willys Corp			
	1st pf	26	25	26
100	Heyden Ch	1	1	1
300	Hudson pf	16¼	16	16¼
5,300	Int Carbon	13⅜	12⅝	13⅜
100	Int Cont Rub	7¼	7¼	7¼
100	Lincoln Mot	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
200	Mercer Mot	3¾	3¾	3¾
1,000	Do Vt T ct	3½	3½	3½
200	Moon M Car	11¾	11¼	11¾
200	Nat Leather	8	8	8
100	Nat Motors	2¾	2¾	2¾
300	Packard Mot	14¼	14	14¼
10	Do pf	85½	85½	85½
200	Phil Morris	20¾	20¾	20¾
200	Pub Serv C			
	N J 8% pf	103⅝	103½	103½
200	Prens Mfg	10	9¾	9¾
3,900	Radio Corp	4¾	4½	4½
1,000	Do pf	2¾	2½	2½
700	Reo Motors	27½	27¼	27½
5,400	Ro Coal & I	54c	50c	54c
200	Stand Mot	4¾	4¾	4¾
500	Swift Int	20	19½	20
200	Tenn Elec P			
	Co w i	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜
200	Do 2d pf	30	30	30
200	Tob Prod Ex	8¾	8¾	8¾
900	Do Corp wi	58½	58¾	57½
400	Do El A wi	78¾	78¾	78¾
1,800	U S Ind Alc	67	66	66½
1,400	Und Ref C	9¾	9¾	9¾
700	Wayne Coal	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,000	W End Ch	80c	66c	80c
400	Willys Corp			
	1st pf	26	25	26

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
700	A-A Oil	20¾	20	20¾
100	Atl Lobos	9¾	9¾	9¾
13	Cumb Pipe Line	145	145	145
40	Gal Sig Oil	57	57	57
300	Imp Oil of			
	Can, cp	114⅛	114¼	114⅛
10,400	Int Pet	23½	22¾	23¼
60	Ohio Oil	206	206	206
500	Penn Mex F	44⅜	42	44⅜
85	Prairie P L	248	247	247
10	South Pa Oil	230	230	230
40,300	S O of Ind	113⅝	113⅜	114⅜
430	S O of N Y	441	438	438
2,600	S O of Ky n	97¾	96¾	96¾

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Mex Panuco	60c	60c	60c
100	Mtn & G Oil	97c	97c	97c
1,800	Mtn Prod	15¼	15	15¼
23,800	Mutual Oil	10½	10¼	10¼
100	N Y Oil Co	29¾	29¾	29¾
400	N E Fuel	50¾	50¾	50¾
2,000	Noble O & G	23c	23c	23c
1,900	N A Oil & R	2½	2⅜	2⅜
26,200	Omar O & G	2⅝	2½	2⅝
1,000	Ohio Hanger	4c	4c	4c
100	Pennock Oil	7¼	7¼	7¼
5,600	Red Bank O	19c	19c	19c
1,100	Salt C Prod	17¾	17	17
1,300	Sapulpa Ref	4½	4¼	4⅜
100	Savoy Oil	8¾	8¾	8¾
900	Simms Pet	9	8¾	8¾
22,200	Skelly Oil	12¾	12½	12⅝
2,900	So States O	13⅝	13¾	13⅝
200	Spencer Pet	2	2	2
200	Shell Un Oil			
	pref w i	98	98	98
8,000	So States Con	23c	20c	23c
2,000	So Pet & R	12c	12c	12c
1,000	Stanton Oil	55c	55c	55c
6,000	Texon O & L	58c	53c	56c
100	Tidal Oil	13¾	13¾	13¾
5,000	Turman Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼
25,500	Wilcox O&G	7	6¾	6¾
100	Woodley Pet	15	15	15
400	WoodburnOil	68c	68c	68c
2,000	Y Oil & Gas	15c	15c	15c

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
3,000	Candel Sliv	34c	32c	33c
1,000	Cash Boy Con	6c	6c	6c
41	Hona Oil pf	91	91	91
10	I Benesch	34½	34⅜	34½
20	Mfrs Finance	50	50	50
65	Merch Nat Bk	200	200	200
60	Md Gas	91¾	91¼	91⅜
51	Mt Ver M pf	50	50	50
125	North Cent	76	75½	75½
20	N Amst Cas	30¾	30¾	30¾
100	United Rys	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞
61	US Fid&Grty	140	140	140
55	W, B & A	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜
40	Do pf	33¾	33¾	33¾

Bonds.

$4,000	Balt 2½s, '30	82	82	82
1,000	Ches & Pot			
	Tel of Va 5s	93½	93¾	93¾
5,000	Con C ref 5s	87¾	87½	87¾
1,000	Do 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	City & Sub of			
	Wash 5s	83	83	83
3,000	Con P 7½s	108¾	108¾	108¾
3,000	Do 6s	99¾	99¾	99¾
2,000	Elkhorn 6s	97¾	97¾	97¾
$7,000	Fairmt&Clks-			
	burg Tr 5s	90	90	90
2,000	Ga & Ala 5s	79¾	79¾	79¾
1,000	Md Elec 5s	93	93	93
5,000	Penn W&F 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼
3,000	U Rys 6s, '40	106¾	106	106
6,000	Do 7dg 5s	77	76	76
2,000	Do 6s, '22	100	100	100
6,000	W, B & A 5s	81¼	81	81¼

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
105	Am Stores	121	121	121
170	Am Rys	14	13¾	14
200	Keystone Tel	99¾	99¾	99¾
120	Lake Sup	10¼	10	10
95	Lehigh Nav	74¾	74¾	74¾
10	L V Transit	9	9	9
64	Do pf	24	22	22
6	Minehill	52	52	52
12	Pa Salt	73½	73	73½
100	Phila Ins W	36	35¾	35¾
338	Phila Elec	30¾	29¾	30¼
495	Do pf	30¾	29¾	30¼
10	Phila Rap Tr	33¾	33¼	33¾
200	Phila Tract	65¾	65½	65½
200	Tono Belm	1½	1½	1½
200	Tono Min	1¼	1¼	1¼
61	Un Traction	47¼	47¼	47¼
225	U G Imp	52¼	51½	52⅜
134	Do pf	54	53¾	54
25	West Jersey	36	36	36
10	Tramp	75	75	75
50	York Rys	20½	20¼	20¼

Bonds.

$1,000	Am G&E 5s	87	87	87
1,000	Elec & P 4s	67½	67½	67¾
1,000	L Sup Inc 5s	40	40	40
$17,000	Phila Elec.			
	1st 5s	99¾	99	99
3,000	Do 6s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
234	Ark N Gas	10⅜	10⅛	10⅜
100	A W G Ma	75	75	75
700	Do pf	80¾	80¾	80¾
100	Carnegie Lt	7¾	7¾	7¾
200	Ind Brew	2¾	2¾	2¾
50	Lone S Gas	29	28	28
10	Mfrs Lt & H	52	51¾	52
50	Nat Fireprfg	18¾	18¾	18¾
40	Ohio Fuel S	51¼	51¼	51¼
125	Ohio Fuel O	18	18	18
80	Okla N Gas	23¾	23½	23¾
2,000	Pitts Mt Sh	23	23	23
1,105	Pitts Oil Gas	9	9	9
156	Salt Creek C	12¾	12½	12¾
10	Union Gas	140	140	140
60	West Air B	80¼	80¼	80¼

Bonds.

$10,000	Independent Brewing 6s			68½

MONTREAL.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
244	Asbestos	61	61½	61
1,380	Abitibi	56	55¾	56
360	Atl Sugar	26	25¾	26
155	Do pf	38	37¾	37¾
1,315	Brazilian Tr	47	46¾	47
1,027	Bromp P & P	33	32½	32½
158	Bell Tel	111¼	111	111
35	B E Steel	11¾	11	11
315	Do 2d pf	31	30¾	31
310	Can Cement	86	86	86
55	Can Cottons	95	94	94
304	Can Gen El	87¾	84	86½
80	Can Pacific	139¾	138¾	139¾
45	Can S'ships	20	20	20
25	Do pf	52	52	52
235	Con Smelt	24	23¾	24
260	Detroit Un	82½	82	82½
50	Fidel & Dep	112	112	112
41	Hona Oil pf	91	91	91
10	I Benesch	34¾	34⅜	34½
20	Mfrs Finance	50	50	50
65	Merch Nat Bk	200	200	200
60	Md Gas	91¾	91¼	91⅜
51	Mt Ver M pf	50	50	50
125	North Cent	76	75½	75½
20	N Amst Cas	30¾	30¾	30¾
100	United Rys	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞
61	US Fid&Grty	140	140	140
55	W, B & A	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜
40	Do pf	33¾	33¾	33¾

Bonds.

$4,000	Balt 2½s, '30	82	82	82
1,000	Ches & Pot			
	Tel of Va 5s	93½	93¾	93¾
5,000	Con C ref 5s	87¾	87½	87¾
1,000	Do 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	City & Sub of			
	Wash 5s	83	83	83
3,000	Con P 7½s	108¾	108¾	108¾
3,000	Do 6s	99¾	99¾	99¾
2,000	Elkhorn 6s	97¾	97¾	97¾

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20,000	Emma Sil M	1c	1c	1c
29,000	Eureka-Croe	31c	29c	30c
1,000	Fortuna Con	17c	17c	17c
1,000	Gen Asbes Min	23c	23c	23c
8,000	Gold Dev	9c	8c	8c
1,000	Goldf Sfior	16c	13c	13c
1,000	Golden State	42c	42c	42c
5,000	Goldf Cons	6c	5c	6c
9,000	Hard Shell M	15c	12c	15c
200	Hecla Min	6¾	6¾	6¾
5,050	Hilltop-Nev	83c	81c	83c
200	Howe Sound	3	3	3
10,400	Indepen L M	59c	53c	57c
1,000	Jet Vic Dev	3¾	3¾	3¾
1,000	Jumbo, Ext	4c	4c	4c
100	Kerr Lake	4	4	4
1,000	Knox Div	4c	4c	4c
11,000	Lone Star C	5c	5c	5c
17,000	Marsh Mines	18c	17c	18c
500	Mason Val	2	2	2
9,500	Mernington M	15c	13c	15c
2,000	M Lode Col	9¾	9½	9¾
5,000	Nat Tin	33c	30c	32c
100	New Cora M	19¾	19¾	19¾
22,000	Nev Sil Hor	10c	10c	10c
500	New Dom. A	2¼	2¼	2¼
400	New Mexland	2¾	2¾	2¾
200	Nipissing M	6	5¾	5¾
1,000	Ohio Cop	10c	10c	10c
2,000	Pittsburgh Jib			
	G E & M	25c	23c	23c
100	Ray Hero M	1¾	1¾	1¾
400	S A G & P	4¾	4

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Thurs. day. Bid.	Thurs. day. Ask.
4½s, Dec. 15, 1971	107¼	107⅝
4½s, July, 1967	107¼	108
4½s, June, 1967	107¼	108
4½s, March, 1965	107¼	108
4½s, November, 1964	106½	107¼
4½s, May, 1957	106¾	107¼
4½s, April, 1979	104	104¾
4½s, April, 1963	103¾	103¾
4½s, March, 1964	102¾	103¼
4½s, September, 1960	102¾	103¼
4½s, March, 1960	102¾	103¼
4½s, March, 1960-80	100¾	101¼
4s, November, 1958	99¼	100
4s, May, 1960	99¼	100
4s, May, 1957	99¼	100
4s, November, 1960	99	99¾
4s, November, 1955	99	99¾
4s, November, 1959	98¾	99¾
4½s, May, 1954	99¼	91
4½s, November, 1954	99¼	91
4½s, November, 1963	99¼	91

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s, 1952-1953	4.20	4.25
4½s, 1957-1960	4.22	4.19
4½s, 1957-1954	4.20	4.07
4s, 1958-1960	4.40	4.10
4s, 1952-1955	4.40	4.19
4½s, 1925-1932	4.22	4.00
4½s, 1925-1952	4.22	4.00
4½s, 1927-1934	4.20	4.00
4½s, 1925-1938	4.25	4.00

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Tuesday. Bid.	Thurs. day. Asked.
American Cigar	80	85
American Cigar pf	80	84
Am. Mach. & Fdy	230	240
Am. Tobacco com'n	126	134
George W. Helme	145	150
George W. Helme pf	109	112
MacAndrews & Forbes	108	120
Mengel & Co	31	33
J. R. Young	95	97
J. R. Young pf	99	100
Porto Rico-American	69	74
Porto Rico Am. scrip	68	72
R. J. Reynolds; new A	85	87
Schulte Stores	26	27
Universal Leaf	110	120
Universal Leaf pf	100	102
U. S. Tobacco	50	52
U. S. Tobacco pf	107	110

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alpha	2	2½	Home	1	1½
Bohemia	78	1.05	Imperial	2	3
Boston Sty.	12	30	La Rose	23	30
Boston & Mex.	1	1½	Majestic	2	3
Black Hawk	1	2	Mex. Metals	14	15
Chief Con.	4½	5	Mut. Div. Tr.	21	22
Calaveras	1	2	Nixon	1	2
Crown	25	27	Ocean	20	40
Denbigh	2	3	Pilarim	1	2
Eagle & B. S.	1¾	3	Seven Metals	1	2
Eureka Cro.	32	80	Tonapa	6	8
First Nat.	60	70	U. V. Ext.	27½	28
Gadsden	85	90	Yukon	85	90

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Atl. Coa. S. F.	1923-33	6	5.25	5.10
Atl. Coast Line	1923-32	6	5.25	5.20
Do	1923-32	6	5.25	5.20
Baltimore & Ohio	1923-32	6	5.40	5.30
Do	1923-32	6	5.40	5.30
Canadian Pacific	1923-32	6	5.50	5.30
C. R. I. & P.	1923-32	6	5.40	5.10
Chesa. & Ohio	1923-32	6	5.40	5.10
Chic. Ind. & L.	1923-32	6	5.60	5.30
Chic. Mil. & St. P.	1923-32	6	5.50	5.30
Chic. R. I. & Pac.	1923-32	6	5.60	5.40
Do	1923-32	6	5.70	5.40
C. C. C. & St. L.	1923-32	6	5.50	5.30
Del. & Hudson	1923-32	6	5.40	5.30
Erie Railroad	1923-32	6	5.60	5.30
Do	1923-32	6	5.60	5.30
Illinois Central	1923-32	6	5.40	5.30
Do	1923-32	6	5.50	5.30
Do	1923-32	6	5.45	5.15
Louisville & Nash.	1923-32	6	5.50	5.30
Do	1923-32	6	5.60	5.10
Michigan Central	1923-32	6	5.40	5.15
M. S. P. & S. M.	1923-32	6	5.60	5.30
Do	1923-32	6	5.60	5.30
Mo. K. & T.	1923-32	6	5.85	5.40
Missouri Pacific	1923-32	6	5.75	5.40
National R. R. of C.	1923-32	6	5.15	5.30
New York Central	1923-32	6	5.40	5.30
Do	1923-32	6	5.50	5.30
Do	1923-32	6	5.45	5.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1922-32	4½, 5, 6, 7	6.75	6.00
Norfolk & W.	1923-32	6	5.50	5.30
Do	1923-32	6	5.60	5.15
Northern Pacific	1923-32	6	5.80	5.30
Pacific Fruit Exp.	1923-32	7	5.45	5.30
Penn. R. R.	1923-32	6	5.60	5.40
Pere Marquette	1923-32	6	5.70	5.40
Pitts. & L. Erie	1923-32	6, 6½	6.05	5.80
Reading Co.	1923-32	6	5.25	5.00
So. Air Line	1923-32	4½, 5, 6	6.15	5.35
Southern Pacific	1923-32	4½	5.25	5.00
Do	1923-32	6, 7	5.40	5.15
Southern Ry.	1923-32	4½, 5, 5½	5.60	5.35
Do	1923-32	6	5.75	5.40
St. L. San Fran.	1923-32	6	5.75	5.60
Union Pacific	1923-32	7	5.35	5.15
Virginian Ry.	1923-32	6	5.60	5.35
Wabash Railroad	1923-32	6	5.80	5.40
Wheeling & L. E.	1923-32	6	5.90	5.70

PUBLIC UTILITY EARNINGS.

East Texas Electric Company—

	1922.	1921.	Increase.
May gross	$131,902	$142,502	$8,700
Net after tax.	49,672	47,412	6,260
Bal. aft. chgs.	27,174	22,844	3,350
12 mos. gross	1,660,532	1,711,297	*41,776
Net after tax.	665,354	614,948	*46,097
Bal. aft. chgs.	352,276	309,742	*47,166

Lowell Electric Light Company—

May gross	94,065	92,958	1,907
Net after tax.	22,613	27,255	*4,612
Bal. aft. chgs.	22,460	27,216	*4,760
12 mos. gross	1,220,548	1,210,259	10,297
Net after tax.	305,470	279,049	116,352
Bal. aft. chgs.	272,316	257,345	118,071

Northern Texas Electric Company—

May Gross	248,164	205,262	*57,198
Net after tax.	81,307	107,521	*28,214
Bal. aft. chgs.	56,081	81,953	*26,902
12 mos. gross	2,944,246	3,008,692	*262,456
Net after tax.	1,185,844	1,271,861	*218,130
Bal. aft. chgs.	951,075	1,060,456	*218,351

Tampa Electric Company—

May gross	145,274	140,342	4,932
Net after tax.	48,374	44,258	*3,616
Bal. aft. chgs.	41,847	44,448	*2,601
12 mos. gross	1,764,844	1,579,375	176,169
Net after tax.	732,920	601,726	132,350
Bal. aft. chgs.	671,186	540,179	130,978

*Decrease.

The First National Bank of Boston

Condensed Statement as of June 30, 1922

RESOURCES

Cash and Due from Banks	$44,543,274.43
United States Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	15,039,733.91
Loans, Discounts and Investments	154,036,168.52
Banking House	4,900,365.91
Customers' Liability Account of Acceptances	15,057,170.56
Total	$233,576,713.35

LIABILITIES

Capital	$15,000,000.00	
Surplus and Profits	22,012,566.74	$37,012,566.74
Deposits		175,993,237.91
Acceptances Executed		16,479,943.93
United States Bond Account		500,000.00
Acceptances and Foreign Bills Sold		5,590,964.77
Total		$233,576,713.35

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS. SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society

For Home-Building and Savings
FIFTEEN PARK ROW (GROUND FLOOR), NEW YORK
Announces its 67th cash dividend at its usual annual rate of 4½% on Saving Shares (Save-as-you-please) accounts to $5,000, and 5% with an extra dividend of ½ of 1% on Instalment and Income share accounts.
This Society, Founded 1868, state supervised, prudently managed, is helping thousands to independence and to homes. Savings by mail.
Money earns from July 1, if saved on or before July 13. Open Evenings (except Sat.) to 7 till July 13

PAYS 4½ AND 5% ON SAVINGS—AND SOMETIMES MORE

SAVINGS BANKS. SAVINGS BANKS.

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
THIRD AVENUE AND 147th STREET

July First Dividend Credited at the Rate of

4%

Per Annum on Accounts of $5 to $5000

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 12th DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1st

BANKING HOURS: 10 A.M. TO 3 P.M.
Saturdays Until Noon. Monday Evenings 6 to 8.
Friday Evenings, 6 to 8 During the First Twelve Days of July.

BRIAN G. HUGHES, *President.* JOSEPH B. HAHN, *Treasurer.*
HOWELL T. MANSON, *Controller.* HARRY F. REGAL, *Secretary.*

EMPIRE CITY SAVINGS BANK
231 West 125th St.

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending June 30, 1922, at the rate of

4% Per Annum

Money deposited on or before July 13, 1922, will draw interest from July 1.
E. C. VAN WINKLE, President.
H. C. MURPHY, Secretary.
Commencing October 1st, 1922, dividends will be credited and compounded quarterly.

52nd Semi-Annual Dividend

ITALIAN SAVINGS BANK
of the City of New York.
Nos. 54-56 Spring St.

A dividend has been declared for the six months ending June 30, 1922, on all deposits entitled thereto at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all sums from $5 to $5,000, payable on and after July 15, 1922.

RESOURCES OVER $17,000,000

Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.
PASQUALE I. SIMONELLI, President.
BERNARD J. McCANN, Treasurer.
FRANCIS P. BOSCO, Secretary.

Citizens Savings Bank
Corner Bowery and Canal Street.

A semi-annual dividend at this rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum will be credited to depositors for the period ending June 30, 1922, on all sums of $5 up to $5,000, payable on and after July 15, 1922, in accordance with the By-Laws and Rules of the Bank.

Money deposited on or before July 13th, will draw interest from July 1st. Thereafter dividends are declared and credited QUARTERLY on Oct. 1, Jan'y 1, April 1, July 1.

HENRY BAYLER, President.
EDWIN A. HAHN, Secretary.
CARL A. RICHTER, Asst. Sec'y.

Radio enthusiasts should read the clear explanation, with simple drawings, of the new super-regenerative system, Radio Department of The New York Times tomorrow.—Adv.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

5% and 6% DIVIDENDS

Savings deposited up to and including July 13 earn from July 1.
Assets $5,700,000
N. Y. State Banking Dept. supervision.
Railroad Building & Loan Association
Lexington Ave. at 44th St.

(Charter No. 9360.) Reserve District No. 2.
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

Union Exchange National Bank of New York

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on June 30, 1922.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts, including rediscounts, acceptances of other banks, and foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank		$15,354,977.81
Total loans		$15,354,977.81
Overdrafts, secured, $4,430.52; unsecured, $1,468.19		5,898.71
Customers' liability account of "Acceptances" executed by this bank and by other banks for account of this bank, and now outstanding		96,484.75
U. S. Government securities owned:		
Deposited to secure circulation (U. S. bonds par value)	$400,000.00	
All other United States Government securities (including premiums, if any)	81,750.37	481,750.37
Other bonds, stocks, securities, etc.		721,615.81
Furniture and fixtures		158,400.57
5. Lawful reserve with Federal Bank		2,053,529.37
6. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection		539,787.00
10. Cash in vault and amount due from national banks		709,013.18
11. Amount due from State banks, bankers and trust companies in the United States (other than included in Items 8, 9 and 10)		18,209.99
12. Exchanges for clearing house		898,548.39
13. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 12)		364,899.83
Total of Items 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13		$2,971,382.36
Checks and drafts on banks (including Federal Reserve Bank) located outside of city or town of reporting bank		154,092.20
15. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		20,000.00
Other assets, if any		20,536.16
Total		$21,973,298.86

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund		1,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$446,362.23	
a Reserved for interest and taxes accrued	85,000.00	
b Reserved for extra compensation to clerk	10,000.00	
		491,362.23
Circulating notes outstanding		394,657.50
21. Amount due to national banks		96,733.69
23. Amount due to State banks, bankers and trust companies in the United States and foreign countries (other than included in Item 22)		76,826.71
24. Certified checks outstanding		120,049.76
25. Cashier's checks outstanding		446,296.97
Total of Items 22, 23, 24 and 25		$640,941.15
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
26. Individual deposits subject to check		17,734,571.38
27. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)		43,960.09
30. Dividends unpaid		40,000.00
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve, Items 26 and 27 and 30		$17,857,531.56
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice and postal savings):		
32. Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		68,000.00
35. Postal savings deposits		307,657.41
Total of time deposits subject to reserve, Items 32 and 35		$375,657.41
Letters of credit and travelers' checks sold for cash and outstanding		11,671.50
"Acceptances" executed by this bank for customers and to furnish dollar exchange		96,484.75
Liabilities other than those above stated		69,642.98
Total		$21,973,298.86

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, GEO. E. CONNLEY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
GEO. E. CONNLEY, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of July, 1922.
(Seal.) THOMAS STACEY,
Notary Public, New York County, County Clerk's No. 259, Register's No. 4051. Commission expires March 30, 1924.
Correct—Attest:
LEON M. SOBENHEIMER,
JOSEPH G. WILDAUER,
ISAAC SOBENHEIMER, } Directors.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC RAILWAYS COMPANY OF LONDON, LTD.
5% INCOME BONDS OF 1948

Notice is hereby given that interest on the 5% Income Bonds for the half-year ended June 30, 1922, at the rate of 5% per annum (British Income Tax) will be paid against presentation and surrender of Coupon No. 39 on and after the first day of September, 1922.

In London—At the London County, Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd., 41 Lothbury, E. C.

In New York—At The New York Trust Company.

In Amsterdam—At the Associatie Cassa.

Coupons must be left for examination three clear days before payment.

By order of the Board,
F. C. MITCHELL, Secretary & Treasurer.
London, July 7th, 1922.

(Charter No. 11,024. Reserve District No. 2.
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

PUBLIC NATIONAL BANK

at the close of business on June 30th, 1922.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts, including rediscounts, acceptances of other banks, and foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank		$18,219,525.31
Overdrafts, unsecured		2,553.80
Customers' liability account of Acceptances executed by this bank and by other banks for account of this bank, and now outstanding		13,606.20
U. S. Government securities owned:		
Deposited to secure circulation (U. S. bonds par value)	$2,000,000.00	
All other United States Government securities		
Other bonds, stocks, securities, etc.		21,888,462.09
Banking house		495,805.59
5. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		6,962,322.00
6. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection		2,198,624.19
10. Cash in vault and amount due from national banks		1,236,892.02
11. Amount due from State banks, bankers and trust companies in the United States (other than included in Items 8, 9 and 10)		193,979.33
12. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		26,265.17
Total of Items 9, 10, 11 and 12		$8,970,026.70
Miscellaneous cash items		6,252.74
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		345,000.00
Other assets, if any		1,291,807.50
Total		$85,688,524.72

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$3,000,000.00
Surplus fund		5,000,000.00
Undivided profits $1,519,965.65		
Reserve for interest and taxes accrued	702,621.52	
Reserved for contingencies	18,711.78	
		2,241,321.43
Circulating notes outstanding		2,361,900.00
21. Amount due to national banks		57.50
23. Amount due to State banks, bankers and trust companies in the United States and foreign countries (other than included in Item 22)		731,013.15
24. Certified checks outstanding		433,652.67
25. Cashier's checks outstanding		83,075.11
Total of Items 22, 23, 24 and 25		$1,252,898.43
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
26. Individual deposits subject to check		22,819,581.95
27. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)		25,350.00
28. State, county or other municipal deposits secured by pledge of assets of this bank or otherwise		5,000.00
30. Dividends unpaid		116,430.00
31. Other demand deposits		160,664.99
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve, Items 26, 27, 28, 30 and 31		$23,127,027.94
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, or postal savings):		
32. Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		43,921,082.70
35. Postal savings deposits		147,960.00
Total of time deposits subject to reserve, Items 32 and 35		$44,069,042.70
Letters of credit and travelers' checks sold for cash and outstanding		142,550.00
"Acceptances" executed by this bank for customers and to furnish dollar exchange		25,611.46
Liabilities other than those above stated		153,991.75
Total		$85,688,524.72

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, CHARLES H. BALDWIN, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
CHARLES H. BALDWIN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of July, 1922.
SHEPPARD H. SAFIRO,
Notary Public, New York County, No. 38.
Correct—Attest:
HENRY L. MOSES,
ALFRED E. HOPPIN,
JOSEPH J. BACH, } Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Fulton Trust Co. of New York

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1922.

RESOURCES.

Specie		$25,439.71
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		55,000.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Coupons		5,484.05
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		1,203,823.05
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less offsets		84,504.54
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$1,188,197.91	
Private securities	1,282,022.15	
		2,470,191.06
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		6,879,237.50
Overdrafts: Secured	$22,803.06	
Unsecured	96.04	
		22,799.12
Bonds and mortgages owned		222,500.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		86,497.47
Total		$10,927,036.47

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$500,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$250,000.00	
Undivided profits	466,037.12	
		716,037.12
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings and loan associations, credit unions and Land Bank	$525.28	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	416,815.70	
Deposits by the State of New York	50,000.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	81,783.24	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	6,640,750.79	
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	80,980.13	
Demand certificates of deposit	135,888.38	
Unpaid dividends	140.00	
Total deposits		9,555,920.04
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Dividend payable, July 1, 1922	$25,000.00	
Reserve for taxes	72,479.31	
		97,479.31
Total		$10,927,036.47

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss:

THIS CERTIFICATE, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the Maxwell-Briscoe Motor Company, a domestic stock corporation, was dissolved in this office on this 30th day of June, 1922, pursuant to the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under section 231 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

WITNESS my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany this twenty-(Seal.) sixth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

ROSCOE DRUMMOND, Secretary of State.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1922.

RESOURCES.

Specie		$76,470
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		2,060,470.43
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$34,099,236.89	
Other cash items	7,371,816.91	
		41,471,053.80
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		25,691,449.97
Due from other banks, trust companies and bankers		6,901,463.16
Stock and bond investments viz.:		
Public securities	$27,280,911.89	
Private securities	6,156,674.05	
		33,437,585.94
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		962,196.43
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		26,230,588.76
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		17,896,219.62
Grain acceptances purchased		3,067,260.00
Overdrafts		13,780.71
Bonds and mortgages owned		1,175,441.44
Real estate, viz.:		
Bank buildings	$3,743,186.82	
Other real estate	80,210.66	
		3,823,473.78
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)	$5,725,423.28	
Less anticipations	546,551.97	
		5,178,871.31
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		471,000.16
Total		$230,530,008.25

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$5,000,000.00
Surplus fund	$12,500,000.00	
Undivided profits	4,777,459.25	
		17,277,459.25
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State Savings Bank	$7,294,217.92	
Due New York State Savings and Loan Associations, Credit Unions and Land Bank	6,288.11	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	8,771.15	
Deposits by the State of New York	1,703,619.75	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	110,306.98	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	209,323.27	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	168,405,715.65	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	2,359,989.43	
Demand certificates of deposit	1,175,814.18	
Deposits with drawable only on presentation of passbooks	12,421,691.64	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	2,260,764.41	
Certified checks	42,261,963.60	
Unpaid dividends	217,909.27	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	15,007,541.44	
Total deposits		196,444,371.10
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		6,725,493.28
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$641,264.25	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	29,269.36	
Estimated unearned discounts	434,551.92	
		1,044,284.53
Total		$230,530,008.25

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1922.

RESOURCES.

Specie		$57,775.51
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		533,552.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$5,509,296.67	
Other cash items	1,324.95	
		5,507,021.62
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		5,650,686.95
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less offsets		516,299.56
Due from other banks, trust companies and bankers		784,429.56
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$22,415,860.04	
Private securities	2,719,050.77	
		25,134,910.81
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		17,700.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		21,464,050.12
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		7,322,257.82
Overdrafts		1,052.75
Bonds and mortgages owned		3,562,949.67
Real estate, viz.:		
Bank buildings		580,407.31
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		458,196.66
Total		$74,965,001.83

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$3,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$3,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	1,110,887.40	
		4,110,887.40
Deposits—Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$859,915.81	
Due New York State savings and loan associations, credit unions and Land Bank	4,430.56	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	4,781,257.65	
Deposits by the State of New York	215,000.00	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York	81.62	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	971,280.94	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	42,553,306.13	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	6,869,057.66	
Demand certificates of deposit	870,217.81	
Other certificates of deposit	83,751.78	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	845,895.76	
Certified checks	1,861,936.24	
Unpaid dividends	120,180.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	5,078,524.53	
Total deposits		64,996,948.00
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgage trust	$2,000,700.00	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	966,921.98	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	170,257.69	
Estimated unearned discounts	31,869.34	
		3,167,749.01
Total		$74,965,001.83

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

THE BANK OF AMERICA

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1922.

RESOURCES.

Specie		$55,720.67
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		1,175,440.52
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$7,831,542.92	
Other cash items	105,700.40	
		23,937,243.32
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		9,250,982.95
Due from other banks, trust companies and bankers		4,154,522.75
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$6,294,009.28	
Private securities	5,579,291.00	
		11,873,300.28
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		290,903.12
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		14,950,389.28
Loans, discounts and bills purchased (not secured by collateral)		36,636,107.21
Overdrafts		2,252.73
Bonds and mortgages owned		650,706.60
Real estate, viz.:		
Bank buildings		2,865,160.74
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)	$7,247,648.84	
Less anticipations	944,698.40	
		7,002,797.11
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		943,570.61
Total		$136,713,060.60

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$5,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$5,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	638,572.02	
		5,638,572.02
Deposits: Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$4,049,632.37	
Due New York State savings and loan associations, credit unions and Land Bank	25,943.17	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	1,437,281.88	
Deposits by the State of New York	880,000.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	1,444,206.75	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	74,801,442.87	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	1,062,808.55	
Demand certificates of deposit	451,763.31	
Other certificates of deposit	20,517.10	
Deposits with drawable only on presentation of passbooks	322,724.94	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	1,707,846.89	
Certified checks	23,448,512.56	
Unpaid dividends	186,840.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	5,596,576.65	
Total deposits		116,539,476.46
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		7,247,448.96
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$494,839.79	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	29,083.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	183,587.97	
		707,260.96
Total		$136,113,060.60

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE PEOPLES TRUST CO.

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1922.

RESOURCES.

Specie		$274,808.94
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		1,006,540.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$5,138,632.52	
Other cash items	61,630.17	
		5,200,512.69
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		4,720,149.55
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less offsets		688,023.87
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$10,305,278.75	
Private securities	8,940,305.73	
		19,538,784.48
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		436,322.47
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		14,974,582.34
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		12,736,503.48
Overdrafts		2,000.79
Bonds and mortgages owned		866,211.00
Real estate, viz.:		
Bank buildings	$1,037,795.46	
Other real estate	73,233.41	
		1,111,128.87
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		896,283.97

TACNA DECISION DELAYED.

Chileans Consult on Peru's Proposal to Modify Hughes Plan.

WASHINGTON, July 7 (Associated Press).—Chile's attitude toward the latest Peruvian proposal regarding the Tacna-Arica conference here remained undefined tonight and no Chilean spokesman would predict how soon a decision might be reached. Manifestly surprised at the turn taken by the negotiations, the Chilean group held another long consultation today, but their deliberations were followed by no outward developments.

Simultaneously the Peruvian suggestion is understood to have been under consideration by the Chilean Foreign Office in Santiago.

Prior to Peru's proposal for modification of the American compromise plan Chilean officials apparently had believed that Peru was confronted with the necessity of either taking the compromise without material change or rejecting it altogether. By accepting with a reservation, therefore, the Peruvians have injected into the negotiations an unexpected and apparently unwelcome complication.

ASK MORTON WILL RULING.

Executors Want District Supreme Court to Construe Parts of It.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The District of Columbia Supreme Court was asked today to construe portions of the will of Levi P. Morton, former Vice-President and once Governor of New York.

The application was filed by Charles H. Allen, Morton Minot and Bronson Winthrop, executors of the estate, who say that a total of $8,607,000 came into their hands from the estate of Mr. Morton and that partial distribution has been made. They ask the Court's aid as to how the remainder shall be distributed and for its interpretation of the intention of the testator. The Trustees and beneficiaries under the will are named as defendants.

SEEKS PRISONER'S RELEASE

Lawyer Tries in Vain to Have Alleged Pickpocket Freed.

Joseph Solovei, a Brooklyn lawyer, fought hard in the Adams Street Court, Brooklyn, yesterday, for the release of Jacob Kohn, whom Detective Conroy described as "the best pickpocket in New York City."

Kohn was arrested on June 12 by Detective Conroy. The detective said he caught his prisoner with his hand in the pocket of a stranger as they were boarding a subway train at De Kalb Avenue and the Flatbush Avenue extension. When the case came before Magistrate Shortt last month Solovei entered a plea of guilty for his client, but withdrew this plea, changing it to "not guilty" when the Magistrate decided to send the defendant to jail for a couple of days to look up his record.

The final hearing was called before Magistrate Dodd yesterday. Solovei made several motions for the dismissal of the complaint against his client, but the Magistrate denied them all.

Magistrate Dodd reserved decision in the case until Monday.

LAWYER'S HOME ROBBED.

Charles Brodek Reports Loss During Absence From June 14 to 23.

Liberty bonds, jewelry, silverware and a fur scarf valued at more than $8,000 were stolen from the home of Charles A. Brodek, a lawyer, 354 West End Avenue, some time between June 14 and 22, while Mr. Brodek and his wife were in the country and the house closed, it became known yesterday when a complete list of the articles missing was reported to detectives of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station.

Among the missing articles reported were twenty-seven pieces of monogrammed silverware of various designs, a platinum piece of jewelry, numerous Liberty bonds of $50 and $100 values.

Stokes Alimony Hearing on Aug. 23.

Supreme Court Justice Finch announced yesterday that the hearing in the alimony application of Mrs. W. E. D. Stokes would be resumed on Aug. 23, after Isidor Gainsburg for Mr. Stokes and Louis Marshall, appearing for Mrs. Stokes during Samuel Untermyer's absence abroad, had stated that they would be able to appear at that time. Mr. Untermyer will return from his vacation on Monday, but Mr. Marshall will be away until August.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 7.—Forty-five new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,218,000, were chartered today. They include:

Thomas F. Heley & Sons, warehouse and storage company, Brooklyn, $100,000; J. A. Donohue Jr., W. R. McEllenney, R. Newton. (Attorney R. A. Kelly, 85 Clinton St.)

Pop and Zep Products, Manhattan, make foodstuffs, $10,000; L. W. Hoffman, M. S. Guthrie Jr., M. E. Miller. (Attorneys, Duell, Warfield & Duell, 19 West 44th St.)

Colin Balsam Co., Manhattan, make clothing, $50,000; J. Balsam, E. Balsam, E. Silverman. (Attorney, D. Newman, 386 Broadway.)

Sales Products Circular Co., Manhattan, advertising and printing, $10,000; A. and B. Kaufman, D. Kulon. (Attorney, O. L. Meyerson, 1,476 Broadway.)

Degan & Dietch, Brooklyn, autos, $10,000; E. J. and E. Degan, H. M. Dietch. (Attorneys, Weschler & Kohn, 128 William St.)

Banner Woolen Mills, Manhattan, $20,000; E. S. Samson, B. and Z. Himmel. (Attorney, S. Y. Gittlin, 16 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Anchor Grain Co., Buffalo, make flour and feedstuffs, $50,000; G. A. Sutherland, H. Moore, E. Wolf. (Attorney, Gibbons & Pottle, Buffalo.)

John L. Ryan Corp., Manhattan, to act as agents, $10,000; J. L. Ryan, F. A. Lagerwall. (Attorney, S. G. Cohen, 20 Broadway.)

Woodsport Oil & Coal Corp., Woodsport, $40,000; F. Burns, E. D. Guyder, S. L. Adcock. (Attorney, E. A. Robinson, Woodsport.)

S. B. H. Cloak House, Brooklyn, $5,000; S. and P. Shevrin, M. Slutzky. (Attorney, W. Rakoff, 63 Park Row.)

Electric Radio Corp., Manhattan, make wireless instruments, $50,000; H. L. Jauch, W. M. Taylor, F. J. Maloney. (Attorneys, Dirnberger & Moore, Buffalo.)

Export Motor Car Corp., Buffalo, $100,000; C. E. and E. L. and H. E. Barnes. (Attorneys, Leary & Evans, Buffalo.)

Hansen Steamship Lines, Manhattan, $25,000; C. Christensen, W. Hansen, M. J. S. Brown. (Attorney, W. C. Percy, Manhattan.)

Lapp Bros., Niagara Falls, autos, $37,000; J. and W. H. Lapp, H. C. Whiting. (Attorney, B. A. Constantine, Niagara Falls.)

Spear Embroidery Co., Manhattan, $10,000; E. W. Rich, T. and S. Spiro. (Attorney, S. C. Dingrod, 261 Broadway.)

Rush Langwell Carpet Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; A. E. Kazan, E. A. Manning, J. Buch, Jr. (Attorneys, Root, Clark, Buckner & Howland, 31 Nassau St.)

Richard V. Ireland Jr., Manhattan, commercial art and fashion illustrating, $10,000; C. H. Neisler, A. E. Darson, E. V. Ireland. (Attorney, L. C. Shults, 1,074 Broadway.)

Burrows & Burrows, Clarence, Erie Co., grains, $25,000; L. Burrows, L. F. Robinson, J. Stover Jr. (Attorneys, Wilcox & Vanallen, Buffalo.)

Mechanics Developing Corp., Brooklyn, realty, $15,000; S. London, M. Yarlovitz, M. Kalkstein. (Attorney, M. Stern, 4,709 Pitkin Ave.)

Greenvoe Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; L. W. Meyer, A. J. and M. E. Greenberger. (Attorney, W. Koener, 290 Bway.)

Pilgrom Pictures, Manhattan, $100,000; A. Pilgrom, L. H. Winokur. (Attorneys, Janss & Neuberger, 113 Broadway.)

Martis Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. and S. Brass, H. E. Herman, H. Lebrich. (Attorneys, Herman & Herman, 170 Broadway.)

Joseph Halem Co., Manhattan, meats, $5,000; B. Halem, A. Muhlberg, E. Biniger. (Attorney, W. Hecht, 709 Broadway.)

Metallic Works, Syracuse, $10,000; H. Cash, S. Silverman, H. Kaufman. (Attorneys, Levy & Becker, 27 William St.)

Glassman Corp., Manhattan, make wheeled vehicles, $100,000; A. and E. Glassman. (Attorneys, Bowman & Shea, 416 Broadway.)

20 West Sixty-fourth St. Corp., Manhattan, realty, $60,000; J. and S. M. Polsky. (Attorney, Austin, 256 Broadway.)

Jarkow Art Pleating and Stitching Co., Manhattan, $5,000; I. Schnittman, J. S. Jarkow, S. Rhoades. (Attorney, E. Schwarz, Broadway.)

Bruner Woolen Co., Manhattan, $10,000; C. Banner, S. E. Hall, R. J. Gallagher. (Attorneys, Hornblower, Miller & Garrison, 24 West 27th St. Corp., Manhattan, real estate, $100,000; M. Retig, M. Levin. (Attorney, J. L. Young, 25 Bway.)

Eastern Construction Corp., Manhattan, realty, $20,000; M. N. and G. Hyman. (Attorney, M. E. Gossett, 212 Fifth Av.)

Caruso's Orchestra, Manhattan, $10,000; N. Orlando, J. E. Farrell. (Attorney, E. J. Skelly, 44 Court St.).

Michael A. Comiskey, Queens, contractors, $5,000; H. V. Comiskey, W. L. Post. (Attorney, E. J. Skelly, 44 Court St.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Alphen, Manhattan, $45,000 to $250,000.

Schenectady Mortgage and Finance Corp., Schenectady, $100,000 to $300,000.

M. Schrier, Brooklyn, $10,000 to $18,000.

Cosmopolitan Personal Loan Co., Buffalo, $30,000 to $50,000.

Stewart & Sons, Amsterdam, 10,000 shares, no par value, may henceforth be issued.

NAME CHANGES.

Uppers Garage, Niagara Falls, to Dolan Sheppard Corp.

Union Liberty Wholesale Grocers, Buffalo, to Iroquois Wholesale Grocers.

Reichard & Olson, Brooklyn, to Reichard & Olson.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Eastern Terminal Lumber Co., Manhattan.

Three Effs, Manhattan.

Fair Textile Stores, Manhattan.

Roosevelt & Schuyler, Manhattan.

Sanax Operating Corp., Manhattan.

Gordon Wrebbing Co., Manhattan.

I. and L. Chauser, Manhattan.

Greenwald & Marcuse, Bronx.

Robinson Drug Co., Bronx.

Rochester Realtor Co., Rochester.

Cortland Home Building Co., Cortland.

Johnson and Jay St. Corp., Brooklyn.

Eagle Neck Band Co., Manhattan.

S. D. Binge, Manhattan.

Corning Knit and Textiles Corp., Manhattan.

T. J. Ivans Plumbing and Building Corp., Manhattan.

Alonzo Importing Co., Manhattan.

Bontger & Bergeson, Manhattan.

Bedford Motors Co., Brooklyn.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, July 7.—New charters:

Prescott Land Co., Atlantic City, $125,000; Albert C. Abbott, Maya Landing; Julius B. Press, Gifford Scott, Atlantic City.

Del-Wyn Oil Land Leasing Co., Atlantic City, to operate oil lands, $150,000; William E. Wright, Joseph W. Rios, Atlantic City; Ernest F. Jummel, Pleasantville.

International Inks, Trenton, $1,000,000; Harry S. Hall, Samuel C. Wood, George V. Reilly, Trenton.

Mutual Realty and Holding Co., Newark, $125,000; Gilbert C. Kilmor, Robert F. Wilsh, Benjamin Harris, Newark.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., July 7.—Charters filed today:

National Radio Consolidation, New York, manufacturing, $21,000,000. (United States Corporation Co.)

Dean Mines Consolidated Corp., $2,000,000; Eugene Burns, Edmund Riordan, Charles Fink, New York. (Registrar and Trust Co.)

Regent Hotel Co., conduct hotels, $1,500,000; Lee D. Mathias, M. L. Todd, Patrick Sullivan, Chicago. (Farley R. Magee, Dover.)

Roger Black Co., real estate, $500,000; Alfred G. Vennemer, New York; Ralph A. Albrecht, Nicholas L. Rits, Brooklyn. (United States Corporation Co.)

Philadelphia Thrift Association, Philadelphia, stocks and bonds, $450,000. (Corporate Guarantee and Trust Co.)

American Coastwise Transportation Co., Wilmington, boats, $200,000. (Carolial Charter Co.)

Barber Brokerage Co., Dover, stocks and bonds, $100,000. (United States Corporation Co.)

Gross Manufacturing Co., Wilmington, merchandising, $200,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

International Sales and Investment Co., Dover, $50,000; P. H. Beckett.

Scott W. Loomis, D. T. Nield, Minneapolis. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Clarkeson Garage Co., New York, $2,000. (Registrar and Transfer Co.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Curtis Sales Co., New York, $800,000 to $1,000,000.

Wilmintl Investment Co., $100,000 to $200,000.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday, 4@4¼ per cent. for the best names. Thursday, 4@4¼ per cent. for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

Raw Silk Stocks on Hand.

Stocks of raw silk in the principal warehouses around New York on July 1, according to the Statistical Bureau of the Silk Association of America, were: Italian, 270 bales; Japanese, 23,229, and all others, 3,367, making a total of 26,895 bales. Imports during June totaled 35,698 bales, as against 34,942 in May. Approximate deliveries to American mills in June were 29,520 bales, as compared with 33,284 during the previous month.

Film Stars for Style Show.

Efforts are being made to enlist the services of well-known moving picture stars for the style show to be held in conjunction with the annual convention of the National Association of Retail Clothiers to be held at Madison Square Garden from Sept. 11 to 15. Colonel Fred Levy of Louisville, Ky., has now taken charge of this phase of the work. Having film interests himself, Mr. Levy believes there is a good chance that many of the more important stars may be induced to come East and appear in the exhibition. The style show will be one of the most attractive features of the convention, and the attendance should be greatly stimulated by the appearance of the film favorites which are nationally known.

Orders for Brassieres.

While advance orders for brassieres for Fall have not been heavy as yet, manufacturers are looking forward to a good season. The buying is for immediate or early delivery and is frequent, with the total volume making a favorable showing. The demand for the so-called corset brassiere has been particularly good. This type appeals to the woman who does not want to wear a corset and yet who wishes figure support. It is in especial demand by women who are athletically inclined. Flattening effect bandeaus have also been called for during the current season and are expected to sell well during the Fall. Some firms are putting cut lace-trimmed brassieres, and these are being featured in a number of the women's specialty shops.

Clearing Up Cotton Dresses.

Dress manufacturers are now making the final clearance of the season in their lines of cotton dresses. The values offered are said to be particularly attractive. This is described as really the second clearance of the season, in that a strong demand arose after it was thought that the greater part of orders for the current season had been filled. A resumption of production ensued, and the present sales represent the cleaning up of the stock remaining. The dress buyers here for Fall are said to have been pleased with the values offered and have bought the merchandise for sales in the stores which they represent. The number of buyers in the market is increasing daily, and a good Fall season is looked for, with manufacturers, however, operating on the basis of orders received.

Leather Gloves for Fall.

Conservatism has characterized the buying of men's leather gloves for Fall. It is understood that about 50 per cent. of the requirements of retailers have been booked in advance orders, with the remainder to come in as the season progresses. This percentage is a trifle better than was the case this time last year. Capes, mochas and buckskins have had the bulk of the demand, with preference for merchandise to sell between $2.50 and $3.50. Unlined gloves were most popular, with the cut of fabric lined ones being minor items. In the case of women's leather gloves, the retailers have not placed orders for Fall in as good volume as in men's merchandise. It is said the larger retail houses, particularly, have held off in their buying thus far.

Dealers Are Now Explaining.

Retail dealers are increasingly busy, Saward's Journal will say today, not in delivering coal but in explaining to their customers that delivery at this time is impossible. Until recently the average buyer was indifferent to the strike news, seeming to regard it as something in which he had no personal interest except that it might be the forerunner of lower prices. Now this attitude is changing, and he is inclined to put the matter of supply ahead of price. When July 1 came and went without any very noticeable change in conditions in the bituminous trade, it was simply a case of history repeating itself.

Printcloths Lead in Gray Goods.

Printcloths had everything their own way in the local gray goods market yesterday so far as trading was concerned. Sales were put through early in the day at prices which could not be duplicated later on. Among these were sales of 39-inch 80 squares and 72-76s at 12¾ and 11½ cents, respectively. For 39-inch 68-72s buyers paid 9¾ cents in the afternoon, 9¾ cents was paid for Southern 38½-inch 64-60s and 9 cents for Eastern cloths of the same construction. In the morning the Southern "60s" sold at 8¾ cents. The deliveries were July and early August. Sheetings were reported quiet during the day, with prices based on asking figures of 8½ and 8 cents, respectively, for 36-inch 5-yard and 5.50-yard cloths. In the sateens, which also were reported inactive for the day, sellers were asking 13½ cents for 39-inch 64-104s.

Will Longer Skirts Hurt Them?

One of the questions that is agitating the hosiery trade at the moment is whether or not the increasing vogue for longer skirts is going to have any material effect on the sale and use of women's wool hose this Fall and Winter. On the one hand, the contention is advanced that, with the passing of the short skirt, sport hose for general wear will also pass. On the other hand, it is contended that longer skirts will not "catch on" sufficiently here this Fall, particularly among the younger women, to effect seriously the consumer call for wool hose. It is further asserted that the continuance in favor of low shoes for women is in itself a pretty good guarantee that wool hose will "carry on." Advance buying of this by the retail trade is reported good, with an even better demand in prospect.

Should Not Sell Too Far Ahead.

The rise that has taken place in cotton in the last few weeks, and with it the rise that has come in gray goods prices, have again brought up the question here of the advisability of selling these cloths over 30 days ahead. If prices drop between the time of sale and the time of delivery there are certain types of buyers who cause trouble and expense by trying to wriggle out of their agreements, occasionally with success. If prices advance, the mills lose the benefit of the rise. This was said yesterday to have been the case with many mills on the recent advance, despite the care exerted by most commission houses in getting better prices for contracts than for spots. Sales of contract goods at figures which looked good at the time they were made do not look so good now when the same cloths, sold for spot delivery, would realise prices at least a quarter to a half cent a yard higher.

Look for Active Buying.

One of the most active buying periods the local underwear trade has seen for some time is expected to begin here on Monday next, which will mark the "official" opening of the 1923 lightweight season. Free buying of albrigans by jobbers on the basis of $3 a dozen for men's separate shirts and drawers of standard weight is predicted for several reasons. The most important of these is that the recent sharp rise in cotton has caused many buyers to regard the situation more seriously than they have for some time, especially in view of the fact that very little new lightweight business has yet been placed and that most of the wholesalers are going into the new season with their shelves virtually bare of lightweight goods. Although only 40 to 50 per cent. of a normal season's purchases of heavy underwear have yet been made, it was asserted yesterday that the rise in cotton is having less effect in stimulating sales of these goods than of the lightweight stuff. The reason for this is that the jobbers are still operating carefully for Fall and appear more willing to pay higher prices for any goods they may possibly need later than to load up at the present time.

SAG IN DRY GOODS TRADE.

Sales Are Not So Good for the Week, but Collections Are Better.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the wholesale dry goods trade, say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods was less than for the corresponding period of last year.

"Road sales were also less than for the same week of 1921.

"There were more customers in the market than a year ago.

"Collections during the week exceeded those of the corresponding period of last year."

Indiana Harbor Belt Report.

The report of the Indiana Harbor Belt Railroad Company for 1921 shows surplus carried to profit and loss, after allowing for all deductions, amounting to $371,600, compared with $301,113 in 1920. Gross business stood at $9,034,537 for the year. This was said yesterday to have been the case with many mills on the recent advance, despite the care exerted by most commission houses in

BUSINESS RECORDS

Failures of the Week.

BRADSTREET'S reports 309 failures for the week in the United States as compared with 382 for the previous week and 256, 172, 86, 107 for the corresponding weeks in 1921 to 1918. The New England States had 22, Middle 79, Western 56, Northwestern 15, Southern 101, Far Western 30. Canada had 45, against 61. In the month of June in the United States about 25.1 per cent. of the concerns failing had $5,000 capital or less and 17.4 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

In Town.

RITZ FURNITURE SHOP, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Ritz Furniture Shop, Inc., of 817 Eighth Avenue, by these creditors: Samuel Greenstein, $1,540; S. Kaplan & Son, $484; Katherine Glass, $433. Judge Knox appointed William J. James receiver, under $10,000 bond. It is stated the liabilities are about $70,000 and assets about $25,000.

INFLATE-A-WAIST COMPANY—Petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against David and Jack Meyrowitz, doing business as the Flexible Waist Company, at 142 West Twenty-sixth Street, by these creditors: Louis Weiss, $538; Oscar Goldenberg, 88; Fannie Wald, $320. Judge Knox appointed Joseph V. McKee receiver, under $2,500 bond. It is stated the liabilities are about $20,000 and assets about $10,000.

LEWIS & KLEINBERG—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Frederick Lewis and Sol Kleinberg, composing the firm of Lewis & Kleinberg, manufacturers of muslin underwear, at 36 Wooster Street, by Dorothy Reanikoff, on a claim of $750. A petition was also filed against the firm by these creditors—Ray Clark, $500; Lucy Halpern, $50; Abraham Rosenfeld, $50.

BENJAMIN KRASNER—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Benjamin Krasner, dealer in men's furnishings and haberdashery, at 131 Chambers Street, by Leo Lefkowitz, on a claim of $600. Liabilities are about $5,500 and assets about $2,500.

EMIL HERTZ—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Emil Hertz, manufacturer of embroidery, at 228 East Tenth Street, by these creditors: Lillian Saff $374, Laura Nichols $471, Theodore Perlman $.

BERNARD ABRAMOWITZ, jewelry, at 4,031 Third Avenue, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $5,082 and assets of $1,730, main item of which is stock, $1,500.

CARRIE STEIGER, 520 Metropolitan Avenue, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $19,306 and assets of $1,500.

SAM MILLER—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Sam Miller, 166 Belmont Avenue, Brooklyn, by H. B. Floor Corporation for $211, Herman Pollack $717 and Albert B. Chertoff $354.

BENJAMIN TERPLITZKY, 308 Bedford Street, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,150 and no assets.

LOUIS EISENBERG, retail dealer in groceries, butter and eggs, at 910 Home Street, the Bronx, assigned yesterday to Emanuel Egelman.

MING TOY BOOT SHOP, INC.—Judge Knox yesterday appointed Benjamin Lesser receiver for the Ming Toy Boot Shop, Inc., of 1,636 Broadway, under $2,500 bond.

JANDORF, INC.—Judge Mack Knox yesterday appointed William J. Clark receiver for James V. Fahuele & Co., tailors, at 1,440 Broadway, under $1,000 bond.

NEW YORK MONTAGE COMPANY—Judge Knox yesterday appointed Morris Frank custodian for Levy Kamby, doing business as the N. Y. Skirt Company, at 243 Eldridge Street, under $500 bond. Liabilities are about $10,000 and assets about $5,000.

LOUIS M. BARON—Judge Knox yesterday appointed Morris Frank receiver for Louis M. Baron, dealer in butter and eggs, at 70 Barclay Street, under $2,000 bond.

HYGRADE SMOKED FISH COMPANY, INC., of 12 East Second Street, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $57,700 and assets of $9,749, main item of which is accounts, $7,190. Principal creditors listed are North American Bank $4,285, secured; Beacon Trading Company $4,217, secured; Ranier Motor Truck Corporation $2,290, secured; Brooklyn Bridge Freezing Company $3,436, Eagle Fish Company $8,573, Lakeside Fish Company $5,747, Underwood Typewriter Company $6,000.

HEATLEY, ROBLES & SMITH, INC., dealers in investment securities at 135 Broadway, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $23,809 and assets of $12,589, main item of which is accounts, $12,359. Principal creditors listed are Dr. George Bolet, $2,500; Robert Brunner, $3,000; James T. Bickerstaff, $1,500; Mary Fitler, $1,100; William Underdown, $1,900.

ISIDOR MOSKOWITZ, dealer in dry goods at 16 West Twenty-third Street, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $29,010 and assets of $28,803, main items of which are accounts, $28,594; stock, $2,400. Principal creditors listed are Friedman-Kahn Co., $1,958; Samuel Baxter $1,574; Sol C. Bernstein, $4,000; Reliable Underskirt Co., $796.

ELIE BIGIO CO., jobbers in general merchandise at 54 Allen Street, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $17,140 and assets of $3,657, consisting of receivables. Principal creditors listed are Novelty Manufacturing Co., $4,424; Rachel Bigio, $3,500, executrix; Eagle Art Linen Manufacturing Co., $1,872.

MICHAEL NESFOLE, dealer in boots and shoes at Haverstraw, N. Y., filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $15,901 and assets of $6,000, consisting of stock and fixtures. Principal creditors listed are W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., $8,176; Morse & Rogers Co., $1,817; Endicott-Johnson Corp., $974.

ALEXANDER BROS., manufacturers of women's hats at 5 West Thirty-seventh Street, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $174,529 and assets of $46,738, main items of which are accounts, $14,840; stock, $12,561; fixtures and machinery, $18,820. Principal creditors listed are Commercial Credit Co., $10,540, secured; Gage Bros., $5,615; Mrs. Gertrude Alexander, $5,000; Columbia Bank, $5,750; National American Bank, $10,500; Chase National Bank, $2,000.

SOL BERGER, clothing, at 608 Broadway, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $11,413 and assets of $5,016, main item of which is accounts, $4,585. Principal creditors listed are Nathan & Phanix National Bank, $2,000; A. Nacman, $1,800; H. Lissner Co., $1,118.

ISIDOR ROSENBLUM—Judge Knox yesterday confirmed a composition of 20 per cent. submitted by Isidor Rosenblum, dealer in hosiery and underwear at 1,645 Madison Avenue.

BANKRUPTCY DISCHARGES—Abraham Baumann, formerly clothing manufacturer at 110 Fifth Avenue; Joseph Solomon, retired, of 11 Attorney Street; Isaac Dishy and Nissin Dishy, doing business as Dishy Bros. and the Nonpareil Underwear Co., at 127 West Twenty-sixth Street.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, July 7.—The Overland-Batavia Company, automobile dealers, of Batavia, have made an assignment. Liabilities are placed at $15,021 and assets at $10,749.05.

Special to The New York Times.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 7.—A petition in voluntary bankruptcy was filed here today by the Oates-Krebb Lumber Company, Inc., of Tuscaloosa, Ala., assets being given as $30,504 and liabilities $48,531. Goddard Bros. & Copeland, merchants of Oneonta, Ala., filed a voluntary petition placing assets at $28,642.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

American Producers Export Corp.—Mail and Express Job Print.....$132.60
Becker, Thomas—Wood Products Co.....282.56
Becker, Max—S. Wilkenfeld.....2,042.50
Brandstein, David M.—M. Gordon.....198.72
Brand, Henry (Brand Style Shop)—A. Berkow.....194.50
Berkow, Max—Jewelers' Mercantile Agency.....282.56
Blasi, Joseph, and Robert S. Ostroff—V. Conti et al.....319.29
Berkowitz, Phil—C. Yero.....136.70
Bready, Edwin K. (Girard Worsted Co.)—B. A. Wechsler Co., Inc.....350.50
Cacloppe, Arthur—Nat. Cash Register Co.....851.98
Copley, Antoinette—L. K. Marks.....283.17
Cohen, Isidor—Industrial Commr. State—N. Y.....361.00
City of N. Y.—Newman & Carey Co.3,000.00
Chaplin, Mildred H.—Chaplin Mach. Mfg. Co.....3,329.05
Pictures Co., Inc.....3,329.05
Century Consolidated Oil Co., Inc.—Western Union Telegraph Co.....416.72
Dery, Desiderius, George—Societa per la Pulitura e Tintoria di Seta Cesata.....161.10
De la Serva, Alfred—M. Epstein.....316.70
David, John—Toledo Scale Co.....128.69
Dainty Silk Underwear Co., Inc.—C. Delany, et al.....7,290.30
Elwood, Frese—Albert O. Jennings, Inc.150.82
Ellison, W. P.—Yonkers Contracting Co., Inc.....254.02
Fuhs, Julian—L. Schildkret.....214.20
Fleischman, Joseph—C. Kahn.....242.30
Fischel, Bennett A.—Bank of U. S.....473.58
Faurot Scope Corp.—A. W. Roberts.....270.15
Farson, John, and William (Farson, Son & Co.)—First Nat. Bank of Ann Arbor, Mich.....7,828.82
Faurot Scope Corp.—Underwater Printing and Pub. Co.....136.76
Greenwood, Moses Jr.—R. G. Findlater et al.....3,968.12
Gross, Henry—M. B. Suydam Co.....267.18
Graber, Louis—R. Plantsor.....174.91
Heitlinger, David—A. H. Bloom et al.308.56
Heresgey, Mary G. M. (Borough Park Realty Corp.).....525.66
Hollman, Herman—Zimmermann & Forshay.....1,791.93
Hanson, Edith or Hansen and Jack O'Donnell or John F. Hansen—E. M. O'Brien.....20,045.40
Holst, Edwin and Ernestagino Vadillo (Holst & Vadillo)—De Grauw Aymar & Co.....103.30
Italian Press Pub. Co.—Gardner Binding and Mailing Co., Inc.....534.00
Johnson, Walter L.—Republic Laboratories, Inc.....234.85
Jacques, John—Edgar T. Wards' Sons Co.....134.29
Kelly, Frank A.—L. K. Kornidorff.1,544.19
Kimmel, Joseph—Interborough Rapid Transit Co.....117.20
Kroner, Benjamin—W. Pfeifer et al..108.15
Kessler, Isidor—A. Goldberg.....224.41
Kraus, Lee and Olive—J. Goldie.....1,045.00
Kraus, Lee—J. Goldie.....1,100.00
Lane, Isaac Jr.—E. Herkert.....182.05
Lane, Harry M.—Elbert & Co.....5,141.68
Levine, Benjamin A. (Benjamin Alva Levine Co.)—L. Samuels.....2,575.54
Landau, Samuel—K. H. Kugler.....389.41
Lieberman, Sam (Reliable Electric Service)—Keystone Metal Spinning and Stamping Co., Inc.....132.27
Mogile, Albert F.—Edward Lyman Ball, Inc.....164.24
Manport, Realty Co.—Shrsm Bros., Inc.531.70
Malkin, Samuel—Chesebro Bros. & Robbin 220.94
Muller, Wm. E. L.—Pease & Elliman, Inc.....690.45
Metz, Herman—Kroner-Hyman Co., Inc.116.70
McQuade, Francis—S. Sosky.....5,406.88
Nelson, Samuel H., Snyder et al.....141.45
Maxfield, Thomas C.—R. C. Turnbull..258.91
McMahon, Anna—Gimbel Brothers, N.Y.400.27
Mogile, Albert F.—Franco-American Realty Co., Inc.....814.50
Mayer, Abraham—Weiss & Kiss Co.....211.84
McKee, William J.—D. P. Kilborn.....268.73
National Surety Co.—E. Daborn.....3,135.72
Nevstein, Samuel H., Frank et al.....161.91
Neptune Packing & Rubber Co., Inc.—J. W. Bucklet Rubber Co.....281.45
Nivel Beauty Co., Inc., and Benjamin Levine—Forwood, Ann.....242.25
Pierce, Wm. J.—Serg Printing Co., Inc.114.70
Peerless Infants Wear Mfg. Co., Inc.—S. Frank et al.....140.99
Rosenthal, Moses—Louisville Machine Mfg. Co.....245.41
Rosengardt, Solomon—E. Celler et al..884.42
Rutchik, Benj.—A. Kheel & Sons Co..406.81
Sadowsky, Max—Tyson & Bro. United Ticket Office, Inc.....180.06
Sire, Albert J.—E. Wilson et al.....739.20
Swerdlow, David—I. B. Louis.....205.45
Seddon, Charles H.—F. Hussey.....2,000.19
Schwartz, Abraham, and Harry Like—C. Tishman et al.....1,046.17
Siewers, Anna—H. A. Osborne.....535.26
Seitz, Don C.—C. M. Hall.....539.40
Stephenson, Linda—C. Kramer et al..208.54
Sharpe, Harry A.—250 West 75th St. Corp.....178.54
Soberman, Isidor—Libby Baker.....254.41
Tierney Operating Co., Inc.—Rochelle Realty Corp.....179.17
Turney, John J. (W. J. Grandfield & Co.)—E. O. Fox.....1,502.21
Topilan, Harry—J. H. De Wilde.....127.50
Thomas Dull Co., Inc.—The Shipper.265.43
Tarbor, John W.—Aktiengesellschaft Der Spinnelen J., and And Bidermann & Cie.....5,945.93
Tierney Operating Co., Inc.—Rochelle Realty Corp.....154.05
Travis, Marion M.—Irving Nat. Bank of N. Y.....78,272.72
Udel, Jack—Capitol Photo Supply Co., Inc.....169.77
United Transatlantic Line, Inc.—International Ship Fitting & Supply Corp.4,368.63
Same—Same.....2,507.00
Vecin, Aaron—J. Landes.....544.06
Wilson, Alexander—Barber Steamship Lines, Inc.....114.55
Williams, Edgar L.—Weiss & Kiare Co.224.20
Wallach, Joseph—H. C. Ingraham.....456.40
Weitsencorn, Louis—Industria Comm. State of N. Y.....194.04
Wetmore, John J.—A. B. Veech.....379.43
West Shore Commercial Garage Co., Inc.—E. F. Murphy.....521.70
Zindler, Joseph—L. Fine.....2,066.82
Zevin, Aaron—J. Landes.....544.06

In Bronx County.

Lock, Katherine—H. Hassloch, Feb. 23, 1921.....$166.51
Wilde Bros., Inc.—J. A. Nesbit, May 25, 1922.....322.80

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Filed yesterday.

In New York County.

SCHIFF PARKWAY, s.; Daniel M. Rader against Isaac Heffman, owner; Dry Dock Woodworking Co., Inc., contractor.....$707.91
50TH ST, 253 West; L. Fischer against Elizabeth Neafsey, owner; John J. Burns, contractor.....133
23D ST, 54 West; Guillaume Needle Mfg. Corp. against Anna W. Gould et al, owners; Goldberger Mfg. Corp., Salisbury and Thomas Needle Mfg. Corp. and Benjamin Malkin, Samuel—Chesebro Bros. & Robbin 220.94
23D ST, n. s. and 53d ft. e. of 10th Av; Broadway Stone & Monument Truck Owners' Ass'n against Iceland Inc. Co., owner; American Niemeyer Motor Truck Sales Corp. contractor.....3,071.88
LEXINGTON AV, 946; Special Service Plumbing Corp against Frederick J Sterner, owner; Woodward Construction Co., Inc., contractor.....100.00

In Bronx County.

WALTON AV, 2,100; Raphael Morris & Co., Inc., against Cameron Bld. Co., owner; 364 Gerald Realty Co., Inc., contr.....$305.38
WEBB AV, e s, 176 ft s of 195th St; Joseph Steingesser against Charles Schaeffer, owner, Westchester Bldg. Corpn., contr.....
WEBB AV, w s, 200 ft n of 195th St; Joseph Steingesser against Arthur Dorn, owner, Westchester Bldg. Corpn., contr.....1,300.00

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

In New York County.

18TH ST, 338 and 340 East; Edw. D. Lampe against Morris Goodman et al; June 6, 1922.....$30.25
212TH ST, 519 to 525 West; Benjamin Rosen against F. M. & S. Corp et al; June 23, 1922.....124.00
122D ST, 66 East—Benjamin Rosen against Isidore Lask et al; June 23, 1922.....48.35

In Bronx County.

CEDAR AV, w s, 410 ft s of Fordham Road, 50x100; Andrew Haabanen against Mrs. Fred H. Wilker et al; Feb. 8, 1922.....$400.00
CEDAR AV, w s, 387.6 ft s of Fordham Road; Noonan Bldg. Material Co., Inc., et al; March 9, 1922.....161.22
CEDAR AV, w s, 387.6 ft s of Fordham Road, 50x100; De Jorge & Ponesse against Fred H. Wilker et al; Jan 12, 1922.....$710.82
COURTLANDT AV, 694; Fred. Bernard against Frank Boschieri et al; March 1, 1920.....$75.00
Same property; Herbert J. Robilliard against Same, et al; April 27, 1922.....200.00

THE WEEK'S PRICE TREND.

Notable Chiefly for an Absence of Any Striking Feature.

Not for a long time has Dun's list of wholesale commodities prices showed fewer fluctuations than it did this week. Of the more than 300 items quoted, only 37 showed revision from the levels of last week. Of these, 37 were advances. Last week there were 51 advances in 73 changes. Even the foodstuffs changes were fewer than usual, although in this division of the list the advances exceeded the declines by nearly two to one.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted this week on selected standard commodities.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

Adventist

SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTIST TEMPLE, 135th St. and Lenox Av.
Sabbath School, 9:30. PREACHING, 11 A. M. Subject: "LABOR ENTRENCHED AGAINST CAPITAL, RIOT AND REVOLUTION." "WHY REVOLT OF THE UNIONS?" "WHAT TO DO TO THEM." "WHAT WORLD-CHANGING EVENT DO THEY PORTEND?"

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, West 57th St., bet. 5th and 7th Aves.
Rev. John Roach Straton, D.D., Pastor, preaching tomorrow by Dr. CHARLES A. BLANCHARD of Wheaton College, Ill.
10:30—Divine Healing.
12:00—Sunday School and adult Bible classes.
7:30—Christian Endeavor Society Meeting.
8:00—"Is Evolution Christian or Satanic?"
MUSIC BY SEMI-CHORUS.
All Seats Free. We have no rented pews.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, S. E. Cor. 83d St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. Dr. DAVID LEE JAMISON of Atlanta, Ga., will preach on Sunday at 11 A. M.
No Evening Service.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway and 76th St.
PASTOR, M. MALDEMAN, D. D.
Preaching 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by REV. WARREN L. STEEVER, D. D.
Men's Bible Class 10 A. M. All Invited.
MORAGE L. DAY, Teacher.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AV., AT 31ST ST.
GEORGE CALEB MOOR, D. D., Minister.
Every Sunday at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. A SERIES OF SUNDAY EVE. SERMONS ON PILGRIMAGES TO SACRED SHRINES.
JULY 9—"THE BURNS COTTAGE, SCOTLAND."

PARK AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH (Formerly Fifth Avenue Baptist), Park Av. and East 64th St.
Dr. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, Minister.
Rev. GERALD R. SMITH, D. D., Associate Minister.
Chicago University, preaches at 11 A. M. Bible Class for men and women, 9:45 A. M. Leader, Mr. E. R. Barber.

Christian Science

FIFTH CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, A Branch of the Mother Church, the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass. Services: Sunday, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.; Wednesday, 8 P. M. In the new Church edifice, No. 8 East 34th St. Reading room, Flatiron Building.

THIRTEENTH CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, 511 West 23d St., Sunday, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesday, 8 P. M. Reading Room, Loew Bldg., Broadway and 42d St.

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE CHURCH, Broadway and 56th St.
Rev. Chas. E. Jefferson, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. JOHN McDOWELL, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesday, 8 P. M., Midweek Service.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST (Christian)

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH, 142 West 61st St. Dr. Ennis S. Ithman, Pastor. Service 11 A. M.

Divine Science

CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST, REV. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor. Waldorf-Astoria.
Sunday, July 9, 11 A. M. Speaker: Rev. HENRY VICTOR MORGAN. Subject: "Protection of Perpetual Youth." No. II in the series of "Fourth Dimensional Vistas."
Healing Meetings on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at Noon.

Interdenominational

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH 502 EIGHTH AVE., AT 44TH ST. REV. ELMER E. FITCH, ACTING PASTOR.
SUNDAY SERVICES 10:45 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Foreign Secretary of Christian and Missionary Alliance WILL PREACH AT BOTH SERVICES. Communion at close of morning service.

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE. Summer services with Second Presbyterian Church, 96th St. and Central Park West. Rev. William Allan at 11, subject: "What's the Matter With the Church?" S. Rev. Archibald Bliss.

Jewish

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, 5th Av. and 43d St.
Today, 10:30 A. M. Dr. ENELOW on "Our Spiritual Shortcomings—Who Is to Blame?"
Friday Evening Service, 8:30.
Daily Noon Service, 12:30.
All are welcome.

SOCIETY OF JEWISH SCIENCE RABBI MORRIS LIEBTENSTEIN, Leader. Healing hours daily, 4 to 5. 344 West 103d St. Services Sunday evenings, 115 EDGEMERE CLUB HOUSE, Edgemere, L. I., subject, "THE ROAD TO HAPPINESS."
Lecture Wednesday evening, 8:30, Y. W. H. A., 81 West 110th St.

Lutheran

ADVENT, Broadway and 93d St. 11, Dr. Fosdick, "At the Shore."

HOLY TRINITY, 65th St., Central Park West. The Rev. William Frese. Services 11.

Methodist Episcopal

GRACE, West 104th St. FREDERICK BROWN HARRIS, Minister. 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Dr. Millard L. Robinson.

OLD JOHN STREET, 44 John St. 11 and 8:30, FRANCIS E. UPHAM, D. D., the Mother Church of American Methodism.

MADISON AV. CHURCH, 60th St. Rev. Ralph W. Sockman, Ph. D. } Ministers
Rev. Leland F. Cary, M. A. }
11 and 8—Rev. Leland F. Cary.

ST. JAMES, Madison Av. and 126th St. Dr. GEORGE L. NUCKOLLS, Minister. 11 A. M. Rev. Ray L. Torrey.

ST. PAUL'S, 30th St. and West End Av. REV. RAYMOND L. FORMAN, D. D. 11 A. M. Sermon by Rev. Francis Burgette Short, D. D.

New Thought

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE, 222 WEST 72D ST.
Sun. 11:15—"The Voice of the Silence," Mrs. Adaline Monsell.
4:15 P. M.—"Putting On the New Man." Henry Victor Morgan.
Daily Noon Meetings, Self Help Talks.
4 P. M. Mid-week Classes "Axioms," William Andrew Bahre.
Wed. 8—Healing, Mrs. Henrietta B. Cooke.
Sat. 8:15—League Applied Psychology Club. Members Night for Expression.
All Welcome.

PAUL P. CASE, HOTEL ASTOR, SUNDAY, 4 P. M. Constructive Psychology in Daily Life. Subject: "The Right Answer." (Free.)

MRS. MARY CHAPIN, CORNELIA HALL ROOM, 11 A. M. "How to Prosper in All Things." Classes Monday 8 and 9 P. M., Carnegie Hall

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street. REV. WILLIAM PIERSON MERRILL, Minister. } Ministers
Rev. THEODORE ALEXANDER GREENE. }
Rev. Hugh Black, D. D., will preach at 11. NOONDAY SERVICE every weekday (except Saturday), at 12:30

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 114th St.
Rev. Walter Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister. Rev. G. L. Morrill, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street. Rev. DWIGHT W. WYLIE, D. D., LL. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Preaching by Dr. Wm. H. Foulkes.

FORT WASHINGTON, Broadway at 176th St. Rev. JOHN McNEILL, Pastor. Rev. JOSEPH McNEILL of Birmingham, Ala., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, FIFTH AV. and 55th St.
Ministers, { Rev. CHARLES R. ERDMAN, D. D. Rev. JAMES PALMER, Ph. D. DR. ROBERT E. SPEER, Secretary Board Foreign Missions (Presbyterian Church, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
10, Bible Class for Men and Women.
At 4, Organ Recital by Harry Gilbert.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Fifth Av., 11th and 12th Sts.
Ministers, { Rev. George Alexander, D. D. Rev. Harry E. Fosdick, D. D. Rev. Thomas Guthrie Speers.
9:45 A. M.—Sunday School.
11:00 A. M.—Dr. Alexander.
8:00 P. M.—Lawn service (weather permitting). Mr. Bryan.
Mid-week Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West End Av. and 91st St.
Rev. Whitaker Work, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Rev. Chas. L. Goodell, D. D.

HARLEM-NEW YORK, Mt. Morris Park West and 122d St. Dr. FREDERICK W. EVANS, Pastor. Union Service at Reformed Church of Harlem at 11.

Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church, corner South Oxford St., Brooklyn. (Take Brooklyn subway express to Atlantic Av.) Dr. Charles R. Brown will preach at 11 and 7:45. Clinton Av. Congregational Church, uniting.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast corner 73d St.
11 A. M.—Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, D. D. 8 P. M.—Dr. Coffin.
Evening Service on Roof (take elevator).

PARK AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Park Av. and 86th St. Rev. Tertius Van Dyke, Pastor. 11 and 8.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 73d Street.
Rev. Daniel Russell, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Rev. Samuel W. Griffin, D. D. "Respectable Religion."

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Amsterdam Av. cor. 105th St. Dr. A. EDWIN KELGWIN, Pastor.
Dr. Chas. Francis Carter preaches 11 and 8.

WEST PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Amsterdam Av. and 96th St.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor. 11, preaching by Rev. F. SIDNEY GOULD, D. D. Sermon Topic: "The Reasonable Service."

Protestant Episcopal

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Avenue and 112th Street.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher Very Rev. Howard C. Robbins, D. D., Dean of the Cathedral.
4 P. M.—Preacher Rev. Robert Mills Jones, D. D., Canon Bursar of the Cathedral.
Daily Service—7:30 A. M.

ASCENSION, 5th Av. and 10th St. Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector 11—Rev. Charles W. Naumair.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St. Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, D.D., Rector. 8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Service (Rector).
8 P. M.—Evening Service (Rector).

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and Tenth Street. Sunday Services, 8, 11 and 8. Preacher 11 and 8, Mr. Shoemaker.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST, 5th Av. Above 45th St. REV. H. V. R. DARLINGTON, Rector. Services 8 and 11 A. M. Preacher, REV. HERBERT G. GLOVER. Strangers Welcome.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION, 6TH AVENUE AND 20TH STREET. SUNDAY, 8, 9:30, 11 AND 12. WEEKDAYS, DAILY, 12:30.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, Madison Av. and 35th St. Rev. H. Percy Silver, D. D., Rector. 8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer. Sermon by REV. C. M. SELDEN.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, 5th Av. and 127th St. Services at 8, 11 A. M. Rev. A. R. RIEGURG, D. D., Rector. Cooling apparatus now in operation.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Park Avenue and 51st St. SPECIAL SUMMER SERVICES. EVERY SUNDAY at 8:30 and 11 A. M. Preacher, Rev. Addison H. Gaskill, Rector, St. Mark's Church, Islip, N. Y. Full Choir. Boys' Voices. Anthem: "How Excellent Is Thy Loving Kindness."—Coleridge-Taylor.

ST. IGNATIUS, West End Av. and 87th St. Masses 8, 11.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, Madison Av. and 71st St. Rev. Frank Warfield Crowder, D. D., Rector. 8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 133d West 46th St. Low Masses, 7:30, 9. Mass Cantata and Sermon (Fr. Pierce). 10:45. Vespers, 4.

ST. MARY'S, Lawrence St. (Amsterdam Av. and 128th St.). 9:30, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Rev. CHARLES B. ACKLEY, Rector.

ST. STEPHEN'S, 28th St., Near B'way. Dr. SEAGLE, Rector. Services 8-11.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, 5th Av. & 53d St. Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector. 8, 11. Rev. Lorman P. Powell, D. D.

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION, 1 East 29th St. Dr. HOUGHTON, Rector. HOLY EUCHARIST, 7, 9 and 10:30 A. M. CHORAL EVENSONG, 5 o'clock.

Reformed

COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF NEW YORK.

THE MIDDLE CHURCH, Second Avenue and Seventh Street. Rev. Edgar Franklin Romig, Minister. Rev. Roscoe M. Giles Jr. will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE CHURCH, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street. Rev. David James Burrell, D. D., Minister. Rev. Oliver Paul Barnhill, D. D., will preach 11 A. M.—"The Soul's Preparedness." 8 P. M.—"What Manner of Man Is This?"

THE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS, Fifth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street. Malcolm James MacLeod, Minister. Church Closed During Month of July.

THE WEST END CHURCH, West End Ave. and Seventy-seventh Street. Rev. Henry Evertson Cobb, D. D., Minister. 11 A. M.—Rev. Norman A. McMurray will preach.

THE FT. WASHINGTON CHURCH, Fort Washington Ave. and 181st St. All Seats Free.
Rev. Irving H. Berg, D. D., Minister. Rev. Robert W. Searle will preach at 11 A. M. Subject: "The Life Courageous."

THE HARLEM REFORMED, Harlem-New York Presbyterian and Mt. Morris Baptist Churches co-operating. Services at the Harlem Reformed Church, 11 A. M., Rev. William L. McCormick. No evening service.

Society of Friends

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS—Meetings 11 o'clock, 144 East 20th St., Manhattan, and Washington and Lafayette Aves., Brooklyn.

Theosophy

AT 1223 BROADWAY, N. Y. Lodge, Theosophical Society. Theosophical Lecture Every Tuesday Evening at 8:30. Lending Library. Theosophical Literature On Sale. Public Cordially Invited.

THEOSOPHICAL ASSOCIATION, 9 East 41st St. Lecture by Mr. CLAUDE FALLS WRIGHT, Sunday, July 9, 11 A. M., subject, "Problems of Evolution." Final lecture of the season.

Unitarian

ALL SOULS' CHURCH, Fourth Av. at 20th St. Dr. WILLIAM L. SULLIVAN, Minister. Service at 11 A. M., with Sermon by The Rev. J. A. FAGGINGER AUER, of Ithaca, N. Y. VISITORS CORDIALLY INVITED.

WEST SIDE UNITARIAN CHURCH, Rev. Charles Francis Potter, Minister. 250 Cath. Parkway (110th) at B'way, 11 A.M. Rev. CURTIS REESE of Chicago will preach. Special Music. Columbia Summer School Students especially welcome.

Y. M. C. A.

MR. F. T. SCHOONMAKER, The Moral Aspect of the Present Obvious Crisis." West Side Y. M. C. A., 4 P. M., 318 West 57th St.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, July 8.—A disturbance was central over Quebec Friday night and moving rapidly northeastward, and another of wide extent was over the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions and moving slowly eastward. Pressure remained high Friday off the South Atlantic Coast. This pressure distribution has been attended by showers within the last twenty-four hours in the Lake region, the Great Central Valleys, the Southern Plateau States and the Rocky Mountain region. There were also scattered thunderstorms Friday in Florida and the Ohio Gulf States. In other parts of the country the weather was fair.

The temperature was higher Friday in the lower Lake region, the Middle States and Northern Plains States, the central and northern Rocky Mountain region and Utah, while cooler weather prevailed in the Upper Lake region, the Upper Mississippi and the lower Missouri Valleys, Oklahoma, the southern Rocky Mountain region and the Far Northwest.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday.

Station.	High.	Low.	Bar.	Rain.	Weather.
Abilene	92	72	30.50		Pt. Cl'dy
Albany	84	62	29.82		Clear
Atlanta	86	68	30.02		Clear
Atlantic City	76	66	30.00		Pt. Cl'dy
Baltimore	86	68	29.94		Clear
Bismarck	74	50	29.80		Cloudy
Boston	84	64	29.86		Clear
Buffalo	80	60	29.76		Cloudy
Cincinnati	86	66	29.86	.10	Rain
Charleston	94	72	30.00		Clear
Chicago	80	70	29.80		Clear
Cleveland	84	64	29.86	.16	Pt. Cl'dy
Denver	94	62	29.88		Clear
Detroit	82	66	29.86	.10	Rain
Galveston	92	80	29.94		Pt. Cl'dy
Helena	78	52	29.84	.01	Cloudy
Jacksonville	88	74	30.00		Clear
Kansas City	78	62	29.90		Clear
Los Angeles	74	60	29.82		Clear
Milwaukee	74	64	29.82	.01	Pt. Cl'dy
New Orleans	90	72	30.00		Pt. Cl'dy
New York	82	64	30.00		Clear
Oklahoma	76	68	29.92		Clear
Philadelphia	84	66	29.98		Clear
Pittsburgh	84	64	29.86		Pt. Cl'dy
Portland, Me.	80	58	29.94		Clear
Portland, Ore.	76	52	29.98		Clear
Salt Lake City	92	62	29.90		Clear
San Antonio	90	72	29.92		Cloudy
San Diego	70	62	29.82		Pt. Cl'dy
San Francisco	64	58	29.92		Cloudy
Seattle	70	52	29.90		Clear
St. Louis	80	74	29.94		Clear
Washington	86	66	29.94		Clear

FORECAST: TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Western New York—Mostly cloudy and cooler Saturday; Sunday fair, moderate temperature.

Northern New England—Showers Saturday; Sunday fair, cooler in interior.

Southern New England—Showers and probably thunderstorms Saturday; Sunday fair and cooler.

Eastern New York and New Jersey—Showers and probably thunderstorms Saturday, cooler by Saturday night; Sunday fair and cooler.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Showers and probably thunderstorms Saturday; Sunday fair and cooler.

New York City Weather Records.
Official Temperatures.

8 A.M.	66	12 M.	78	8 P.M.	75
6 A.M. (low)	64	1 P.M.	78	7 P.M.	75
7 A.M.	67	2 P.M.	78	8 P.M.	75
8 A.M.	67	3 P.M.	78	9 P.M.	73
9 A.M.	69	4 P.M.	78	10 P.M.	71
10 A.M.	70	5 P.M.	76	10 P.M.	71
11 A.M.	71	5 P.M.(high)	80	11 P.M.	70

Average temperature yesterday, 72.
Average same date last year, 75.
Average same date for 38 years, 73.

Barometer, 30.09 at 8 A. M.; 30 at 8 P. M.
Humidity, 93 at 8 A. M.; 60 at 8 P. M.
Wind at 8 A. M., west, velocity 15 miles; at 8 P. M., south, velocity 26 miles.
Weather, clear at 8 A. M.; clear at 8 P. M.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.
Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Rain occurred in Illinois—Rain, Saturday, Sunday, probably increasing cloudiness; colder Saturday.

Wisconsin—Fair Saturday; probably unsettled Sunday or Sunday night; warmer in West and Central Saturday and in Southeast Sunday.

Missouri—Fair, warmer Saturday; Sunday fair, followed by increasing cloudiness; warmer in East.

Minnesota—Showers probably Saturday and Sunday; warmer in West and South Saturday; cooler West and South Sunday.

Iowa—Fair, warmer Saturday. Probably unsettled Sunday.

North Dakota—Showers Saturday; warmer in Southeast. Sunday cloudy, cooler.

South Dakota—Increasing cloudiness Saturday, probably showers by Night or Sunday; warmer in East Saturday, Cooler Sunday.

Nebraska—Fair, warmer Saturday. Sunday somewhat unsettled; cooler by night.

Kansas—Fair, warmer Saturday. Sunday somewhat unsettled, probably cooler at night.

Montana—Rain, colder Saturday. Sunday fair, warmer in afternoon or night.

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Extreme Northwestern Florida, Alabama and Mississippi—Partly cloudy, probably local thunder showers Saturday and Sunday.

Florida—Local thunder showers Saturday and Sunday.

Tennessee—Mostly cloudy Saturday and Sunday, probably scattered thunder showers, slightly cooler Saturday in east.

Kentucky—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday, possibly showers Sunday; not much change in temperature.

Ohio—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday, moderate temperature.

Fire Record.

A. M.
12:20—15 7 St. (tenem); William McSally.....Not given
2:55—1,001 Franklin Av.....Not given
3:40—228 W. 10 St.....Not given
4:20—208 E. 8 St.; Bertha Marsmogat.....Not given
9:00—30 St. & North River (snow); D. & C.....Slight
9:45—2 St. Mark's Pl.....$500
11:50—32 Columbus Av. (awning); Sam Morino.....Not given

P. M.
12:30—2,240 7 Av.; Moses Phillipi..Not given
12:50—247 W 143 St.; Frank Muller..Not given
3:30—212 E. 122 St.; Joseph Kats...Slight
3:46—231 E. 50 St. (taxi); J. McCabe..Slight
4:40—153 St. & 5 Av.; Union Railway..Slight
5:50—73 E. 113 St.; Becky Kalorbone, Not given
6:20—West & Watt Sts. (auto); Frank Richards.....Slight
6:50—8-10 Rivington St.; Rose Cantor, Not given
7:10—15-17 W. 20 St.; Ideal Fur Co.
8:30—139 St. & Brook Av.; H. & H. R. R. Co.....Not given
8:45—27 Rutgers St.; Harry Gold..Not given
9:30—509 W. 147 St.; H. Kengion..Not given

The Civil Service.

City.

The following eligible list for architectural draftsman, Grade B, is announced: William Dietz, 86.80; Samuel P. Swales, 84.30; Michael F. Sullivan, 82.20; Charles J. Mungin, 81.50; Charles S. Killmon, 80.50; Nathan Young, 80.50; Joseph E. Walsh, 79.50; Emil A. Verrpillot, 70; August G. Schwartz, 78.90; Samuel Vornehuck, 77.90; Walter Tilton, 76.50; William Clair, 76.40; Oscar Mackler, 73.90.

United States.

An examination has been ordered for assistant medical officer, psychiatry, at from $2,000 to $2,500 a year and junior medical officer, psychiatry, at from $1,200 to $1,800 a year, in St. Elizabeth's Hospital. The subjects and weights are: Education and training, 50; experience, 70.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Other Services

ANITA CAROLYN ROUSE. A short talk EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNOON at 2:15 o'clock, on "THE HAWK OF WEALTH." Also EVERY TUESDAY AT NOON Reading of C. S. Weekly Lesson and Talk, ANITA C. HOLBERT. All are welcome. Scientific Right Thinking and Healing, 462 5th Av., Knox Building, cor. 40th St.

DIVINE SERVICE.

MISS MARKWELL

COLONIAL ROOM, HOTEL McALPIN,

SUNDAY AT 11 A. M.

Audible Treatment.

AT TENT EVANGEL 110TH ST. AND AMSTERDAM AV. Mr. RICHARD OWEN, 4 P. M. Sunday Dr. WILLIAM ALLAN, 8 P. M. and Nightly to Friday. Children's Service, 7 P. M. Daily.

CHINATOWN. The Rescue Society, Old Chinese Theatre, 5-7 Doyers St. Wide Awake Gospel Service Nightly, 10 P. M. T. J. Noonan, Supt.

BROOKLYN.

Congregational

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange Street. Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, Pastor. 11 A. M.—"The Unrecognized Heroes Who Are Advancing the World." Sermon by Dr. Hillis. No evening service.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

(All the Times Indicated Are Under Daylight Saving.)

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
High water	1:07	1:18	1:07	1:35	9:46	9:57	Rises	Sets
Low water	6:59	7:34	7:24	7:49	3:48	4:39	4:36	8:14

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
St. Paul	Southampton	June 29
Bellona	Southampton	June 29
Acropolis	Gibraltar	June 29
Saxonia	Fiume	July 1
Manchuria	Antilla	July 1
P. de Satrustegui	Vera Cruz	June 29
Muskogee	Nassau	July 8

DUE TODAY.

George Washington	Bremen	June 29
Carmania	Queenstown	June 29
Bourdonnais	Havre	June 21
Mooltan	Plymouth	June 23
Patria	Marseilles	June 19
Europa	Naples	June 24
Berengaria	Southampton	June 30

DUE TOMORROW.

Kroonland	Antwerp	June 30
Calamares	Port Limon	July 7
Philadelphia	Curacao	July 7
Destrousiegnie	Cristobal	June 30

DUE MONDAY.

Algeria	Londonderry	June 29
Holly City	Copenhagen	June 29
Cedric	Liverpool	July 1
Ponce	San Juan	July 3
Morro Castle	Havana	July 3
Bergenfjord	Bergen	June 30
Santa Teresa	Cristobal	July 4
Advance	Cristobal	July 4

DUE TUESDAY.

Olympic	Cherbourg	July 5
Savoia	Havre	July 3
Southern Cross	Rio Janeiro	June 20
Siboney	Havana	July 5
Yucatan	Kingston	July 5

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Eastern Leader	Shields	June 23
Pocona	Pernambuco	June 17
Republic	Norfolk	July 4
Stavangeren	Matanzas	July 5
Mexico	Manzanas	July 5
Santa Ana	Maracaibo	June 28
Mariscopia	Tampico	June 30
Anco	Talara	June 17
A. A. Canfield	Tampico	June 30
City of Montgomery	Savannah	July 4
Nyma	Sagua	July 5
West Corum	Rosario	June 20

DUE TODAY.

Blair	Dunkirk	June 23
Malins	London	June 24

DUE TODAY.

Teramba	London	June 24
City of Sparta	Gibraltar	June 15
Kasama	Liverpool	June 25
Jethou	Buenos Aires	June 14

DUE TOMORROW.

Caddo	Cristobal	July 1
Jamaica	Rotterdam	June 24
Francisco	Rio	June 24

DUE MONDAY.

Camoens	Barbados	June 29

DUE TUESDAY.

Bensdegna	Sardis	June 24
Capulin	Leith	June 28
Kenmuir	Colon	July 4

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Majestic, Southampton	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Presidente Wilson, Dubrovnik	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Azores Islands (Italy, Greece and Jugoslavia specially addressed.)
Zeeland, Cherbourg	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed.)
Minas, Amsterdam, Rotterdam	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed.)
Baltic, Liverpool		12:00 M.	No mails.
President Harding, Bremen	1:00 P.M.	5:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Orinoco, Hamburg		12:00 M.	No mails.
Orinoba, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba (specially addressed only.)
Maracaibo, Maracaibo	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Curacao and Venezuela (Porto Rico specially addressed.)
San Juan, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico, St. Thomas, St. Croix, Saba, St. Martins, San Domingo City.
Tolon, Port Limon	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Costa Rica, Canal Zone, Panama, Bolivia, Chile (Cuba, parts of Honduras and Salvador must be specially addressed.)
Hubert, Maranham	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	North Brazil, Iquitos, Maceio, Cepedello, Natal (other parts of Brazil must be specially addressed.)
Western World, Buenos Aires	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentine, Uruguay, Paraguay.
Banan, Kingston	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Jamaica (Cuba must be specially addressed.)
Bolivia, Barbadoe	1:00 P.M.	5:00 P.M.	St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Nevis, Saba, St. Martins, St. Eustatius, Antigua, Montserrat, Guadeloupe, Martinique, Barbadoe and Guiana.

SAIL MONDAY.

Acropolis, Constanza	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Italy, Greece, Constantinople, Bulgaria and Rumania. (specially addressed only.)
Roma, Lisbon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Azores Islands. (Portugal must be specially addressed.) Mails close at 5 P. M. for steamer, via rail to Providence R. I.
P. de Satrustegui, Barcelona	12:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Azores Islands. (Portugal must be specially addressed.)

SAIL TUESDAY.

Bellaire, Hamburg	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Great Britain, Ireland, South Africa, Madeira and Cape Verde Islands. (Other countries must be specially addressed.)
Singapore, Brisbane	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia.
Duca Alighieri, Naples	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Italy (specially addressed).
King Alexander, Constantza	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	Italy, Greece and Rumania (specially addressed only).
Santa Ana, Cristobal	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Nicaragua (except East Coast) and Salvador (Canal Zone, Panama, Guatemala and Salvador must be specially addressed.)

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.	Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Mongolia, Naples	July 8	12:00 M.	Glen Cloy, Hamburg	July 11	12:00 M.
Hanford, Sydney	July 8	12:00 M.	Sauer City, Bremen	July 11	12:00 M.
Pelistana, London	July 8	12:00 M.	Carenco, Naples	July 12	12:00 M.
Norfolk Range, Leith	July 8	12:00 M.	Port Adelaide, Sydney	July 12	12:00 M.
Lewis, Beirut	July 8	12:00 M.	Monmouth, Glasgow	July 12	12:00 M.
Rembrandt, Dunkirk	July 8	12:00 M.	Bonaparte (Bahamas)	July 12	1:00 M.
Bloemfontein, Sydney	July 10	12:00 M.	East'n Dawn, Rotterdam	July 17	12:00 M.
Cabo Ortegal, Cadiz	July 10	12:00 M.			

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Milazzo	Vigo	July 6
Batartia	Suez	July 5
Asia	St. Michaels	July 5
Rotterdam	Plymouth	July 6

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Scythia	Liverpool	July 7
Lapland	Antwerp	July 6
Dalagoa	Maui Taipeh	July 6
Phoenix	Hongkong	July 8
Almeria	Colon	July 6
Blue Triangle	Colon	July 6

Transpacific Mails

Connecting mails close at General Post Office and City Hall Station at 6 P. M. as follows:

Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan and Korea	Africa Maru July 4
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indo-China, Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra) and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.; also parcel post mails for Shanghai City	Empress of Russia July 8
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Australia and Samoan Islands	Ventura July 12
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only) via Seattle. Hawaii and Philippine Islands and specially addressed mail for Japan, Korea and China, via San Francisco	Toyama Maru July 14
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via Seattle, Netherlands, East Indies (except Sumatra), via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indo-China and Straits Settlements	President Lincoln July 17
Netherlands East Indies and Hong Kong (specially addressed only), via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Netherlands East Indies	President Jefferson July 17
Mails of the following dates: Canton, June 14, Hongkong June 15, Shanghai June 17, Mukden June 20, Yokohama June 24, which arrived per steamer Empress of Russia, were dispatched east from Seattle on July 3, and mails dated Singapore June 6, Manila June 11, Canton June 16, Hongkong June 14, Shanghai June 18, Kobe June 23, Yokohama June 24, which arrived per steamer Jefferson, were dispatched east from Seattle on July 4. The mails from the steamer Russia are due in New York on July 8, and those from the steamer Jefferson on the morning of Sunday, July 9.	Tiflehost July 24

Post Office Notice

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates: Melbourne, June 13; Sydney, June 15; Honolulu, June 21, which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Ventura, were dispatched east on July 3.

The mails from the steamer Ventura are due today.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Infantry.

Cohn, Col. J. P.; Nolan, Lt. Col. D. A.; MacDonald, Maj. J.

FIFTH AV. CORNER IN $12,000,000 LEASE

F. W. Woolworth Company Acquires Building at Thirty-Fifth Street for Long Term.

POSSESSION AUG. 1, 1929

Schulte Cigar Stores Company Buys $1,000,000 Lease on Park Row Property.

A Fifth Avenue lease involving the payment of an aggregate rental of $12,000,000 for the term was negotiated yesterday. The F. W. Woolworth Company, it is learned, has contracted to take over the Acker, Merrall & Condit Co. building on the southwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Thirty-fifth Street, obtaining possession on Aug. 1, 1929, at which time the present lease of the tenant of the store will expire.

The building, which is eleven stories in height, with a basement and sub-basement, is located on a plot 85.9 by 130 and contains 170,000 square feet of floor area. It is abutted on the west by the McCreery Building, which runs from Thirty-fourth to Thirty-fifth Streets. The store at present is occupied by Maillard, whose lease has seven years to run.

The transaction, which will give the F. W. Woolworth Company possession of the building for forty-two years after Aug. 1, 1929, was negotiated by Harry Thoens of Thoens & Fluenlacher, Inc., who, in 1917, leased to the F. W. Woolworth Company the plot at Fifth Avenue and Fortieth Street, where the Woolworth company erected a building and opened their first Fifth Avenue store. That transaction involved the payment of an aggregate rental of nearly $6,000,000.

The Thirty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue building is owned by the Thirty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue Realty Company. Hubert T. Parsons, President and General Manager of the F. W. Woolworth Company, executed the lease just before leaving New York for a three months' trip in Europe.

The Acker, Merrall & Condit Company building was erected about twenty years ago on a site formerly occupied by the New York Club, which was erected at about the time of the late A. T. Stewart built the famous Stewart mansion on the northwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street. Both of these old landmarks were demolished at about the time B. Altman & Co. announced their removal to their new building on the north side of Fifth Avenue, from Thirty-fourth to Thirty-fifth Street.

The Woolworth company now operates 1,174 stores, and the business of the company for the year 1922, it is anticipated, will pass the $160,000,000 mark.

$1,000,000 Park Row Lease.

Schulte Cigar Stores Company has purchased from the 1 Park Row, Inc., Harry Aronson, President, the twenty-one-year lease on the eight-story building at 1 Park Row and the three-story building at 11 Park Row, the total frontage of the two buildings on Park Row being 67 feet, and on Ann Street 100 feet 1 inch. The aggregate rental will be $1,000,000.

The property was leased about a year ago by Harry Aronson from the Pulitzer estate, and extensively reconstructed. The building at 11 Park Row, running through to Ann Street, is leased to the Golden Shoe Company, which added two extra stories, the corner building modernized, and the ground floor rented for twenty-one years to Kaufman Hats, who in turn rented a portion of the ground floor to the Schulte Cigar Stores Company. By purchasing this lease, Schulte now becomes the landlord of his own landlord. Harry Shapiro & Co. were the brokers in the deal.

Arlington Acquires Claridge Annex.

The final sale of the balance of the Claridge Hotel unit was completed by the leasing of the Claridge annex, formerly known as Wallick's and the Casino, covering the entire corner of Forty-third Street and Broadway, and the Yates Hotel Building and Restaurant on Forty-third Street, which disposes of the Claridge Hotel unit.

L. C. Boomer passed title to the lease and furnishings of the Claridge Annex and the Yates Building to Edward Arlington for a consideration of over half a million dollars, which includes the fee of the Yates Building and leasehold for an 88-year period. The lease of the Claridge Annex runs until 1941 at a gross rental of over $1,830,000.

Brown & Wheelock and Harvey B. Norris were the brokers in the transaction. July 31 is the date set for the entire hotel transfer, and it has been definitely decided that aside from the leasing of Mr. Boomer's former executive offices on the first floor that the entire hotel properties will be operated exclusively as a hotel proposition.

The new corporation or holding company will be known as the Adolph-Arlington Hotel Operating Company, with Robert E. Adolph, President; Edward Arlington, Vice President; the Manufacturers National Bank, as secretary, and Edward Arlington as treasurer and general manager.

APARTMENT TRADING.

West End Avenue Corner Sold to Elbaz Realty Company.

The 661 Fifth Avenue Corporation, Henry Reinhardt, President, resold 884 West End Avenue, northeast corner of 103d Street, a thirteen-story elevator apartment, 100 by 100. This building was recently purchased from Joseph Paterno for a permanent investment. Builder Reinhardt was forced to sell because of a handsome profit being offered for the property. It has a rent roll of $200,000, and is considered the best built house ever constructed by Mr. Paterno. It houses 82 families whose leases terminate in 1925 and 1926. The Elbaz Realty Company were the purchasers. Day & Day, Inc., and Maurice Renard were the brokers.

The L. & L. Realty Company, Max Lavinson, President, purchased from Benjamin Weil the two-and six-story building occupying the entire block front on the west side of Park Avenue from 102d to 103 Street, on a plot 200 by 75.

The En Peco Realty Company, K. V. Kash, President, bought from Miss M. Hamilton the two five-story tenements with stores at 343 and 345 East Twenty-fourth Street, being the northwest corner of First Avenue. Charles M. De Rose & Co. were the brokers in the transaction.

Simon Renwick and Meta R. Seger-Lake sold the five-story tenement with stores at 2,039 Third Avenue, southeast corner of 112th Street, to an investor. Walter C. Wyckoff was the broker.

Leonard Weill purchased from the Spencer Realty Corporation, Sol Kohn, President, 2,282 Second Avenue, northeast corner 117th Street, which is a five-story building with stores on plot 25 by 67 feet, located at the foot of the L station. This property was bought for cash through James Boyd and H. F. Kohn as brokers.

Forest Hills Auction Today.

The sale of 1,500 lots at auction of the Forest Hills West property, located in Queens Borough, just ten minutes out of the Penn station, Manhattan, will be started today at 1 P. M. by Joseph P. Day. The new community borders on the famous Forest Hills on the east and has other boundaries as Queens Boulevard on the north and Woodhaven Avenue on the south and west.

Private Hospital for East End Av.

Henry Wienand and George Ehret sold the five-story apartments at 449 and 451 East Eighty-seventh Street, constituting a plot 46 by 100 on the northwest corner of East End Avenue. The purchasers are a group of physicians, who will demolish the present buildings and erect a six and one-half story private hospital. James K. Lee & Co. were the brokers in the deal.

THE BRONX MARKET.

Samuel Brener Sells Apartment on Morris Avenue Corner.

The northwest corner of Morris Avenue and 183d Street, improved with a six-story new-law apartment, was sold by the Bronsam Realty Company, Samuel Brener, President, to a client of Charles D. Van Valen, Inc. The building is on a plot 50 by 100 feet and contains six stories. It brings a yearly rental of $17,000, and was held at $115,000.

Stebbins Realty & Construction Company, Inc., sold the northeast corner of Jerome Avenue and 167th Street, size 98 by 125, a five-story triple flat and stores, also the house adjoining, known as 1212 Jerome Avenue, a two-family frame house, size 21 by 100, with three stores, to Lillian and Ferdinand Rice.

This property is situated on one of the prominent corners of the West Bronx and is at the Lexington subway station. It was purchased a short time ago by the realty company from Judge McAdam. Lee Hess was the broker.

Thomas J. Cunningham purchased forty-two lots on the west side of Fieldston Road south of Monshoiu Avenue, Riverdale, from the Thorne Estate. Mr. Cunningham will immediately build ten stucco and rubble stone six-room and seven-room houses, to be finished by Oct. 1. The rear of this property, about thirty lots, will be devoted to a private park, similar to Gramercy Park. The purchasers of these houses on Fieldston Road are to own this private park jointly. R. Fellman was the broker.

The same broker sold to James McDonald, for the Thorne Estate, No. 3,071 Kingsbridge Terrace, a seven-room house on plot 75 by 191; and for E. Shaurum to J. Fredericks a plot, 75 by 87, on the north of Shrady Place, Kingsbridge. Mr. Fredericks will build a house immediately.

The two-family house on plot 24 by 85 feet at 2,068 Anthony Avenue was sold by Robert Foley as broker, for John Wickham to Isaac Roth.

Samuel Fine sold for the Simshar Holding Company to the S. D. Amdur Realty Company the taxpayer at 363 to 371 Westchester Avenue, on plot 91 by 100. The building brings an annual rental of $15,000 and was held at $116,000.

The Eugene J. Busher Company, Inc., sold for William H. Steinkamp a lot of lots, 74 by 100, on the north side of East 140th Street, to a builder, who will improve with taxpayers.

Commercial Leases.

The Capen Realty Company, C. Alfred Capen, President, leased through Maurice Wertheim the four-story dwelling at 649 Lexington Avenue, between Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth Streets, on lot 18.4 by 80, for a term of twenty-one years.

The lessee, the London Interior Decorating Company, Leonard H. Hardy proprietor, will extensively remodel into street level and parlor stores with studio apartments on the three upper floors. All of the stores have already been leased from the plans.

Cosden & Co., J. S. Cosden President, oil refiners, leased the entire twenty-fourth floor in the new Heckscher Building, Fifty-seventh Street and Fifth Avenue, as executive offices for a period of years. Cushman & Wakefield, Inc., agents of the building, were the brokers in the transaction.

Douglas L. Elliman & Company, Inc., leased for a term of years the east store on the parlor floor in the building now being remodeled at 19 to 21 East Fifty-fifth Street. The tenants, Mrs. Georgette Fitzsibbons and Miss Lillian Hobson, milliners, will occupy the premises as soon as the alterations are completed.

John H. Schaier rented a three story and 240 West Fifty-fifth Street, near Broadway, to the Ambassador Tire Corporation, for a term of years.

Private House Sales.

The four-story private residence on a lot 20 by 100 feet at 103 East Seventy-second Street was sold by Sam Simon to a client of Pease & Elliman. The property was held at $75,000.

Mrs. Jefferson Hogan sold through Parson McL. Merrill Company the four-story dwelling at 49 Park Avenue, between Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Streets. The purchaser will occupy after making extensive alterations, including the installation of an electric elevator.

Frederick Zittel & Sons sold for A. C. & H. M. Hall Realty Company 124 West Ninety-eighth Street, a four-story dwelling, 14 by 100, to a client, who will alter for business and apartments.

Auction Babylon Lots Today.

Bryan L. Kennelly, Inc., will hold an auction of 235 lots of four dwellings on the South Country Road and East Neck Road at Babylon, Long Island, this afternoon at 2 P. M. The country runs through to the Long Island Railroad, and in one of the best available locations in Babylon. There is water, gas and electricity on the South Country Road and East Neck Road, and the remaining streets are laid out. The sale will be held in a large tent on the property, rain or shine.

$168,750 Mortgage Placed.

Lawrence, Blake and Jewell have placed for the Holland Court Realty Company a first mortgage of $168,750 at 5½ per cent. for 5 years on 815-817 West Ninety-eighth Street, an 8-story apartment house on a plot 75 by 100.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Take the 12:59 Noon Time Train from Penn. Station

TO-DAY

At 1 P. M., On Premises, In Mammoth Tent, Opposite Station, near Queens Blvd.,
RAIN OR SHINE
this Afternoon and TO-NIGHT in Electric Lighted Tent

Absolute Auction Sale

1500 Forest Hills West—New York City LOTS

Forest Hills West

IN BORO OF QUEENS, NEW YORK CITY
New L.I.R.R. Main Line Station "MATAWOK"
10 MINUTES FROM PENN STATION

With a large frontage on QUEENS BOULEVARD, and both sides of Woodhaven Boulevard, Yellowstone Ave. and adjacent streets.

Savings Bank Books, on proper assignment, as well as Liberty Bonds, at market value, will be accepted as deposit.

Titles insured free to purchasers by
The Title Guarantee & Trust Company

70% may remain on mortgage or monthly installments of 2%

Joseph P. Day Inc. Auctioneer

Send for bookmap

67 Liberty Street, New York
Phone Cortlandt 0744

Take Electric Trains from Penn Station to New L. I. R. R. Station "MATAWOK"

CONVENIENT TRAINS to Matawok (Forest Hills West) leave Penn Station 33rd St. and 7th Ave., daily at 9:49 A. M., 11:25 A. M., 12:59 P. M., 1:43 P. M., 3:17 P.M., 4:25 P. M. Bus will also meet all trains at Forest Hills.

BY TROLLEY from 59th St. and 2nd Ave. via Jamaica trolley to Queens Boulevard and Thornton St.

BY MOTOR via Queensboro Bridge at 59th St., Queens Boulevard to Thornton St., Forest Hills West

The Best Business Sites IN WHITE PLAINS

Westchester County, N. Y.
are to be sold

TO-DAY

On Premises, 2 P. M., Rain or Shine.

Absolute Auction—74 Lots

By the Estate of Lucile Becker
Bankers Trust Co., Executor,
and others

70% May remain on Mortgage
Westchester Title & Trust Co. Policies Free.
Messrs. Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, Attys.,
120 Broadway, N. Y. C.

67 Liberty St., New York City — Telephone Cortlandt 0744

Joseph P. Day Inc. Auctioneer

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

TO-DAY

Absolute Auction
235 Lots and 4 Dwellings
on South Country Rd., East Neck Rd., running through to L. I. R. R.

Babylon

South Shore, Long Island, on the premises, 2 P. M., in large tent, rain or shine.

Trains leave Penn Station
11.00, 12.51, 1.57 Saturday

Bryan L. Kennelly, Inc.,
Real Estate Auctioneers
149 B'way. Tel. Cort. 1547

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

JULY PRICES:

Cottage, 23 acres, $130,000, for $85,000
Cottage, 8 acres, $45,000, for $25,000
Cottage, 5 acres, $38,400, for $23,500
Cottage, 20 acres, $81,000, for $53,000
Magnificent Colonial Home, furnished, 12 acres, similar reduction.
Smaller houses and bungalows built to Purchaser's plans.

H. K. CURTIS
CHAPPAQUA, N. Y.
ONE HOUR FROM NEW YORK.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ARCHMONT GARDENS

LARCHMONT-ON-THE-SOUND.
37 Minutes from Grand Central.

One of the most beautiful and best developed suburbs near New York. Splendid boulevard, fine lake, picturesque waterfalls and Sheldrake River. Fine building sites from $1,000 up—wide variety of houses of all sizes and prices.

CHARMING ENGLISH HOME.
Contains 7 rooms, 2 baths; on fine plot; large porch; garage; latest and best of everything. Price $22,500. Easy terms—bargain for quick sale. Inspect this over the week end.

George Howe—527 Fifth Ave. N.Y.
Specialists in Suburban and Country Properties
Local Office open every day. Ed Larchmont 28

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

7-ROOM BRICK house; parquet, electric, etc.; hardwood floors throughout; block from Avenue R, one of Kings Highway station. Gen Beach pub. way; only $9,250. On easy terms. J. F. Charlo, owner, 123 Highland Ave., Brooklyn. Phone Bensonhurst 5008.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—For Sale or To Let
ADAM A. WESCHLER, AUCTIONEER.

Trustees' Sale of Valuable Improved Real Estate, being the property known as the Hadleigh Apartment Hotel, Sixteenth, V and W Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C., containing about 300 apartments, also stores, shops and concessions, and certain unimproved land in rear of said building.

By virtue of a certain deed of trust, being instrument No. 84, recorded April 24, 1922, among the land records of the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, the undersigned trustees, will offer for sale at public auction, in front of the premises, on THURSDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF JULY, A.D., 1922, AT 2 O'CLOCK, P.M., the following-described land and premises, situate in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, viz:

All of lot numbered seventy-one (71), in Frank C. Lewin's combination of lots forty (40), to sixty-four (64), and part of lot sixty-five (65), and part of alley closed in square numbered one hundred eighty-eight (188), as per plat of said combination recorded in Liber 28, folio 165, of the records of the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia; this being the property known as the Hadleigh Apartment Hotel; subject to 3 prior deeds of trust the unpaid balance upon which aggregate approximately the sum of $2,256,666.67 and accrued interest, the exact amount of which will be announced at the time of sale, and subject also to such estate, if any, as may remain after sale, in the present lessee and tenant, who now occupies the premises under a certain lease for 21 years bearing date the 21 day of September, 1920, and duly recorded in the land records of the District of Columbia.

Terms of sale: One-half of the purchase-money, over and above said trust to be paid in cash, the balance in twelve equal monthly installments, with interest at 6 per cent. per annum, secured by deed of trust upon the property sold, or all cash, at the option of the purchaser. A deposit of $25,000 required of the purchaser at time of sale. All conveyancing, recording, revenue stamps and notarial fees at the cost of the purchaser. Terms of sale to be complied with within thirty days from day of sale; otherwise the trustee reserves the right to resell the property at the risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser, after five days' advertisement of such resale in some newspaper published in the city of Washington, D. C. Title good of record or no sale.

HAYDEN JOHNSON,
WM. H. HOLLOWAY,
Woodward Building,
Trustees.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BUY 60 FT. ON SOUTH BROAD STREET

Newark's fastest improving section. Will erect building to suit tenant.

LOUIS SCHLESINGER, Inc.
120 W. 42d Street, Tel. Bryant 6125
31 Clinton Street, Tel. Market 3200, Newark

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Investors and Everybody

The facts are before you

Long Beach HAD to grow—the ideal shore resort in character and location. BUT it HAD to grow AWAY from transportation—which isn't reasonable.

The New Million Dollar Bridge; The New Island Park Railroad Station; the Development undertaken on a magnificent scale.

THESE have made Island Park—Long Beach the coming section—a growth ALONG TRANSPORTATION—the normal way that growth should come.

And Island Park—Long Beach offers all that Long Beach has BESIDES—clean, safe still water bathing—motor boating—sailing—fishing—concrete roads and all improvements.

Lots at Island Park—Long Beach NOW SELLING for

$400

On EASY TERMS—*This is your cue!*

Island Park—Long Beach

Developed under supervision of

1 West 34th St., N. Y. Fitzroy 5231 — Edgeworth Smith — Island Park Station Long Beach 956

BUILDING LOANS AND SUBORDINATION

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. | APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

240 Riverside Drive

Corner 96th St.

15 story absolutely fireproof apartment Hotel in choicest section of West Side. One block from Subway Express Station; convenient to business, theatre and shopping centres.

Offers for Immediate Possession the Following Non-Housekeeping Apartments

2 Rooms, Foyer, Bath, $1080 up
3 Rooms, Foyer, Bath, $1680 up

Will Rent Furnished or Unfurnished
Can be seen at any time. Daily, evenings and Sundays.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

DEVELOPERS

76 Acres in ELBERON, N. J.
4 blocks to Ocean, near ASBURY PARK and LONG BRANCH, ripe for development, partly improved with sidewalks and curbs. Good opportunity for live wire developers; map on application. Terms arranged.

BAUER-BERGER-STIER INC.
651 Fresh Pond Road, BRKLYN, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Brooklyn.

Will Sacrifice at a Bargain

WALLABOUT MARKET GARAGE
42 to 52 Taylor St.
20,600 Feet. One Story.
Running Through to Kent Avenue
Will Sell at a Low Figure and On Your Own Terms
J. WACHT, Owner
805 Fairmount Place, Bronx
Telephone 1172 Tremont

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

New Elevator Garden Apartment Homes

5 to 10 Rooms
2 to 4 Baths

JACKSON HEIGHTS

Social and Business References Required

Take Subway to Grand Central, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th St. (Jackson Heights) Section—(Office Opposite Station)

By Motor—39th via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. to 25th St.

20 Minutes from Fifth Ave. & 57th St.

Show apartments, Rim and Laburnum Court open for inspection until 9 P.M. every day.

THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION
50 East 42nd Street

Unfurnished—East Side.

120 East 31st St.

8 Rooms & Bath—Murray Hill
Fireproof Elevator Apartments
Unfurnished Service—Moderate Rent.
WM. P. JONES & SON, TIMES BUILDING.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Furnished—West Side.

86th Street, 309 West

New Fireproof Apartment Hotel 2 rooms and bath; southern exposure. Exceptionally Low Summer Rates. Special arrangements for 2 or 3 months' lease. Large airy rooms, ample closets, exceptional bath and shower. Suite facing park street.

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THE ALBERTA
ELEVATOR APARTMENT

1 ROOMS. EVERY IMPROVEMENT.
Cor. Edgecombe Ave. & 159th St.
Near "L" and B'way Subway Station.
Phone Wadsworth 6700.

NEW BUILDING

Broadway, Cor. Academy St.
(208d St.) Now ready for occupancy.
4 BEAUTIFUL ROOMS
Every modern improvement; $78 to $90.

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Garden Apartments
Queens Boulev'd Court
Just Completed

12 minutes by Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) from Grand Central to Lowery St. Sta., at Door

A Few 4 Room Apts

Built Around Interior Park. Every room an outside room. Finest Appointments and Equipment Throughout.

ROMAN-CALLMAN CO.
On Premises or Bridge Plaza North.
Hunters Point 4700. Astoria 6735.

LONG ISLAND CITY.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

$25,000 FIRST mortgage 6 per cent. on downtown waterfront business property, Jersey City; value 100,000; gilt-edge investment. Apply Walter Mullett, 401, 2 Rector St. Rector 4556.

$5,000,000 TO LOAN.
Charges only 1% and disbursements.
Duross Co., 261 Broadway, Barclay 5734.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

GOOD location, small apartments, moderate rents, certain opportunity of loss of rent or depreciation of values; there can be no safer investment it made under the above conditions; we offer 2 6-story, new-law, fireproof tenements at 49th st., on plot 40x100 each, ideally divided into 6-3 and 1-4 on each floor; marble halls, enameled sinks, hot water, no heat; annual rent $16,320; first mortgage $82,000; cash required $66,000; price $160,000. R. V. Fasola & Co., Times Building. Tel. 4000 Bryant.

DEATH of owner furnishes opportunity to buy building vicinity of 86th St. and Madison Av., considerably below its real value; present lease will carry investment to time of certain enhancement; unusual opportunity for an investment of the best kind. Peter Grimm, Vanderbilt 7587.

916T, 10 WEST (phone Bryant 3998). Private house converted apartments; few thousand invested brings ownership; free rent and 30 per cent. income for life; immediate possession; can you beat it? Investigate.

BARGAIN—630 West End Av., near 90th St., 20-ft dwelling, electric light, parquet floors, tile bath; price right; easy terms. Caretaker on premises.

$775L, 137 WEST—Handsome dwelling, parquet floor, electric light, 3 baths; excellent condition; price right. Caretaker on premises.

BARGAIN—Apartment, five-story, on Amsterdam Av.; good investment; all improvements. H. Lefenfeld, 17 East 22d.

43D, WEST—Private dwellings, bargains; 3-family houses; easy terms. WM. P. JONES & SON, TIMES BUILDING.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

HOUSE, West 90th, vacant, 17 rooms, 3 baths, electricity, 3 years; straight lease; for sale; part cash. Immediate possession. McGrath & Warren, 5 Columbus Circle.

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AN OPPORTUNITY
TO
STOP PAYING RENT.
TWO-STORY HOUSES,
5 ROOMS, BATH, FULL CELLAR, HEAT, WATER, GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHT; HANDSOMELY DECORATED.
Large porch; space for garden and garage.
$5,650.
TAX EXEMPT UNTIL 1923.
YOUR RENT PAYS FOR IT.
Also 6, 7 and 8 rooms, 2 baths; oak and parquet double floors; full length mirrors in bedroom doors; glass enclosed sun room, sleeping porch.
In Restricted Neighborhood.
FORD FOUNDATIONS, INC.
104 S. FIFTH AV., MT. VERNON, N. Y.
PHONE HILLCREST 5600.
Three blocks north of Dyre Av. station Westchester R. R. Boston Railroad, or by auto, Boston Post Road to Dyre Av., then 3 blocks north.

ESTATE
will sacrifice choice West Bronx lots; large and small plots; little cash; permanent mortgage to builder.
P. O. BOX 288, MT. VERNON, N. Y.

HIGH-CLASS modern dwelling, brick and stone, 10 rooms; large garage; corner plot, 40x100; can be seen any time; reasonable. 2,001 Creston Av., 179th St., block west of Concourse.

TAXPAYER SITE, Fordham section; $32,500 buys corner plot; present rental $2,000 per year; $12,000 improvement will increase rental to $3,500. Clement H. Smith, 460 Tremont Av. Tel. 618 Tremont.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
2-family brick detached, 13 rooms, all improvements; garage; nos. 1755A and C Monroe; price $14,500; $4,500 cash. D. A. Trotta, 301 East 140th. Melrose 4812.

CHOICE investment; 6-story apartment house, 25 families, near Jerome Av. subway station; lot 50x100; all improvements. POLLEY, 3,426 Jerome Av., at Bronx.

A TWO-FAMILY house, all improvements; garage for two cars, near subway, "L" and street cars. J. SPADARO, 827 East 241th St. Phone Olinville 8393.

WATER FRONT furnished bungalow; improvements, 23 Harding Av., Pennyfield, Throgs Neck, Westchester.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

BAY RIDGE (353 23d St.)—Desirable property in best section of Bay Ridge at present price; lot 40x115; 9 rooms, porch 24 floor, 2-car garage, steam heat, electric light, hardwood floors, large living room, with open fireplace. Apply to owner on premises.

TWO-FAMILY BRICK, $16,000.
11 rooms and all improvements, located at 1,170 East 18th St., near Avenue J; Brighton subway; Flatbush, exclusive residential section; cash required, $4,000. J. S., owner, first floor.

TWO-FAMILY brick house for sale; choice section of Flatbush; modern improvements; immediate possession, upper floor has 7 rooms; lower floor rents for $540 year; price $13,000; subject to offer. Call Flatbush 8849.

EIGHT-FAMILY, Park Slope section; assessed valuation $33,000; price $30,000; rents $5,300; required, $8,000; 20 per cent. net on investment. A 792 Times Downtown.

Staten Island—For Sale or To Let.

TOTTENVILLE, 206 Manhattan—4 rooms, $20 monthly; water; 3 houses, $2,500 each.

CRESTWOOD, Marbledale Road—Cellar erected; 4 lots, $1,000 advanced for building; mortgage $4,000, 3 years. Ackerman, 187 Greenwich St.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

AN ELMHURST HOME.
Elegant 10-room house, double garage, on plot 60x100, surrounded with beautiful shrubbery; every possible improvement, enclosed porch; if you want a real home for the balance of your life inspect this property; reasonable terms arranged; must sell; leaving town; 302 Further particulars, Lawrence, 24 Jennings St., Elmhurst, L. I. Newtown 2852.

BEAUTIFUL 1-family brick residence, centre of Elmhurst, near subway; all improvements, Pittsburgh water heater; large rooms and bath; price $13,500; cash $4,000, balance mortgage on terms. D. T. Flynn, 421 Jackson Av., Long Island City. Astoria 4443.

BELLE HARBOR—Twelve-room house for sale; 2 baths, hot water heat, electric light; garage; plot 80x100; ocean block; all year house. Thomas E. Rogers, 020 Grand St., Brooklyn.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

JOHN A. BALDWIN, RIDGEFIELD PARK, opposite station, invites you to come to the Northern Hills of New Jersey and probably save $10,000; beautiful 2-family stucco home on plot 70x200, adjoining most attractive golf course and country club; living room about 14x30; centre hall, open fireplace, parquet floors, steam heat, gas, electricity, sewer, paved street, assessments all paid; high elevation; 26 minutes from Hudson Tubes, also trolley; only $11,000; 7 rooms; $9,000; convenient terms arranged.

WHITE PLAINS—UNUSUAL
OPPORTUNITY—$7,500—LITTLE CASH, easy terms. Craftsman home, six large rooms and tiled bath; every city improvement; just completed; fine neighborhood near station; open for inspection; 5 Bells Av., near Waldo Av. V. GREEN CONSTRUCTION CO., 45 West 34th St., New York City. Telephone Fitzroy 2300, or on premises.

NEW ROCHELLE BARGAIN
FOR QUICK SALE.
Modern house, ten rooms, two tiled baths, best materials and workmanship; rooms garage; half-acre corner plot, with beautiful trees, gardens and lawns; high, convenient location; property fully restricted; title clear and insured; house would cost $30,000 to duplicate; and land worth $15,000; price $20,000, half cash. S 1068 Times Downtown.

NEW ROCHELLE—Plot 70x175, white shingle house, 9 rooms, bath, hot water heat, gas, electricity; library with fireplace; hardwood floors and trim; 10 minutes walk to station; reasonable offer will be accepted; anxious to sell. Drummond, 17 East 42d St. Tel. M. H. 7323 or 228 Huguenot St., New Rochelle. Tel. 3242.

COLONIAL HOUSE, eight rooms, bath, all improvements, hardwood floors, two open fireplaces, fine location, near station; $12,000, terms; plot 7.5x150; lots and plots five minutes walk to station; fine residential section; 420 to 350 deep. Brown & Brown, Depot Square, Harrison, N. Y.

PELHAM MANOR—To lease, unfurnished, Colonial house situated in select section; 11 rooms, 6 bedrooms, 3 baths; built 9 years; perfect construction; attractive situation, in neighborhood long established; garage; $85 per month. 1,043 Edgewood Av. Telephone Pelham 1817.

BARGAIN in highly restricted part Mount Vernon, ten-room house, every modern convenience; must be sold account of change in owner's business; price $19,000; small amount cash required. Call 31 Oneida Av., or phone Hillcrest 2396.

PELHAM HEIGHTS—Owner going West, offers beautiful suburban home, ten rooms, three baths; 100x125; trees; garage; five minutes station; great bargain; quick sale. 117 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BEAUTIFUL home, all improvements, one hour from Broadway, furnished or unfurnished, 8 rooms, 2 baths, double garage, large lawn, $125 month. Apply Harmon-on-Hudson, 142 South Av. Telephone Croton 69-R.

UNFURNISHED AT RYE—Four master bedrooms, bath, two servants' rooms and bath, $150 month; also for sale. Lester J. Nolan, Maxwell Building, 100 Purchase St., Rye, N. Y. Rye 534.

MAMARONECK—Two-family house, all improvements, conservatory, garage, $13,900, cash $6,000. Owner, 90 Melbourne Av., Mamaroneck, N. Y., near station. Phone Mamaroneck 925.

SCARSDALE, "Edgemont Estate"—Will finance your home and have it built for you in our picturesque community. Scarsdale-Edgemont Corp., 41 West 34th. Fitzroy 1570.

WESTCHESTER—Pleasantville properties for sale and rent.
GEORGE F. ARCHER.
10 East 43d St. Vanderbilt 5094.

HASTINGS ON HUDSON—Six room stucco house; hot water heat; exceptionally well built; near station, Putnam Division; easy terms; favorable terms. Owner, E. 504 Times.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

BUILDERS RETIRING FROM BUSINESS
MUST BE SOLD
THREE NEW COLONIAL HOMES
TAX EXEMPTION
NEAR-IN NORTH SHORE HILLS
4 bedrooms, 2 baths, breakfast nook, enclosed heated porch, beautifully planted grounds, decorations, shades, 10 minutes to station, schools and stores 21 minutes by electric train to New York. P. H. Reeve, at the station, Broadway and 238 St., Flushing. Telephone Flushing 3823 or 220 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 8262.

LYNBROOK, THE BUSINESS CENTER OF LONG ISLAND.
Big opportunity to buy modern fireproof garage with two living apartments; apartments now renting $60 each monthly; will sell at sacrifice on account of sickness in family. Railroad Garage Co., opposite station, Lynbrook, L. I.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

HEMPSTEAD BARGAINS.
(1) Very attractive bungalow, six rooms, large ground floor, $14,000; terms, $3,000 cash. Location to suit; must be seen to be appreciated. (2) Choice four-lot parcel, unrestricted, in fast growing section; excellent opportunity for home builder; total price $500, terms $50 cash, balance $5 per month. (3) Two choice building lots, facing park; $1,000 each. (4) Two desirable bungalow colony; total price $9,000; half cash, balance two years. (5) One acre, partly high and level, ideal for chicken raising; price $675, terms $100 cash, balance $10 per month. (6) Two very desirable home sites, each 80x120, situated between two main residential streets; must be cleared; one of them has beautiful trees; price for each plot $650; terms $50 cash, balance $5 per month. (7) Good business site on macadamized road where there is considerable traffic; price $1,000; terms $50 cash or $10 per month. (8) Charming old Colonial homestead, nine rooms, reception hall; present price $9,000, reduced to allow for modern improvements; (9) Attractive cottage, 6 rooms, bath, corner plot, 100x100; price $4,000, to allow for modern improvements; (10) Ideal Summer home site, large, beautiful oak trees; plot 75x150; price $650; terms $50 cash, balance $5 per month. (11) Choice properties and guarantee them all to be high, dry and level and perfect in title. Write for full particulars, indicating by number which property you are interested in.
H. C. SCHWENICKE LAND CO.
(Established 25 Years.)
228 Fulton Av., Hempstead, Long Island.

ROCKVILLE-CENTRE
40 Minutes From Broadway
Get a real home with every modern convenience. A big plot with trees, lawn shrubs and fruits, in a community of home owners of modest means.

Dainty new six-room houses, glass sun parlor, parquet floors, garage, plot 50x150, priced at $9,500 for quick action. Others 6, 7, 8 rooms $9,500 to $15,000. Terms to suit. In the pre-war houses we have some splendid opportunities, any size or type you desire. Also a large selection of houses for remodelling; terms of half acre to 10 acres. Choice building and bungalow plots near water and transit on reasonable terms. Home Builders assisted to financing.
JOHN F. POWER, INC.
229 West 42d St. Bryant 5279.
55 Front St., Rockville Centre. Phone 1789.
Opposite Station: Open Sundays and evenings.
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BAYSIDE BARGAIN.
Colonial type, eight rooms and bath; four large bedrooms, porch; hot water heat; all modern improvements; excellent location; corner plot, 100x100; shrubs, flowers; price $10,000. Durand, Broadway and 39th St., Flushing. Telephone Flushing 3824.

FLUSHING—8 rooms, bath; built-in tub; fine fireplace; breakfast room; steam heat; attic; large closet space; splendid cellar; garage; convenient to everything; detached; slate roof; large part; heated garage; every thing a high-class home should have; $13,500 on terms if desired.
COLLINS CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, OWNERS AND BUILDERS.
HACKENSACK, N. J.—Phone 1000.

JOHN A. BALDWIN, RIDGEFIELD PARK, opposite station, offers for sale six-room California style bungalow, bath, double floors, enamel trim, open fireplace, gas kitchen, electric lights, sewer, paved street, plot 50x120; beautiful shade trees; near station, store and school; 30 minutes 42d St.; 8c. commutation fare; $500 cash, $25 a month and interest.

JOHN A. BALDWIN, RIDGEFIELD PARK, opposite station, has artistic stucco home, completely furnished, including $700 player piano, six rooms, tile bath, enclosed break fast and sleeping porches, hardwood trim, parquet floors, open fireplace; excellent neighborhood; all city improvements; assessments paid; $1,500 cash and $60 and interest monthly.

LOVELY modern 8-room home, bath, all improvements, garage, near station, etc., commute 1-2 hour 9-4c. $1,900 cash, $6,800 easy payments; appointment only. Clara Hasselhof, 142 Overpeck Av., Ridgefield Park, N. J. Phones Hackensack 2740, Cortland 1720.

WEST ENGLEWOOD—5 room new house, fully improved; plot 40x117; price $5,500 cash, $1,000; balance $50 monthly like rent. Bayles, 1 Palisade Av., Englewood. Under construction; price $4,000; very easy terms. Edward Reis Co., 152 West 42d St. Telephone Bryant 3719, or 101 West Shore Av., Bogota.

BERGENFIELD, N. J.—Modern six-room house, bath, all improvements, white enamel gas range, sidewalks, macadam street, on plots 60 to 77 feet front; 5 minutes to depot, 40 minutes Times Square, West Shore trains; $6,500 cash, eleven balances as rent; J. J. Demarest's Sons, opposite railroad station.

AT HACKENSAC

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

City Property.

WILL RENT two-family house, with all improvements, garage, preferably in Washington Heights, Bronx or Harlem. Kaye, 204 East 107th St. Harlem 7701.

WANTED—Row of store property; must be well located and show good income; apply letter only; give full details. Grossman, 94 Montrose Av., Brooklyn.

APARTMENT house wanted; will give for it magnificent residence in Brooklyn and cash. Barinda Co., 400 Bedford Av., Bklyn.

PRIVATE house to rent, Central Park to Riverside. 627 West 113th St.

Country Property.

TO LEASE, in or about Bronxville, Oct. 1, year or more, modern house, at least 10 rooms, furnished or unfurnished; give location and description; no agents. M 249 Times.

TO LEASE, 1 to 2 years, 7-8 rooms and garage, Westchester County, not more than one hour commuting, by Christian family; references exchanged. M 347 Times.

SUMMER HOMES

Queens.

QUEENS—35 minutes from New York, furnished house, 4 sleeping rooms; 2-car garage; for 3 months beginning July 15. Telephone Hollis 6689M.

Westchester County.

PELHAM MANOR.—Attractively situated, well furnished house, 12 rooms, 2 baths, cool, comfortable; reduced rent to responsible people. 1,013 Edgewood Av. Telephone Pelham 1517.

MOUNT VERNON—9 rooms, unfurnished; exclusive section; ideal surroundings; trains and subways run all night. Call mornings only, Simon, 419 South Columbus Av., between 5th and 6th Sts., Mount Vernon.

FIVE ROOMS, stucco bungalow, private beach, electricity, gas, garage, $350. Berman's Cottage, 2 Clarence and Philip Avs., Bronx.

PELHAM MANOR—Beautiful home, lawn, garage, garden; privacy; $500 monthly. Pelham 1588.

LARCHMONT PARK—Nine rooms, garage, $150 per month. 9 Bayard St.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FOUR-ROOM cottage with modern improvements, two minutes' walk from bathing beach; vacant July 8; price $200; $100 for July, August, September. Inquire Mrs. Teller, 24 Phoenix Av., Waterbury, Conn.

ON NIANTIC RIVER—Beautiful body of salt water; bathing; pines; furnished 4-room bungalow; screened porch; 120 miles from New York; references; till Sept. 1, $200. Address L. L. Clark, Niantic, Conn.

Long Island.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE,
35 minutes from Broadway.
Unfurnished houses, $75 upward.
Furnished, $150 monthly for season.
MONTH A. POWER, INC.,
229 West 42d St. Bryant 3970.
45 Front St., Rockville Centre. Phone 1783. Opposite station. Open Sundays and evenings.

LONG BEACH (proper)—For rent, new six-room stucco bungalows, new furniture; near ocean, near station; very cheap; bigger garage in front; Chester St. and Washington Boulevard; my car will meet all trains. Samuel Goldman.

TWO large bedrooms, in beautiful modern private home, on water front; use of large kitchen; will also rent one room to couple if desired; unusual location. Smith. Call Freeport 297J.

LONG BEACH—House to let, furnished, 10 rooms, 4 baths, double car garages, tennis court, boating, fishing and bathing. Write Mr. G. Golkmon, 13 West 56th Street. Circle 5367.

LONG BEACH (WEST)—Attractive furnished apartment, ocean front, second block beyond Boardwalk; rent reasonable. Bennett, Phone Canal 2400.

BAYVILLE—Bungalows on L. I. Sound (furnished), for rent by week; all conveniences; price weekly, $60; 2 weeks, $100. Herbert Oliver, Tel. Oyster Bay 407.

FREEPORT—Bungalow, 5 rooms, bath, garage, rowboat; beautifully furnished; on bay; fishing, sailing; ideal location. Smith. Call Freeport 297J.

SUMMER HOME to let, Edgemere, L. I.; attractive seven-room cottage, all improvements; large porch; garage; $850 for season. 320 Beach 44th St.

BELLE HARBOR (near ocean)—Three attractive rooms, bath, kitchen, garage; private home; immediate possession. 161 Beach 140 St.

LONG BEACH—Five-room, bath, stucco bungalow, furnished, for rent two, three months. Apply Sunday, Fulton St. 4th house east of Monroe Boulevard. Wechsler.

FAR ROCKAWAY—New houses, furnished; Ostend Gardens, near Ostend Hotel; from $750; between Ocean Station. Far Rockaway 2220.

LONG BEACH Proper—Bungalow, newly constructed, furnished new furniture, six rooms and bath, $350 until Nov. 1. S 25 Times.

BELLE HARBOR—Four beautifully furnished rooms to rent; running water, with private family; on ocean. W 287 Times.

OCEAN FRONT HOUSE, furnished, 5 rooms, bath; hot water, gas, electricity; lawn. 253 Beach 3d St., Far Rockaway.

A BEAUTIFUL bungalow at Neponsit, furnished; reasonable. Newport Av. and 144th St.

LONG BEACH WEST—Bargain, five-room furnished bungalow, $2,650; easy terms; one for rent, $400. 15 Vermont St.

SEA GATE, L. I.—Large master room, furnished; finest location, near beach. 3441 Coney Island.

ROCKAWAY PARK—One or two rooms, kitchen privilege; big sacrifice. 446 Beach 124th St. Belle Harbor 0075W.

Long Island.

STONY BROOK, L. I.—Have beautiful new bungalow overlooking Long Island Sound; perfect automobile roads; fine salt water bathing; golf; all water sports; very small investment; excellent commutation service; take Quaker Road from Stony Brook Station to Mt. Grey Road, then to Sound View. Call at Blue Water Camp, or address A. B. Hammond, box 293 Stony Brook, L. I.

LONG BEACH—Furnished apartment, facing ocean; for rent. Byrne, 6 Front St. Telephone Long Beach 343.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Attractively furnished 4-room apt.; also rooms and board, week or season. 161 Beach 220 St.

OCEAN BEACH, Long Island—Bungalow, furnished; boating, bathing, fishing. Phone Cypress 4178J.

STONY BROOK, furnished bungalow on water; ideal, bathing; $200. Flatbush 3708.

New York State.

CATSKILL—Bungalow, five rooms, all modern plumbing, conveniences, completely furnished; quiet location. H. M. Martin, Mount Pleasant, N. Y.

New Jersey.

FOR RENT, furnished, modern 8-room house; improvements; residential section Chatham; vegetable garden; August, September, longer; careful, appreciative tenants; $125 month; bargain; see Saturday, Sunday, Wellington, 44 Hillside Av.

CHATHAM—Modern 7-room house for Summer, close Lackawanna station; open Saturday or afternoon; Sunday or appointment. Wetenhall, care Milbank, 220 5th Av. Pennsylvania 6630.

TO RENT—Bungalow among pines, 5 minutes from railroad station and beach; 5 rooms, large, screened porch; rent, $75 monthly. Box 36, Beachwood, N. J. Mrs. E. W. Anderson.

STANHOPE, N. J.—Large bungalow to rent, September, October, and hunting season; overlooks lake; boat. Write E. H. Bance, 1160 Summit Av., Upper Montclair, N. J.

ATLANTIC CITY—For rent, six-room furnished apartment, $600 for two months. Phone Miss Lewis, Chelsea 6600, apartment 130, New York, after 6 o'clock.

FURNISHED bungalow with bath for rent, near lake; provisions bought at door; Lackawanna R. R. S. Jaffa, Bald Hill, Denville, N. J.

BRADLEY BEACH—Seven room cottage; modern improvements, reduced price. Call all week. 4 Kent Ave. or phone Market 9151.

NORTH ASBURY PARK, 1,004 5th Av.—Desirable 12-room house, furnished, near station; $700. August, September. Phone 1163.

BUNGALOWS, 2, $200, $160, furnished, 3 rooms, bathing; commutation. Melloden, Lincoln Park.

SEA GIRT—On inlet, 7-room cottage, furnished, sleeping porch; $400 season. Davenport, 45 Wall St., Blakey, Sea Girt.

COTTAGE, furnished, 7 rooms, bath, sleeping porch; also smaller cottage. Morsemere 587W.

ATTRACTIVELY furnished house; immediate possession; $1,700. Phone 989J Deal, N J

Maine.

DEER ISLE, Maine, Penobscot Bay, for rent, 7-room cottage, completely furnished; shore privileges; price, $125 per season. Mrs. Mary L. Snow, 119 Pearl St., Portland, Me.

New Hampshire.

FOR RENT—On hill overlooking Lake Sunapee and mountains, 1,500 ft. above sea level; modern house, 7 rooms, bath and sleeping porch; near farm and refined Summer colony; references required; price for season. Address Knight's Hill Farm, New London, N. H.

FOR RENT for the season, large and comfortable cottage at Profile House, Franconia Notch, N. H.; meals at hotel. Apply Martin J. Keogh, Pelham Road, New Rochelle, N. Y.

Massachusetts.

SALE or rent, Summer homes in Berkshire Hills. Wm. B. Hagyard, Pittsfield, Mass.

SUMMER HOMES WANTED.

MAN, with family, desires furnished house, six rooms or more, balance season, Long Island near bay preferred; fully equipped; best references. H 296 Times.

WANTED—Furnished house, master bedrooms, bathrooms, ocean preferred; immediate possession. G 543 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SPLENDIDLY FURNISHED OFFICES
GUARANTY TRUST BLDG.
5th Av. at 44th St.
2,000 ft. most desirable space in building, magnificently furnished in mahogany, suite or part; direct entrance; three entrances; telephones, 5 trunks, several extensions; will sell furniture at 25 per cent. of cost or rent furnished.
BAUER, MILBANK & MOLLOY, Inc.
51 East 42d St. Murray Hill 1938

161ST ST., 661 WEST (northwest cor. B'way, next to new subway station)—Store, 20x60, with fine show window; profitable location for any business; long lease; reasonable rental. C. Winternitz, 136 Broadway. Tel. 0338 Rector.

NEW PRINTING BLDG., 317 West 37th St. 3,000 sq. ft.; immediate possession; day and night service.
FENIMORE C. GOODE CO., INC.,
565 5th Av. Vanderbilt 8141.

FOR RENT, space and window for millinery department in women's specialty shop on best corner in Brooklyn; can give space immediately. M. J. Cohn, 1,115 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SUITE, handsome walnut furnished offices; light 3 sides, 10 windows; cork carpet; telephone connection. Apply 212 Gaiety Theatre Building.

SMALL LOFTS, $30.
TO MANUFACTURING—LIGHT BUSINESS.
HENRY BRADY, 130 WEST 33D ST.

OPPORTUNITY to share office and joint waiting room with dentist; Broadway and 90th; wonderful location in new building; private entrance. M 291 Times.

LOFTS TO LET.
402 WEST 27TH STREET.
WATKINS 9316.
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

PRIVATE OFFICE, $30-$75.
Includes service. No lease required.
Mail and telephone privileges.
Duane Co., 206 Broadway. Worth 250.

TO SUBLET for six months, fully equipped, well furnished offices, piano, desk, safe, files, &c.; references required. Room 302, Astor Theatre Building.

OFFICE, private, large, light, excellently furnished, with service; wonderful location, Marbridge Building, B'way and 34th St., Room 1153.

152 WEST 15TH ST.
Exceptional light manufacturing loft, whole or part; best superintendence. Longacre 2110.

OFFICE or desk space at 2 Rector St.; fully furnished, telephone service; immediate possession. Baker Kellogg, 120 Broadway.

19TH ST., 527-529-531 EAST—72x92; one-story brick to lease. Estate John U. Brookman, 165 Broadway. Cortlandt 1061.

GROUND FLOOR, 33x100, fireproof; 16 ft. ceilings; elevator; live steam. Economy Co., 100 10th Av., near 16th.

LARGE LIGHT SPACE, RENT REASONABLE, OR WILL PARTITION TO SUIT.
65 WEST 38TH, 3D FLOOR.

PRINTERS' LOFTS—Light on four sides; space top floors, 6,000 feet each. 343 West 46th. Owner, Fitzroy 4842.

FOR RENT—Desirable private office in suite, unfurnished, with or without service. Woolworth Bldg., Room 1173.

FOR immediate occupancy, single office; lease until April, 1923, $60 monthly. Apply room 1017, 261 Broadway.

OFFICE, furnished with private telephone, stenographic service. Room 806, 1,482 Broadway.

TO LET—Major part of optician's store; his lease in building at this month. Apply to

Real Estate—Other Cities and Towns

Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE or lease, furnished hotel; can be used for apartments; about 30 rooms; half way between two large cities on trolley line, also on main road to Berkshire Hills and White Mountains. Address Inn, General Delivery, Springfield, Mass.

FARMS.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

SACRIFICING 50-acre farm, equally divided, pasture, fields, woodland, fine orchard, good buildings, attractive house, electric light, modern improvements; near station. Manston, Bethel, Conn.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE

WILL EXCHANGE magnificent residence for apartment house; equity, $26,000; will add $10,000 cash. Barinda Co., 400 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

FREE and clear plot, 70x180, on Eastern Boulevard, opposite country club. Schmidt, 124 West 25th St.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS.

WANTED—1,200 feet, equipped as laboratory for milk analysis; Chelsea section or downtown. Box 579, 206 7th Av.

FACTORIES.

FACTORY—54,000 sq. ft.; or will divide; heat and 10 horsepower supplied. Apply to John W. Bull, on premises, 105 E. 125th, City.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

18TH, 103 EAST (Hotel Laclede)—2 rooms, bath, hotel service; $18 up.

32D, 34 EAST (Hotel Regent)—Attractive, newly decorated front apartment, 2, 3 rooms, $30-$35 weekly; one rear, $20; convenient everywhere. Madison Square 1854.

37TH, 187 EAST—Two rooms, foyer, kitchenette, bath; Summer or longer; unusual, modern improvements; near station. Manston, Bethel, Conn.

38TH ST., 39 EAST—Beautifully furnished apartment, bath and kitchenette.

55TH ST., 71 EAST—Floor, comfortable, cool. Summer rates; housekeeping.

67TH—Attractive 2-room bath kitchenette apartment, sacrifice Summer, $75. Bryant 7498.

62D, 40 EAST—Spacious living room, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; sacrifice. Rhinelander 10092.

59TH ST. AND 5TH AV.—BEAUTIFUL APARTMENT, PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, TO SUBLET BY THE MONTH OR T OOCT 1 AT LO WRATE. INQUIRE CLERK, NETHERLAND HOTEL.

59TH, 63 EAST—Summer, 3 large rooms, piano, bath, maid service, elevator, telephone; reasonable to reliable party. Weiss.

59TH, 51 E.—Parlor, chamber, bath, cheap. Housing Bureau, 507 5th Av. 5022 M. Hill.

60TH, 248 EAST—Artistic furnished apartment; two rooms and bath; all improvements; light housekeeping; remodeled building; $70 monthly.

60TH, 31 EAST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; maid service; July 1 to Oct. 1. Miss Cahill, Suite 1.

76TH, 48 EAST—Furnished two rooms, kitchen and bath; rent $70. Phone Plaza 6083.

93D ST. (Madison Av. Hotel Ashton)—Newly decorated, furnished 1, 2, 3, outside rooms; private bath; buses, surface cars, subways; $12-$16-$20 weekly; hotel service; restaurant.

93D, 68 EAST—Physician will share with business couple 8-room apartment, splendidly furnished; references required. Lenox 4397.

AS GOOD as the best hotel in service, cuisine and furnishings with the privacy of a 5th Av. home, suites and rooms at exceptionally low rates. 3 East 81st St. Rhinelander 1613.

COOL, HIGH, THREE EXPOSURES.

In 70s, on Park Av., corner, seven rooms, magnificently furnished; two master's bedrooms, two maid's baths, servant's maid's room, one convertible to master's room, adjoins another bath; dining room, living room, tiled kitchen; sacrifice less than unfurnished, till October; available to October, 1922; would share with couple. Rhinelander 7632.

LEXINGTON AV., 547—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; newly renovated, furnished; single rooms.

LEXINGTON, AV., 807—2 beautiful rooms, bath, furnished; private phone; $65. McNulty.

MADISON AV., 771 (corner 66th St.)—TO SUBLET, entire 3d floor, consisting of 10 large, sunny rooms, 4 baths, magnificently FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED, to Oct. 1; bargain. By appointment, Riverside 1727.

MADISON AV. (62D ST.)—2 and 3 room apartments, bath; hotel service. Hotel Bibo. Phone Lenox 8200.

PARK AV., 36—Beautifully furnished front apartment, with alcove, private bath, kitchenette.

ROSE O'NEILL'S studio apartment, 65 Washington Square South, to rent for Summer; unusual studio, bedroom, bath.

Furnished—West Side.

87TH AV. (near 43d St.)—2-room and kitchenette apartments, furniture of unrivaled; to Sept. 30, on lease after that; terms very reasonable. Phone 2326 Murray Hill, between 9 and 5.

87TH AV., 42—Until October: 3 rooms, kitchen, bath. Brooks. Chelsea 7926.

87TH, 18 WEST—Furnished studio apartment; grand piano; very reasonable.

87TH, 19 WEST—Studio, bath, kitchenette; modern; until October; private telephone; $75.

127TH WEST (61 Tiemann Place)—3-room furnished apartment for Summer school or longer; reasonable. Fitch, Apt. 26.

57TH ST., 224 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $60. Watkins 1795. Billings.

312TH ST. AND BROADWAY—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET, $120 PER MONTH. MRS. SPEED, GRAND HOTEL.

412T ST. (near 5th Av.)—Cozy, clean two room and bath apartment; furnished by New York decorator to refined people only; will be rented at reduced price. Phone Plaza 0645.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator apartments; cleanliness unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, baths, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable references; $75-$125 monthly. Longacre 3560.

46TH, 31 WEST—Very attractive furnished apartment, large living room, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; reduced rental for Summer; longer if desired.

47TH, 52 WEST—Large studio apartment, piano, telephone, bath, kitchenette, $80 month.

47TH ST.—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, bargain; $80. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

50S—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, piano; $100. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

51ST, 215 WEST, Apt. 1—Three rooms, complete, for Summer months; my own house; $25 per week. Circle 2635.

54TH ST. AND BROADWAY—TO SUBLET, ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, $25 PER WEEK. J. BRUNSON, HOTEL CUMBERLAND.

55TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.
THE REGAL, MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID, VALET SERVICES; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $100 UP; ONE ROOM, BATH, $90; REFERENCES.

55TH, 65 WEST—Ideal studio for artist, furnished antique large window; 2 rooms, complete, kitchen all conveniences; telephone; price $150; also 1-room suites; price $75; Summer; short, long lease; also unfurnished. Conklin.

55TH ST., 350 WEST (Apt. 4K)—1 room, bath, kitchenette; elevator; single bed; reasonable; sublet to October.

56TH, 208 WEST (HOTEL THORNDYKE). VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATH. SPECIAL SUMMER WEEKLY RATES. FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

56TH, 40 WEST—Light, airy apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette; 2-8. Wor'ls.

57TH ST., 340 WEST—MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICES; 2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH, $30 WEEKLY; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

57TH ST., 118 WEST—SEVERAL ATTRACTIVE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH SUITES TO LEASE FROM OCT. 1; VERY REASONABLE RATE. C. R. SCHMIDT, GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL.

57TH ST., 118 WEST—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET AT GREATLY REDUCED RATE BY WEEK, MONTH OR TO OCT. 1. C. R. SCHMIDT, GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL.

57TH, 301 WEST (at B'way)—Two rooms and kitchenette, with window; high-class elevator apartment; southern exposure; beautifully furnished; reasonable rent.

58TH ST., 211 WEST—2 rooms and bath, furnished; reasonable rent. Apply on premises, or phone Circle 5579.

61ST ST., 10 WEST (CORNER B'WAY), PLAZA HOTEL PARADENA.
SELECT FAMILY AND TRANSIENT HOTEL, OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK; ATTRACTIVE SUITES FOR TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $25-$30 UP WEEKLY. SPECIAL MONTHLY RATES. COLUMBUS 7127.

61ST, 127 WEST (Tieman Place)—3 rooms and bath, furnished; rent for Summer school or longer. Finch, Apt. 35.

68TH, 16 WEST—Handsomely furnished two rooms, large apartment; period furniture; Steinway; suitable family, doctor, musical studio; select.

69TH, 26 WEST—ENTIRE FLOOR, LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED, PRIVATE TILED BATH, COMPLETE SEPARATE KITCHEN; WEEKLY SPECIAL RATES.

69TH ST., near Broadway—Nicely furnished apartment 7 rooms, bath, hardwood floors, electricity, until Oct. 1 or longer; references required. Y 2192 Times Annex.

69TH, 14 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED 2-ROOM, KITCHENETTE SUITE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; $22.

69TH ST., 245 WEST (The New West End)—Two and three apartments; bath, kitchenette; $90 up; references required.

70TH, 236 WEST—Hudson breezes, artistically furnished modern kitchenette apartment; cool, 3 rooms; Summer months, $90. 2D.

70TH, WEST—Attractive, light 4-room apartment; all improvements; reasonable. Columbus 5640.

71ST, 10 WEST—One, two, three large, airy, beautifully furnished rooms, private bath, kitchenette; maid service; breakfast optional.

72D, 118 WEST (Carlton Apartments)—Under new management; very desirable two rooms, bath, furnished in excellent taste; (Summer rates; hotel service); restaurant.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

72D ST., 164-166 WEST.
NEAR BROADWAY, HIGH-CLASS MODERN HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS; ARTISTICALLY AND BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED, CONSISTING OF 3 AND 4 ROOMS, INCLUDING KITCHEN; SPECIAL SUMMER RATES; $125 MONTHLY UP.

72D, 42 WEST (Royalton Apt. Hotel)—Attractively furnished 2 room suites, bath; hotel service, restaurant; reduced rates.

72D, 340 WEST—3 rooms, bath, kitchen; furnished or unfurnished, Academy 1302.

73D ST., 126 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Newly decorated, luxuriously furnished 1-2-3 outside rooms; private bath; elevated, surface cars, subways; $10-$25 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

74TH, 3 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED 2 ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE; $23 WEEKLY.

74TH, 45 WEST—TWO-ROOM SUITE; $20 WEEKLY.

76TH, 226 WEST—Far below rent, 3 rooms, elevator, fine kitchenette. Nash.

76TH, 116 WEST—Parlor floor, attractively furnished, kitchenette, electricity, phone; Summer rate.

76TH ($44 West End)—Luxuriously furnished, 2-4 room apartments; high-class housekeeping.

76TH, 43 WEST—1-2 room kitchenette apartments; service; reduced; $18 up.

76TH, 27 WEST—Attractively furnished apartments, kitchenettes; electricity.

77TH, 128 WEST—Elegantly furnished three-room housekeeping apt.; modern conveniences.

80TH, 102 WEST (Hotel Anderson)—One and two room suites; lowest Summer rates.

80TH—Apartment, six rooms, bath; piano; bargain; $110. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

81ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, private bath; elevated, surface cars, subways; $15-$20-$25 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET, $100 PER MONTH. MRS. A. BROWER, HOTEL ENDICOTT.

84TH, 256 WEST—Comfortable four-room front suite, kitchen; reasonable; references. Townsend.

85TH ST. (Riverside Drive); also Broadway-81st—Two, three, four, five, six, eight rooms; everything new; immediate possession. Call 2,465 Broadway (91st).

85TH, 337 WEST—Entire second floor, consisting of two large rooms, large dressing room, bath, elegantly furnished; reasonable.

85TH, 257 WEST—Most attractive 3d large studio rooms; elevator, maid, kitchenette.

86TH (Riverside)—Seven rooms, 2 baths; $125; piano. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

87TH, 323 WEST (Riverside)—1, 2 front rooms, bath, kitchen; $45-$75.

87TH, 314 WEST (near Drive)—Attractive 1, 2 room apartments; twin beds, baths, kitchenettes; $55, $85; Summer rates.

91ST ST., 50 WEST—Large one-room kitchenette apartment; matched mahogany furniture; all new, spotless, beautiful draperies; silver, linen.

92D, 60 WEST—New house, just completed; two rooms; $90 up.

94TH (adjoining Drive)—3-room suite; 2-3 discriminating gentlemen. Schuyler 8341.

98TH, 303-311 WEST.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS.
At Riverside Drive.
COOL—CLEAN—QUIET.
Two and four rooms, bath, with kitchenette and regular kitchen; attractively furnished and completely equipped for housekeeping; exceptionally low rates by the week or month.

101ST, 311 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 2-ROOM SUITE; COMPLETE; SEPARATE KITCHEN; LARGE BATH, SHOWER; WEEKLY; REASONABLE.

101ST ($40 West End)—Cool, light seven rooms, two baths; elevator; furnished, unfurnished. Riverside 2228.

101ST, 20 WEST—4-6 light rooms, furnished, all improvements.

102D ST., 316 WEST—Charming large studio, room, all improvements; private house.

Furnished—West Side.

109TH ST., 107 WEST.
PRE-WAR PRICES.
2 and 3 rooms, high-class, $16 up weekly. Academy 1611. Open 8/A. M. to 8 P. M.

110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
Cathedral Plaza, 100 Cathedral Parkway.
One, 2, 3 room furnished apartments, with kitchenette, in high-class elevator apartment house; one of the best localities in New York; special rates for June, July and August; for small families with children; also nurses; newly painted; apartments just redecorated and painted; rates monthly, 1 room, $50 up; 2 rooms, $75 up; 3 rooms, $95 up; weekly terms arranged; subway 2 blocks, 8th and 9th Av. lines; bus in front of house; park for children opposite house; choice front apartment now available.
PHONE ACADEMY 0613.

111TH, 235 WEST—High-class building, six light rooms, bath; all conveniences; exceptionally clean; river view; $125. Cathedral 6439.

113TH, 506 WEST—Completely furnished 5-room modern elevator apartment, Columbia section.

118TH, 216 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE ONE, TWO ROOM SUITES, WITH OR WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH, 435 WEST (Columbia)—Sublet two rooms, bath, kitchenette; 8th floor; including linen, silver, &c. Dalton, Apt. 8H.

119TH, 419 WEST (Columbia)—Three rooms, kitchenette; seven front south windows. Hildreth.

119TH ST., 419 WEST—Attractively furnished two rooms, bath and kitchenette, 2L.

119TH, 435 WEST—Attractively furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Mrs. Pierce.

119TH, 435 WEST—2, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; July to October. Audreassen.

122D ST., 430 WEST (Apt. 24)—Attractive 2 rooms, kitchen, bath; twin beds, phonograph, piano; accommodate 3; $30.

122D, 531 WEST—Furnished apartment, 3 rooms and bath. Apt. 23.

123D, 530 WEST—6 rooms, light and airy; telephone; $25 per week; suitable for several Summer school students or family. Apply Whitehouse.

124TH (near Riverside)—4 rooms, elevator apt., $75. Morningside 6750; near Columbia.

124TH, 510 WEST—Five elevator rooms, eastern, southern exposure, piano, Victrola. Weber.

144TH, 600 WEST (Broadway), Apt. 3G—Desirable front apartment, six rooms, reasonable.

157TH, 600 WEST—Seven large, outside rooms; $125 Monthly. Tel. 2634 Melrose.

159TH, 529 WEST—Four rooms, newly furnished. Billings 1760.

169TH, 709 WEST—Four and five room apartments; fully furnished; sublet or sell, sacrifice; Hudson view. See Superintendent.

181ST ST., 720 WEST—Exceptional 4-room elevator apartment; rent $65. !Doran.

BRIGHT six-room front apartment, near Columbia; Summer rent $100; artistic furnishings; piano (optional) $850. Phone Morningside 5489.

BROADWAY, 2,274.
2 rooms and bath; rent $75.

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY SECTION.
Why go to the country when you can secure beautifully furnished apartments, near two lovely parks, at prewar prices?
2 rooms, kitchen and bath, $60 up.
3 rooms, kitchen or kitchenette, $65 up.
4 rooms, with light, airy kitchen, $70 up.
5 rooms, with wonderful view, $75 up.
6 rooms, all facing front, $90 up.
References essential. Weekly rates to responsible people. MAIN OFFICE, 215 Manhattan Av., corner 109th St. Open evenings and all day Sunday. Phone Academy 1647.

CENTRAL PARK WEST—Luxurious two-room apartment; $125. Riverside 4164, Apt. 5.

CLAREMONT AV., 100—2-room furnished apartment. Call Saturday and Sunday. Apt. 8-J.

HOTEL EARLE
WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH
ON JULY 1 WILL HAVE SEVERAL DESIRABLE SUITES AT SENSATIONALLY LOW RATES. INSPECTION INVITED. SPRING 8456.

PRICE $150 MONTHLY.
Will rent furnished, half my large, cool apartment to refined married couple; private bath; all conveniences. 827 Riverside Drive, The Ardsley, Apt. 1, south. Ask for Mrs. Morris.

REAL OPPORTUNITY for those wishing a well furnished 5-room apartment overlooking the Hudson on Washington Heights; terms to suit. Telephone 1-5, Wadsworth 0160.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 238 (96th St.)—Seven outside rooms, two baths; southern, eastern exposures; completely furnished; available immediately for 3, 11 or 14 months; references required. Telephone Schuyler 0247.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 99 (324?)—Entire floor, three outside rooms, bath, kitchenette, until Oct. 1, $85. Apply John 2960.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 72 (70th)—3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; Summer rates. Schuyler 3162.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 37—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, furnished, to lease. Inquire Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Four rooms, attractively furnished; July 15 to Oct. 1, $280 season. Phone Riverside 4068.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587—Seven rooms and bath $200 per month. Apt. 42.

SACRIFICE, for Summer, exceptional two-room housekeeping apartment. Phone River 2279.

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 80 (at 155th)—Three rooms, bath; Summer, $65 monthly. Tel. Audubon 3800, Apt. 6D. Call Saturday.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

SUBLET KITCHENETTE.
Summer months, three large outside rooms, luxuriously furnished, elevator, convenient all lines; reasonable terms right party. Apt. 56, 307 West 122d St. Morningside 7826.

SUBLET, two rooms, private; also one room, private bath. Standish Arms Hotel, 169 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn. Main 4290.

TWO rooms and bath, bachelor apartment; furnishings for sale. Apply Superintendent, 24 West 46th St.

WEST END AV., 435 (81st)—Corner apartment, two large, delightfully attractive rooms, bath, kitchenette; $31 Oct. 1; $120 monthly; very reasonable. Apply Supt.

WEST END AV., 226—Beautiful two rooms, kitchenette, sun parlor apartment, furnished or unfurnished; rent less than unfurnished.

WHAT couple will share exclusive nine-room apartment with mother and daughter, at 1,815 7th Av.? Cathedral 8068.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

TO RENT for Summer, large duplex apartment; newly remodeled house; electricity; instantaneous hot water by parquet floors; newly furnished, including Steinway piano; three minutes by subway to Wall St. 99 Hicks St. Phone Main 8129J.

Furnished—Long Island.

LONG BEACH—Beautifully furnished apartment to let, near ocean; every modern improvement; high-class surroundings; great bargain; season, monthly, yearly. Telephone Long Beach 859.

FAR ROCKAWAY apartments; one to four rooms, with or without kitchen accommodations. Madison Arms, near beach. Far Rockaway 2220.

Unfurnished—East Side.

6TH AV., 2,041—Elevator apartment, 5 and 7 rooms and bath; $1,100 to $1,600. Apply Supt. on premises or Carstein & Linnekin, Inc., 221 4th Av. Stuyvesant 7780.

6TH AV., 40—Apartment 7 large outside rooms, high ceilings, parquet floors, 2 master baths, hall and elevator service. Apply on premises or phone Stuyvesant 9120.

15TH, 105 EAST (Union Square)—2, 3 and 5 rooms, high-class elevator, $40 upward. Murray Hill.

27TH, 148 EAST—Three large, light rooms, bath; all improvements.

30TH, 139 EAST—Elegant 3 rooms, kitchenette; elevator apartment; immediate possession.

50TH, 51 EAST—Parlor, chamber, bath; cheap. Housing Bureau, 507 5th Av. 5022 Murray Hill.

62D, 22 EAST—2 rooms and bath, maid service. Apply Supt.

78TH, 49 EAST—Single apartment, 3 rooms and bath; newly renovated; new parquet flooring; rent $700.

83D, 116 EAST (near Park Av.)—New building, attractive, ready for occupancy now; two rooms, bath and kitchenette; every modern improvement. Apply premises.

87TH, 66 EAST—High class elevator apt.; 6-7 rooms; $1,800-$2,200; possession or October 1st.

87TH ST., 31 EAST—6 rooms, electric lights, all improvements, $100-$105.

97TH, 9-11 EAST—8 beautiful rooms, completely decorated, near 5th Av.; exceptional.

115TH ST., 246 EAST—Apartment 6 large, light, outside rooms, steam heat, hot water, electric light; $80.

AT NO. 19 EAST 95TH ST. (near 5TH AV.)—6 rooms and bath; $160; elevator.

BEEKMAN PLACE, 12—Cheerful apartment 5 rooms, improvements, $45. Tel. Plaza 4800.

LEXINGTON AV., 317 ($8th)—Phone Murray Hill 2913; desirable complete apartment; can be seen by appointment; rent $1,200.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,275—2-5-6 rooms, electric light, all improvements, $66, $75 and $85.

LEXINGTON, 302 (57th St.)—Basement of 5 rooms, two baths; electricity, gas.

MADISON AV., 1,070 (Corner 81st)—High-class elevator apartment, seven and eight rooms, two baths. Vanderbilt 8151.

MADISON AV., 1,013 (78th)—Beautiful single rooms; one with real kitchen; $30-$40.

PARK AV., 942—5 rooms, electric light, all improvements, $85.

Unfurnished—West Side.

7TH AV., 1,815 (cor. 111th St.)—6-room modern elevator apartment, $110.

10TH ST., 57 WEST—Three rooms and bath, elevator; $60; references.

11TH, 210 WEST—High-class 3 rooms, kitchenette and bath; all improvements; immediate possession. Inquire on premises.

11TH ST., 31 WEST—5 rooms in high-class elevator apartment, furnished or unfurnished. Supt. will show.

11TH ST., 310 WEST—Four-room apartment, $35; suitable for couple. Graef.

12TH, 230 WEST—Six rooms, bath, steam heat; subway station; $85 monthly.

13TH, 132 WEST—Cool, attractive duplex studio apartment; garden; $150; would divide.

16TH ST., 23 WEST—2-room apartment, all improvements, $65 a month. Inquire Supt. on premises.

46TH, 62 WEST—Two rooms, bath, southern exposure; quiet, refined; immediate possession.

49TH, 11 EAST—Attractive two rooms, kitchen, bath; front; elevator apartment; furnished, $125; unfurnished, $115. Plaza 9023; would sell furniture.

50TH ST., 39 WEST—2 rooms, bath and kitchenette. Apply Shoe Store.

55TH, 328 WEST—Duplex studio, north light; electric light; kitchen, Apt. 8.

57TH, 301 WEST—2 and 3 rooms, kitchenette; corner elevator building; southern exposure; $90 per month; also 2-room studio.

58TH, 253-255 WEST—7-3 rooms, elevator; all improvements; newly decorated, $125 and up. Supt. or J

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates.

Count six words as an Agate line. Per Agate Line
(Minimum space, two lines)
Situations Wanted
Boarders and Rooms Wanted
Help Wanted
Real Estate, &c.
Resort and Summer
Apartments to Let and Wanted
Country Board
Business Opportunities
Automobiles
For Sale
Miscellaneous
Entertainment Announcements

Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Case 30c) 12c
Travel, Yachts and Outfitting to Buyers 10c
Sunday Excursion (Sunday) 12c

For insertion in the Sunday edition, advertisements of schools, examinations, Actors and Actresses must be received in The Times Building by 9:00 Thursday. Real Estate and Financial Announcements by Thursday noon. Theatrical Advertisements for insertion in the Theatrical Section by 5 P. M. Friday. Business Opportunities by 12 M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 2 P. M. today.

Advertisements for insertion in the daily issues of The New York Times, if received after 3 P. M. on the day preceding insertion, will be inserted at the final closing time of 6 P. M.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

14TH ST, 207 WEST—Desirable room; hot, cold water, shower; near Drive. Ridge.

16TH, 304 WEST—Attractive, cool room, elevatory, shower; private family; reasonable. Gilman.

16TH, 300 WEST—High-class front room; also one or two; $10 per week. Schuyler 6226.

Apt. 1A.

16TH, 342 WEST (Riverside)—Beautiful modern home; river breeze; delightful rooms; reasonable.

17TH, 21 WEST—Large, sunny room, bath; kitchenette privilege; electricity, maid service.

17TH, 142 WEST—Double and single rooms, with without bath; exclusive; reasonable.

17TH, 31 WEST—Large and small rooms in refined house, also suites.

17TH ST. (543 West End)—Desirable double, single rooms; $9-$14; gentleman.

18TH, 200 WEST—Small room; $7; suite, piano, kitchen privileges; modern. Perrin.

18TH, 230 WEST—Beautiful small and large rooms; all conveniences; private home; board optional; Summer rates.

18TH, 14 WEST—Attractive large rooms, running water, twin beds, kitchenette; $12.

18TH, 347 WEST (Drive)—Large and small rooms; private bath; exclusive; residence. Gilman.

18TH, 122 WEST—Desirable single room, comfortably furnished; parquet; electricity.

18TH, 36 WEST—Large airy front room, comfortably furnished; parquet; electricity.

18TH, 307 WEST—Choice room with or without private bath; single room.

18TH, 304 WEST—Nicely furnished front room; piano; private bath; reasonable; references.

18TH, 350 WEST—Beautiful large front parlor, electricity; $15; small room $7.

19TH, 250 WEST—2 attractive large front rooms with dressing rooms, electricity. Bryant 8112, 876.

19TH, 519 WEST—2 housekeeping rooms, Lehigh, Schuyler 6008.

19TH, 153 WEST—Large front room, running water, bath adjoining; references exchanged.

19TH, 332 WEST—One room, $6; second floor. Riverside 5205.

19TH, 330 WEST—Large, comfortable room, facing Riverside; gentlemen; $9. Eaton.

20TH, 231 (Corner Broadway)—Delightful front, cool room, beautifully furnished; highest class surroundings; 2 baths, shower; reasonable. De Long.

20TH, 17 WEST.

Delightful large room, electricity, housekeeping, $10.

20TH, 230 WEST (Apt. 3B)—Large, beautiful room, facing Broadway; kitchen privileges; business couple; also small room. Abeles.

20TH, 17 WEST—Large room, twin beds; private; reasonable; meals optional. River 2624.

20TH, 127 WEST—Large, cool, clean room, private bath, electricity; reasonable; gentleman.

20TH, 8 WEST (Near Broadway)—Large room, closets and lavatory; $12. Riverside 8814.

20TH, 30 WEST—Attractively furnished rooms, single, en suite; kitchen privileges; reasonable.

20TH, 203 WEST—Finely furnished rooms, all modern conveniences; references required.

21ST, 238 WEST—Large, small, well-furnished rooms for refined business people.

21ST, 220 WEST—Cool, double; bath, gas; skylight; kitchenette; overlooking Hudson; references.

21ST, 242 WEST—Two large, cool rooms together or separate; kitchenette if desired; private house near Riverside Drive.

21ST—Attractive light front, facing Broadway; bath adjoining; single $6. Academy 2244.

21ST, 215 WEST—NICE HOME.

Exceptionally finely furnished, next bath; gentleman only; moderate. Pyne, first floor.

22ND, 201 WEST—Cool, double, single, near Broadway; elevator. Academy 2260. Armstrong.

22ND, 301 WEST—Attractive, cool single, double rooms; kitchen privileges; $9-$12.

22ND, 312 WEST—Furnished, single, double rooms; most exclusive section in city.

22ND, 308 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE TILED BATH, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SINGLE ROOM; SUMMER RATES.

22ND, 208 WEST (Apt. 9B)—Airy, clean, newly front room, southwestern exposure, elevator; Summer rates; $9; gentleman; references.

22ND, 315 WEST—Elegant, spacious room; conveniences; private bath; high-class residence.

22ND, 300 WEST—Apt. 4-W, large, airy, housekeeping, suite or one room; reasonable for Summer; all conveniences.

22ND, 304 WEST—Large, small elegantly furnished rooms; private house; baths; kitchenette.

22ND, 308 WEST—Large room, private home; shower; couple or gentlemen; reasonable.

22ND, 301 WEST—Cool, pleasant room, Christian home, near Columbia. Apt. 2B.

23RD, 306 WEST (Apt. 1G)—Gentleman occupying corner apartment has 1 or 2 rooms vacant; all modern conveniences; reasonable.

23RD, 320 WEST (Apt. 1A)—Airy outside room, bath; private family; reasonable.

23RD, 302 WEST—Single or double; unusually attractive. Call after 5. Apt. 8-A.

23RD, 341 WEST—Large front room, kitchened; also small room. Hodges.

23RD ST., 336 WEST—Attractive, cool room, adjoining bath. Apt. 52.

24TH, 617 WEST (Riverside, Columbia)—Front rooms; reasonable. Cathedral 3307.

24TH, 336 WEST—Large room, single bed, bath, private house; Columbia student.

24TH, 328 WEST (Opposite Columbia)—Large well furnished, quiet outside room, private bath; also single; references. Cathedral 7812.

24TH, 609 WEST—Large, delightful front room, attractively furnished; homelike atmosphere. Thurston.

24TH, 209 WEST—Splendid room, bath; gentleman; references; no other roomers. Walker.

25TH, 257 WEST—Large room, private home, housekeeping; elevator; convenient. Marion, Apt. 6.

25TH, 301 WEST—Large, light room, adjoining bath and shower. Apartment 111.

26TH, 310 WEST (HOTEL CECIL).

ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEK-END RATES; HOTEL SERVICE.

26TH, 319 WEST (Apt. 41)—Light single room; elevator; near Columbia; $7.

26TH—Medium size; $6; business person; private family. Petersen, 54 Morningside Av.

26TH, ST., 414 WEST—Large, beautifully furnished room for rent, vicinity Columbia; private; all conveniences; suitable for couple; private family; American family preferred. Telephone Morningside 4130; or call Apartment D6, Jobelmay.

26TH, 13 WEST—Large back parlor with kitchenette; opposite Park; improvements; $8 up.

26TH, 154 WEST—Parlor; also light housekeeping rooms; new house.

26TH, 318 WEST (nr. 8th)—Double rooms, facing park; kitchen privileges; ladies.

26TH, 318 WEST (Apt. 3)—Pleasant, outside room, separate, together.

26TH, 340 WEST—Single, double rooms, 2 adjoining baths; one floor. Apt. 2D.

27TH (6-STY.) away, near Columbia—Front, newly furnished, shower; bath; private; elevator apartment; $7. Thompson.

27TH, 316 WEST—Attractively furnished room, private family, $6 week. Apartment 2.

27TH ST., 315 WEST—Large, attractively furnished private family; electric; telephone; reasonable.

27TH, 350 WEST—Comfortable, adjoining room; real opportunity; private family; $7.

27TH, 528 WEST—Lady share apartment with one or couple; Summer. Call 7-9.

28TH (Broadway)—Newly furnished, immaculate; ready Sunday; reference. Hoyle.

28TH, 2 E. 28th—Quiet, comfortable room; $7 and $8. Apply Janitor.

28TH, 419 WEST—Elegant, spacious room; conveniences; private bath; high-class residence.

28TH, 300 WEST—Large, airy, housekeeping suite or one room; reasonable for Summer; all conveniences.

28TH, 304 WEST—Large, small elegantly furnished rooms; private house; baths; kitchenette.

28TH, 308 WEST—Large room, private home; shower; couple or gentlemen; reasonable.

29TH, 501 WEST—Cool, pleasant room, Christian home, near Columbia. Apt. 2B.

29TH, 506 WEST (Apt. 1G)—Gentleman occupying corner apartment has 1 or 2 rooms vacant; all modern conveniences; reasonable.

29TH, 320 WEST (Apt. 1A)—Airy outside room, bath; private family; reasonable.

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34TH, 2 E. 34th—Quiet, comfortable room; $7 and $8. Apply Janitor.

34TH, 419 WEST—Elegant, spacious room; conveniences; private bath; high-class residence.

34TH, 300 WEST—Large, airy, housekeeping, suite or one room; reasonable for Summer; all conveniences.

34TH, 304 WEST—Large, small elegantly furnished rooms; private house; baths; kitchenette.

34TH, 308 WEST—Large room, private home; shower; couple or gentlemen; reasonable.

35TH, 501 WEST—Cool, pleasant room, Christian home, near Columbia. Apt. 2B.

35TH, 506 WEST (Apt. 1G)—Gentleman occupying corner apartment has 1 or 2 rooms vacant; all modern conveniences; reasonable.

35TH, 320 WEST (Apt. 1A)—Airy outside room, bath; private family; reasonable.

35TH, 208 WEST—Single or double; unusually attractive. Call after 5. Apt. 8-A.

35TH, 341 WEST—Large front room, kitchened; also small room. Hodges.

35TH, 336 WEST—Attractive, cool room, adjoining bath. Apt. 52.

35TH, 617 WEST (Riverside, Columbia)—Front rooms; reasonable. Cathedral 3307.

35TH, 336 WEST—Large room, single bed, bath, private house; Columbia student.

35TH, 328 WEST (Opposite Columbia)—Large well furnished, quiet outside room, private bath; also single; references. Cathedral 7812.

35TH, 609 WEST—Large, delightful front room, attractively furnished; homelike atmosphere. Thurston.

35TH, 209 WEST—Splendid room, bath; gentleman; references; no other roomers. Walker.

36TH, 257 WEST—Large room, private home, housekeeping; elevator; convenient. Marion, Apt. 6.

36TH, 301 WEST—Large, light room, adjoining bath and shower. Apartment 111.

36TH, 310 WEST (HOTEL CECIL).

ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEK-END RATES; HOTEL SERVICE.

36TH, 319 WEST (Apt. 41)—Light single room; elevator; near Columbia; $7.

36TH—Medium size; $6; business person; private family. Petersen, 54 Morningside Av.

36TH, ST., 414 WEST—Large, beautifully furnished room for rent, vicinity Columbia; private; all modern conveniences; suitable for couple; private family; American family preferred. Telephone Morningside 4130; or call Apartment D6, Jobelmay.

36TH, 13 WEST—Large back parlor with kitchenette; opposite Park; improvements; $8 up.

36TH, 154 WEST—Parlor; also light housekeeping rooms; new house.

36TH, 318 WEST (nr. 8th)—Double rooms, facing park; kitchen privileges; ladies.

36TH, 318 WEST (Apt. 3)—Pleasant, outside room, separate, together.

36TH, 340 WEST—Single, double rooms, 2 adjoining baths; one floor. Apt. 2D.

36TH (6-STY.) away, near Columbia—Front, newly furnished, shower; bath; private; elevator apartment; $7. Thompson.

36TH, 316 WEST—Attractively furnished room, private family, $6 week. Apartment 2.

36TH ST., 315 WEST—Large, attractively furnished private family; electric; telephone; reasonable.

36TH, 350 WEST—Comfortable, adjoining room; real opportunity; private family; $7.

36TH, 528 WEST—Lady share apartment with one or couple; Summer. Call 7-9.

37TH (Broadway)—Newly furnished, immaculate; ready Sunday; reference. Hoyle.

37TH, 2 E. 37th—Quiet, comfortable room; $7 and $8. Apply Janitor.

37TH, 419 WEST—Elegant, spacious room; conveniences; private bath; high-class residence.

37TH, 300 WEST—Large, airy, housekeeping, suite or one room; reasonable for Summer; all conveniences.

37TH, 304 WEST—Large, small elegantly furnished rooms; private house; baths; kitchenette.

37TH, 308 WEST—Large room, private home; shower; couple or gentlemen; reasonable.

38TH, 501 WEST—Cool, pleasant room, Christian home, near Columbia. Apt. 2B.

38TH, 506 WEST (Apt. 1G)—Gentleman occupying corner apartment has 1 or 2 rooms vacant; all modern conveniences; reasonable.

38TH, 320 WEST (Apt. 1A)—Airy outside room, bath; private family; reasonable.

38TH, 208 WEST—Single or double; unusually attractive. Call after 5. Apt. 8-A.

38TH, 341 WEST—Large front room, kitchened; also small room. Hodges.

38TH, 336 WEST—Attractive, cool room, adjoining bath. Apt. 52.

38TH, 617 WEST (Riverside, Columbia)—Front rooms; reasonable. Cathedral 3307.

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38TH, 328 WEST (Opposite Columbia)—Large well furnished, quiet outside room, private bath; also single; references. Cathedral 7812.

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38TH, 209 WEST—Splendid room, bath; gentleman; references; no other roomers. Walker.

39TH, 257 WEST—Large room, private home, housekeeping; elevator; convenient. Marion, Apt. 6.

39TH, 301 WEST—Large, light room, adjoining bath and shower. Apartment 111.

39TH, 310 WEST (HOTEL CECIL).

ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEK-END RATES; HOTEL SERVICE.

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40TH (Broadway)—Newly furnished, immaculate; ready Sunday; reference. Hoyle.

40TH, 2 E. 40th—Quiet, comfortable room; $7 and $8. Apply Janitor.

40TH, 419 WEST—Elegant, spacious room; conveniences; private bath; high-class residence.

40TH, 300 WEST—Large, airy, housekeeping, suite or one room; reasonable for Summer; all conveniences.

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41ST, 209 WEST—Splendid room, bath; gentleman; references; no other roomers. Walker.

42D, 257 WEST—Large room, private home, housekeeping; elevator; convenient. Marion, Apt. 6.

42D, 301 WEST—Large, light room, adjoining bath and shower. Apartment 111.

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ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEK-END RATES; HOTEL SERVICE.

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42D, 154 WEST—Parlor; also light housekeeping rooms; new house.

42D, 318 WEST (nr. 8th)—Double rooms, facing park; kitchen privileges; ladies.

42D, 318 WEST (Apt. 3)—Pleasant, outside room, separate, together.

42D, 340 WEST—Single, double rooms, 2 adjoining baths; one floor. Apt. 2D.

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42D, 316 WEST—Attractively furnished room, private family, $6 week. Apartment 2.

42D ST., 315 WEST—Large, attractively furnished private family; electric; telephone; reasonable.

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42D, 528 WEST—Lady share apartment with one or couple; Summer. Call 7-9.

43D (Broadway)—Newly furnished, immaculate; ready Sunday; reference. Hoyle.

43D, 2 W. 43d—Quiet, comfortable room; $7 and $8. Apply Janitor.

43D, 419 WEST—Elegant, spacious room; conveniences; private bath; high-class residence.

43D, 300 WEST—Large, airy, housekeeping, suite or one room; reasonable for Summer; all conveniences.

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44TH, 208 WEST—Single or double; unusually attractive. Call after 5. Apt. 8-A.

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45TH, 301 WEST—Large, light room, adjoining bath and shower. Apartment 111.

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46TH (Broadway)—Newly furnished, immaculate; ready Sunday; reference. Hoyle.

46TH, 2 W. 46th—Quiet, comfortable room; $7 and $8. Apply Janitor.

46TH, 419 WEST—Elegant, spacious room; conveniences; private bath; high-class residence.

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47TH, 209 WEST—Splendid room, bath; gentleman; references; no other roomers. Walker.

48TH, 257 WEST—Large room, private home, housekeeping; elevator; convenient. Marion, Apt. 6.

48TH, 301 WEST—Large, light room, adjoining bath and shower. Apartment 111.

48TH, 310 WEST (HOTEL CECIL).

ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEK-END RATES; HOTEL SERVICE.

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48TH, ST., 414 WEST—Large, beautifully furnished room for rent, vicinity Columbia; private; all modern conveniences; suitable for couple; private family; American family preferred. Telephone Morningside 4130; or call Apartment D6, Jobelmay.

48TH, 13 WEST—Large back parlor with kitchenette; opposite Park; improvements; $8 up.

48TH, 154 WEST—Parlor; also light housekeeping rooms; new house.

48TH, 318 WEST (nr. 8th)—Double rooms, facing park; kitchen privileges; ladies.

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THE WRONG RITA NAMED.

Miss Wellman Says She Has Often Been Confused With Rita Wellman.

Rita Wellman has neither a bull pup nor a husband, and she is not on her way to Europe. Rita Wellman has all of these things and her name should have appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES story yesterday in place of Rita Wellman.

"It is not the first time," said Miss Wellman yesterday, "that my name has been confused with that of Rita Wellman. Miss Wellman is a writer and the author of 'The Gentile Wife,' a play which critics have often attributed to me. I envy her the trip to Europe, and I would like to have a bull pup, but I want to choose my own husband."

Miss Wellman is in Flower Hospital, recovering from an operation for appendicitis. She had planned to sail for Europe, she said, the latter part of July if it had not been necessary for her to undergo the operation.

Two Accused by Policeman Freed.

Max Needle of 105 Hester Street and Joseph Wesley of 450 East 169th Street, the Bronx, were discharged after a hearing in the Tombs Court yesterday on a charge made by Probationary Policeman Peter Franchini of 625 Forty-first Street, Brooklyn. Franchini caused the arrest of the men after thieves had stolen his suit while he was in the police training school.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

15 cents a word each insertion.

Bank and business references required from all advertisers in this classification.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

PHOTOGRAPHER'S studio wanted; must be good paying proposition; good lease, location; will pay cash. F 156 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

FINANCIAL MAN wanted to control finances of going manufacturing institution; factory organization complete, sales organization selling beyond ability to finance; can produce $200,000 sales per month; want big man, who will make big investment; product popular-priced patented article of $30; volume of sales only limited by ability to finance; in first letter give qualifications as required by this advertisement and arrange interview. M 146 Times.

HAVE developed process whereby roasted coffees will keep fresh, also enrich the flavor, making more coffee palatable, at no increased cost; market unlimited; good margin of profit; a rare opportunity for investment; principals only. Y 2199 Times Annex.

WANTED—Active man with $3,000 (secured by corporation stock), first class, profitable, established light manufacturing business in New Haven, Conn.; salaried position. The "Nesco" Company of New Haven, Conn., 163-165 State St.

ACTIVE or silent partner with $6,000 to $10,000 to expand going concern that has revenue-producing property; unusual opportunity for large returns; interest secured; full-est investigation invited; principals only. M 199 Times.

WANTED—Partner to invest between $15,000-$25,000 in high class, well established wholesale and retail millinery and gown concerns; no agents, principals only; will stand thorough investigation. G 554 Times.

ESTABLISHED motor trucking business, with large line of customers, wants partner having some knowledge of the business and capital to invest. Address 175 N. Y. Times, Brooklyn Branch.

A REPRESENTATIVE for well-known automobile wishes 2 partners with $15,000 to $20,000 to open showroom; service station established. For further information phone Fordham 10229.

$2,000 WANTED for advertising and marketing proven hair tonic. G 447 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

COUNTY and district agents wanted for automobile device endorsed by leading automobile manufacturers. Manager, 44 Herkimer Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CLUB CATERER, finest cuisine, 10% per cent. of gross receipts for privilege; references. T 2225 Times Annex.

FOR SALE.

THE best opportunity in the State of New Jersey, an old-established business of a well equipped electrical and repair shop and manufacturing of our own battery; we are also a Class A distributer for the United Motors Service, Inc., of New York City, N. Y.; we are willing to sell at a sacrifice of our inventory; the owner wants to retire. For full particulars call or write to Mr. Nathan Schwartz, 210-213 Central Av., Newark, N. J.

CALIFORNIA GRAPE JUICE.

A. JOSEPH, President of the Smile-O Grape Juice Co. factory, Fresno, Cal., home office, Aberdeen, Wash., will leave for home in a few days and will contract for any quantity of unfermented grape juice. If interested in a most superior quality grape juice phone Murray Hill 10411. Office, 310 Liggett Building, 41 East 42d St.

MONEY-MAKING automobile showroom, service station, garage for sale; rent income alone, $7,800; cash required, $20,000; balance, $30,000 on long-term mortgage; property 100x125. Fred Brier, 622 Channel Av., Far Rockaway. Phone Belle Harbor 2476.

ATLANTIC CITY GARAGE, wonderful new proposition, 115 cars, one-story new brick building opposite Pennsylvania station; only one on thoroughfare, sure moneymaker; price low; good terms. Frank Bloom, 169 St. James Place, Atlantic City.

OPPORTUNITY to buy established resident buying business, with income over $6,000 yearly, handling wholesalers of coats and suits; great prospects; owner has other interests. Call 1,265 Broadway, Room 808.

FOR SALE.

The most beautiful restaurant in the heart of the city on the State road; big opportunity. Apply by mail, L. Smith, General Delivery, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

HEALTH forces immediate sale of a successful ready-to-wear business; an exceptional opportunity. Call between 10 and 12 A. M., Ida Fuller, 102 West 57th.

FOR SALE—Brooklyn, most up-to-date hardware store; located in the heart of the shopping district. For further information phone Nevins 5370.

TIMES SQUARE section, 15-year lease for sale, 5-story building, rent $3,600 yearly; little alteration will net large profit. Bargain, 104 Times.

ESTABLISHED motor trucking business, having 12 trucks, with excellent work on hand; owner retiring. 172 N. Y. Times, Brooklyn Branch.

LADIES' Hosiery Store For Sale—Good location, large weekly profits; rent $60 monthly; lease 5 years; price $4,500. L 611 Times Downtown.

LONG LEASE—Furnishings, 30 rooms, 10 baths, fashionable 80s; bargain, quick sale. Phone Schuyler 10130.

BEAUTY PARLOR—Money maker, good lease. Rude & Walter, 1,819 Broadway, Columbus 5454.

COMMERCIAL school, Bronx, established, good income, little cash; illness. Box 18, 677 East 163d.

REAL ESTATE offices, suburban leads and listings; Grand Central Section. O 195 Times.

LACE curtain plant, full equipment. P. K. Wilson & Son, 154 West 14th.

FURNITURE and lease for sale; must sell quick; reasonable. 114 West 80th St.

FOR SALE—Corner drug store, $7,000, half cash. Phone Mr. Klauber, Cortlandt 0567.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—Show window and inside space, Paul's Drug Store, 621½ 6th Av., at 31st St.

BUSINESS LOANS.

MONEY! MONEY MAKES MONEY! Money loaned in any amount on diamonds, jewelry, silverware. Rate deposit vaults. EQUITABLE PLEDGE SOCIETY, INC., 8 EAST 14TH ST.

MONEY for smaller business men; second mortgages, automobiles. Peerless Trading Co., 220 Broadway, city.

BUSINESS SERVICES.

PRINTING of Quality at prices hard to beat. Manhattan, 1465 Broadway, Pitman Bldg.

DIER SURRENDERS; GIVES $35,000 BAIL

Indicted Nine Days Ago, Broker Says He Did Not Dodge Detectives.

BLAMES HIS UNDERLINGS

Ill, He Declares, From "Nervous Shock"—"Middle Ear," His Doctor's Diagnosis.

Elmore D. Dier, head of the bankrupt brokerage firm of E. D. Dier & Co., surrendered yesterday afternoon to District Attorney Banton, and, after he had been held in $35,000 bail on sixteen indictments charging him with grand larceny and bucketing the orders of customers, declared that others in his firm had made him the "goat" in the Grand Jury investigation which led to the indictments.

Dier was indicted nine days ago with Harry J. Lawrence Jr., his partner, and Benjamin F. Shrimpton and Adam Recklein, employes. He said before he was arraigned before Justice McAvoy in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court that he had remained in this city during all the time a squad of detectives under Detective Sergeant John Cunniff of the District Attorney's office had been searching for him.

When he appeared soon after 4 o'clock in the District Attorney's office and surrendered to Lieutenant Edward Ravana he was accompanied by his attorney and Dr. James M. McTiernan of 565 Park Avenue and half a dozen friends, who were reported to have come here from Philadelphia to accompany him to Justice McAvoy's court.

"I have made no attempt to evade the detectives," Dier said while he was waiting for his release on a bail bond furnished by a surety company. "I have been in this city all the time in the care of my physician, Dr. McTiernan, at my home at 565 Park Avenue. I welcome the opportunity to demonstrate at my trial my innocence of wrongdoing in connection with the affairs of Dier & Co. I have been neither a thief nor a buckster.

"I'm the goat in this case. They passed the buck to me in the Dier & Co. bankruptcy proceeding, and in the Grand Jury investigation which led up to my indictment. I'm merely the goat."

Dier's announcement that he was in this city during all the time the hunt for him was in progress was a surprise to detectives who had been searching him. One of them said that the Park Avenue apartment in which Dier lived had been "covered" by them, and they were certain that he had left town on the day before the indictments were returned against him and the three other men.

"What is the nature of your ailment?" Dier was asked.

"Nervous shock," he replied. "Don't you think a thing like this is enough to make a nervous wreck out of a fellow?"

Later Dr. McTiernan was asked the cause of Dier's illness, and he replied: "Middle ear. He has been very ill. So ill, in fact, that I could not permit anybody to be near him except his nurse. His trouble developed about ten days ago. There may be a recurrence at any time."

Persons who witnessed Dier's arraignment in court, however, commented on his unusually healthy looking appearance. He is a well set-up man, 38 years old, and his face was coated with a nut brown tan. Dier, in entering his plea of not guilty to the sixteen indictments, nine of which charge that he bucketed the orders of customers of Dier & Co., said that he was born in Canada.

Later Dier's lawyer issued a statement, in which he said: "Mr. Dier has been crucified and persecuted by the public and the press on ex parte statements made by men whom he made and men that he stood by in their time of need. In a very short time the true story concerning Dier will be told.

"It will show that Mr. Dier devoted his entire personal fortune in an effort to stave off the failure. Every transaction that Dier & Co. or Hughes and Dier had was, so far as Mr. Dier knows, bona fide, and all orders were properly and fully executed. Any moneys withdrawn from the firm by Mr. Dier were for living expenses based on his belief in his financial standing, and nearly all of it was turned back in an effort to save the firm."

TO SEPARATE DRUG ADDICTS.

Dr. Simon and Commissioner Coler Adopt Plan to Curb Evil.

A more drastic warfare on narcotic smugglers and sellers and a new supervising method for the treatment of drug addicts was devised yesterday by Dr. Carleton Simon, Special Deputy Police Commissioner, in charge of the Narcotic Division, and Commissioner Bird S. Coler of the Department of Public Welfare. One of the measures having to do with the cure of the habitual drug user, provides for the segregation of the criminal narcotic offender.

Heretofore all applicants for voluntary medical treatment for the drug evil were admitted to the Metropolitan Hospital on Welfare Island through supervision by the Department of Public Welfare. This system placed the criminal and the innocent victims of narcotics in the same wards, and these associations, Commissioner Coler found, resulted in increasing the ranks of the criminal offenders by recruits from the hospital.

Under the new arrangement all drug addicts will be examined by Deputy Police Commissioner Simon, who will separate the criminal from the innocent. The former will be committed by Chief City Magistrate William McAdoo to the wards at Riker's Island, the Workhouse and to the Kings County Hospital. The others will be turned over to the Department of Public Welfare for treatment at the Metropolitan Hospital.

During the eighteen months Dr. Simon has had charge of the Narcotic Division all but 2 per cent. of 480 drug sellers have been convicted and sentenced to three years each. In the same period 4,500 arrests were made.

STEWART ESTATE IN TRUST.

Widow to Get Principal Which Two Sons Are to Inherit.

The will of John Wood Stewart, who died on June 2, leaves his entire estate in trust to his wife, Laura S. Stewart, of Glen Ridge, N. J., and directs that upon her death the principal is to go equally to his sons, Pliny Fisk Stewart and Lewis Norton Stewart of Easton, Pa. The value of the estate is not disclosed. The will was made in 1902, after Mr. Stewart had adopted Pliny Franklin Fisk and George Turner, and states that the reasons he gives his sons no direct bequest is due to a sincere desire to provide for their future welfare, this conclusion being the result of my observation of generous traits in the character of both of them, which while commendable in, themselves, might prove to be a detriment in the control of inherited property."

Ohio Bar Upholds Daugherty.

SANDUSKY, July 7.—The Ohio State Bar Association at its annual convention here today adopted a resolution "pledging faith" in Attorney General Harry M. Daugherty. The resolution, adopted by a decisive vote, with only a few scattering "noes," said that "certain propaganda has been made in Congress and in the press tending to discount and discredit the service and character of Mr. Daugherty."

APPROVES ACCOUNTING OF KINGSLAND ESTATE

Surrogate Accepts Report Which Shows Woman's Holdings to Be Worth $10,565,737.

An accounting in the estate of Mrs. Mary Kingsland, which has been the subject of litigation because Mrs. Kingsland had many savings bank accounts under fictitious names, was approved by Surrogate Cohalan yesterday, showing that the total estate is now $10,565,737 in real estate, securities and cash. The Federal Government collected inheritance taxes of $1,596,343, and New York State got $510,000. The contents of her residence at 1,026 Fifth Avenue were worth $62,741, and she had $94,424 in jewelry.

The executors report that they have paid out all but $1,947,049 as directed by the will, including the following to institutions:

Grace Church, Sheltering Arms, New York Society for Relief of Ruptured and Crippled Nursery and Child's Hospital, Diocesan Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, General Theological Seminary, Teachers' College and New York Protestant Episcopal Mission Society, $50,000 each. New York House and School of Industry, Children's Aid Society, New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, Charity Organization Society and the Tarrytown Hospital Association, each $25,000, and St. Luke's Hospital, $20,000.

In addition to these bequests, the executors paid as their share in the residuary estate to Grace Church, $226,000, and a like sum to the Metropolitan Museum of Art, while $65,000 each was paid to the New York Association for the Blind, Society for the Relief of Ruptured and Crippled, Church Mission to Deaf Mutes, House of the Holy Comforter and the Berry School.

ST. REGIS BELL BOY HELD IN JEWEL THEFT

Arrested While Talking to Girl After Louis Levy's $2,000 Jewelry Disappeared.

Louis Levy of Stanchfield & Levy, 120 Broadway, recovered six of eight pieces of jewelry, valued at $2,000, yesterday evening when Joseph Reiser, formerly a bellboy of the St. Regis Hotel, was arrested by Detectives Hooker and Hausner of the East Fifty-first Street Station on the charge of burglary.

Reiser began work for the hotel about three months ago. Three weeks after the theft Reiser left, saying that he had another job. In a few days two pieces of the jewelry were found by the detectives in a pawnshop and the description of the man who pawned them fitted Reiser. Detective Hausner learned from the other bellboys that Reiser was frequently in the company of a very pretty girl.

Yesterday afternoon, about 5 o'clock, Reiser met the girl at the corner of Sixth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street. Detectives Hooker and Hausner walked up to where they were chatting. "Come on, Joe," said Detective Hooker, "and tell us how you did it."

"How I did what?" said Reiser.

"We know you stole the jewelry," replied the detective, "but how did you get the key to the room?"

Reiser said that he had taken the key from the desk, and after billing goodday to the girl, who seemed quite indignant over the interruption, he accompanied the detectives to the station house. The other six pieces of jewelry were found in his room, where he said he had kept them from the day they disappeared.

SIGNED WRONG PAPER, POLICEMAN EXPLAINS

By Error He Made Affidavit Which Caused Dismissal of Mrs. Schnitzer's Complaint.

Assistant District Attorney Snyder of Brooklyn, who is investigating the complaint of Mrs. Ida Schnitzer of 2,320 Avenue M, Brooklyn, who charges that Magistrate Reynolds, in the Flatbush Court, not only refused to hear her complaint, but had her ejected, was told by Policeman William O'Connor that he signed an affidavit, believing it to be that of Mrs. Schnitzer's complaint against Herold Buerman of 740 Decatur Street, Brooklyn, for alleged disorderly conduct.

The officer said he did not read the affidavit, and that it turned out to be one in which it was alleged the complainant was not in court. He said that had he read the affidavit he would not have signed it.

The affidavit also alleged, he said, that the officer had been unable to locate her and asked for the dismissal of the complaint.

O'Connor says the Magistrate called him before him and asked him if he swore to the truth of the affidavit, and the officer, believing it was the complaint, said he did. Thereupon the case was dismissed.

Mrs. Schnitzer alleged in her complaint that Buerman insulted her near her home on the night of July 3.

SHE DIDN'T THROW TOMATO.

A Boy Did It, Court Rules, Exonerating Astoria Woman.

Judge Burt J. Humphrey, in Queens County Court, yesterday gave a new answer to the question, "Who threw the tomato?" which stirred the Woolsey Avenue residential section in Astoria last Summer. Adele Campbell, daughter of Peter P. Campbell, Republican leader in Queens, said it was thrown at her by Mrs. Madeline La Compte Roos, wife of Charles Roos, copper broker. Mrs. Roos said she didn't throw it. Magistrate Harry Miller, before whom the question was first thrashed out, decided that Mrs. Roos threw it. She lived next door to the Campbells. Now, nearly a year after the tomato landed with a splash near the white dress of Miss Campbell as she sat on her lawn, Judge Humphrey says it was thrown by some mischievous boy.

Mrs. Roos was arraigned before Magistrate Miller on Aug. 12, 1921, charged with disorderly conduct, and sentenced to serve thirty days in the Long Island City Prison, or put up a bond of $1,000 to keep the peace for a year.

Attorney Morris appealed the conviction, and the appeal finally was argued before Justice Humphrey in the Queens County Court. In reversing the conviction the Court said: "Defendant established that at the time of the appearance of the tomato on the walk boys of the neighborhood were having what was called a tomato fight in the street in front of the complainant's home. This fight . . . fully accounts for the offending tomato landing where it did."

Murray Honorably Discharged.

William F. Murray, a broker of 824 Eleventh Street, Brooklyn, was honorably discharged yesterday by Magistrate Edgar V. Frothingham in the Tombs Court, after a hearing on the charge of Mrs. Jane Rafferty of 506 West Seventy-first Street that he obtained $1,325 through false representations of securities she purchased from him. Mrs. Rafferty alleged that stock which the broker sold to her for $11 a share was practically worthless. Magistrate Frothingham said that no evidence had been presented that the transaction was dishonest.

PREDICT FAILURE OF 'WET' CAMPAIGN

Washington Observers Admit That Issue May Defeat Ship Subsidy Measure.

HAYNES BANS BEER BILL

Trade Representative Hill Scheme Would Mean Brewers Would Supply 2.75 Malt Beverages.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The "wet" forces, a Republican politician maintained today, had made no gains in their campaign to liberalize the Volstead act. He contended that sentiment for prohibition, instead of decreasing, was increasing in certain parts of "wet" States where it was evident that the law could be enforced.

A movement to amend the Volstead act to permit the sale of 2.75 per cent. beer is bound to figure in the November elections in the coast States. Many of those who are gauging closely sentiment on the issue believe that the "wets" will not make any appreciable gains in the next Congress. Nevertheless the activity of representatives of this faction has greatly embarrassed the ship subsidy bill by making the sale of liquors on ships an issue that must be settled if a subsidy is to be granted.

Those in charge of the subsidy measure say that the export of the sale of liquor on American ships has made it certain that Congress will either amend the bill to prohibit the sale of liquor on all ships entering American ports or, failing such an amendment, enact separate legislation.

Anti-Saloon League to Force Issue.

The Anti-Saloon League forces intend to make such a bill the real issue in the November elections. Their campaign will be waged to compel the enforcement of prohibition on all ships which come to these ports. Lawyers say that Congress has the power to enact such legislation. Thousands of letters have been received by the Anti-Saloon League here protesting against the sale of liquor on American ships. Some of them say the Government itself has permitted the prohibition law to be violated and that Congress cannot overlook the violation.

It is believed that the Anti-Saloon League leaders will move immediately to apply prohibition to American ships when the subsidy bill appears in the House after the recess. If such a move is made, as already proposed by Representative Bankhead of Alabama, it will be successful. Therefore, to place American ships on a parity with those carrying bars, Representative Edmonds, in charge of the subsidy bill, will offer another amendment forbidding entrance to American ports of ships which fly the "wet" flag. Many complications are sure to arise over such an amendment and some leaders hold this issue alone may defeat a subsidy.

Prohibition Commissioner Haynes today declined to approve a bill introduced by Representative Hill of Maryland to permit the manufacture and sale of 2.75 beer. He sent a letter to Representative Hill, saying:

"Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of June 27, 1922, inclosing copies of the proposed bill designated as H. R. 12,141, which apparently is designed to amend the national prohibition act and authorize the manufacture, sale and use of malt liquors containing 2.75 per centum of alcohol by volume for beverage purposes.

"Relative to the endorsement or approval of proposed H. R. 12,141, you are informed that this office is not disposed to approve the insertion of the word 'cider' between the words 'beer and ale,' wherever such words occur in Section 1 of Title II. of the National Prohibition act, or to insert the word 'beer' after the word 'cider' wherever same occurs in Section 29 of said act.

"The reasons for declining to approve your proposed measure are as follows:

"The provisions for manufacturing non-intoxicating cider and fruit juices exclusively for use in the home differ very materially from those for manufacturing malt liquors, such as beer, ale and porter, exclusively for use in the home or elsewhere.

"It has been the practice from time immemorial for farmers and other householders in rural communities to manufacture cider for conversion into vinegar, which is a condiment for family use, and also to manufacture grape and other fruit juices, which are frequently sterilized and preserved in sealed glass containers for family use. The manufacture of malt liquors, such as beer, ale and porter in the home by the housewife for family use, has seldom, if ever, been practiced until the advent of local or national prohibition. They have always been used as beverages and have practically no use for conversion into condiments, such as vinegar. Furthermore, it is entirely impracticable to make a satisfactory and wholesome malt liquor in the home, and the course suggested by you would necessarily mean the manufacture of the malt liquors in breweries, and further amendments to laws to provide for their distribution, sale and use, with or without tax payment.

"This office has not recommended liberalization or amendment of the national prohibition act on its own initiative, since such course is wholly at variance with the departmental rules and practice."

BONUS PETITION DELIVERED.

McCumber Promises No Adjournment Until Bill is Passed.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—"There will be no adjournment of Congress until the soldiers' compensation bill has been made a law. It will be taken up and disposed of under a special agreement as soon as the tariff bill is passed."

This promise was made today by Senator McCumber of North Dakota, Chairman of the Finance Committee, to Mrs. H. R. Smith of Whitman, Mass., who delivered a third petition bearing a million signatures for enactment by Congress of the Soldiers' Bonus bill.

Mrs. Smith, dressed in the uniform of the Salvation Army, was accompanied by a score of wounded veterans from the Walter Reed General Hospital when she presented the memorial.

"It's heavy and certainly has some weight," said Senator McCumber as he grasped the bundle.

"We hope it will have some weight in the Senate," Mrs. Smith responded.

"It will," the Senator replied.

AUSTRIA ASKS RELEASE.

Note to Reparation Commission Requests Use of Assets for Loan.

PARIS, July 7 (Associated Press).—Austria has sent the Reparation Commission a note asking the immediate release of her revenues, such as customs, State monopolies, and other assets, including mines and forests. It was announced this afternoon.

She desires the use of these assets, she explained, as collateral for a foreign loan.

The note declares the revenues would be used primarily as collateral for the proposed bank of issue, to stabilize foreign exchange, and to execute other emergency measures "in the hope of averting the financial catastrophe which seven days ago threatened to overwhelm Austria."

A secondary use of the revenues would be as security for possible immediate foreign loans, "as the Allied plans for such assistance have been indefinitely delayed and are still blocked by the failure of Poland, Rumania and Jugo-slavia to waive reparations payments temporarily."

RESTAURANT CALLED NUISANCE BY COURT

Ordered Closed, but Sentence Is Suspended Six Months if No Liquors Are Sold.

Adjudged a "common nuisance" under the Volstead act, Federal Judge Martin T. Manton signed an order yesterday closing the restaurant at Fifty-eighth Street and Eighth Avenue, formerly known as Reisenweber's, for a period of twelve months, but with it was an order suspending the operation of the sentence for a period of six months. The suspension is conditional on an agreement entered into by the Fifty-ninth Street Restaurant Company, Inc., that "no liquors will be made, sold, bartered or stored on the premises during this period of suspension, and that all fines, costs and damages arising from violations of the National Prohibition law will be paid and covered by $1,000 bond."

It was set forth in the decree that at the end of the probation period, no such violations having been established, the defendants may apply for a modification of the order. The action was brought in equity by Colonel William Hayward, United States District Attorney for the Southern District, seeking an injunction to close the premises. The defendants named in the bill are John Reisenweber, Reisenwebers', Inc., the United Cigar Stores Company of America, the White Rose Baking and Restaurant Company, Inc., the St. Regis Restaurant Company, Inc., the Fifty-eighth Street Restaurant Company, John Wagener, Walter Kaffenberg, Benjamin Uerberall and Louis Zagat.

An alleged label and revenue counterfeiting plant, said to be one of the most complete yet unearthed by the police, was seized by detectives yesterday afternoon on the fifth floor of 591 Broome Street. The detectives said that they found two presses, printed labels for nearly every conceivable brand of liquor, and revenue stamps. They arrested Pasquale Guelda. Two other arrests were made when the police discovered two men acting suspiciously in an adjoining building. They gave their names as Michele Parisi and Giuseppe Guerra, both of 589 Broome Street.

Charged with having counterfeit liquor prescription blanks in his possession, Jacob Weisberger, a salesman of 248 Hopkins Street, was arrested by Agent Joseph A. Harvey of the Special Intelligence Unit of the Internal Revenue Bureau. He was locked up in the Fifth Street Police Station.

Zone Chief John J. Appleby announced that a fleet of fishing boats would be added today to the "prohibition navy." He said that each boat will carry several agents and will cruise on Long Island Sound.

OLES DROPS HIS FIGHT TO REGAIN MAYORALTY

To Let Case Be Settled on Ruling Whether His Successor's Acts Are Legal.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, July 7.—Former Mayor George L. Oles today gave up his fight to regain the mayor's chair.

"I'll serve it I'm mayor," he said, "but I'm not willing to neglect my own private business and spend $5,000 to $10,000 to regain the office and probably after serving without pay making enemies by the hundreds in every attempt to save money for the people of Youngstown.

"I'm going to let the case be settled by the question of whether the acts of William B. Reese as mayor are legal. If his name on the new bond issue is accepted as mayor, I'll drop the fight to regain the office."

SEEKS VIEWS ON WET SHIPS.

Daugherty Will Conduct Hearing Thursday to Get Opinions.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Attorney General Daugherty has arranged to conduct a hearing next Thursday on the question of the legality of permitting the sale of intoxicating beverages on Shipping Board vessels, it was learned today at the Department of Justice.

The hearing, it was said at the Justice Department, will give an opportunity for all interested in the matter to present their views and will aid the Attorney General in formulating his opinion as to the legality of sale of liquor aboard American vessels beyond the territorial limits of the United States. This opinion was recently asked for by Secretary Mellon.

Mrs. Mabel W. Willebrandt, Assistant Attorney General in Charge of Prohibition, will sit with Mr. Daugherty in the hearings.

Later the Department of Justice issued the following statement:

"There will be a hearing at the Department of Justice at 1:30 P. M., July 13, on the question as to whether the Eighteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution and the National Prohibition act apply to American ships on the high seas. It will be public to persons having interest in either side of this question. The decision to grant a hearing grows out of an effort on the part of the Department of Justice to see that everybody concerned in the question here involved has an opportunity to present his views.

"There will be present representatives of the Shipping Board and the Prohibition Commissioner of the Treasury Department on the part of the Government. Requests to be heard have been received from the Anti-Saloon League and certain steamship lines. A brief from any interested person on this subject will be received and considered by the Department of Justice, and spokesmen for interested organizations of various kinds will be given an opportunity to make oral arguments.

"The question to be determined is whether the Eighteenth Amendment and the National Prohibition act apply to American ships when on the high seas, and further whether within the American three-mile-limit the possession and sale of liquors for beverage purposes is prohibited on foreign vessels."

T. H. KILDUFF A SUICIDE.

Wife Finds Ex-Banker Dead When She Enters to Awaken Him.

Thomas H. Kilduff, financial advertising man, and, according to the police, formerly a banker, committed suicide at his home at 41 East Sixty-seventh Street, by shooting himself through the head, yesterday morning. His body, clad in pajamas, was found in his bed by his wife, who was unaware that he had fired a shot.

She was married to Mr. Kilduff just six months ago. She was formerly Mrs. Mary Mott Mitchell, widow of John A. Mitchell, who was editor of Life for thirty-six years.

Mrs. Kilduff told Patrolman Joseph Blaha of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station that she spoke with her husband Thursday night at about 11 o'clock just before both retired. She went to her room on the second floor and Mr. Kilduff went to his bedroom on the fourth floor. He was a late riser and Mrs. Kilduff did not enter his room until 1:30 P. M., when she found him dead.

He had covered himself completely with a heavy robe, evidently to muffle the shot.

Mrs. Kilduff was unable to tell any possible motive for his act. He was in perfect health, had no apparent financial troubles, and appeared to be happy, she said.

ITALY AND BRITAIN NOT YET IN ACCORD

Schanzer's Visit to London Fails to Bring Agreement on Many Points at Issue.

LONDON, July 7 (Associated Press).—The visit to London of Foreign Minister Schanzer of Italy, which has lasted for nearly a fortnight, was prolonged beyond the original intention, owing to the wide range of subjects requiring discussion. But the visit will come to an end tomorrow, when Signor Schanzer must go to Paris in order to consult with Premier Poincaré.

Italy has a huge budget deficit, and the Foreign Minister is extremely anxious for general peace settlements in order that commercial activities in all directions may be resumed as soon as possible; hence is the desire to get all the Near Eastern questions straightened out.

Many difficulties are asserted to have arisen over concessions to Italian interests, not only in the general reparations policy, but regarding Greece, Mesopotamia and Palestine, the status of Italians in Egypt and the question of Italy's participation in the proposed Tangier conference. That all these questions present points of more or less difficulty between the British and Italian Governments is the view of observers here, who point out also that, owing to restrictions on immigration in the United States, formerly a great field for Italian emigration, the Italian Government is seeking facilities in Australia and other British dominions for Italian emigrants, and is also endeavoring to secure concessions enabling her to obtain oil and other needed raw materials to develop her industries.

CANADIAN PREMIER ASKS TO MEET HUGHES

Conference Will Be Held Wednesday, but Questions to Be Discussed Are Not Stated.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Secretary of State Hughes has an appointment to confer with Premier McKenzie King of Canada at the State Department next Wednesday, it was announced at the department today. The appointment, it was stated, was arranged through the British Embassy, which under present arrangements is empowered to handle Canadian matters directly with the Canadian Government.

Secretary Hughes has not been informed of the Canadian Premier's purpose in seeking the conference, it was stated, and could neither confirm nor deny various rumors as to the nature of the subjects which will come up for discussion. The matters suggested range from the proposed reciprocity treaty to the suggested convention for deepening the St. Lawrence waterway, and even include such topics as Canadian diplomatic representation at Washington and Canadian participation in the forthcoming Pan American conference at Santiago, Chile.

It was learned from a reliable source, however, that perhaps the chief topic of discussion will be the question of the St. Lawrence waterway, though it is known there are a number of other questions pending between the United States and Canada which probably will be talked over. Incidentally, it is noted that Premier King heads the party in Canada which has stood for reciprocity with the United States.

BIRKENHEAD MAY VISIT US.

British Chancellor Talks of Trip, Partly in Return for Taft's Visit.

LONDON, July 7 (Associated Press).—Viscount Birkenhead, the Lord Chancellor, may visit the United States in the near future. During the war when he was Frederick E. Smith, Attorney General, he made a trip to America.

It is said that the Lord Chancellor's visit would be mostly in the nature of a private sight-seeing trip, but would also be a reciprocation of the present visit of Chief Justice Taft to Great Britain. While England has a Lord Chief Justice, the office resembles that of Mr. Taft only in name, the Lord Chancellor being the nearest British equivalent to the American office of Chief Justice.

At the dinner given in the Middle Temple Ambassador Harvey reminded Viscount Birkenhead, who was seated at his side, that international courtesy would seem to require his giving the American bench and bar an opportunity to repay the kindness shown to Mr. Taft by visiting the United States.

The Lord Chancellor received Mr. Harvey's suggestion favorably, and has since indicated that he is considering making the visit within six months, provided his official duties permit him to leave England.

EVICT ARMENIAN REFUGEES.

"Duke" Shahnazaroff, Unused to Landlords, Protested Higher Rent.

Mr. and Mrs. Melik Shahnazaroff, who style themselves "Duke" and "Duchess," respectively, were dispossessed from their apartment at 679 Vanderbilt Avenue, Brooklyn, Thursday afternoon. All Thursday night and all day yesterday their household goods remained piled on the sidewalk.

The couple and their two sons are Russian Armenians. They were prosperous and lived in a mansion in their native land, but were forced to flee after the Turks, and later the Bolsheviki, wrecked their home and stole their jewelry and valuables. They came to America last year and last February went to live at the Vanderbilt Avenue address.

Last April their landlord raised the rent. They refused to pay the raise. The case came before County Judge McLaughlin, who adjourned it for two months.

The couple remained outdoors with their two sons, Zavan, 14, and Sos, 7, until midnight Thursday night. Then the janitor let them return to their vacant apartment, where they slept that night on the floor.

FAIL TO FIND RICH ALASKAN.

Engineer Who Carried $100,000 Has Been Missing Three Days.

Detectives continued their search yesterday for Alva C. Kendall, the Alaskan mining engineer who when he disappeared on Wednesday was believed to have had more than $100,000 in money and gems in his possession. On clues furnished by Byron W. Smith, with whom Kendall resided at 29 Seventh Avenue, the detectives visited the Pennsylvania Hotel, the Elks' Club in West Forty-third Street, and a Fifth Avenue jewelry establishment, but were unable to get a lead that might reveal the whereabouts of the man.

They found that while his apartment at the Smith home was under repair Kendall stayed from June 30 to July 5, the day he disappeared, at the hotel. He visited the Smiths in the forenoon and said he was going to the hotel and then would call at the jeweler's to have a large solitaire diamond ring adjusted. The detectives could find no record of his having called at the jeweler's, and nobody at the hotel could recall having seen him after he gave up his room.

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Hot baths with Cuticura Soap, followed by light applications of Cuticura Ointment, afford relief in most cases of rashes, irritations, eruptions, etc. Cuticura Talcum is also excellent for the skin.

Cuticura Soap (25c.) and Ointment (25 and 50c.) are sold throughout the world. Sample each free of "Cuticura Soap Shaves Without Mug." Address: Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 19B, Malden 48, Mass. Cuticura Soap is the ideal complexion soap.

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